Assignment 2

IT451: COA LAB

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IT, 4th Semester ID: 510817021 (Hx-20)

Question 1

Design and simulate the behavioral model of an UP/DOWN counter that is capable of counting up to 10. Use one input count_mode to control the mode of counting i.e. for count_mode = '1' the counter will operate as an UP counter and for count_mode = '0' the counter will behave as a DOWN counter. Use a reset input to reset the counter anytime to 0.

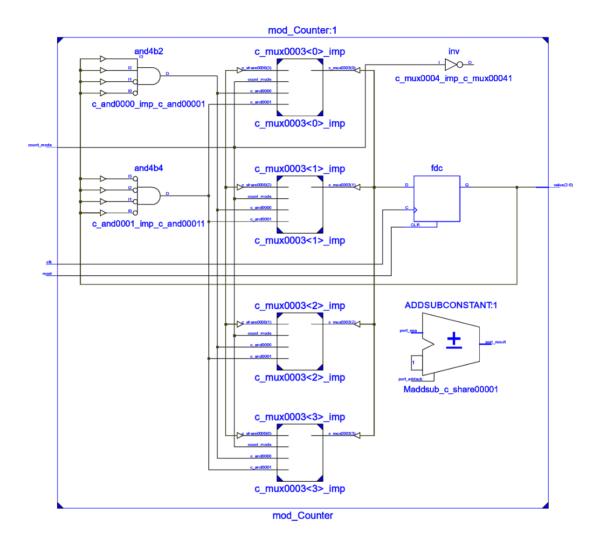
- a. Simulate and record the waveform with all possible stimulus waveforms.
- b. Synthesize the above circuit for Spartan 3 AN Evaluation Board. Observe and report the hardware utilization with the detailed schematics (both RTL and Technical).
- c. Synthesize the same design for Spartan 6 and compare the hardware utilization summary.

```
VHDL Module: mod Counter.vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
use IEEE.NUMERIC STD.ALL;
entity mod_Counter is
    Port ( clk
                        : in STD LOGIC;
                       : in STD_LOGIC;
           reset
           count_mode : in STD_LOGIC;
                         : out STD LOGIC VECTOR (3 downto 0));
           value
end mod Counter;
architecture Behavioral of mod Counter is
      signal c : STD LOGIC VECTOR (3 downto 0);
begin
process(clk, count_mode)
begin
      if (reset = '1') then c <= "0000";
      elsif rising edge(clk) then
            if(count mode = '1') then
                       (c /= "1001") then
                  if
                        c <= std logic vector(unsigned(c) + 1);</pre>
                  else c <= std_logic_vector(unsigned(c) + 7);</pre>
                  end if;
            else
                  if
                        (c /= "0000") then
                        c <= std_logic_vector(unsigned(c) - 1);</pre>
                  else c <= std logic vector(unsigned(c) + 9);</pre>
                  end if:
            end if;
      end if:
```

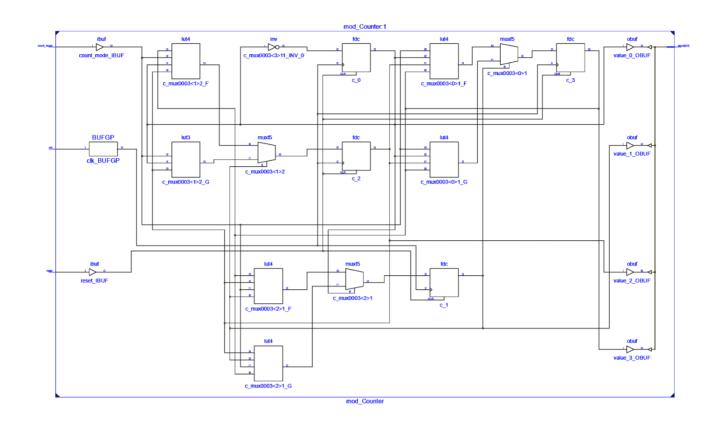
```
end process;
    value <= c;
end Behavioral;</pre>
```

SPARTAN 3AN

RTL Schematic:



<u>Technology Schematic:</u>

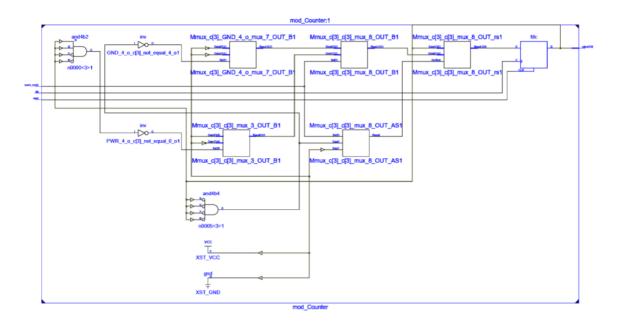


Device Utilisation Summary:

