

# **PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY**

**(A Central university)**



## **SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

#### **M.Sc. Computer Science**

NAME : ELITAM SHIRISHA

REG. NO. : 23370019

SEMESTER : II- Semester

SUBJECT : CSSC 424 – DATABASE SYSTEM LAB

# PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY

(A Central university)



SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

M.Sc. Computer Science

PRACTICAL LAB RECORD

## BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that this is a Bonafide record of practical work done by **ELITAM SHIRISHA**, having Reg. No. **23370019** semester - II from the month February 2024 to June 2024.

FACULTY IN-CHARGE

SUBMITTED FOR THE PRACTICAL EXAM HELD ON: \_\_\_\_\_

INTERNAL EXAMINER

EXTERNAL EXAMINER

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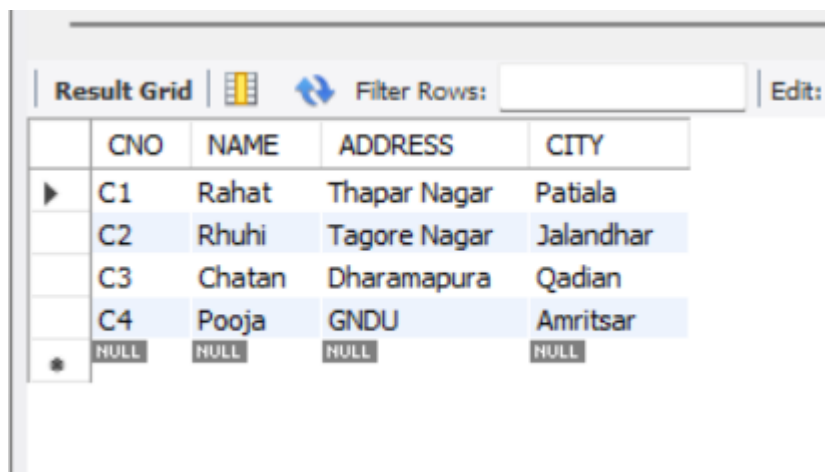
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# EXPERIMENT 1

1. create database customer;
2. create table customer(  
3. CNO varchar(30) primary key,  
4. NAME VARCHAR(30),  
5. ADDRESS VARCHAR(30),  
6. CITY VARCHAR(30)  
7. );
8. INSERT INTO customer(CNO,NAME,ADDRESS,CITY)  
9. VALUES  
10. ("C1","Rahat","Thapar Nagar","Patiala"),  
11. ("C2","Rhuhi","Tagore Nagar","Jalandhar"),  
12. ("C3","Chatan","Dharamapura","Qadian"),  
13. ("C4","Pooja","GNDU","Amritsar");

--Query 1:

select \*from customer;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing 5 rows and 5 columns. The columns are labeled CNO, NAME, ADDRESS, and CITY. The first four rows contain data for customers C1 through C4. The fifth row shows NULL values for all columns. The window also includes a 'Filter Rows' field and an 'Edit' button.

	CNO	NAME	ADDRESS	CITY
▶	C1	Rahat	Thapar Nagar	Patiala
	C2	Rhuhi	Tagore Nagar	Jalandhar
	C3	Chatan	Dharamapura	Qadian
	C4	Pooja	GNDU	Amritsar
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

create table customer_loan(
CNO varchar(30),
LNO varchar(30),
AMOUNT INT
);

INSERT INTO customer_loan(CNO,LNO,AMOUNT)
VALUES
("C1","L1","10000"),
("C2","L1","10000"),
("C3","L2","15000"),
("C3","L3","25000"),
("C4","L4","35000");

--Query 2:

select *from customer_loan;

```

Result Grid			
	CNO	LNO	AMOUNT
▶	C1	L1	10000
	C2	L1	10000
	C3	L2	15000
	C3	L3	25000
	C4	L4	35000

## EXPERIMENT 2

```
create database siri;  
use siri;
```

```
create table salesman(  
salesman_id int primary key,  
name varchar(30),  
city varchar(30),  
comission float  
);  
insert into salesman (salesman_id,name,city,comission)  
values  
(5001,"James Hoog","New York",0.15),  
(5002,"Nail Knite","Paris",0.13),  
(5005,"Pit Alex","London",0.11),  
(5006,"MC Lyon","Paris",0.14),  
(5003,"Lauson Hen",null,0.12),  
(5007,"Paul Adam","Rome",0.13);
```

--Query 1:

```
select*from salesman;
```




	salesman_id	name	city	comission
▶	5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15
	5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
	5003	Lauson Hen	NULL	0.12
	5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11
	5006	MC Lyon	Paris	0.14
	5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13
★	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
create table customer1(  
customer_id int,  
customer_name varchar(30),  
city varchar(30),  
grade int,  
salesman_id int,  
primary key (customer_id),  
foreign key (salesman_id) references salesman (salesman_id)  
);  
  
insert into customer1(customer_id,customer_name,city,grade,salesman_id)  
values  
(3002,"Nick Rimando","New York",100,5001),  
(3005,"Graham Zusi","California",200,5002),  
(3001,"Brad Guzan","London",null,null),  
(3004,"Fabian Johns","Paris",300,5006),  
(3007,"Brad Davis","New York",200,5001),  
(3009,"Geoff Camero","Berlin",100,null),  
(3008,"Julian Green","London",300,5002),  
(3003,"Jozy Altidor","Mancow",200,5007);
```

--Query 2:

```
select *from customer1;
```

Result Grid					
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>					
Edit: 					
	customer_id	customer_name	city	grade	salesman_id
▶	3001	Brad Guzan	London	NULL	NULL
	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
	3003	Jozy Altidor	Mancow	200	5007
	3004	Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	NULL
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

create table order1(
order_no int,
purch_no float,
order_date date,
customer_id int,
salesman_id int);

