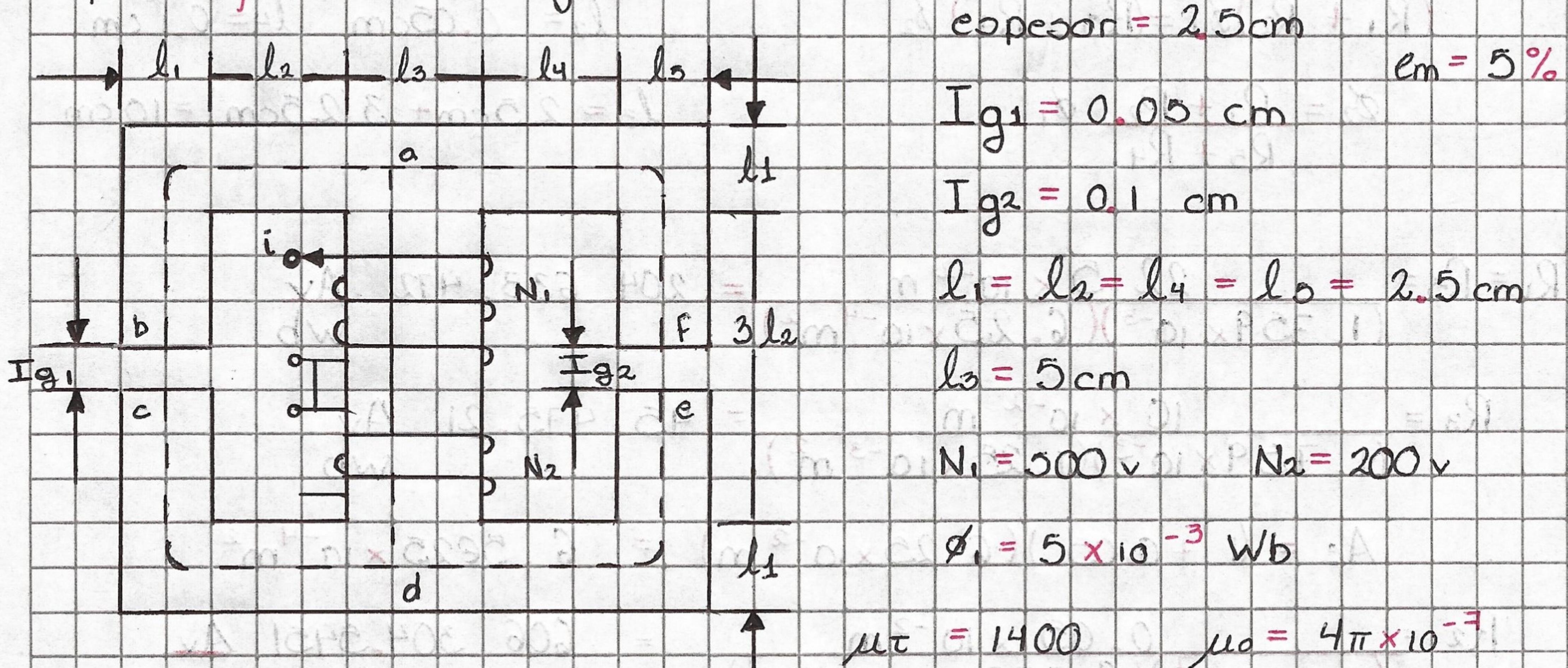


EXAMEN 1º PARCIAL

El circuito magnético que se muestra en la Figura 1 tiene dos entrehielos. Las dimensiones son: $Ig_1 = 0.05 \text{ cm}$, $Ig_2 = 0.1 \text{ cm}$, $l_1 = l_2 = l_4 = l_5 = 2.5 \text{ cm}$, $l_3 = 5 \text{ cm}$. El espesor es de 2.5 cm . Las bobinas están conectadas en serie, $N_1 = 500$ y $N_2 = 200$ vueltas. Considerese un efecto marginal de 5% en los entrehielos. Determinar la corriente i (en el sentido que indica en la Figura 1) que se quiere para producir un flujo magnético de $5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Wb}$ en el entrehielo de la izquierda, para los siguientes casos:



1.- La permeabilidad del núcleo es constante, $\mu_r = 1400$.

$$A_D = A_I = (2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})(2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}) = 6.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_C = (2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})(5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}) = 1.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$R_1 \phi_1 + R_2 \phi_1 + R_3 \phi_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I \dots 1) \quad \phi_3 = \phi_2 + \phi_1 \dots 3)$$

$$H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 + H_3 l_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I \dots 2) \quad \mu = \mu_0 \mu_r$$

$$R_3 \phi_2 + R_4 \phi_2 + R_5 \phi_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I \dots 1) \quad R = \frac{1}{\mu A} \quad B = \frac{\phi}{A} = \mu H$$

$$H_5 l_5 + H_4 l_4 + H_3 l_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I \dots 2)$$

$$A_D H = I$$

$$\mu_r = \text{cte} = 1400 \quad \mu = (1400)(4\pi \times 10^{-7}) = 1.759 \times 10^{-3}$$

