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Практична робота №8
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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node {
  int data:
  struct Node* left;
  struct Node* right;
  int height;
} Node;
int max(int a, int b) {
  return (a > b)? a:b;
}
int height(Node* node) {
  if (node == NULL)
     return 0;
  return node->height;
}
int getBalance(Node* node) {
  if (node == NULL)
     return 0;
  return height(node->left) - height(node->right);
}
Node* newNode(int data) {
  Node* node = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  node->data = data;
  node->left = NULL;
  node->right = NULL;
  node->height = 1; // New node is initially at height 1
  return node;
}
Node* rightRotate(Node* y) {
  Node* x = y->left;
  Node* T2 = x - sight;
  // Perform rotation
  x->right = y;
  y->left = T2;
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// Update heights
  y->height = max(height(y->left), height(y->right)) + 1;
  x->height = max(height(x->left), height(x->right)) + 1;
  return x;
}
Node* leftRotate(Node* x) {
  Node* y = x->right;
  Node* T2 = y - sleft;
  // Perform rotation
  y->left = x;
  x->right = T2;
  // Update heights
  x->height = max(height(x->left), height(x->right)) + 1;
  y->height = max(height(y->left), height(y->right)) + 1;
  return y;
}
Node* insert(Node* node, int data) {
  // Standard BST insertion
  if (node == NULL)
     return newNode(data);
  if (data < node->data)
     node->left = insert(node->left, data);
  else if (data > node->data)
     node->right = insert(node->right, data);
  else // Duplicate data not allowed
     return node;
  // Update height of current node
  node->height = 1 + max(height(node->left), height(node->right));
  // Get the balance factor to check if this node became unbalanced
  int balance = getBalance(node);
  // Left Left Case
  if (balance > 1 && data < node->left->data)
     return rightRotate(node);
  // Right Right Case
  if (balance < -1 && data > node->right->data)
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return leftRotate(node);
  // Left Right Case
  if (balance > 1 && data > node->left->data) {
    node->left = leftRotate(node->left);
    return rightRotate(node);
  }
  // Right Left Case
  if (balance < -1 && data < node->right->data) {
    node->right = rightRotate(node->right);
    return leftRotate(node);
  }
  // No rotation needed, return the unchanged node
  return node;
}
void preOrderTraversal(Node* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", root->data);
    preOrderTraversal(root->left);
    preOrderTraversal(root->right);
  }
}
int main() {
  16, 10, 20, 62};
  int n = sizeof(keys) / sizeof(keys[0]);
  Node* root = NULL;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    root = insert(root, keys[i]);
  }
  printf("Preorder traversal of the AVL tree: ");
  preOrderTraversal(root);
  return 0;
}
2. Програма для створення дерева арифметичного виразу за його
префіксним записом:
#include <stdio.h>
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#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
typedef struct ExpressionNode {
  char data:
  struct ExpressionNode* left;
  struct ExpressionNode* right;
} ExpressionNode;
ExpressionNode* createExpressionTree(char expression[], int* index) {
  char token = expression[*index];
  (*index)++;
  ExpressionNode* newNode =
(ExpressionNode*)malloc(sizeof(ExpressionNode));
  newNode->data = token;
  newNode->left = NULL;
  newNode->right = NULL;
  if (isdigit(token)) {
     return newNode;
  } else {
     newNode->left = createExpressionTree(expression, index);
     newNode->right = createExpressionTree(expression, index);
     return newNode:
  }
}
void inOrderTraversal(ExpressionNode* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
     inOrderTraversal(root->left);
     printf("%c ", root->data);
     inOrderTraversal(root->right);
  }
}
int main() {
  char prefixExpression[] = "*+AB-CD";
  int index = 0;
  ExpressionNode* root = createExpressionTree(prefixExpression, &index);
  printf("Inorder traversal of the expression tree: ");
  inOrderTraversal(root);
  return 0;
}
```