

## Homework 3

Fall 2020

(Due: September 28, 2020, Monday)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Homework is due at 11:59pm (midnight) Eastern Time. Please print this homework, write your solution, and scan the solution. Submit your homework through Gradescope. No late homework will be accepted.

### Exercise 1.

Show that if  $A$  and  $B$  are independent events, then the pairs  $A$  and  $B^c$ ,  $A^c$  and  $B$ , and  $A^c$  and  $B^c$  are also independent.

**Exercise 2.**

A binary communication system transmits a signal  $X$  that is either a +2 voltage signal or a -2 voltage signal. A malicious channel reduces the magnitude of the received signal by the number of heads it counts in two tosses of a coin. Let  $Y$  be the resulting signal. Possible values of  $Y$  are listed below.

	2 Heads	1 Head	No Head
$X = -2$	$Y = 0$	$Y = -1$	$Y = -2$
$X = +2$	$Y = 0$	$Y = +1$	$Y = +2$

Assume that the probability of having  $X = +2$  and  $X = -2$  is equal.

- (a) Find the sample space of  $Y$ , and hence the probability of each value of  $Y$ .
- (b) What are the probabilities  $\mathbb{P}[X = +2 | Y = 1]$  and  $\mathbb{P}[Y = 1 | X = -2]$ ?

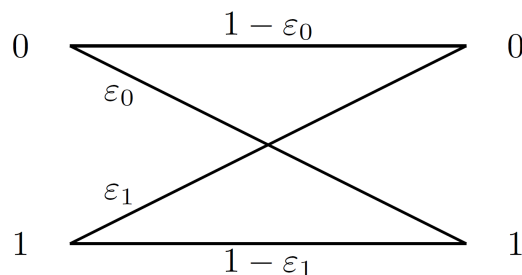
**Exercise 3.**

A computer manufacturer uses chips from three sources. Chips from source  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are defective with probabilities 0.01, 0.003 and 0.008, respectively. The proportions of chips from  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  are 0.2, 0.3, 0.5 respectively. If a randomly selected chip is found to be defective, find

- (a) the probability that the chips are from  $A$
- (b) the probability that the chips are from  $B$
- (c) the probability that the chips are from  $C$