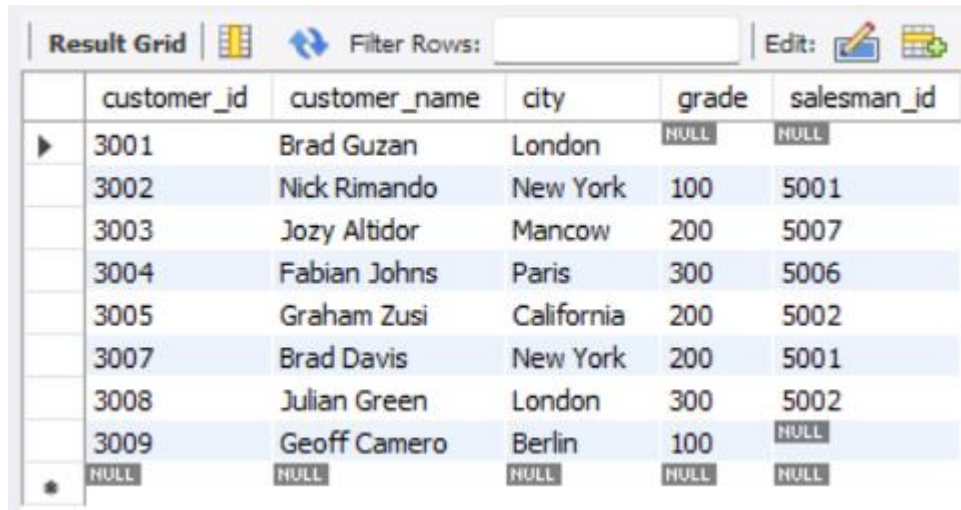
insert into order1(order_no,purch_no,order_date,customer_id,salesman_id)
values
(70001,150.5,"2016-10-05",3005,5002),
(70009,270.5,"2016-09-10",3001,null),
(70002,65.5,"2016-10-05",3002,5001),
(70004,110.5,"2016-08-17",3009,null),
(7007,948.5,"2016-09-10",3005,5002),
(70005,2400.6,"2016-07-27",3007,5001),
(70008,5760,"2016-09-10",3002,5001),
(70010,19830.43,"2016-10-10",3004,5006),
(70003,2480,"2016-10-10",3009,null);

```



--Query 3:

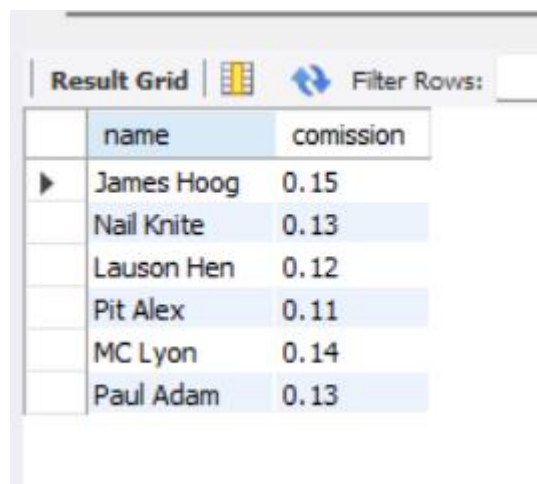
select\*from order1;



	customer_id	customer_name	city	grade	salesman_id
▶	3001	Brad Guzan	London	NULL	NULL
	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
	3003	Jozy Altidor	Mancow	200	5007
	3004	Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	NULL
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

--Query 4:

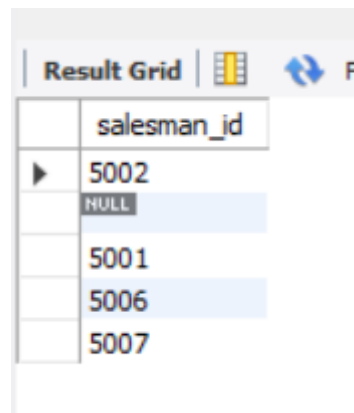
select name,comission from salesman;



	name	comission
▶	James Hoog	0.15
	Nail Knite	0.13
	Lauson Hen	0.12
	Pit Alex	0.11
	MC Lyon	0.14
	Paul Adam	0.13

--Query 5:

select distinct salesman\_id from order1;

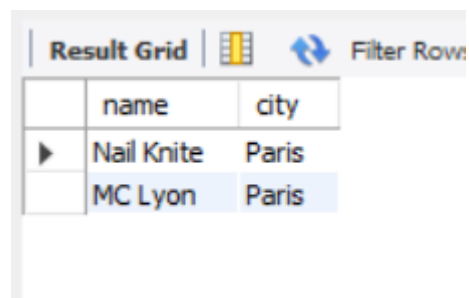


A screenshot of a database result grid titled "Result Grid". It shows a single column labeled "salesman\_id". The data rows are: 5002, NULL, 5001, 5006, and 5007. The row with NULL is highlighted in blue.

salesman_id
5002
NULL
5001
5006
5007

--Query 6:

select name,city from salesman where city="paris"

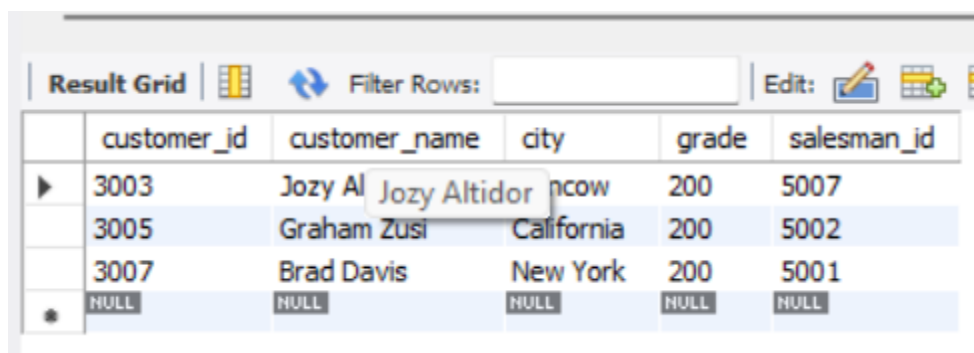


A screenshot of a database result grid titled "Result Grid". It shows two columns: "name" and "city". The data rows are: Nail Knite, Paris and MC Lyon, Paris. The second row is highlighted in blue.

name	city
Nail Knite	Paris
MC Lyon	Paris

--Query 7:

select \* from customer1 where grade=200;

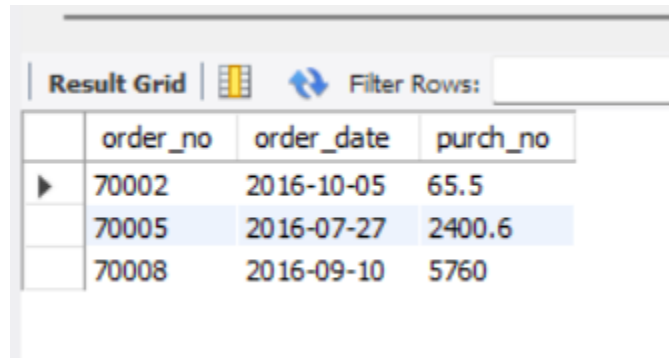


A screenshot of a database result grid titled "Result Grid". It shows six columns: customer\_id, customer\_name, city, grade, and salesman\_id. The data rows are: 3003, Jozy Altidor, ncow, 200, 5007; 3005, Graham Zusi, California, 200, 5002; 3007, Brad Davis, New York, 200, 5001; and a row with all NULL values. The first three data rows are highlighted in blue.

customer_id	customer_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3003	Jozy Altidor	ncow	200	5007
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

--Query 8:

```
select order_no,order_date,purch_no from order1 where  
salesman_id=5001;
```

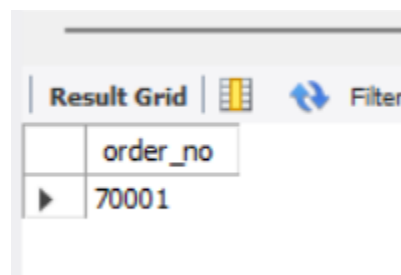


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field. The grid contains three rows of data:

	order_no	order_date	purch_no
▶	70002	2016-10-05	65.5
	70005	2016-07-27	2400.6
	70008	2016-09-10	5760

--Query 9:

