Sensor Deployments on Virtualized and Cloud (AWS) Environments







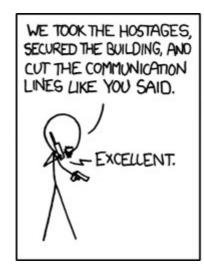




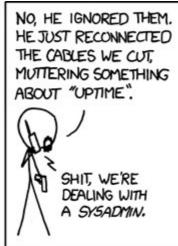
About Me

Srinath Mantripragada

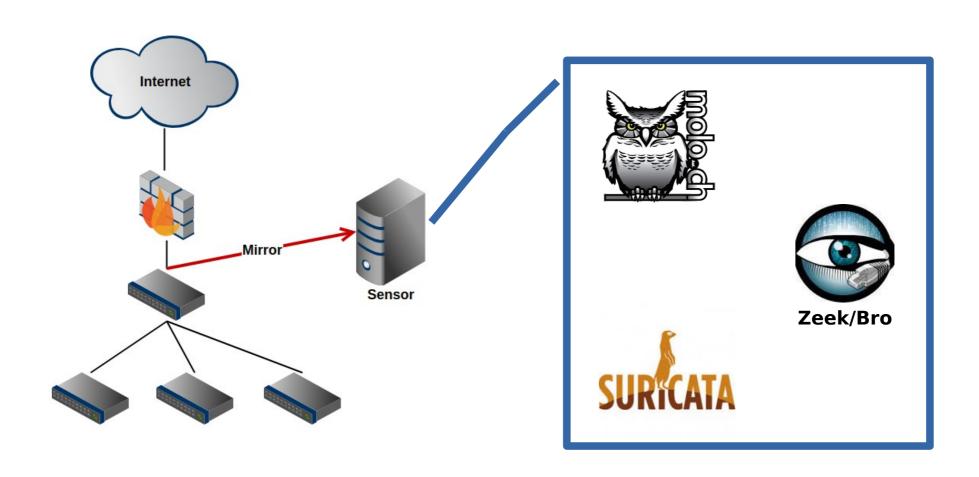
- Sysadmin and more recently DevOps.
- Free and Open Source based solutions.







