

## Homework 8

Fall 2020  
(Due: Dec 4, 2020, Friday)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Homework is due at 11:59pm (midnight) Eastern Time. Please print this homework, write your solution, and scan the solution. Submit your homework through Gradescope. No late homework will be accepted.

### Exercise 1.

Let  $Y(t) = X(t) - X(t - d)$ .

- (a) Find  $R_{X,Y}(\tau)$  and  $S_{X,Y}(\omega)$ .
- (b) Find  $R_Y(\tau)$ .
- (c) Find  $S_Y(\omega)$ .

**Exercise 2.**

Let  $X(t)$  be a zero-mean WSS process with autocorrelation function  $R_X(\tau)$ . Let  $Y(t) = X(t) \cos(\omega t + \Theta)$ , where  $\Theta \sim \text{uniform}(-\pi, \pi)$  and  $\Theta$  is independent of the process  $X(t)$ .

- (a) Find the autocorrelation function  $R_Y(\tau)$ .
- (b) Find the cross-correlation function of  $X(t)$  and  $Y(t)$ .
- (c) Is  $Y(t)$  WSS? Why?

**Exercise 3.**

Consider the system

$$Y(t) = e^{-t} \int_{-\infty}^t e^{\tau} X(\tau) d\tau.$$

Assume that  $X(t)$  is zero mean white noise with power spectral density  $S_X(\omega) = N_0/2$ . Find

- (a)  $S_{XY}(\omega)$
- (b)  $R_{XY}(\tau)$
- (c)  $S_Y(\omega)$
- (d)  $R_Y(\tau)$

**Exercise 4.**

Consider the random process

$$X(t) = 2A \cos(t) + (B - 1) \sin(t),$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are two independent random variables with  $\mathbb{E}[A] = \mathbb{E}[B] = 0$ , and  $\mathbb{E}[A^2] = \mathbb{E}[B^2] = 1$ .

- (a) Find  $\mu_X(t)$
- (b) Find  $R_X(t_1, t_2)$
- (c) Find  $C_X(t_1, t_2)$

**Exercise 5.**

Find the autocorrelation function  $R_X(\tau)$  corresponding to each of the following power spectral densities:

(a)  $\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$

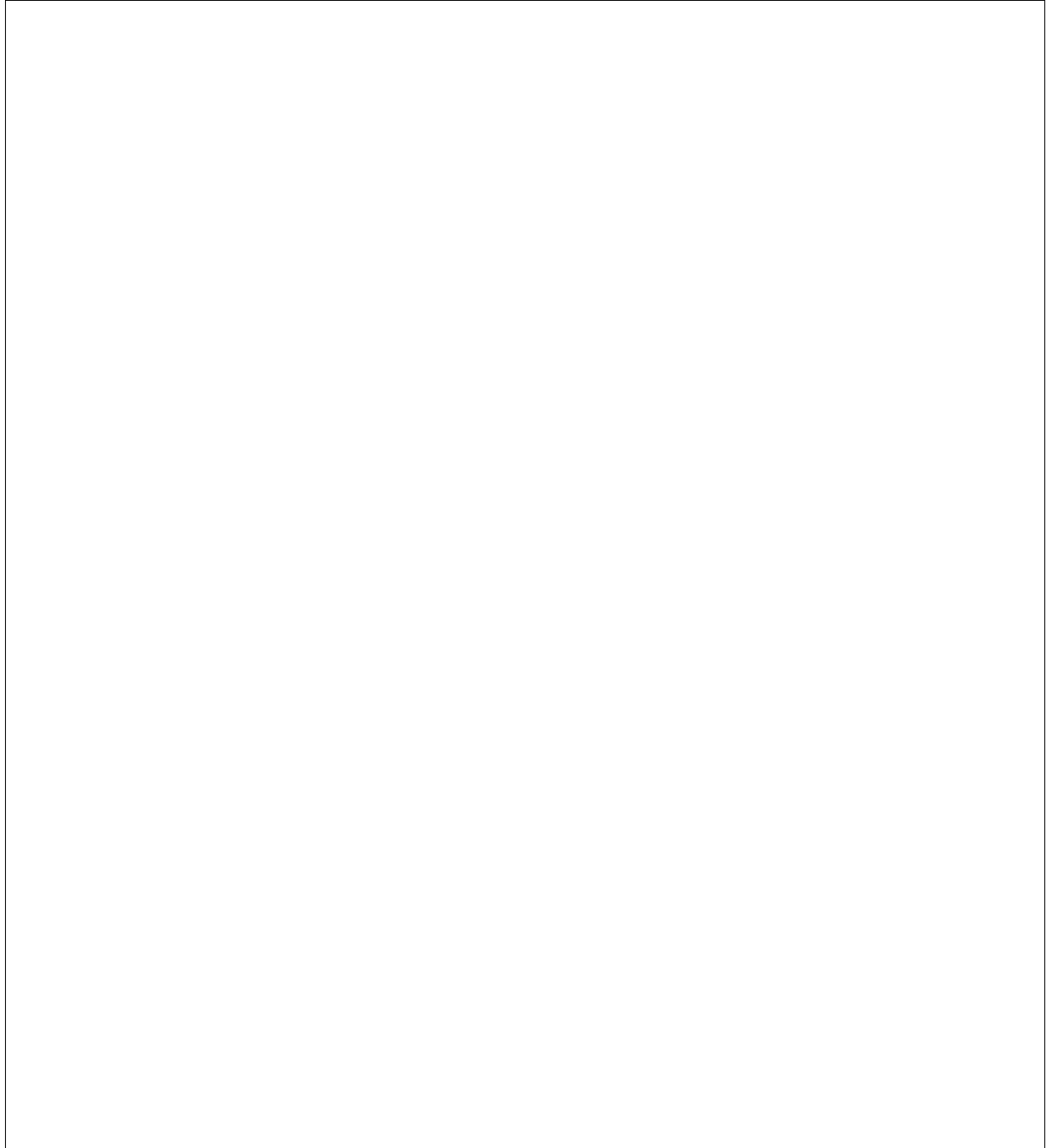
(b)  $e^{-\omega^2/2}$

(c)  $e^{-|\omega|}$

**Exercise 6.**

A WSS process  $X(t)$  with autocorrelation function  $R_X(\tau) = e^{-\tau^2/(2\sigma_T^2)}$  is passed through an LTI system with transfer function  $H(\omega) = e^{-\omega^2/(2\sigma_H^2)}$ . Denote the system output by  $Y(t)$ . Find

- (a)  $S_{XY}(\omega)$
- (b)  $R_{XY}(\tau)$
- (c)  $S_Y(\omega)$
- (d)  $R_Y(\tau)$



**Exercise 7.**

A WSS process  $X(t)$  with autocorrelation function

$$R_X(\tau) = 1/(1 + \tau^2)$$

is passed through an LTI system with impulse response

$$h(t) = 3 \sin(\pi t)/(\pi t).$$

Let  $Y(t)$  be the system output. Find  $S_Y(\omega)$ . Sketch  $S_Y(\omega)$



**Exercise 8.**

Consider a WSS process  $X(t)$  with autocorrelation function

$$R_X(\tau) = \text{sinc}(\pi\tau).$$

The process is sent to an LTI system, with input-output relationship

$$2\frac{d^2}{dt^2}Y(t) + 2\frac{d}{dt}Y(t) + 4Y(t) = 3\frac{d^2}{dt^2}X(t) - 3\frac{d}{dt}X(t) + 6X(t).$$

Find the autocorrelation function  $R_Y(\tau)$ .



**Exercise 9.**

Let  $X(t)$  be a WSS process with correlation function

$$R_X(\tau) = \begin{cases} 1 - |\tau|, & \text{if } -1 \leq \tau \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

It is known that when  $X(t)$  is input to a system with transfer function  $H(\omega)$ , the system output  $Y(t)$  has a correlation function

$$R_Y(\tau) = \frac{\sin \pi \tau}{\pi \tau}. \quad (2)$$

Find the transfer function  $H(\omega)$ .