```
select order_no from order1 where order_date = "2016-10-05" and  
salesman_id = 5002;
```

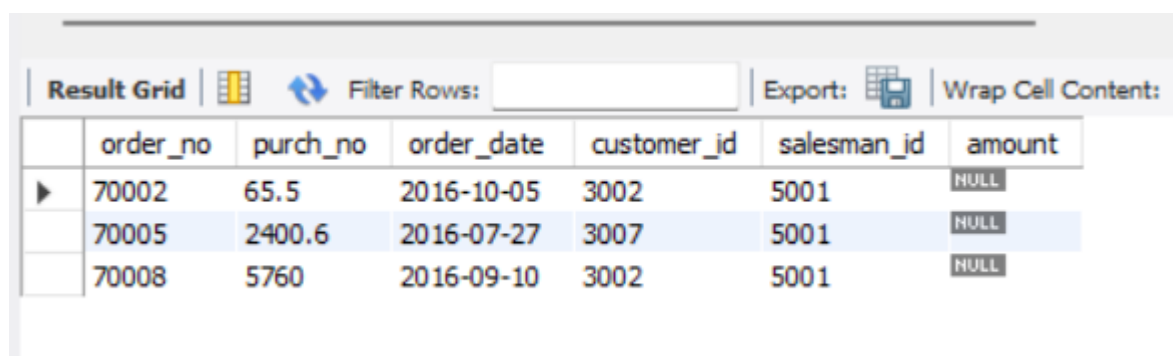


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter' button. The grid contains one row of data:

	order_no
▶	70001

--Query 10:

```
select*from order1 where salesman_id like 5001;
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with 'Filter Rows', 'Export', and 'Wrap Cell Content' options. The grid contains three rows of data:

	order_no	purch_no	order_date	customer_id	salesman_id	amount
▶	70002	65.5	2016-10-05	3002	5001	NULL
	70005	2400.6	2016-07-27	3007	5001	NULL
	70008	5760	2016-09-10	3002	5001	NULL

## **EXPERIMENT 3**

Create the following Relation (Tables) with primary key integrity constraint  
-- create

```
CREATE TABLE
instructor ( ID
INTEGER PRIMARY
KEY,name TEXT NOT
NULL,

dept_name TEXT NOT
NULL,salary INTEGER
NOT NULL

);
```

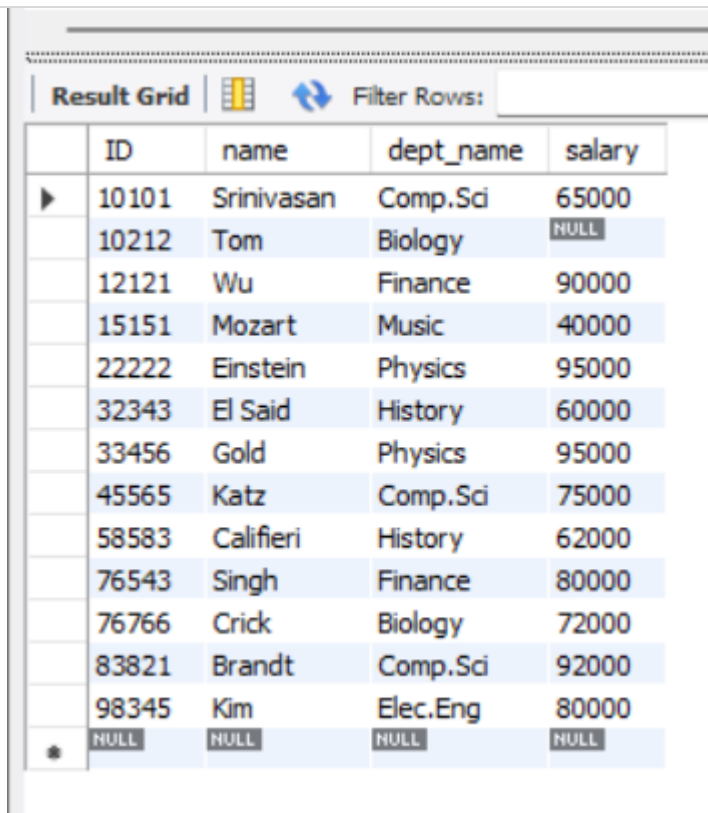
-- insert

```
INSERT INTO instructor (ID, name, dept_name, salary)
VALUES(10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000),

(12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000),
(15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000),
(22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000),
(32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000),
(33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000),
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000),
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 6200),
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000),
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000),
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000),
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000);
```

--Query 1:

SELECT \* FROM instructor;



	ID	name	dept_name	salary
▶	10101	Srinivasan	Comp.Sci	65000
	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL
	12121	Wu	Finance	90000
	15151	Mozart	Music	40000
	22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
	32343	El Said	History	60000
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000
	58583	Califieri	History	62000
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Create the following Relation (Tables) teaches

CREATE TABLE teaches (

ID int NOT NULL,

course\_id varchar(255) NOT  
NULL, sec\_id int NOT NULL,

semester varchar(255) NOT  
NULL, year int NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY (ID) REFERENCES instructor(ID)

);

INSERT INTO teaches (ID, course\_id, sec\_id, semester, year)  
VALUES(10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017),

(10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018),  
(10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017),  
(12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018),  
(15151, 'MU-199', 1, 'Spring', 2015),  
(22222, 'PHY-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017),  
(32343, 'HIS-351', 1, 'Spring', 2018),  
(45565, 'CS-101', 1, 'Spring', 2018),  
(45565, 'CS-319', 1, 'Spring', 2018),  
(76766, 'BIO-101', 1, 'Summer', 2017),  
(76766, 'BIO-301', 1, 'Summer', 2018),  
(83821, 'CS-190', 1, 'Spring', 2017),  
(83821, 'CS-190', 2, 'Spring', 2017),  
(83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018),  
(98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017);

--Query 2:

SELECT \* FROM teaches;

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:				
	ID	name	dept_name	salary
▶	10101	Srinivasan	Comp.Sci	65000
	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL
	12121	Wu	Finance	90000
	15151	Mozart	Music	40000
	22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
	32343	El Said	History	60000
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000
	58583	Califieri	History	62000
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000
★	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

--Query 3:

INSERT INTO instructor VALUES ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000);

Successfully inserted

--Query 4:

DELETE FROM instructor WHERE ID=10211;

Successfully deleted

--Query 5:

SELECT \* FROM instructor where dept\_name='History';

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:				
	ID	name	dept_name	salary
▶	32343	El Said	History	60000
	58583	Califieri	History	62000
★	NULL	NULL	History	NULL

--Query 6:

SELECT \* FROM instructor CROSS JOIN teaches;

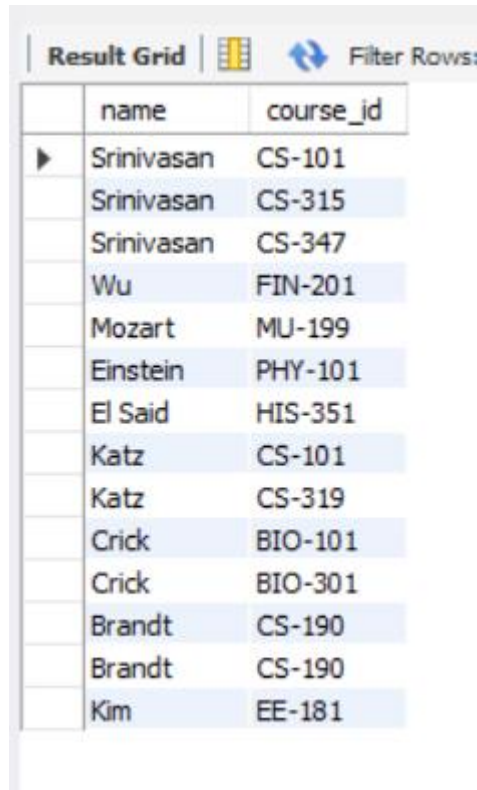
Result Grid									
Filter Rows:									
Export:									
Wrap Cell Content:									
	ID	name	dept_name	salary	ID	Course_id	sec_id	semester	year
▶	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	58583	Califieri	History	62000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	32343	El Said	History	60000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	22222	Einstein	Physics	95000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	15151	Mozart	Music	40000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	12121	Wu	Finance	90000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	10211	Smith	Biology	66000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	10101	Sriniva...	Comp.Sci	65000	10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2017
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	58583	Califieri	History	62000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	32343	El Said	History	60000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	22222	Einstein	Physics	95000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	15151	Mozart	Music	40000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	12121	Wu	Finance	90000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	10211	Smith	Biology	66000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	10101	Sriniva...	Comp.Sci	65000	10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2018
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	58583	Califieri	History	62000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017