Logical Diagram / Scope



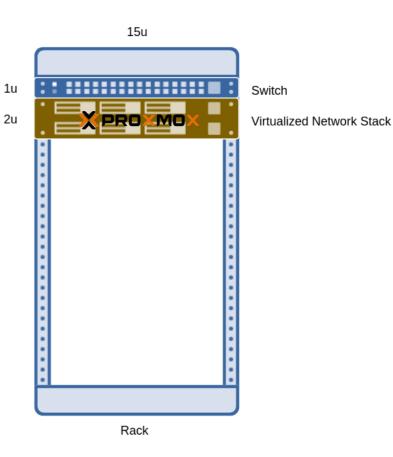
Sensor VM under Proxmox

Large / Medium Sites

Rack

15u Switch Firewall SSLVPN IDS / Sensor Hypervisor/Tools

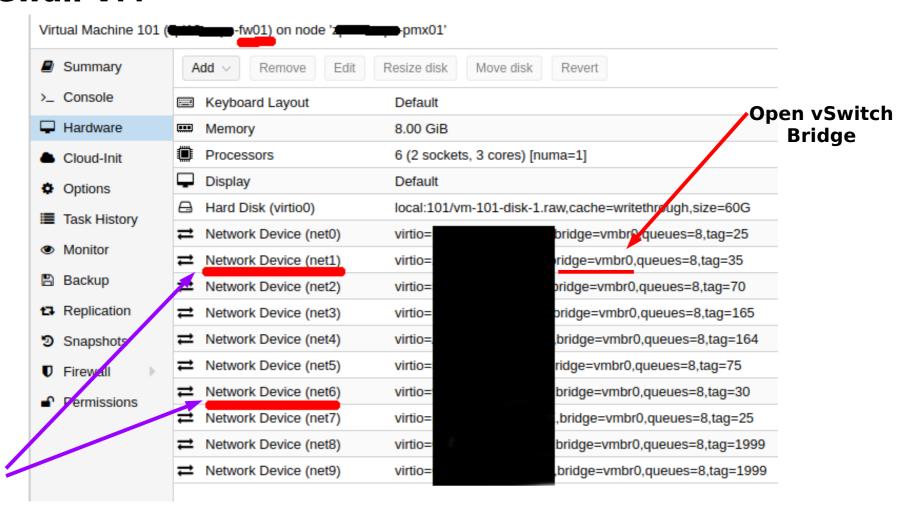
Small Sites



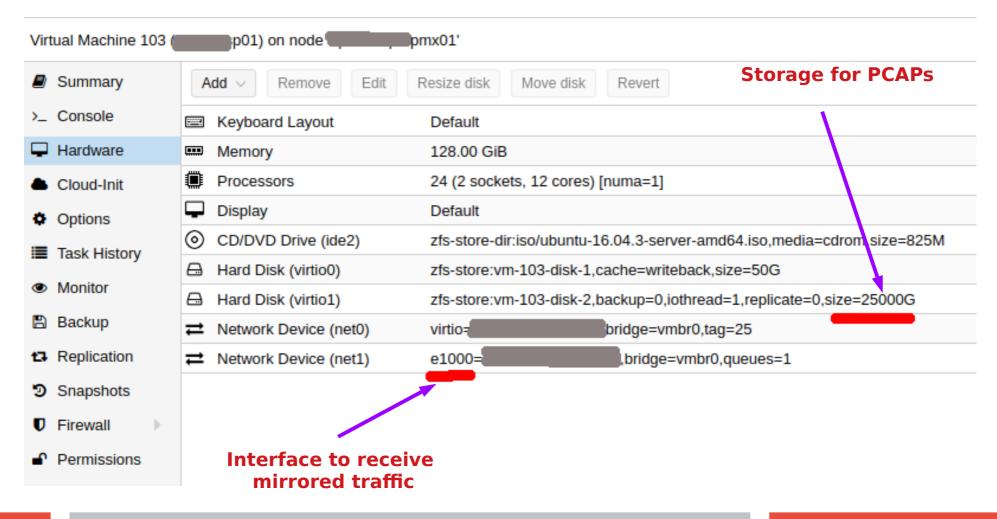


- Debian based;
- Appliance like install, but Linux-fu available under the hood;
- Since 2008 and frequent releases and feature additions;
- Web UI / Low overhead;
- Paid Support Option / Access to Stable Repository;
- (OvS) Open vSwitch under the hood;
- KernelCare (Kernel Live Patch) (fewer reboots);

Firewall VM



Sensor VM



Mirror Traffic to Sensor

```
ovs-vsctl \
      -- --id=@m create mirror name=mirror0 \
      -- add bridge vmbr0 mirrors @m \
      -- set mirror mirror0
select_src_port=tap101i1, tap101i6
select_dst_port=tap101i1,tap101i6 \
      -- set mirror mirror0 output-
port=<u>tap103i1</u>
                   MOLOCH
```

Create Mirror cont.

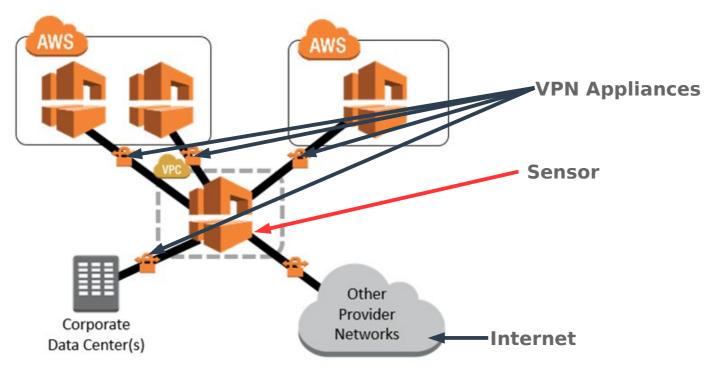
```
# ovs-vsctl list mirror
                    : 45640cc4-b38e-4807-8bdf-45ee1967be8e
uuid
external ids
                    : {}
                    : "mirror0"
name
                    : 2d480ede-4047-49f5-841d-93c797e2688d
output port
output vlan
                    : []
                    : false
select all
select dst port : [00d85eb7-c47c-4cc7-9fa6-092cd1853711,
20eb6ca0-48a8-47db-8ed1-2fdaea2f98b9]
                    : [00d85eb7-c47c-4cc7-9fa6-092cd1853711,
select src port
20eb6ca0-48a8-47db-8ed1-2fdaea2f98b9]
select vlan
                    : []
snaplen
                    : []
statistics
                    : {tx bytes=2582237631,tx packets=32296198}
```

Create Mirror cont.

