

# Sample Document Using OOlong

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## 1 Examples

This document exemplifies how to extract the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  version of the OOlong semantics from Ott and our hand-written grammars. Figure 1 shows the syntax of OOlong. The corresponding  $\text{\LaTeX}$  code is in `syntax.tex`. Figure 2 shows the syntax of OOlong. The corresponding  $\text{\LaTeX}$  code is in `runtimeSyntax.tex`.

Figure 3 shows the well-formedness rules for classes and interfaces. The type rules are generated using the `\drules` command, defined by Ott. It is also possible to include single rules without the headers in the figure by using the `\drule` command:

$$\frac{\text{WF-LET} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : t_1 \quad \Gamma, x : t_1 \vdash e_2 : t}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 : t}$$

The  $\text{\LaTeX}$  sources for the type rules are generated from the file `oolong.ott` (by running the makefile in this directory). They look extra nice because we are using the `ottalt` package[1]! In order to use the `\drule` and `\drules` commands, the preamble must contain `\inputott{oolong.ott.tex}`.

Below follows the formal definitions of progress and preservation.

**Progress** A well-formed configuration is either done, has thrown an exception, has deadlocked, or can take one additional step:

$$\begin{aligned} \forall \Gamma, H, V, T, t. \Gamma \vdash \langle H; V; T \rangle : t \implies \\ T = (\mathcal{L}, v) \vee T = \mathbf{EXN} \vee \text{Blocked}(\langle H; V; T \rangle) \vee \\ \exists c f g', \langle H; V; T \rangle \hookrightarrow c f g' \end{aligned}$$

**Preservation** If  $\langle H; V; T \rangle$  types to  $t$  under some environment  $\Gamma$ , and  $\langle H; V; T \rangle$  steps to some  $\langle H'; V'; T' \rangle$ , there exists an environment subsuming  $\Gamma$  which types  $\langle H'; V'; T' \rangle$  to  $t$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \forall \Gamma, H, H', V, V', T, T', t. \\ \Gamma \vdash \langle H; V; T \rangle : t \wedge \langle H; V; T \rangle \hookrightarrow \langle H'; V'; T' \rangle \implies \\ \exists \Gamma'. \Gamma' \vdash \langle H'; V'; T' \rangle : t \wedge \Gamma \subseteq \Gamma' \end{aligned}$$

$P$	$::=$	$Ids\ Cds\ e$	$(Programs)$
$Id$	$::=$	<b>interface</b> $I\ \{Msig\}$   <b>interface</b> $I$ <b>extends</b> $I_1, I_2$	$(Interfaces)$
$Cd$	$::=$	<b>class</b> $C$ <b>implements</b> $I\ \{Fds\ Mds\}$	$(Classes)$
$Msig$	$::=$	$m(x : t_1) : t_2$	$(Signatures)$
$Fd$	$::=$	$f : t$	$(Fields)$
$Md$	$::=$	<b>def</b> $Msig\{e\}$	$(Methods)$
$e$	$::=$	$v\  \ x\  \ x.f\  \ x.f = e\  \ x.m(e)$   <b>let</b> $x = e_1$ <b>in</b> $e_2$   <b>new</b> $C$   $(t)\ e$   <b>finish</b> $\{async\{e_1\}\ async\{e_2\}\}$ ; $e_3$   <b>lock</b> $(x)$ <b>in</b> $e$   <b>locked<sub>t</sub></b> $\{e\}$	$(Expressions)$
$v$	$::=$	<b>null</b>   $\iota$	$(Values)$
$t$	$::=$	$C\  \ I\  \ \mathbf{Unit}$	$(Types)$
$\Gamma$	$::=$	$\epsilon\  \ \Gamma, x : t\  \ \Gamma, \iota : C$	$(Typing\ environment)$