Result Grid									
Filter Rows:									
Export:									
Wrap Cell Content:									
ID	name	dept_name	salary	ID	Course_id	sec_id	semester	year	
33456	Gold	Physics	95000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
32343	El Said	History	60000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
15151	Mozart	Music	40000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
12121	Wu	Finance	90000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
10212	Tom	Biology	NULL	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
10211	Smith	Biology	66000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
10101	Sriniva...	Comp.Sci	65000	10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2017	
98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
76766	Crick	Biology	72000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
76543	Singh	Finance	80000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
58583	Califieri	History	62000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000	12121	FIN-201	FIN-201	Spring	2018	
33456	Gold	Physics	95000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
32343	El Said	History	60000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
15151	Mozart	Music	40000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
Result Grid									
Filter Rows:									
Export:									
Wrap Cell Content:									
ID	name	dept_name	salary	ID	Course_id	sec_id	semester	year	
15151	Mozart	Music	40000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
12121	Wu	Finance	90000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
10212	Tom	Biology	NULL	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
10211	Smith	Biology	66000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
10101	Sriniva...	Comp.Sci	65000	12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2018	
98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
76766	Crick	Biology	72000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
76543	Singh	Finance	80000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
58583	Califieri	History	62000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
33456	Gold	Physics	95000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
32343	El Said	History	60000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
15151	Mozart	Music	40000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
12121	Wu	Finance	90000	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	
10212	Tom	Biology	NULL	15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2018	

--Query 7:

```
SELECT i.name, t.course_id FROM instructor i INNER JOIN teaches t on i.ID=
t.ID;
```



	name	course_id
▶	Srinivasan	CS-101
	Srinivasan	CS-315
	Srinivasan	CS-347
	Wu	FIN-201
	Mozart	MU-199
	Einstein	PHY-101
	El Said	HIS-351
	Katz	CS-101
	Katz	CS-319
	Crick	BIO-101
	Crick	BIO-301
	Brandt	CS-190
	Brandt	CS-190
	Kim	EE-181

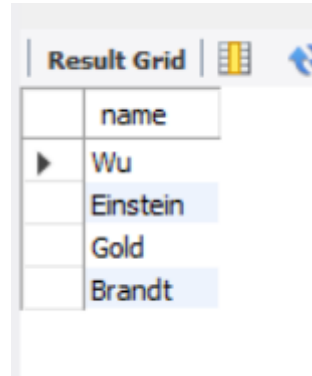
--Query 8:

```
SELECT name FROM instructor where name LIKE "%dar%";
```

No table

--Query 9:

SELECT name FROM instructor where salary >= 90000 AND salary <= 100000;



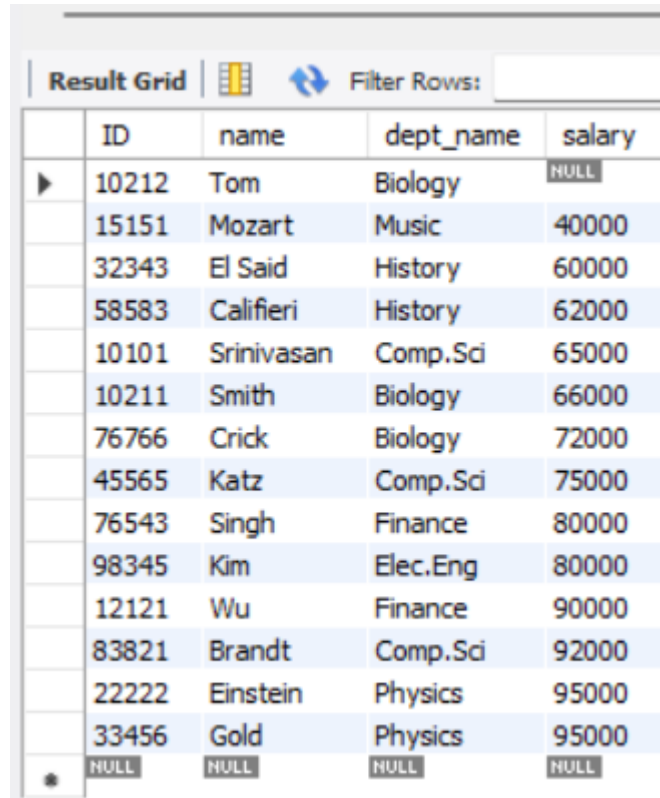
The image shows a screenshot of a database query result grid. The grid has a header row with the column name 'name'. Below the header, there are four rows of data: 'Wu', 'Einstein', 'Gold', and 'Brandt'. The rows for 'Einstein', 'Gold', and 'Brandt' are highlighted in blue. The grid is titled 'Result Grid' and has icons for refreshing and saving the results.

name
Wu
Einstein
Gold
Brandt

## EXPERIMENT 4

--Query 1:

SELECT \* FROM instructor ORDER BY salary;



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a 'Filter Rows' input field. The grid displays the results of the query 'SELECT \* FROM instructor ORDER BY salary;'. The data is sorted by salary in ascending order. The first row has a NULL salary, followed by rows with salaries ranging from 40,000 to 95,000. The last row also has a NULL salary. The columns are ID, name, dept\_name, and salary.

	ID	name	dept_name	salary
▶	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL
	15151	Mozart	Music	40000
	32343	El Said	History	60000
	58583	Califieri	History	62000
	10101	Srinivasan	Comp.Sci	65000
	10211	Smith	Biology	66000
	76766	Crick	Biology	72000
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci	75000
	76543	Singh	Finance	80000
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng	80000
	12121	Wu	Finance	90000
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci	92000
	22222	Einstein	Physics	95000
	33456	Gold	Physics	95000
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

--Query 2:

SELECT DISTINCT course\_id FROM teaches WHERE  
(semester='Fall'and year=2017)OR (semester='Spring'  
and year=2018);

Result Grid		Filter
	course_id	
▶	CS-101	
	CS-347	
	PHY-101	
	CS-315	
	FIN-201	
	MU-199	
	HIS-351	
	CS-319	

--Query 3:

SELECT DISTINCT course\_id FROM teaches WHERE  
(semester='Fall'and year=2017)AND (semester='Spring' and  
year=2018);

No Table

--Query 4:

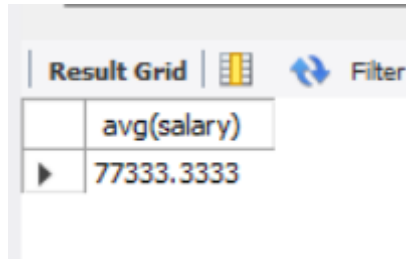
select course\_id from teaches where (semester ="Fall" and  
year=2017) and not (semester ="Spring" and year=2018);

