Parsing data

```
df = pandas.read_csv("filename")
where filename is the complete path to the file to load
df = pandas.read_csv("url")
where url is the complete URL to the file to load
Default is comma separated values
```

Separators

- sep or delimeter, can be a single character or a regex
- delim_whitespace, alternative to sep, equivalent to sep='\s+'

```
\begin{array}{lll} df1 &=& pandas.\, read\_csv (\, "\, data.\, tsv\, "\, , & sep &=& "\setminus t\, "\, ) \\ df2 &=& pandas.\, read\_csv (\, "\, data.\, tsv\, "\, , & delim\_whitespace &=& True) \end{array}
```

Column names

- header: the number of the row containing the column names, or False if you use the names option
- names: list of column names
- index_col: column number to use as the row labels

Skipping rows

- skiprows: number of initial rows to skip
- skipfooter: number of trailing rows to skip
- nrows: number of rows to read
- skip_blank_lines: blank lines will be skipped

Dates

- parse_dates: columns that have to parsed as dates
- infer_datetime_format: if True try to infer how to parse the dates
- date_parser: the function to parse dates
- dayfirst : European/International date format

Numbers

- thousands: thousands separator
- decimal: decimal point