Figure 1: Syntax of OOLong

$cfg$	$::=$	$\langle H; V; T \rangle$	$(Configuration)$
$H$	$::=$	$\epsilon\  \ H, \iota \mapsto obj$	$(Heap)$
$V$	$::=$	$\epsilon\  \ V, x \mapsto v$	$(Variable\ map)$
$T$	$::=$	$(\mathcal{L}, e)\  \ T_1    T_2 \triangleright e\  \ \mathbf{EXN}$	$(Threads)$
$obj$	$::=$	$(C, F, L)$	$(Objects)$
$F$	$::=$	$\epsilon\  \ F, f \mapsto v$	$(Field\ map)$
$L$	$::=$	<b>locked</b>   <b>unlocked</b>	$(Lock\ status)$
$\mathbf{EXN}$	$::=$	<b>NullPointerException</b>	$(Exceptions)$

Figure 2: Syntax of runtime constructs of OOLong

$$\boxed{\vdash P : t \quad \vdash Id \quad \vdash Cd \quad \vdash Fd \quad \vdash Md} \quad (Well\text{-}formed\ program)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-PROGRAM} \\
\frac{\forall Id \in Ids. \vdash Id \quad \forall Cd \in Cds. \vdash Cd \quad \epsilon \vdash e : t}{\vdash Ids\ Cds\ e : t}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-INTERFACE} \\
\frac{\forall m(x : t) : t' \in Msigs. \vdash t \wedge \vdash t'}{\vdash \text{interface } I \{ Msigs \}}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-INTERFACE-EXTENDS} \\
\frac{\vdash I_1 \quad \vdash I_2}{\vdash \text{interface } I \text{ extends } I_1, I_2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-CLASS} \\
\frac{\forall m(x : t) : t' \in \mathbf{msigs}(I). \mathbf{def } m(x : t) : t' \{ e \} \in Mds \quad \forall Fd \in Fds. \vdash Fd \quad \forall Md \in Mds. \mathbf{this} : C \vdash Md}{\vdash \text{class } C \text{ implements } I \{ Fds\ Mds \}}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-FIELD} \\
\frac{\vdash t}{\vdash f : t}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-METHOD} \\
\frac{\mathbf{this} : C, x : t \vdash e : t'}{\mathbf{this} : C \vdash \mathbf{def } m(x : t) : t' \{ e \}}
\end{array}$$

Figure 3: Well-formedness of classes and interfaces.

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{vardom}(\Gamma) &= \{x \mid x \in \mathbf{dom}(\Gamma)\} \\
\mathbf{msigs}(I) &= \begin{cases} Msigs & \text{if } \text{interface } I\{Msigs\} \in P \\ \mathbf{msigs}(I_1) \cup \mathbf{msigs}(I_2) & \text{if } \text{interface } I \text{ extends } I_1, I_2 \in P \end{cases} \\
\mathbf{msigs}(C) &= \{Msig \mid \mathbf{def } Msig\{e\} \in Mds\} \text{ if } \text{class } C \dots \{ \_ Mds \} \in P \\
\mathbf{msigs}(t)(m) &= x : t_1 \rightarrow t_2 \text{ if } m(x : t_1) : t_2 \in \mathbf{msigs}(t) \\
\mathbf{heldLocks}(T) &= \begin{cases} \mathcal{L} & \text{if } T = (\mathcal{L}, e) \\ \mathbf{heldLocks}(T_1) \cup \mathbf{heldLocks}(T_2) & \text{if } T = T_1 \parallel T_2 \triangleright e \end{cases} \\
\mathbf{locks}(e) &= \{\iota \mid \mathbf{locked}_\iota\{e'\} \in e\} \\
\mathbf{distinctLocks}(e) &\equiv |\mathbf{locks}(e)| = |\mathbf{lockList}(e)| \\
&\text{where } \mathbf{lockList}(e) = [\iota \mid \mathbf{locked}_\iota\{e'\} \in e]
\end{aligned}$$

Figure 4: Helper functions

## References

- [1] Jesse Tov, The `ottalt` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package:  
<http://users.eecs.northwestern.edu/~jesse/code/latex/ottalt/ottalt.pdf>.