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

	ID	name	dept_name	salary
▶	10212	Tom	Biology	NULL
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

--Query 5:  
select avg(salary) from instructor where  
dept\_name="Comp.Sci";



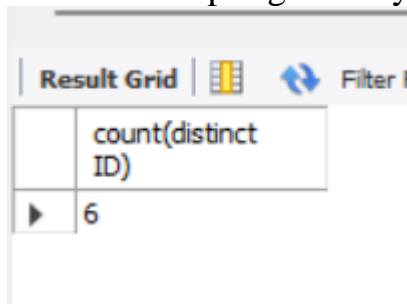
The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing a grid icon, a refresh icon, and a 'Filter' button. The grid displays the results of the SQL query. The first row shows the column 'avg(salary)' and the second row shows the value '77333.3333'.

	avg(salary)
▶	77333.3333

## EXPERIMENT 5

--Query 1:

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ID) AS total_instructors FROM teaches  
WHERE semester='Spring' AND year=2018;
```

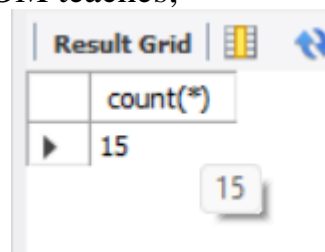


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for 'Result Grid', a table, and 'Filter'. The grid contains one row with the column header 'count(distinct ID)' and a value of 6.

	count(distinct ID)
▶	6

--Query 2:

```
relationSELECT COUNT(*) AS  
num_tuples FROM teaches;
```

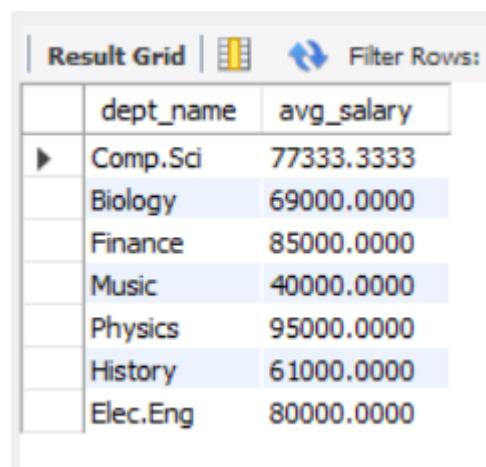


The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for 'Result Grid', a table, and a refresh button. The grid contains one row with the column header 'count(\*)' and a value of 15. A small tooltip with the number 15 is visible next to the result.

	count(*)
▶	15

--Query 3:

```
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as avg_salary FROM instructor GROUP  
BY dept_name;
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a toolbar containing icons for 'Result Grid', a table, and 'Filter Rows:'. The grid contains a table with two columns: 'dept\_name' and 'avg\_salary'. The data is grouped by department.

	dept_name	avg_salary
▶	Comp.Sci	77333.3333
	Biology	69000.0000
	Finance	85000.0000
	Music	40000.0000
	Physics	95000.0000
	History	61000.0000
	Elec.Eng	80000.0000

--Query 4:

```
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as avg_salary FROM instructor GROUP  
BY dept_nameHAVING AVG(salary)>42000;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	dept_name	avg_salary	
▶	Comp.Sci	77333.3333	
	Biology	69000.0000	
	Finance	85000.0000	
	Music	40000.0000	
	Physics	95000.0000	
	History	61000.0000	
	Elec.Eng	80000.0000	

--Query 5:

```
SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE name NOT IN
("Mozart","Einstein");
```

Result Grid	
	name
▶	Srinivasan
	Smith
	Tom
	Wu
	El Said
	Gold
	Katz
	Califieri
	Singh
	Crick
	Brandt
	Kim

--Query 6:

```
SELECT l.name FROM instructor l WHERE l.salary > (SELECT salary
FROM instructor WHERE dept_name='Biology' AND name="Crick");
```



Result Grid	
	name
▶	Wu
	Einstein
	Gold
	Katz
	Singh
	Crick
	Brandt
	Kim



--Query 7:

```
SELECT l.name FROM instructor l WHERE l.salary > (SELECT max(salary)
FROM instructor WHERE dept_name='Biology');
```

Result Grid	
	name
▶	Wu
	Einstein
	Gold
	Katz
	Singh
	Brandt
	Kim

--Query 8:

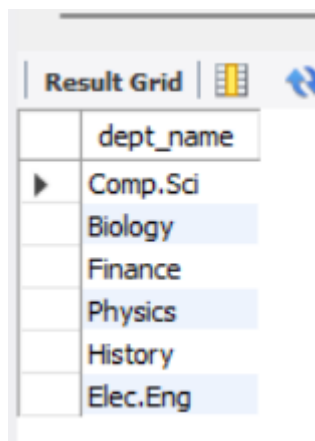
```
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as average_salary FROM
instructor GROUP BY dept_name HAVING AVG(salary)>42000;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	dept_name	avg_salary
▶	Comp.Sci	77333.3333
	Biology	69000.0000
	Finance	85000.0000
	Physics	95000.0000
	History	61000.0000
	Elec.Eng	80000.0000

## **EXPERIMENT 6**

--Query 1:

```
SELECT dept_name,  
SUM(salary) AS total_salary  
FROM instructor GROUP BY  
dept_name HAVING  
SUM(salary) > (SELECT  
AVG(total_salary) FROM  
(SELECT SUM(salary) AS  
total_salary FROM instructor  
GROUP BY dept_name) AS  
avg_salary);
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing department names. The table has one column labeled 'dept\_name'. The rows are: Comp.Sci, Biology, Finance, Physics, History, and Elec.Eng. The rows for Biology, Physics, and Elec.Eng are highlighted in blue.

dept_name
Comp.Sci
Biology
Finance
Physics
History
Elec.Eng

--Query 2:

```
SELECT i.name AS instructor_name, t.course_id  
FROM instructor i JOIN teaches t ON i.ID = t.ID;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	Name	course_id	
▶	Srinivasan	CS-101	
	Srinivasan	CS-315	
	Srinivasan	CS-347	
	Wu	FIN-201	
	Mozart	MU-199	
	Einstein	PHY-101	
	El Said	HIS-351	
	Katz	CS-101	
	Katz	CS-319	
	Crick	BIO-101	
	Crick	BIO-301	
	Brandt	CS-190	
	Brandt	CS-190	
	Kim	EE-181	

--Query 3:

```
SELECT i.name AS instructor_name, t.course_id
```

```
FROM instructor i LEFT JOIN teaches t ON i.ID = t.ID;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	Name	course_id	
▶	Srinivasan	CS-347	
	Srinivasan	CS-315	
	Srinivasan	CS-101	
	Smith	NULL	
	Tom	NULL	
	Wu	FIN-201	
	Mozart	MU-199	
	Einstein	PHY-101	
	El Said	HIS-351	
	Gold	NULL	
	Katz	CS-319	
	Katz	CS-101	
	Califieri	NULL	
	Singh	NULL	
	Crick	BIO-301	
	Crick	BIO-101	
	Brandt	CS-190	
	Brandt	CS-100	

--Query 4:

