SCIENCE

AN INTRODUCTION

Let's start at the top...



SQL stands for **Structured Query Language**



Referred to as "S-Q-L" as well as "Sequel"



It is known to be the **easiest** programming language to learn & use due to the "common sense" nature of the commands



Used to store, extract & manipulate data in relational databases

Relational Database?

database

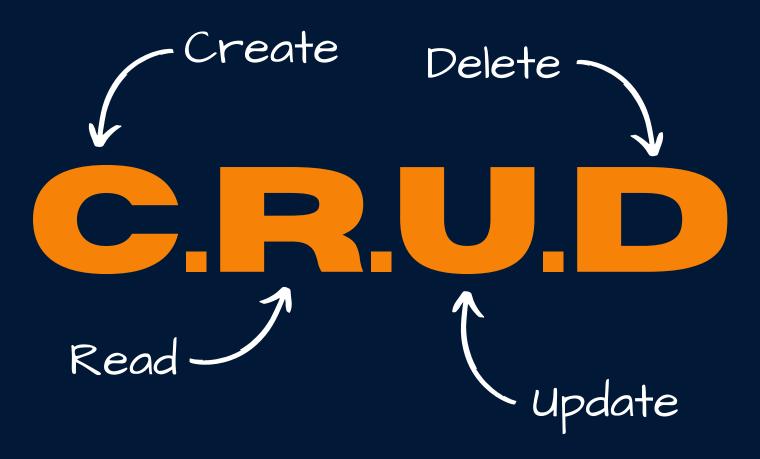


A **relational database** is a collection of tabular datasets (*think columns & rows*) that **relate** to each other through **shared** columns

country_populations continent country population Europe UK 67,220,000 shared 83,240,000 Europe Germany column USA 329,500,000 North America shared continent_areas column continent area country_temps UK Europe country max_temp Germany Europe IJK 38.7 North America USA Germany 41.2 USA 56.7

What can we do?

A good way to think about what we can using SQL is with the acronym **C.R.U.D**



While this might seem like a slightly informal acronym it's actually a really good way to describe the core functions or operations that can be performed on a relational database...

Let's take a look!



CREATE: We can create databases, schemas (which are almost like a partitioned area to help keep things organised) and of course we can create tables as well!



READ: This is mainly about **querying** the data, so essentially **grabbing the relevant rows** and columns from tables that will provide us with the information we need



UPDATE: We can add more rows & columns to tables that already exist, as well as modify records within tables



DELETE: This is kinda what you'd expect - we can delete specific **rows and columns**, or we can delete whole **tables**, **schemas** and even **databases**!

SQL in Data Science I

While all of these C.R.U.D processes can be undertaken using SQL - Data Scientists and Data Analysts will typically spend most of their time in the "Read" area...



In a lot of companies the **management** of the databases themselves (so the Create, Update, and Delete functions) are often taken care of by a specific database team, or by Data Engineers.

In saying that however, a **great** Data Scientist or Analyst should have an understanding of how the data they're using is being imported & created as well as how it's being managed and changed over time - so knowing at least the fundamentals of the other functions can be very useful

SQL in Data Science 2

In Data Science - common tasks that use SQL will be...



Querying & exploring data to extract **useful business insights**



Gathering & aggregating data for business reporting



Selecting data for a **specific treatment**, e.g. selecting customers to receive a targeted promotion



Extracting data for **Machine Learning** tasks or other predictive modelling

A simple code example...

We are the owner of **Rolex**, and we're looking for a new spokesperson for our very elite range of watches.

player_details

first_name	last_name	sport	net_worth
Roger	Federer	Tennis	\$900m
Novak	Djokovic	Tennis	\$220m
Sachin	Tendulkar	Cricket	\$170m
Yao	Ming	Basketball	\$120m
LeBron	James	Basketball	\$500m
Lewis	Hamilton	Motorsport	\$280m

For our simple example, we a single table of data called **player_details** that contains 6 famous sports people.

We want to create a shortlist of **names** who are worth **over \$250m dollars** - we only want the wealthiest of athletes representing our product of course!

What would the SQL query for this look like?

A simple code example...

We use the **SELECT** statement to specify which **columns** from the original dataset we want returned. We only needed the names, so we've listed those columns with a comma seperating them

SELECT
first_name,
last_name

FROM
player_details

WHERE
net_worth > \$250m;

We use the **FROM** statement to specify the name of the table that this information resides in

The **WHERE** statement is used to apply any row level filters. Our only requirement was to limited the results to sportspeople worth over \$250m - so this is where we apply that rule!

