

PYTHON SET METHODS



In Python - a **set** is a data structure used to store many items.

Items are unordered (they do not exist in a defined order), and unchangeable (they cannot be altered after creation)

Sets do not allow duplicate items.

There are many important methods that can be used with sets...







Adds an element to your set





Returns a **new set** containing the values from your set and another set (without duplicates)



.update()

Updates your set (in place) with values from another set (without duplicates)



.difference()

Returns a new set containing elements not found in both your set and another set



.difference_update()

Removes elements in your set that are found in another set



.intersection()

Returns a new set containing elements found in your set and another set



.intersection_update()

Removes elements in your set that are not found in another set



.isdisjoint()

Returns whether there are any common elements (intersection) in two sets (Boolean: True/False)



.remove()

Removes a specified element from your set. An error is raised if that element is not found



.discard()

Removes a specified element from your set. No error is raised if that element is not found





Removes (and returns) a random' element from your set





Returns a copy of your set





Removes all elements of your set

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