

### 3.5 Filtering Data

1. Write some SQL queries to return a lists of films that meet the following conditions. Your results tables should include the columns “film\_ID,” “title,” and “description”. Download your SQL queries outputs as CSV files using the pgadmin inbuilt functionality. Merge them into one Excel file (.xlsx) and create a separate sheet for each query (label them 1a, 1b, 1c, etc.). You’ll use this file for all further questions in this Task too.

#### 1.a Film title contains the word *Uptown* in any position

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin interface. The top bar has tabs for 'Query', 'Query History', and 'Scratch Pad'. The 'Query' tab is active, displaying a SQL query:

```
1 SELECT title,  
2 film_ID, description  
3 FROM film  
4 WHERE title LIKE '%Uptown%'
```

Below the query editor, there are tabs for 'Data Output', 'Messages', and 'Notifications'. The 'Data Output' tab is active, showing a table with the following data:

	title character varying (255)	film_id [PK] integer	description text
1	Chainsaw Uptown	132	A Beautiful Documentary of a Boy And a Robot
2	Dangerous Uptown	207	A Unbelievable Story of a Mad Scientist And a
3	Uprising Uptown	927	A Fanciful Reflection of a Boy And a Butler who
4	Uptown Young	928	A Fateful Documentary of a Dog And a Hunter

#### 1.b Film length is more than 120 minutes and rental rate is more than 2.99

Query
Query History
Scratch Pad

```

1 SELECT title,
2   film_ID, description
3 FROM film
4 WHERE length > 120 AND rental_rate > 2.9

```

Data Output
Messages
Notifications

	title character varying (255)	film_id [PK] integer	description text
1	Ali Forever	13	A Action-Packed Drama of a Dentist And a Cr
2	American Circus	21	A Insightful Drama of a Girl And a Astronaut
3	Dying Maker	265	A Intrepid Tale of a Boat And a Monkey who r

Total rows: 157 of 157
Query complete 00:00:00.058

1.C Rental duration is between 3 and 7 days (where 3 and 7 aren't inclusive)

Query
Query History

```

1 SELECT title,
2   film_ID, description
3 FROM film
4 WHERE rental_duration > 3 AND rental_duration < 7
5 ORDER BY rental_duration ASC

```

Data Output
Messages
Notifications

	title character varying (255)	film_id [PK] integer	description text
1	Finding Anaconda	315	A Fateful Tale of a Database Administrator A
2	Strangelove Desire	852	A Awe-Inspiring Panorama of a Lumberjack A
3	Fireball Philadelphia	317	A Amazing Yarn of a Dentist And a A Shark w

Total rows: 606 of 606
Query complete 00:00:00.130

## 1.D Film replacement cost is less than 14.99

Query

Query History

1

SELECT title,

2

film\_ID, description

3

FROM film

4

WHERE replacement\_cost <14.99

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

title

character varying (255)

film\_id

[PK] integer

description

text

1

Bright Encounters

98

A Fateful Yarn of a Lumberjack And a Fer

2

Ace Goldfinger

2

A Astounding Epistle of a Database Admi

3

Alien Center

15

A Brilliant Drama of a Cat And a Mad Scie

Total rows: 249 of 249

Query complete 00:00:00.061

## 1.e: Film rating is either PG or G

Query

Query History

1

2

3

4

SELECT

title,

film\_ID, description

FROM

film

WHERE

rating

IN

('PG','G')

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

2. The query you wrote in step 1e returned a list of movies that meet certain criteria (film rating is either PG or G). The inventory team has asked for the following information about this list:
- Count of the movies
  - Average rental rate
  - Maximum rental duration and minimum rental duration

Query		Query History		Scratchpad	
1	SELECT	rating,			
2	COUNT	(title),			
3	AVG	(rental_rate),			
4	MAX	(rental_duration),			
5	MIN	(rental_duration)			
6	FROM	film			
7	WHERE	rating IN('PG','G')			
8	GROUP BY	rating;			

Data Output		Messages		Notifications	
	rating mpaa_rating	count bigint	avg numeric	max smallint	min smallint
1	PG	194	3.051855670	7	3
2	G	178	2.888876404	7	3

Total rows: 2 of 2	Query complete 00:00:00.059
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3. To make the output easier for your coworkers to understand, give your aggregate columns the following aliases: “count of movies,” “average movie rental rate,” “maximum rental duration”, and “minimum rental duration”. Run the query and transfer the result into your Excel file on a new sheet as well as the code you used to get there.

Query

Query History

1

SELECT rating,  
COUNT(title) AS count\_of\_movies,  
AVG(rental\_rate) AS average\_movie\_rental\_rate,  
MAX(rental\_duration) AS maximum\_rental\_duration,  
MIN(rental\_duration) AS minimum\_rental\_duration  
FROM film  
WHERE rating IN('PG','G')  
GROUP BY rating;

8

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	rating mpaa_rating	count_of_movies bigint	average_movie_rental_rate numeric	maximum_rental_dura smallint
1	PG	194	3.0518556701030928	
2	G	178	2.888876404494382	

Total rows: 2 of 2

Query complete 00:00:00.065

4. The customer team would like to see the fields you calculated in step 3 grouped by rating. The totals in your results table should look the same as in step 3, but broken down by the rating column. Copy-paste your query and its output in your answers on a new sheet..

Query

Query History

```
1 SELECT rating,
2 COUNT(title) AS count_of_movies, AVG(rental_rate) AS average_movie_rental_rate,
3 AVG(rental_rate) AS average_movie_rental_rate,
4 MAX(rental_duration) AS maximum_rental_duration,
5 MIN(rental_duration) AS minimum_rental_duration
6 FROM film
7 WHERE rating IN('PG','G')
8 GROUP BY rating;
```

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	rating mpaa_rating	count_of_movies bigint	average_movie_rental_rate numeric	average_movie_rental numeric
1	PG	194	3.0518556701030928	3.05185567010
2	G	178	2.888876404494382	2.8888764044

Total rows: 2 of 2

Query complete 00:00:00.063