Disadvantages:

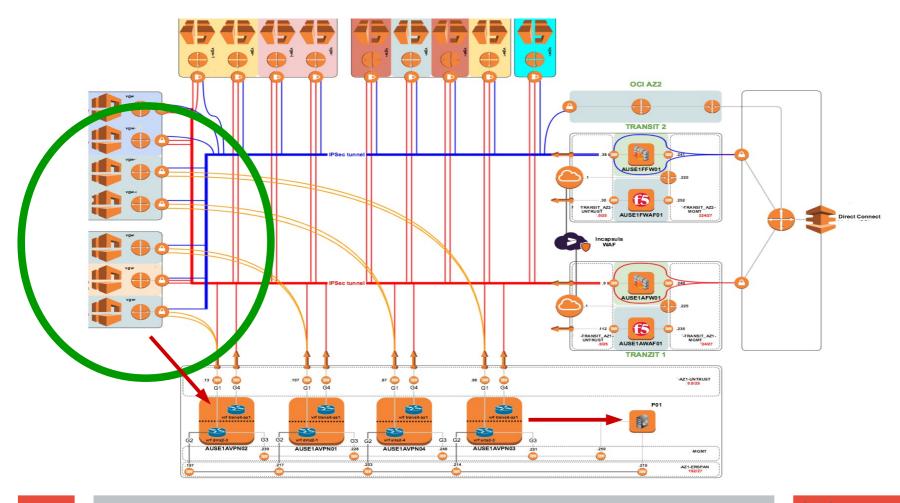
- Mirror setting is not part of Proxmox (will not appear anywhere in the UI)
 - Solution: Documentation
- VM TAP interfaces are ephemeral. If source or destination VM is stopped, the mirror setting will be invalidated an will disappear and will not be re-created when the VM is started.
 - Solution: Create a cronjob to re-create the mirror if necessary.
- **Limited Performance**: Network and Disk peformance limitations, good enough for lower bandwidth (~300Mbps)

 Routes all traffic through a network <u>transit center</u> (a transit VPC)

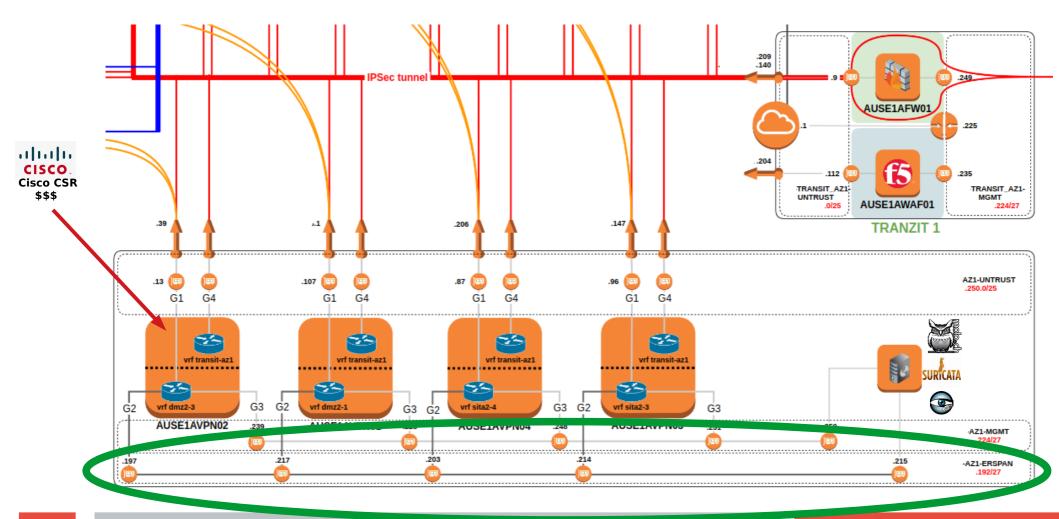


^{*} https://aws.amazon.com/answers/networking/aws-global-transit-network/

How the actual environment looks like



Looking closer at the Sensor VPC



Cisco CSR Configuration

```
monitor session 1 type erspan-source
  description ERSPAN DMZ2-1
  source interface Tu10 , Tu20
# Tunnel interfaces going to AWS VPC and Transit Firewall
  destination
   erspan-id 1
  mtu 1464
  ip address x.x.x.215
  origin ip address x.x.x.217
```