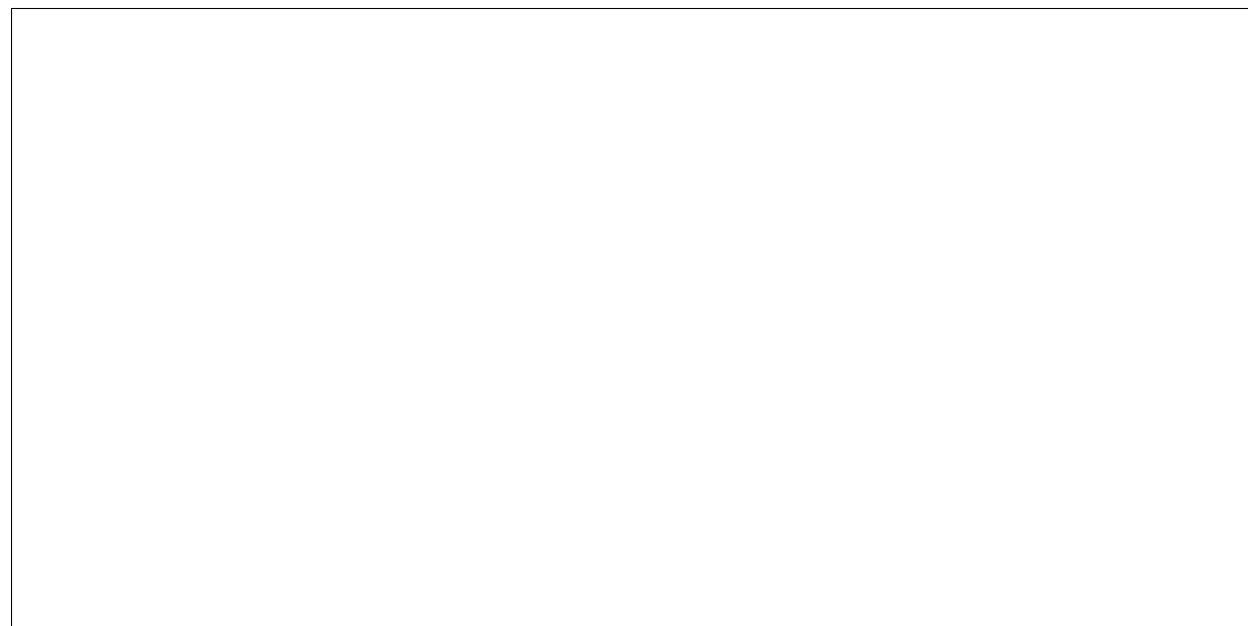
**Exercise 4.**

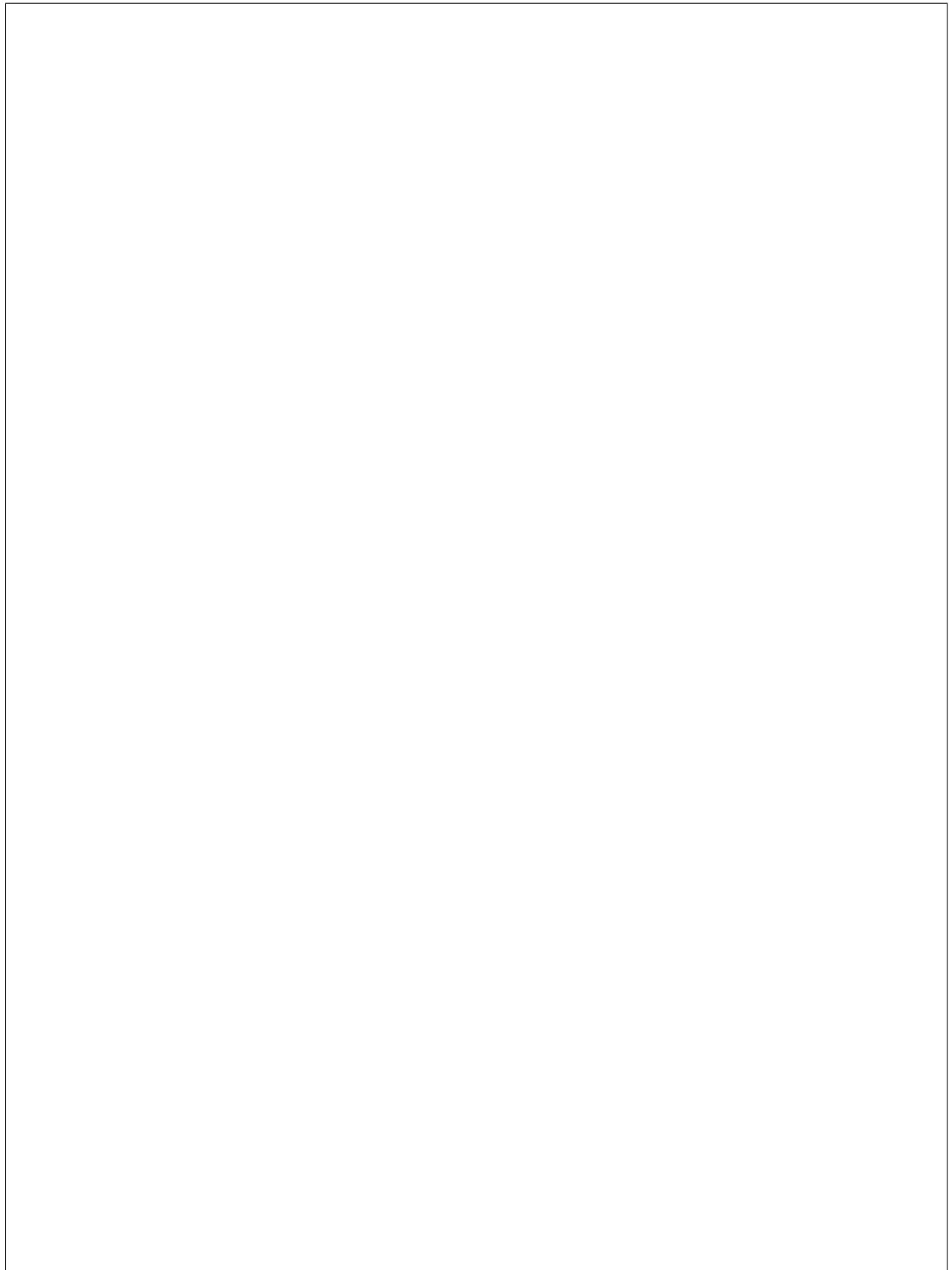
Consider the following communication channel. A source transmits a string of binary symbols through a noisy communication channel. Each symbol is 0 or 1 with probability  $p$  and  $1 - p$ , respectively, and is received incorrectly with probability  $\varepsilon_0$  and  $\varepsilon_1$ , respectively. Errors in different symbols transmissions are independent.



Denote  $S$  as the source and  $R$  as the receiver.

- (a) What is the probability that a symbol is correctly received? Hint: Find  $\mathbb{P}[R = 1 \cap S = 1]$  and  $\mathbb{P}[R = 0 \cap S = 0]$ .
- (b) Find the probability of receiving 0110 conditioned on that 0110 was sent, i.e.,  $\mathbb{P}[R = 0110 | S = 0110]$ .
- (c) In an effort to improve reliability, each symbol is transmitted three times and the received string is decoded by majority rule. In other words, a 0 (or 1) is transmitted as 000 (or 111, respectively), and it is decoded at the receiver as a 0 (or 1) if and only if the received three-symbol string contains at least two 0s (or 1s, respectively). What is the probability that the symbol is correctly decoded, given that we send a 0?
- (d) Suppose that the scheme of part (c) is used. What is the probability that a 0 was sent conditioned on that the string 100 was received?
- (e) Suppose the scheme of part (c) is used, and given that a 0 was sent. For what value of  $\varepsilon_0$  is there an improvement in the probability of correct decoding? Assume that  $\varepsilon_0 \neq 0$ .

