

oppgave 1

a) ubestemt fordi punkt A kan gli sideveis og konst. kollapser.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{stavbrefter} = 4 \\ \text{opplagerbrefter} = 3 \\ \text{knutepunkt} = 4 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 4 + 3 \text{ ubjente} \\ (4 \times 2 \text{ likninger}) \end{array} \right\} 7 \neq 8$$

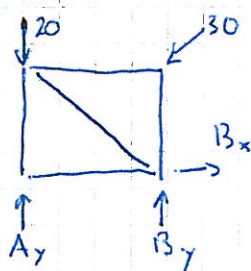
$\Rightarrow$  konstruksjonen er statisk ubestemt.

b)  $s = 5, n = 3, k = 4$

$s + r = 2k ? \quad 2 \times 4 = 5 + 3 \quad \text{Ok.}$

$\Rightarrow$  konstruksjonen er statisk bestemt.

$$\sum M_B = 0 \Rightarrow A_y \times 4 - 20 \text{ kN} \times 4 - \frac{30 \text{ kN}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 3 = 0$$



$$\underline{A_y = 35,9 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow A_y + B_y - 20 - \frac{30}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

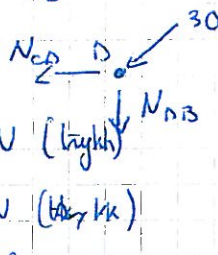
$$\underline{B_y = 5,3 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow B_x - \frac{30}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ kN} \Leftrightarrow B_x = \underline{21,2 \text{ kN}}$$

c) knutepunkt D:

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N_{BD} = -\frac{30}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ kN (trykk)}$$

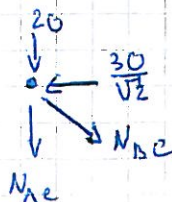
$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad N_{CD} = -\frac{30}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ kN (trykk)}$$



knutepunkt C:

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad N_{BC} \cdot \frac{4}{5} = \frac{30}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$N_{BC} = 26,5 \text{ kN (trekk)}$$



$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N_{Ac} + 20 + N_{BC} \cdot \frac{3}{5} = 0$$

$$N_{Ac} = -35,9 \text{ kN (trekk)}$$

## problem 2.

a)  $A_y = q \cdot 2 = 10 \text{ kN}$

$A_x = 0$



$$T_A = R_q \cdot 0,5 = 5 \cdot (2) \cdot 0,5 = 5 \text{ kNm} = T_A$$

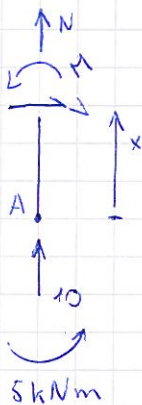
b) mit 1-1

$$N(x) = 10 \text{ kN}$$

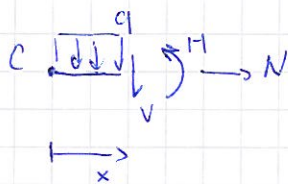
$$V(x) = 0$$

$$M(x) + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = -5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{B, A: } M(0) = M(x=3\text{m}) = -5 \text{ kNm}$$



mit 2-2



$$N = 0$$

$$V = -qx$$

$$V(0) = 0$$

$$V(0,5) = -2,5 \text{ kN}$$

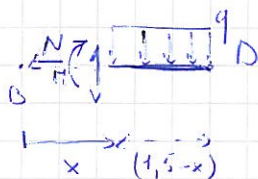
$$M + q \cdot x \cdot \frac{x}{2} = 0$$

$$M = -q \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$\text{C: } M(0) = 0$$