Se igualan ecuaciones

$$R_1 \phi_1 + R_2 \phi_1 + R_3 \phi_3 = R_5 \phi_2 + R_4 \phi_2 + B_3 \phi_3$$

$$l_1 = 2.5\text{cm} + 2.5\text{cm} + 1.25\text{cm} + \\ 2.5\text{cm} + 3(2.5\text{cm}) + 1.25\text{cm} + 2.5\text{cm} + \\ 2.5\text{cm} = 22.5\text{cm} = l_5$$

$$(R_1 + R_2) \phi_1 = (R_5 + R_4) \phi_2$$

$$l_2 = 0.05\text{cm} \quad l_4 = 0.1\text{cm}$$

$$\phi_2 = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_5 + R_4} \phi_1$$

$$l_3 = 2.5\text{cm} + 3(2.5\text{cm}) = 10\text{cm}$$

$$R_1 = R_5 = \frac{22.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{m}}{(1.759 \times 10^{-3})(6.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2)} = 204.638.472 \frac{\text{Av}}{\text{wb}}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{10 \times 10^{-2} \text{m}}{(1.759 \times 10^{-3})(1.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{m}^2)} = 45.475.21 \frac{\text{Av}}{\text{wb}}$$

$$A_e = (1 + 0.05)(6.25 \times 10^{-2} \text{m}) = 6.5625 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2$$

$$R_2 = \frac{0.05 \times 10^{-2} \text{m}}{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(6.5625 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2)} = 606.304.5451 \frac{\text{Av}}{\text{wb}}$$

$$R_4 = \frac{0.1 \times 10^{-2} \text{m}}{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(6.5625 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2)} = 1.212.609.09 \frac{\text{Av}}{\text{wb}}$$

$$\phi_2 = \frac{204.638.472 + 606.304.5451 (5 \times 10^{-3})}{204.638.472 + 1.212.609.09} (5 \times 10^{-3}) = 2.8609 \times 10^{-3} \text{wb}$$

$$\phi_3 = 2.8609 \times 10^{-3} \text{wb} + 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{wb} = 7.8609 \times 10^{-3} \text{wb}$$

$$R_1 \phi_1 + R_2 \phi_2 + R_3 \phi_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I$$

$$(204.638.472)(5 \times 10^{-3}) + (606.304.5451)(5 \times 10^{-3}) + (45.475.21)(7.8609 \times 10^{-3}) = \\ (500 - 200) I$$

$$4.398.689 = 300 I \quad I = \frac{4.398.689}{300}$$

$$I = 14.66A$$

2. El nucleo está hecho de un material cuya curva de magnetización está dada por:

$$B = \frac{10H}{1000 + H} \quad \text{con } H \text{ en Av/m, } B \text{ en Teslas}$$

$$B = \frac{10H}{1000 + H} \Rightarrow H = \frac{1000B}{10 - B}$$

$$0 = H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 + H_3 l_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I$$

$$H_5 l_5 + H_4 l_4 + H_3 l_3 = (N_2 - N_1) I$$

| No | Sección | ϕ (Wb) | A (m^2) | B (T) | H (Av/m) | l (m) | Hl (Av) |
|----|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1 | izq. | 5×10^{-3} | 6.25×10^{-4} | 8 | 4000 | 22.5×10^{-2} | 900 |
| 2 | Ent. Izq. | 5×10^{-3} | 6.5625×10^{-4} | 7.619 | 6063007.557 | 0.05×10^{-2} | 3031.5 |
| 3 | Cent. | 8.24×10^{-3} | 1.25×10^{-3} | 6.592 | 1934.27 | 10×10^{-2} | 193.42 |
| 4 | Ent. Der. | 3.24×10^{-3} | 6.5625×10^{-4} | 4.937 | 3928739.77 | 0.1×10^{-2} | 3928.73 |
| 5 | Der. | 3.24×10^{-3} | 6.25×10^{-4} | 5.184 | 1076.411 | 22.5×10^{-2} | 242.192 |

$$B_1 = \phi_1 = \frac{5 \times 10^{-3}}{6.25 \times 10^{-4}} = 8 T \quad B_2 = \phi_2 = \frac{5 \times 10^{-3}}{6.5625 \times 10^{-4}} = 7.619 T$$

$$H_1 = \frac{1000(8)}{10 - 8} = 4000$$

$$H_2 = \frac{1000(7.619)}{10 - 7.619} = 6063007.557$$

$$H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 + H_3 l_3 = H_5 l_5 + H_4 l_4 + H_3 l_3$$

$$\phi_3 = \phi_2 + \phi_1 = 8.24 \times 10^{-3} Wb$$

$$H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 = H_5 l_5 + H_4 l_4$$

$$3931.5 + 193.42 = (500 - 200) I$$

$$3931.5 = H_5 l_5 + H_4 l_4$$

$$\frac{\phi_2}{\mu_0 A_4} l_4 + \frac{1000(\frac{\phi_2}{A_5})}{10 - (\frac{\phi_2}{A_5})} l_5 - 3931.5 = 0$$