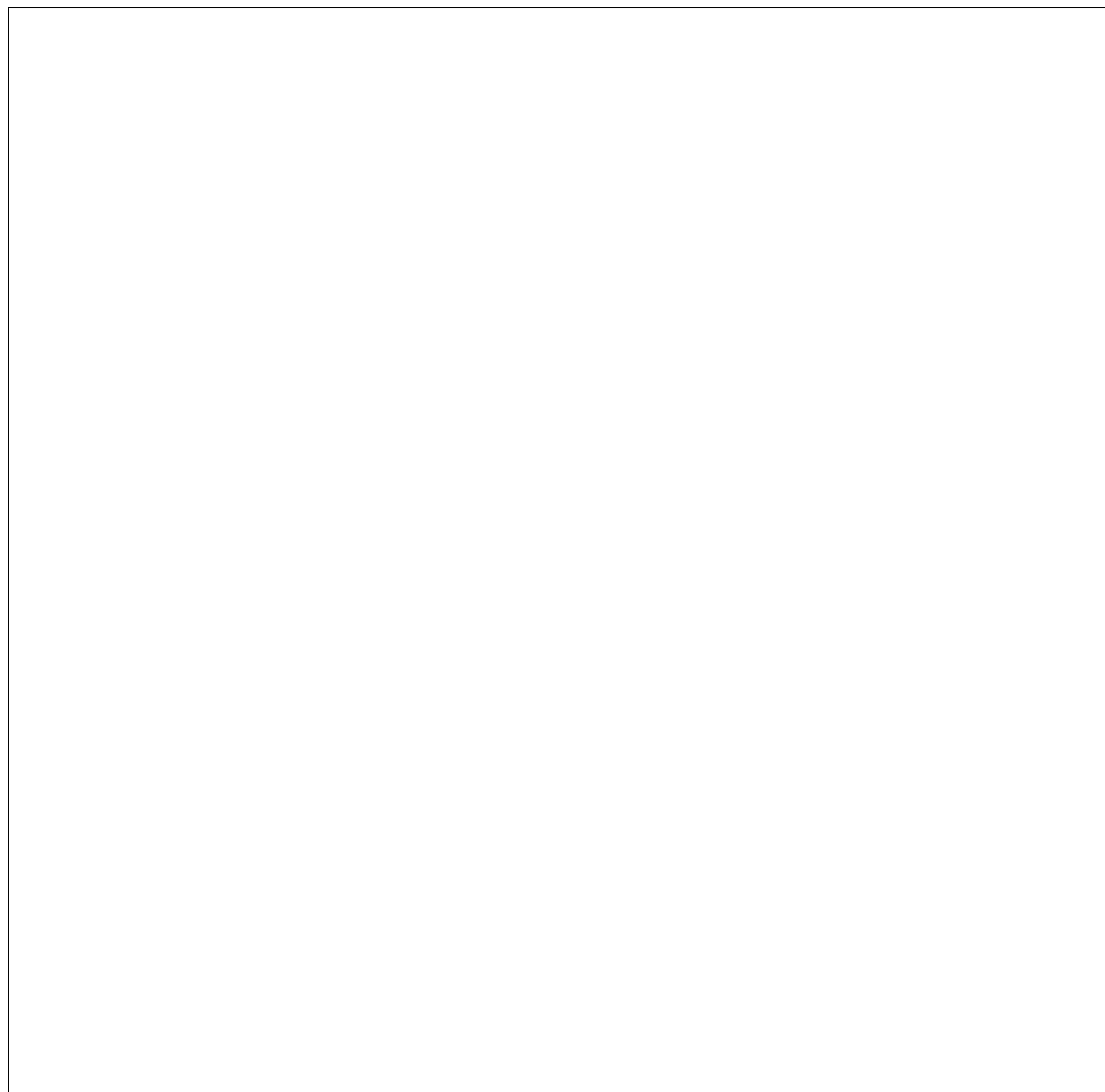




**Exercise 5.**

Two dice are tossed. Let  $X$  be the absolute difference in the number of dots facing up.

- (a) Find and plot the PMF of  $X$ .
- (b) Find the probability that  $X \leq 2$ .
- (c) Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  and  $\text{Var}[X]$ .



**Exercise 6.**

Let  $X$  be a random variable with PMF  $p_k = c/2^k$  for  $k = 1, 2, \dots$

- (a) Determine the value of  $c$ .
- (b) Plot the PMF and the CDF.
- (c) Find  $\mathbb{P}(X > 3)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(1 \leq X \leq 4)$ .
- (d) Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  and  $\text{Var}[X]$ .