$$\text{B: } M(x=0,5) = -0,625 \text{ kNm}$$

mit 3-3



$$N = 0$$

$$V = -q(x - 1,5)$$

$$V(0) = 7,5 \text{ kN}$$

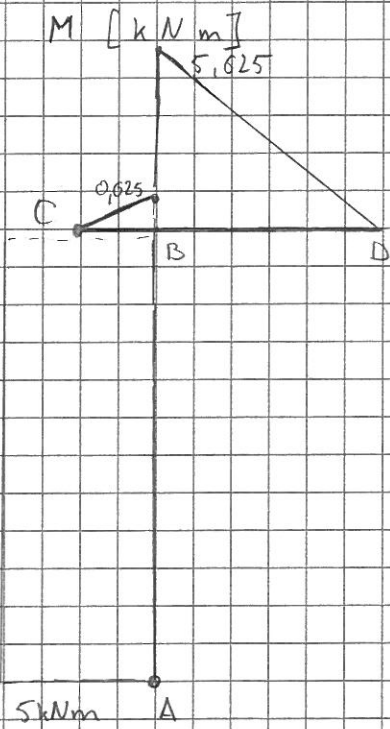
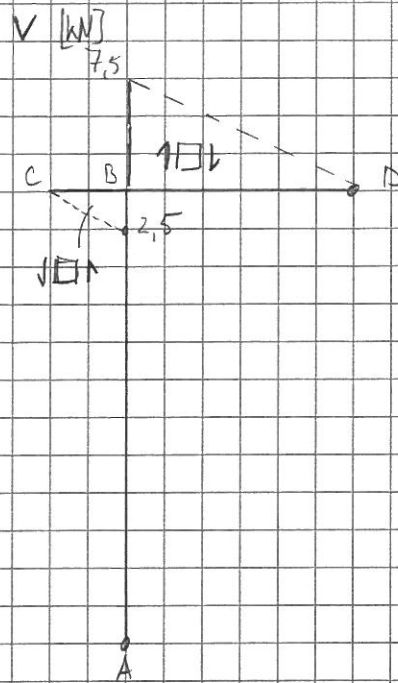
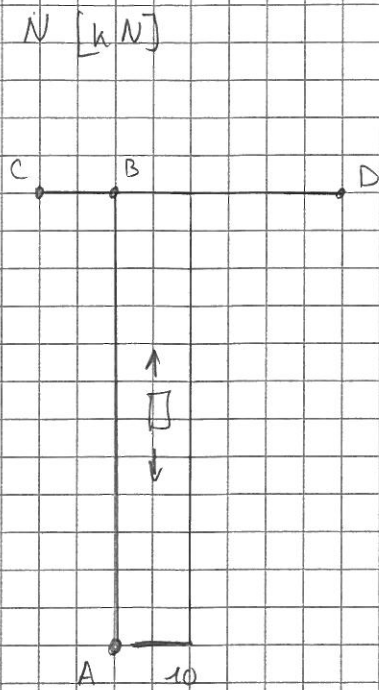
$$V(1,5) = 0$$

$$M + q \frac{(1,5-x)^2}{2} = 0$$

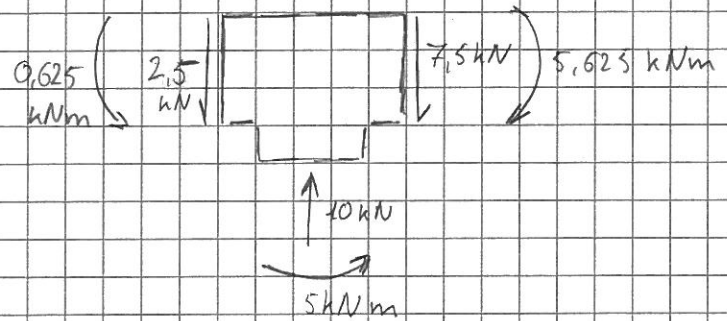
$$M(x) = -q \frac{(1,5-x)^2}{2}$$

$$\text{B: } M(0) = -5,625$$

$$\text{C: } M(1,5) = 0$$



d) *høret B*





Soal 3 :

$$a) \quad \varepsilon_{45} = \frac{\varepsilon_x + \varepsilon_y}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon_x - \varepsilon_y}{2} \cos(2 \cdot 45^\circ) + \frac{1}{2} \gamma_{xy} \sin(2 \cdot 45^\circ)$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = 2 \varepsilon_{45} - \varepsilon_x - \varepsilon_y$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = 828 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\varepsilon_{1,2} = \frac{\varepsilon_x + \varepsilon_y}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\varepsilon_x - \varepsilon_y}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \gamma_{xy}\right)^2}$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = 736 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = -100 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$b) \quad \sigma_x = \frac{E}{1-\nu^2} (\varepsilon_x + \nu \varepsilon_y) = 81,8 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_y = 99,9 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = G \gamma_{xy} \quad G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$$