```
CREATE VIEW faculty AS SELECT ID,
name, dept_name
FROM
instructor;
SELECT *
FROM faculty;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	ID	name	dept_name
▶	10101	Srinivasan	Comp.Sci
	10211	Smith	Biology
	10212	Tom	Biology
	12121	Wu	Finance
	15151	Mozart	Music
	22222	Einstein	Physics
	32343	El Said	History
	33456	Gold	Physics
	45565	Katz	Comp.Sci
	58583	Califieri	History
	76543	Singh	Finance
	76766	Crick	Biology
	83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci
	98345	Kim	Elec.Eng

--Query 5:

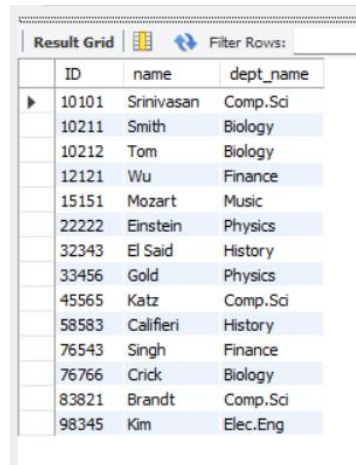
GRANT SELECT ON faculty TO new\_user;

Successful

## EXPERIMENT 7

--Query 1:

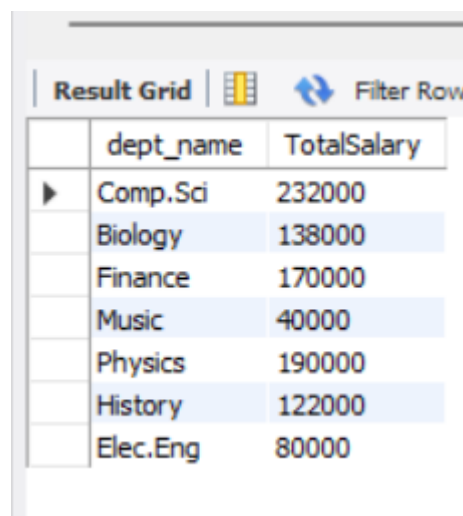
```
CREATE VIEW faculty1 AS SELECT ID,  
name, dept_name FROM instructor;  
  
SELECT * FROM faculty1;
```



ID	name	dept_name
10101	Srinivasan	Comp.Sci
10211	Smith	Biology
10212	Tom	Biology
12121	Wu	Finance
15151	Mozart	Music
22222	Einstein	Physics
32343	El Said	History
33456	Gold	Physics
45565	Katz	Comp.Sci
58583	Califieri	History
76543	Singh	Finance
76766	Crick	Biology
83821	Brandt	Comp.Sci
98345	Kim	Elec.Eng

--Query 2:

```
CREATE VIEW department_salary_totals AS SELECT dept_name,  
SUM(salary) AS total_salary FROM instructor GROUP BY  
dept_name;  
  
SELECT * FROM department_salary_totals;
```



dept_name	TotalSalary
Comp.Sci	232000
Biology	138000
Finance	170000
Music	40000
Physics	190000
History	122000
Elec.Eng	80000

--Query 3:

```
CREATE ROLE student;
```

Successful

--Query 4:

```
GRANT SELECT ON faculty TO student;
```

Successful

--Query 5:

```
CREATE USER raju@localhost  
IDENTIFIED BY '1234'; GRANT student TO  
raju@localhost;
```

Successful

--Query 6:

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON student.* TO  
raju@localhost;
```

```
SELECT * FROM faculty WHERE dept_name = 'Biology';
```

	ID	name	dept_name
▶	10211	Smith	Biology
	10212	Tom	Biology
	76766	Crick	Biology

--Query 7:

```
REVOKE student FROM  
raju@localhost;
```

Successful

--Query 8:

```
DROP ROLE  
student;
```

Successful

--Query 9:

```
GRANT SELECT ON faculty TO  
raju@localhost;
```

Successful



--Query 10:

```
SELECT * FROM faculty WHERE dept_name =  
'Finance';
```

	ID	name	dept_name
▶	12121	Wu	Finance
	76543	Singh	Finance

--Query 11:

Login again as root user

--Query 12:

```
CREATE TABLE  
teaches2 (ID INT  
NOT NULL,  
  
course_id VARCHAR(255)  
NOT NULL, sec_id INT  
NOT NULL,  
  
semester VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL CHECK (semester IN ('Fall',  
'Winter', 'Spring', 'Summer')),  
  
year INT NOT NULL,  
  
FOREIGN KEY (ID) REFERENCES instructor(ID)  
  
);
```

--Query 13:

```
CREATE INDEX idx_ID ON teaches (ID);
```

--Query 14:

```
DROP INDEX idx_ID ON  
teaches;
```

## EXPERIMENT 8

### Accessing the database through Python

1. Insert following additional tuple in instructor : ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000)
2. Delete this tuple from instructor : ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000)
3. Select tuples from instructor where dept\_name = 'History'
4. Find the Cartesian product instructor x teaches.
5. Find the names of all instructors who have taught some course and the course\_id
6. Find the names of all instructors whose name includes the substring "dar".
7. Find the names of all instructors with salary between 90,000 and 100,000 (that is,  $\geq 90,000$  and  $\leq 100,000$ )

### Source Code:

```
import mysql.connector
conn = mysql.connector.connect(
    host='localhost',
    user='root',
    password='surya@sql1',
    database='example'
)
cursor = conn.cursor()
# 1
insert_query = """
INSERT INTO instructor (ID, name, dept_name, salary) VALUES
('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000)
"""
cursor.execute(insert_query)
# 2
tuple_to_delete = ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000)

delete_query = "DELETE FROM instructor WHERE ID = %s AND name = %s AND
dept_name = %s AND salary = %s"
cursor.execute(delete_query, tuple_to_delete)
# 3
dept_name = 'History'

select_query = "SELECT * FROM instructor WHERE dept_name = %s"
cursor.execute(select_query, (dept_name,))
```

```

results = cursor.fetchall()
for row in results:
    print(row)
# 4
cartesian_query = """
SELECT * FROM instructor, teaches
"""
cursor.execute(cartesian_query)

results = cursor.fetchall()

for row in results:
    print(row)
# 5
query = """
SELECT DISTINCT instructor.name, teaches.course_id
FROM instructor
JOIN teaches ON instructor.ID = teaches.ID
"""
# Execute the query
cursor.execute(query)

# Fetch the results
results = cursor.fetchall()

# Print the results
for row in results:
    print(row)
# 6
query = """
SELECT name
FROM instructor
WHERE name LIKE '%dar%'
"""
cursor.execute(query)

results = cursor.fetchall()

for row in results:
    print(row[0])

# 7
query = """
SELECT name
FROM instructor
WHERE salary BETWEEN 90000 AND 100000
"""

```

```

cursor.execute(query)

results = cursor.fetchall()

for row in results:
    print(row[0])

conn.commit()

cursor.close()
conn.close()

```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\D A GURUPRIYAN\Downloads\ADBMS> & "c:/Users/D A GURUPRIYAN/Downloads/ADBMS/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" -i
Question 3
(32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000)
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000)

Question 4
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000, 10101, 'CS-101', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000, 10101, 'CS-315', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000, 10101, 'CS-347', 1, 'Fall', 2017)
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 12121, 'FIN-201', 1, 'Spring', 2018)