Packet Capture Receiver / RCDCAP

```
Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
ens4
          inet addr: 10.x.y.215 Bcast:10.X.y.223 Mask:255.255.255.224
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU: 9000 Metric: 1
          RX packets:25146086793 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:124662 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:13253959739761 (13.2 TB) TX bytes:7898276 (7.8 MB)
# /usr/bin/rcdcap -i ens4 --erspan --tap-persist --tap-device mon0
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
mon0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:25146201487 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:12097246297608 (12.0 TB) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
                  Interface used by tools
```

Disadvantages:

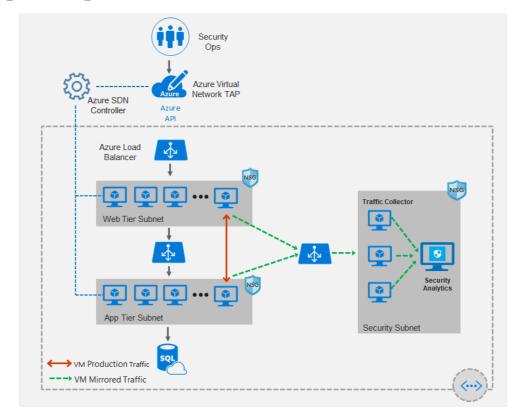
- Complex Infrastructure involving multiple VPC and tunnels.
- Start price at \$9000 / year (Software + EC2)
- Not suitable for simpler/smaller environments

Alternatives:

- Use a Linux instance as VPN and fluxcap.
- Run capture inline on the router instance
 - OVS Mirror or IPTables "tee"
- Other commercial alternatives: GigaSECURE, CloudLens, Flowmon, Big Cloud Fabric.

Azure Cloud Virtual Network TAP

- Recently announced Virtual Network TAP
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-tap-overview
- Still in "developer preview"
- VXLAN Based



References

- https://aws.amazon.com/answers/networking/aws-global-transit-network/
- https://www.openvswitch.org/
- https://backreference.org/2014/06/17/port-mirroring-with-linux-bridges/
- http://umap.openstreetmap.fr/
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-tap-overview
- https://github.com/troydhanson/fluxcap
- https://www.aptly.info/

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Ansible and Automation

- Initial OS install is done manually
- From initial OS installation, <u>everything</u> is configured via Ansible playbooks
- Playbook for individual components can be decoupled if necessary (Install Moloch but not Suricata and/or Bro/Zeek)
- Suricata, Bro and some helper tools are compiled and .deb packages are created for those

Ansible and Automation

- We maintain a custom APT repository that contains all packages not in the default ubuntu repository. So everything is installed and updated via APT.
- Custom compiled packages are created via Jenkins and DBuilder and copied over to the repository (aptly).
- Other packages are just copied from the original repositories to our custom repository via Jenkins tasks (Moloch, Elastic).

Ansible and Automation

```
- name: "Setting boot kernel parameters"
        lineinfile:
          path: "/etc/default/grub"
          regexp: "^GRUB CMDLINE LINUX DEFAULT="
                  "GRUB CMDLINE LINUX DEFAULT=\"isolcpus={{ isolcpus }}\""
          line:
        when: ( isolcpus is defined )
        notify: "Update grub"
- name: "Log in to Moloch"
        shell: "curl -s -k --cookie-jar - --location --digest --user 'admin:
{{ moloch admin password }}' https://localhost:8005/ | grep MOLOCH-COOKIE | awk '{print $7}'"
        register: m cookie
- name: "Get Moloch user list"
        shell: "curl -s -k -XPOST --digest --user 'admin:{{ moloch admin password }}'
https://localhost:8005/user/list"
        register: m userList
- name: "Create users"
        shell: "{{moloch install dir}}/bin/moloch_add_user.sh {{ item }} '{{ all_users_db[item |
lower].user fullname | default(item) }}' '{{password}}' --webauth --email"
        with items: "{{ moloch users }}"
        when: ( item not in ( m userList.stdout | from json | json query('data[*].id') ) )
```