A simple code example...

player_details

first_name	last_name	sport	net_worth
Roger	Federer	Tennis	\$900m
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Yao	Ming	Basketball	\$120m
LeBron	James	Basketball	\$500m
Lewis	Hamilton	Motorsport	\$280m



SELECT

first_name, last name

FROM

player_details

WHERE

net_worth > \$250m;

first_name	last_name	
Roger	Federer	
LeBron	James	
Lewis	Hamilton	

Voila! Our shortlist of potential spokespeople for our new range of watches!

What else can we do?

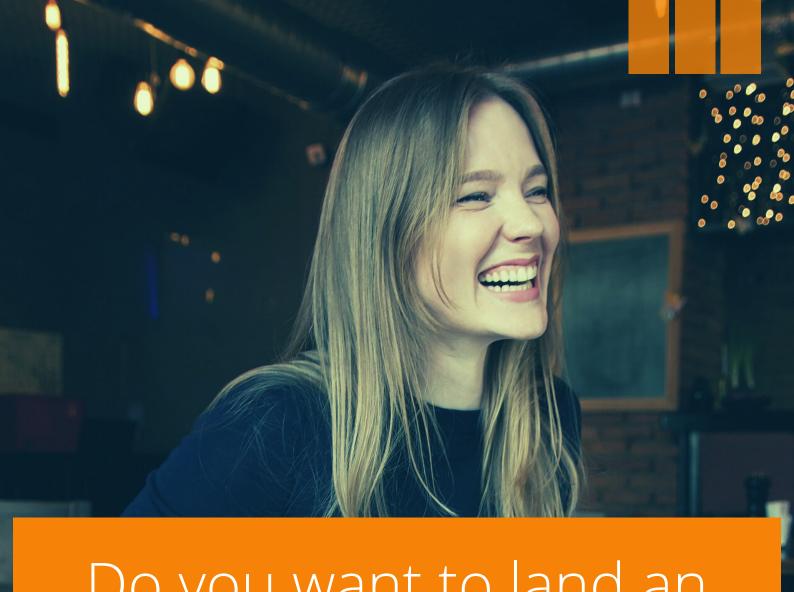
Our example covered a **very simple** query - there is much, much more flexibility with SQL that means we can do a whole lot more in terms of processing and manipulating data, such as...

Task	SQL Clause	
Find Unique Values	DISTINCT	
Merge Multiple Tables	JOIN	
Aggregation	SUM, MAX, COUNT (+ GROUP BY)	
Appending	UNION, UNION ALL	
Conditional Logic	CASE WHEN	
Apply logic to a set of rows	RANK, NTILE, LAG, LEAD (Window Functions)	



Do you want to **learn more** about this topic - and how to **apply it** in the real world?





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Taught by former Amazon & Sony PlayStation Data Scientist **Andrew Jones**

What do **DSI** students say?





"I had over 40 interviews without an offer. After DSI I quickly got 7 offers including one at KPMG and my amazing new role at Deloitte!"

- Ritesh



"The best program I've been a part of, hands down"

- Christian



"DSI is incredible - everything is taught in such a clear and simple way, even the more complex concepts!"

- Arianna



"I got it! Thank you so much for all your advice & help with preparation - it truly gave me the confidence to go in and land the job!"

- Marta



"I've taken a number of Data Science courses, and without doubt, DSI is the best"

- William



"One of the best purchases towards learning I have ever made"

- Scott



"I learned more than on any other course, or reading entire books!"

- Erick



"I started a bootcamp last summer through a well respected University, but I didn't learn half as much from them!"

- GA



"100% worth it, it is amazing. I have never seen such a good course and I have done plenty of them!"

- Khatuna



"This is a world-class Data Science experience. I would recommend this course to every aspiring or professional Data Scientist"

- David



"Andrew's guidance with my Resume & throughout the interview process helped me land my amazing new role (and at a much higher salary than I expected!)"

- Barun



"DSI is a fantastic community & Andrew is one of the best instructors!"

- Keith



"I'm now at University, and my Data Science related subjects are a **piece of cake** after completing this course!

I'm so glad I enrolled!"

- Jose



"In addition to the great content, Andrew's dedication to the growing DSI community is **amazing**"

- Sophie



"The course has such high quality content - you get your ROI even from the first module"

- Donabel



"The Statistics 101 section was awesome! I have now started to get confidence in Statistics!"

- Shrikant



"I can't emphasise how good this programme is...well worth the investment!"

- Dejan



"I'd completed my Master's in Business Analytics, but DSI was the first time I felt I had a solid foundation in Data Science to go forward with"

- Scott

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