Medium

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2 min read · Jun 9, 2019



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Jupyter Notebook을 설치할 시 Python만 kernel에 추가되어 있다.

Jupyter에서 R을 활용하기 위해서는 Rkernel을 설정해야한다!

1. Ananconda 환경에서 R 설치 하는 경우

conda install r-irkernel

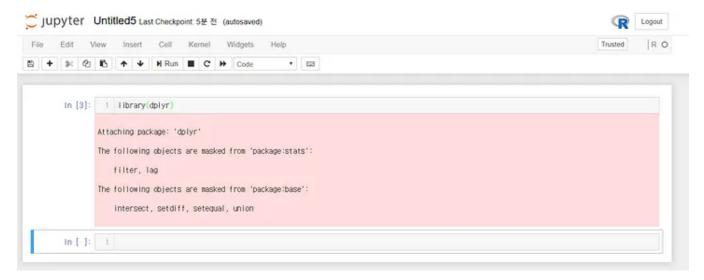
요렇게 쓰면 바로 R을 사용 가능하다.

2. R을 별도로 사용한 경우

나도 이경우에 해당되는데.... (Window 10)

- 1) install.package('devtools')
- 2) devtools::install_github('IRkernel')
- 3) IRkernel::installspec()

이렇게 치면!!!



Jupyter에서 R을 사용할 수 있다.

초간단하죠?

간혹 아래와 같은 error가 뜬다고하는데,

Error in IRkernel::installspec() :

jupyter-client has to be installed but "jupyter kernelspec –version" exited with code 127.

이럴 때는 Anaconda path를 설정해주면 해결된다고 한다.

끝!

Anaconda R Python Jupyter Notebook Jupyterlab



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What are your thoughts?

More from eunchong shin

```
In [4]: 1 # np.around(a) : 0.5를 기준으로 올림 특은 내림

Out[4]: array([-3., -2., -2., -1., 0., 1., 3., 3.])

In [10]: 1 a

Out[10]: array([-3.14, -2.12, -1.75, -0.88, 0.32, 1.23, 2.76, 3.14])

In [5]: 1 # np.round_(a,N) : N 소수점 자리까지 반올림
2 np.round_(a,1)

Out[5]: array([-3.1, -2.1, -1.8, -0.9, 0.3, 1.2, 2.8, 3.1])

In [11]: 1 a

Out[11]: array([-3.14, -2.12, -1.75, -0.88, 0.32, 1.23, 2.76, 3.14])
```



Numpy: 반올림, 올림, 내림, 버림

python numpy로 반올림, 올림, 내림, 버림으로 데이터 처리를 하는 방법을 알아보작!

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np.random.permutation has two differences from np.random.shuffle:



• if passed an array, it will return a shuffled copy of the array; np.random.shuffle shuffles the array inplace



if passed an integer, it will return a shuffled range i.e. np.random.shuffle(np.arange(n))



If x is an integer, randomly permute np.arange(x). If x is an array, make a copy and shuffle the elements randomly.

The source code might help to understand this:

```
3280
            def permutation(self, object x):
               if isinstance(x, (int, np.integer)):
3307
3308
                   arr = np.arange(x)
3309
               else:
                   arr = np.array(x)
3310
3311
               self.shuffle(arr)
3312
               return arr
```



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Numpy: permutation vs shuffle

데이터 전처리 공부하던 중 Train set과 Test set을 나누는 code를 보고있었는데, 데이터를 랜덤하게 나누는 (train set과 cross validation set) 과정에서 아래와 같이...

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R: seq, req, %in% 사용

Jun 9, 2019

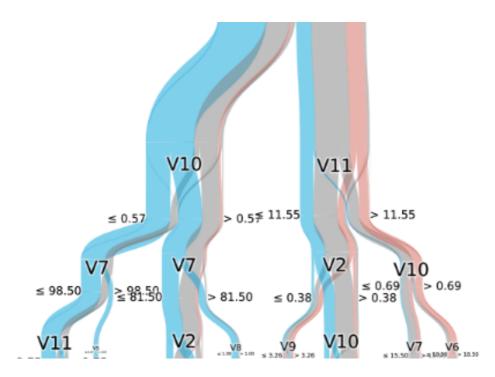


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R: 벡터의 연산(vector calculate)

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```
trom enum import Enum

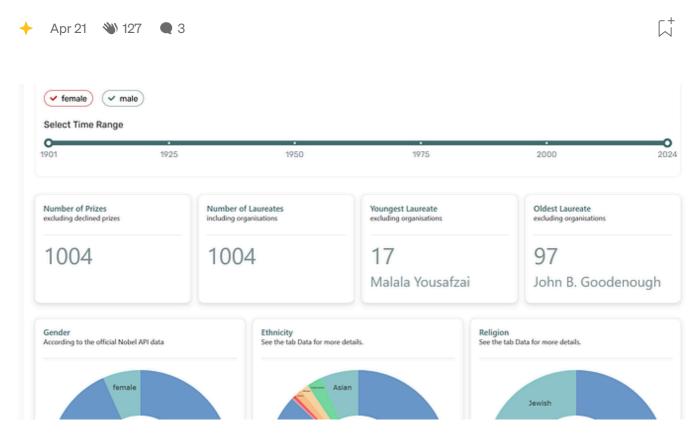
class Status(Enum):
    PENDING = "pending"

    COMPLETED = "completed"
```

In Python in Plain English by Jaume Boguñá

Enums Made My Python Code 50% Easier to Understand

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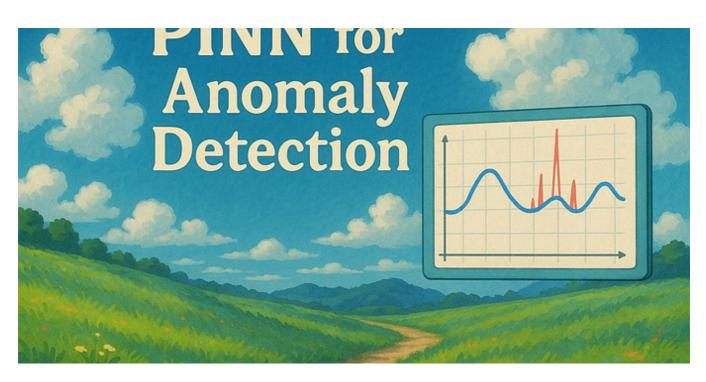
In Coding Nexus by Algo Insights

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Okay, whenever I load a dataset in Pandas, I used to reflexively type df.describe().

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