```

(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000, 83821, 'CS-319', 2, 'Spring', 2018)  
 (98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng', 80000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.', 92000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (76766, 'Crick', 'Biology', 72000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (76543, 'Singh', 'Finance', 80000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (58583, 'Califieri', 'History', 62000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.', 75000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (33456, 'Gold', 'Physics', 87000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (32343, 'El Said', 'History', 60000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics', 95000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (15151, 'Mozart', 'Music', 40000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (12121, 'Wu', 'Finance', 90000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)  
 (10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.', 65000, 98345, 'EE-181', 1, 'Spring', 2017)

#### Question 5

('Srinivasan', 'CS-101')  
 ('Srinivasan', 'CS-315')  
 ('Srinivasan', 'CS-347')  
 ('Wu', 'FIN-201')  
 ('Mozart', 'MU-199')  
 ('Einstein', 'PHY-101')  
 ('El Said', 'HIS-351')  
 ('Katz', 'CS-101')  
 ('Katz', 'CS-319')  
 ('Crick', 'BIO-101')  
 ('Crick', 'BIO-301')  
 ('Brandt', 'CS-190')  
 ('Brandt', 'CS-319')  
 ('Kim', 'EE-181')

#### Question 6

#### Question 7

Wu

Einstein

Brandt

## **EXPERIMENT 9**

1. Order the tuples in the instructors relation as per their salary.
2. Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 or in Spring 2018
3. Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 and in Spring 2018
4. Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 but not in Spring 2018
5. Insert following additional tuples in instructor ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000)('10212', 'Tom', 'Biology', NULL
6. Find all instructors whose salary is null.
7. Find the average salary of instructors in the Computer Science department.
8. Find the total number of instructors who teach a course in the Spring 2018 semester.
9. Find the number of tuples in the teaches relation
10. Find the average salary of instructors in each department
11. Find the names and average salaries of all departments whose average salary is greater than 42000
12. Name all instructors whose name is neither “Mozart” nor Einstein”.
13. Find names of instructors with salary greater than that of some (at least one) instructor in the Biology department.
14. Find the names of all instructors whose salary is greater than the salary of all instructors in the Biology department.
15. Find the average instructors’ salaries of those departments where the average salary is greater than 42,000.
16. Find all departments where the total salary is greater than the average of the total salary at all departments
17. List the names of instructors along with the course ID of the courses that they taught.
18. List the names of instructors along with the course ID of the courses that they taught. In case, an instructor teaches no courses keep the course ID as null.

## Source Code:

```
import mysql.connector
conn = mysql.connector.connect(
    host='localhost',
    user='root',
    password='surya@sql1',
    database='exp6'
)

cursor = conn.cursor()

# Order the tuples in the instructors relation as per their salary.
order_by_salary_query = """
SELECT * FROM instructor
ORDER BY salary
"""

cursor.execute(order_by_salary_query)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question1:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 or in Spring 2018
courses_in_spring_or_fall = """
SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM teaches WHERE (semester='Fall'and year=2017)OR
(semester='Spring' and year=2018)
"""

cursor.execute(courses_in_spring_or_fall)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question2:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 and in Spring 2018
courses_in_spring_and_fall = """
SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM teaches WHERE (semester='Fall'and year=2017)
AND (semester='Spring' and year=2018)
"""
```

```

cursor.execute(courses_in_spring_and_fall)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question3:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find courses that ran in Fall 2017 but not in Spring 2018
course_in_fall_only = """
SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM teaches t1 WHERE (t1.semester='Fall'and
t1.year=2017) AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM teaches t2 WHERE t2.course_id=
t1.course_id AND t2.semester='Spring' AND t2.year=2018)
"""

cursor.execute(course_in_fall_only)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question4:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Insert following additional tuples in instructor
insert_tuples= """
INSERT INTO instructor VALUES ('10211', 'Smith', 'Biology', 66000), ('10212',
'Tom', 'Biology', NULL )
"""

cursor.execute(insert_tuples)

select_table = """
SELECT * FROM instructor
"""

cursor.execute(select_table)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question5:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

```



```

# Find all instructors whose salary is null.
instructor_salary_null = """
SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE salary IS NULL
"""

cursor.execute(instructor_salary_null)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question6:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the average salary of instructors in the Computer Science department.
avg_cs_dept = """
SELECT AVG(salary) AS avg_salary FROM instructor WHERE dept_name='Comp. Sci.'
"""

cursor.execute(avg_cs_dept)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question7:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the total number of instructors who teach a course in the Spring 2018
semester.
instructors_spring = """
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ID) AS total_instructors FROM teaches WHERE
semester='Spring' AND year=2018
"""

cursor.execute(instructors_spring)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question8:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the number of tuples in the teaches relation
teaches_count = """
SELECT COUNT(*) AS num_tuples FROM teaches

```

```

"""

cursor.execute(teaches_count)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question9:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the average salary of instructors in each department
avg_instructor = """
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as avg_salary FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name
"""

cursor.execute(avg_instructor)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question10:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the names and average salaries of all departments whose average salary
is greater than 42000
avg_salary_greater = """
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as avg_salary FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name
HAVING AVG(salary)>42000
"""

cursor.execute(avg_salary_greater)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question11:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Name all instructors whose name is neither "Mozart" nor Einstein".
instructor_name = """
SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE name NOT IN ("Mozart","Einstein")
"""

cursor.execute(instructor_name)

```

```

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question12:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find names of instructors with salary greater than that of some (at least
one) instructor in the Biology department.
salary_greater= """
SELECT l.name FROM instructor l WHERE l.salary > (SELECT salary FROM
instructor WHERE dept_name='Biology' AND name="Crick")
"""

cursor.execute(salary_greater)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question13:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the names of all instructors whose salary is greater than the salary of
all instructors in the Biology department.
salary_greater_biology = """
SELECT l.name FROM instructor l WHERE l.salary > (SELECT max(salary) FROM
instructor WHERE dept_name='Biology')
"""

cursor.execute(salary_greater_biology)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question14:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find the average instructors' salaries of those departments where the
average salary is greater than 42,000.
avg_instructor_greater = """
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) as average_salary FROM instructor GROUP BY
dept_name HAVING AVG(salary)>42000
"""

```

```

cursor.execute(avg_instructor_greater)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question15:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# Find all departments where the total salary is greater than the average of
the total salary at all
department_salary = """
SELECT dept_name
FROM (
    SELECT dept_name, SUM(salary) AS total_salary
    FROM instructor
    GROUP BY dept_name
) AS department_total_salary
WHERE total_salary > (
    SELECT AVG(total_salary)
    FROM (
        SELECT SUM(salary) AS total_salary
        FROM instructor
        GROUP BY dept_name
    ) AS avg_total_salary
)
"""

cursor.execute(department_salary)

results = cursor.fetchall()

print("Question16:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

# List the names of instructors along with the course ID of the courses that
they taught
instructor_name_with_courseID = """
SELECT instructor.name, teaches.course_id
FROM instructor
JOIN teaches ON instructor.ID = teaches.ID
"""

cursor.execute(instructor_name_with_courseID)

```

```

results = cursor.fetchall()
print("Question17:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")
instructor_name_with_courseID_with_null = """
SELECT instructor.name, teaches.course_id
FROM instructor
LEFT JOIN teaches ON instructor.ID = teaches.ID
"""
cursor.execute(instructor_name_with_courseID_with_null)
results = cursor.fetchall()
print("Question18:")
for row in results:
    print(row)
print("\n")

