# Lab: Data Preprocessing

### Objective:

By the end of this lab, you should understand the process of collecting, cleaning, and transforming data, handling missing values, dealing with outliers, normalizing data, and performing feature engineering and feature selection.

### **Tools Required:**

- Python
- Jupyter Notebook
- Libraries: pandas, numpy, scikit-learn, matplotlib, seaborn

### **Step 1: Data Collection**

#### Instructions:

- 1. Download a dataset from Kaggle or use an inbuilt dataset from seaborn or sklearn.
  - Example: Titanic dataset (available via seaborn)

## Step 2: Data Cleaning

#### Instructions:

- 1. Inspect for missing values.
- 2. Handle missing values by either:
  - Dropping rows or columns with missing data.
  - o Imputing missing values with mean, median, or mode.

## **Step 3: Handling Outliers**

#### Instructions:

- 1. Identify outliers in the **fare** and **age** columns using box plots.
- 2. Use techniques like capping or removing outliers.

### **Step 4: Data Normalization**

#### Instructions:

1. Normalize the numerical features such as age and fare using Min-Max scaling or Z-score normalization.

# **Step 5: Feature Engineering**

#### Instructions:

- 1. Create new features such as:
  - A family\_size column by summing sibsp (siblings/spouses aboard) and parch (parents/children aboard).
  - A title column extracted from the name column (if available).

# **Step 6: Feature Selection**

### Instructions:

1. Select the most important features using techniques like correlation analysis or feature importance from a machine learning model.

# Step 7: Model Building

#### Instructions:

• the data into train/test sets and build a simple classifier like Logistic Regression or Random Forest using the preprocessed data.