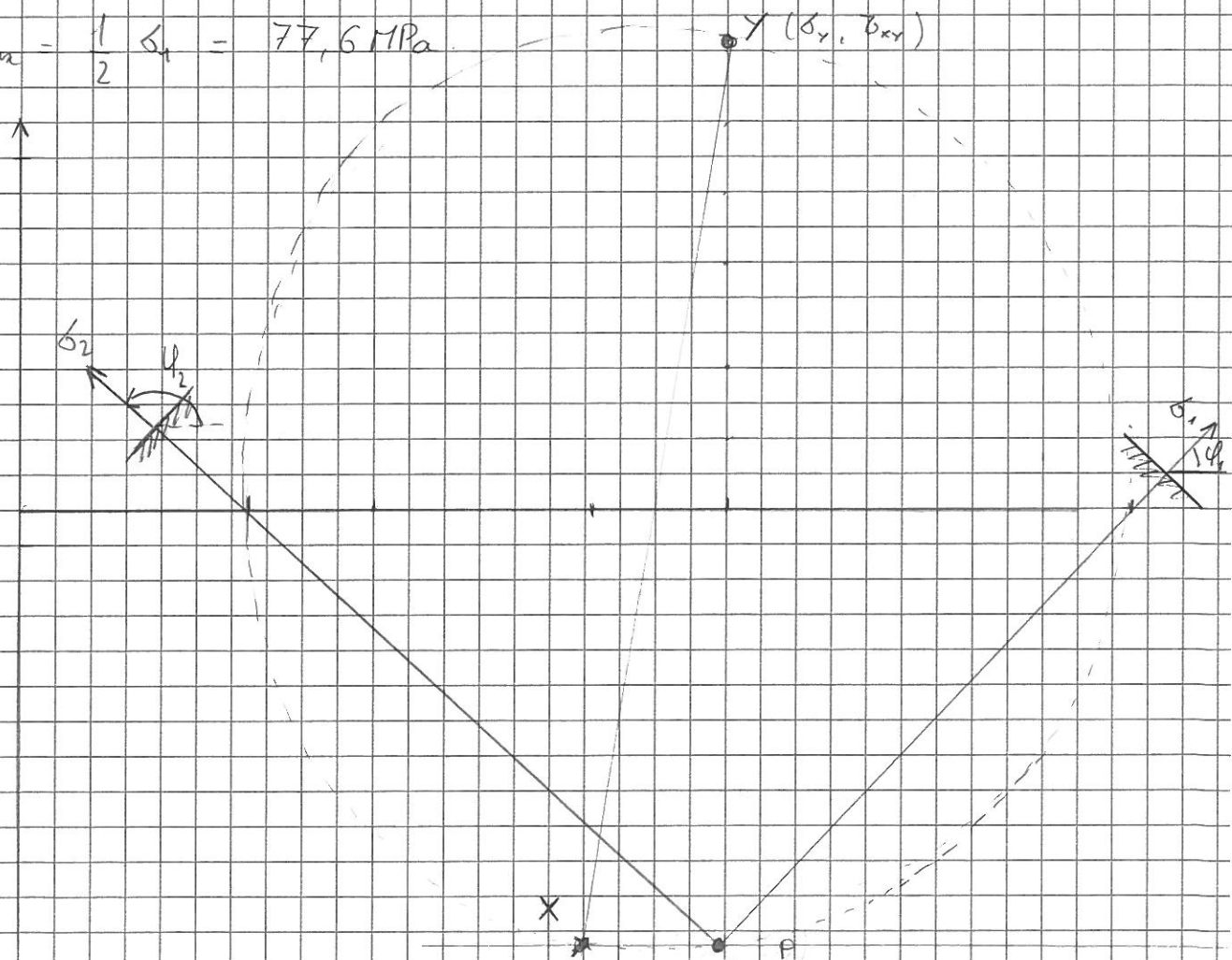
$$\tau_{xy} = 63,7 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{1,2} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_1 = 155 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_2 = 26,5 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 = 77,6 \text{ MPa}$$



$$c) \quad T = \tau_{xy} \cdot 2\pi r^2 t$$

$$T = 20 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sigma_y = \frac{Pr}{t} \quad p = \sigma_y \frac{t}{r} = 5 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_x = \sigma_x^P + \sigma_x^N \quad \sigma_x^P = \frac{\sigma_y}{2} \quad \sigma_x^N = \frac{N}{2\pi r t}$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \left( \sigma_x - \sigma_y \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right) 2\pi r t = 100 \text{ kN}$$

$$d) \quad p = 5 \text{ MPa} \quad N = 100 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma_y = 100 \text{ MPa} \quad \sigma_x = 81,8 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = G \gamma_{xy} = \frac{T}{2\pi r^2 t}$$

$$\sigma_j^2 = \sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 - \sigma_x \sigma_y + 3\tau_{xy}^2$$

flytning när  $\sigma_j = 300 \text{ MPa}$  eller när  $\gamma_{xy} = \gamma_f$

$$3(G\gamma_f)^2 = 300^2 - \sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_x \sigma_y$$

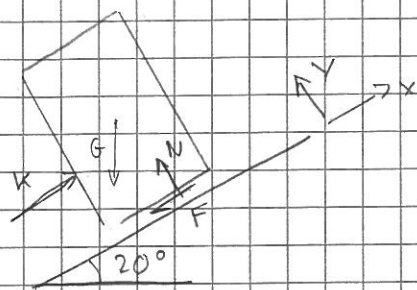
$$\gamma_f = \frac{1}{G} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} [300^2 - \sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_x \sigma_y]}$$

$$\gamma_f = \frac{2(1+\nu)}{E} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} [(300 \text{ MPa})^2 - \sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_x \sigma_y]}$$

$$\gamma_f = 2143 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

# oppgave 4

a)



$$F = \mu_s N$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N = G \cos 20^\circ$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow K = F + G \sin 20^\circ$$

$$K = \mu_s G \cos 20^\circ + G \sin 20^\circ$$

$$K = G [\mu_s \cos 20^\circ + \sin 20^\circ]$$

$$\underline{K = 624 \text{ N}}$$

b) lik for vipping  $\sum M_A = 0$  og  $N$  og  $F$  går gjennom pkt A

$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow K \cdot h = G \cos 20^\circ \cdot 0,5 + G \sin 20^\circ \cdot 1$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{\cos 20^\circ \cdot 0,5 + \sin 20^\circ}{\mu_s \cos 20^\circ + \sin 20^\circ} = 1,3 \text{ m}$$