```

Output:

```

PS C:\Users\D A GURUPRIYAN\Downloads\ADBMS> & "c:/Users/D A GURUPRIYAN/Down
Question1:
(10101, 'Srinivasan', 'Comp. Sci.')
(12121, 'Wu', 'Finance')
(15151, 'Mozart', 'Music')
(22222, 'Einstein', 'Physics')
(32343, 'El Said', 'History')
(33456, 'Gold', 'Physics')
(45565, 'Katz', 'Comp. Sci.')
(58583, 'Califieri', 'History')
(76543, 'Singh', 'Finance')
(76766, 'Crick', 'Biology')
(83821, 'Brandt', 'Comp. Sci.')
(98345, 'Kim', 'Elec. Eng')

Question2:
('Comp. Sci.', Decimal('232000'))
('Finance', Decimal('170000'))
('Music', Decimal('40000'))
('Physics', Decimal('182000'))
('History', Decimal('122000'))
('Biology', Decimal('72000'))
('Elec. Eng', Decimal('80000'))

```

## **EXPERIMENT 10**

-- query 1

```
CREATE TYPE addr_ty AS OBJECT
```

```
2 (street varchar2(60),
```

```
3 city    varchar2(30),
```

```
4 state   char(2),
```

```
5 zip     varchar(9));
```

```
6 /
```

Type created.

```
SQL> CREATE TYPE person_ty AS OBJECT
```

```
2 (name varchar2(25),
```

```
3 address addr_ty);
```

```
4 /
```

Type created.

```
SQL> CREATE TYPE emp_ty AS OBJECT
```

```
2 (emp_id    varchar2(9),
```

```
3 person    person_ty);
```

```
4
```

```
5 /
```

Type created.

-- query 2

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE EMP_OO
```

```
2 (full_emp emp_ty);
```

-- query 3

-- insert

```
insert into EMP_OO values( emp_ty('100', person_ty('raju', addr_ty('100
st','Patiala','up','605001'))));
```

```
insert into EMP_OO values( emp_ty('101', person_ty('siri', addr_ty('101
st','sire','Blore','105001'))));
```

-- query 4

-- select

```
select * from emp_oo;
```

```
FULL_EMP(EMPT_ID, PERSON(NAME, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY,
STATE, ZIP)))
```

```
-----
EMP_TY('100', PERSON_TY('Raju', ADDR_TY('1000 st', 'Patiala', 'up',
'605001')))
```

```
EMP_TY('101', PERSON_TY('siri', ADDR_TY('1001 st', 'sire', 'AP',
'105001')))
```

```
select e.full_emp.empt_id ID,e.full_emp.person.name NAME,
e.full_emp.person.address.city CITY from emp_oo e;
```

```
ID      NAME      CITY
```

```
-----
100      Raju      Patiala
```

```
101      siri      sire
```

```

-- query 5
-- update
update emp_oo e set e.full_emp.person.name = 'Raju' where e.full_emp.empt_id
= '1000';

-- query 6
-- create new obj with member function
create or replace type newemp_ty as object (firstname varchar2(25),
lastname Varchar2(25), birthdate Date, member function age (birthdate in date)
return number);

-- query 7
create or replace type body newemp_ty as
    member function age(birthdate in date) return number is
    begin
        return round(sysdate - birthdate);
    end;
end;

-- query 8
create table new_emp_oo (employee newemp_ty);

-- query 9
insert into new_emp_oo values(newemp_ty('raju', 'lal', '1976-12-12'));

```



-- query 10

```
select e.employee.firstname, e.employee.age,  
e.employee.age(e.employee.birthdate) from new_emp_oo e;
```

-- query 11

```
create table new_emp1 of emp_ty;
```

-- query 12

```
insert into new_emp1 values('102',person_ty('rajitha',addr_ty('100 TU',  
'Pta','PB', '147002'))));
```

-- query 13

```
select * from new_emp1;
```

```
PERSON_TY('rajitha', ADDR_TY('100 TU', 'Pta', 'PB', '147002'))
```

-- query 14 references

```
select ref(p) from new_emp1 p;
```

REF(P)

-----

```
0000280209E44C561C843C4E90B9AB35A22AD3E8FBAFAB0D508DDF493  
C87F3A6F19DC6804F0041DC  
C90000
```

-- query 15 implementing the concept of fk

```
create type new_dept_oo as object (deptno number(3),dname varchar(10));
```

-- query 16

create table dept\_table of new\_dept\_oo;

-- query 17

insert into dept\_table values (10,'comp');

insert into dept\_table values (20,'chem');

insert into dept\_table values (30,'math');

-- query 18

create table emp\_test\_fk(empno number(3), name varchar2(10), dept ref  
new\_dept\_oo);

-- query 19

set desc depth 2

desc emp\_test\_fk

Name	Null?	Type
-----		
EMPNO		NUMBER(3)
NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
DEPT		REF OF NEW_DEPT_OO
DEPTNO		NUMBER(3)
DNAME		VARCHAR2(10)

-- query 20

```
insert into emp_test_fk select 100, 'raju', ref(p) from dept_table p where deptno
=10;
```

```
insert into emp_test_fk select 101, 'siri', ref(p) from dept_table p where deptno
= 20;
```

-- query 21 accessing values

```
select empno, name, deref(e.dept) from emp_test_fk e;
```

EMPNO NAME

-----

DEREF(E.DEPT)(DEPTNO, DNAME)

-----

100 raju

NEW\_DEPT\_OO(10, 'comp')

101 siri

NEW\_DEPT\_OO(20, 'chem')

```
select empno, name, deref(e.dept), deref(e.dept).deptno
DEPTNO,deref(e.dept).dname DNAME from emp_test_fk e;
```

EMPNO NAME

-----

DEREF(E.DEPT)(DEPTNO, DNAME)

-----

DEPTNO DNAME

-----

100 raju

NEW\_DEPT\_OO(10, 'comp') 10 comp

101 siri

NEW\_DEPT\_OO(20, 'chem') 20 chem

EMPNO NAME

-----

DEREF(E.DEPT)(DEPTNO, DNAME)

-----

DEPTNO DNAME

-----

-- query 22

create table emp\_table\_fk (employee emp\_ty, dept ref new\_dept\_oo);

set desc depth 2

-- query 23

insert into emp\_table\_fk values (emp\_ty('100', person\_ty('ram', addr\_ty('100 st', 'Patiala', 'up', '605001'))), (select ref(p) from dept\_table p where deptno = 10));

-- query 24

select \* from em\_table\_fk;

EMPLOYEE(EMPT\_ID, PERSON(NAME, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP)))

-----

DEPT

-----

EMP\_TY('100', PERSON\_TY('ram', ADDR\_TY('100 st', 'Patiala', 'up', '605001')))

00002202088ECB5F5DB94A44CD901A1BACD0D508D64D9EE4FAD8EF44  
04B2D19B5A449B8463

```
select e.employee.empt_id ID, e.employee.person.name NAME, deref(e.dept),  
deref(e.dept).deptno DEPTNO,deref(e.dept).dname DNAME from  
emp_table_fk e;
```

ID	NAME
----	------

-----

DEREF(E.DEPT)(DEPTNO, DNAME)
------------------------------

-----

DEPTNO	DNAME
--------	-------

-----

100	ram
-----	-----

NEW\_DEPT\_OO(10, 'comp')

10	comp
----	------