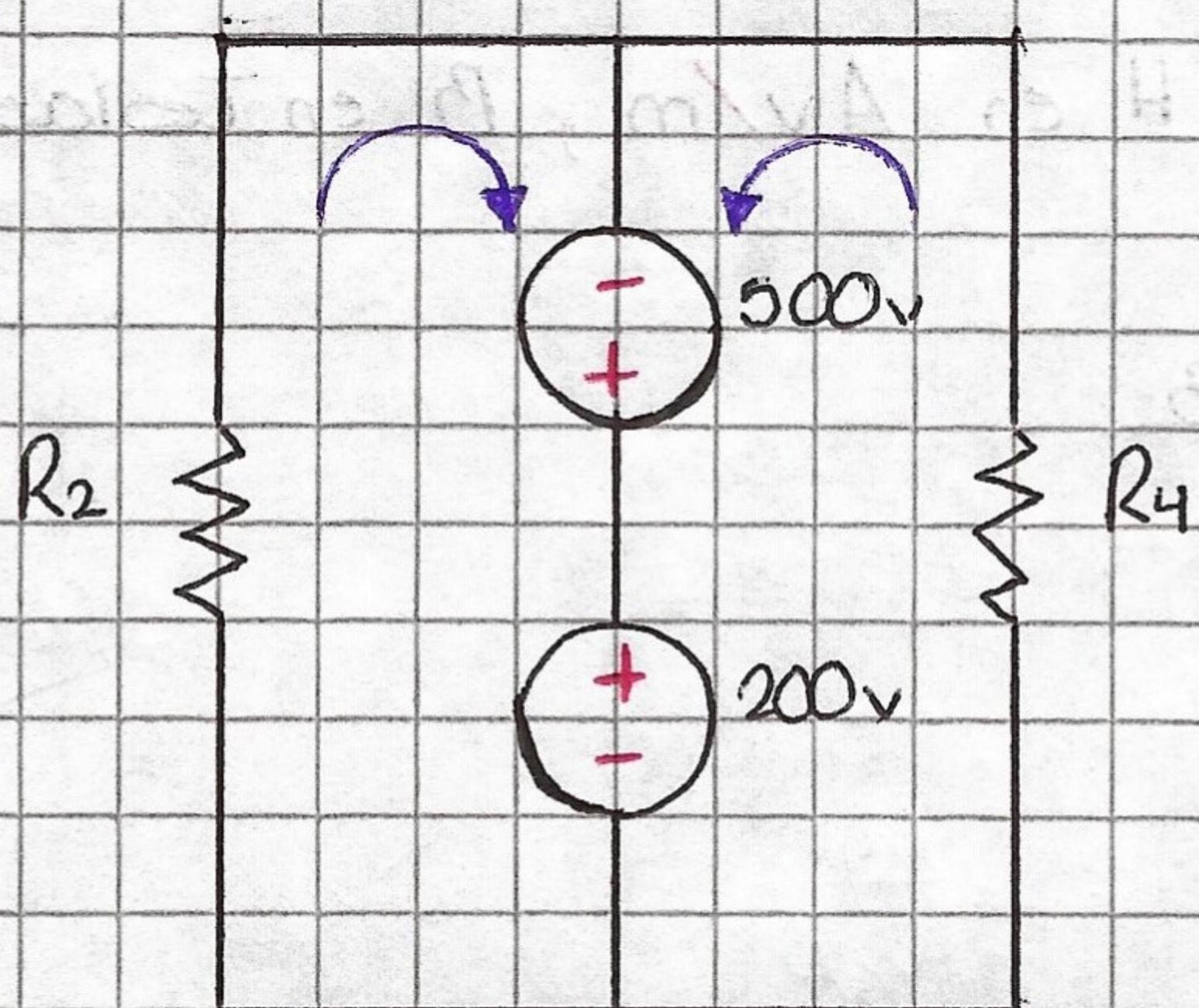
$$I = \frac{4124.92}{300}$$

$$1212834.09 \phi_2^2 + 11510.3086 \phi_2 + 24.57 = 0$$

$$I = 13.74 A$$

$$\phi_2 = 3.24 \times 10^{-3} Wb$$

3. Asuma que la permeabilidad del núcleo tiende a cero



$$R_2 = 606 \cdot 304 \cdot 5451 \frac{Av}{wb}$$

$$R_4 = 1212 \cdot 609 \cdot 09 \frac{Av}{wb}$$

$$-\phi_2 R_2 + 500I - 200I = 0$$

$$300I = \phi_2 R_2$$

$$I = \frac{\phi_2 R_2}{300} = \frac{(5 \times 10^{-3})(606 \cdot 304 \cdot 5451)}{300}$$

$$\underline{I = 10.105 A}$$