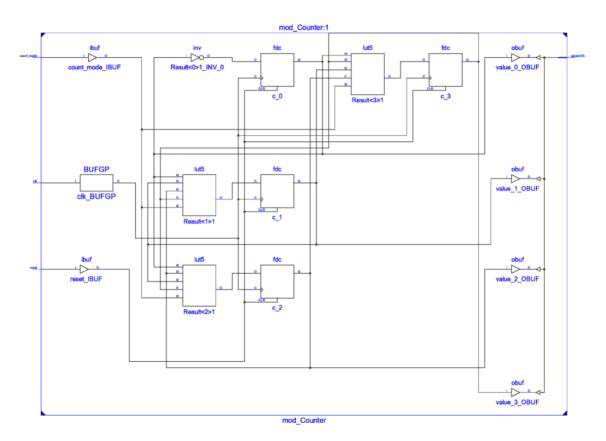
Device Utilization Summary (estimated values)				
Logic Utilization	Used	Available	Utilization	
Number of Slices	4	5888	0%	
Number of Slice Flip Flops	4	11776	0%	
Number of 4 input LUTs	7	11776	0%	
Number of bonded IOBs	7	372	1%	
Number of GCLKs	1	24	4%	

SPARTAN 6 SP-605

RTL Schematic:



Technology Schematic:



Device Utilisation Summary:

Device Utilization Summary (estimated values)				
Logic Utilization	Used	Available	Utilization	
Number of Slice Registers	4	54576		0%
Number of Slice LUTs	4	27288		0%
Number of fully used LUT-FF pairs	0	8		0%
Number of bonded IOBs	7	296		2%
Number of BUFG/BUFGCTRLs	1	16		6%

VHDL Test Bench:

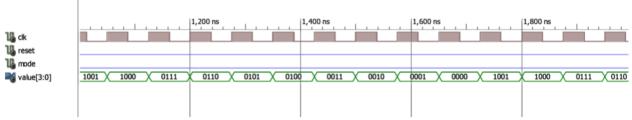
```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std_logic_1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb_Counter IS
END tb_Counter;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb Counter IS
  COMPONENT mod_Counter
  PORT(
                   : IN std_logic;
      clk
      reset
                   : IN std_logic;
       count_mode: IN std_logic;
                   : OUT std_logic_vector(3 downto 0)
      value
      );
  END COMPONENT;
  : std_logic := '0';
                      : std_logic := '0';
  signal mode
  signal value
                   : std logic vector(3 downto 0);
  constant clk period : time := 75 ns;
BEGIN
  uut: mod_Counter PORT MAP (
        clk
                         => clk,
        reset => reset,
        count_mode => mode,
        value => value
       );
  clk_process :process
```

```
begin
    clk <= '1';
    wait for clk_period/2;
    clk <= '0';
    wait for clk_period/2;
    end process;

stim_proc: process
begin
    reset <= '1', '0' after 75ns;
    mode <= '1', '0' after 900ns;
    wait;
    end process;

END;</pre>
```





Question 2

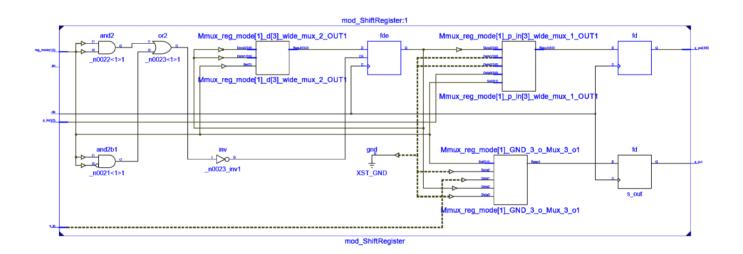
Design and simulate the behavioral model of a 4 bit shift register that can support the following modes of data transfer.

- a. Serial in parallel out (SIPO)
- b. Serial in serial out (SISO)
- c. Parallel in serial out (PISO)
- d. Parallel in parallel out (PIPO).

Use case statement for this design. Use one input reg_mode [std_logic_vector (1 downto 0)] to control the nature of behavior of the register. Use "00" for SIPO, "01" for SISO and so on.

```
VHDL Module: mod ShiftRegister.vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity mod ShiftRegister is
    Port ( clk
                       : in STD_LOGIC;
           reg mode : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (1 downto 0);
                       : in STD_LOGIC;
            en
                       : in STD LOGIC;
           s in
                       : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (3 downto 0);
           p in
                       : out STD LOGIC;
           s out
                      : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0));
           p out
end mod ShiftRegister;
architecture Behavioral of mod ShiftRegister is
      signal d : STD LOGIC VECTOR (3 downto 0) := "0000";
begin
process(clk)
begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
            case reg mode is
                  when "00" =>
                        p_out(0) <= d(1); p_out(1) <= d(2);</pre>
                        p_out(2) <= d(3); p_out(3) <= s_in;</pre>
                        d(0) \le d(1); d(1) \le d(2);
                        d(2) \le d(3); d(3) \le s_{in};
                        s out <= '0';
                  when "01" =>
                        s_out <= s_in;</pre>
                        p out <= "0000";</pre>
```

RTL Schematic:

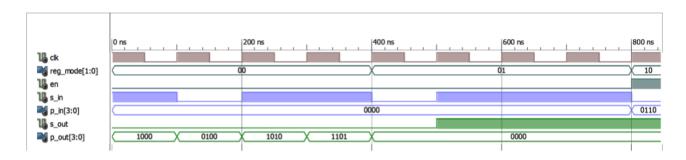


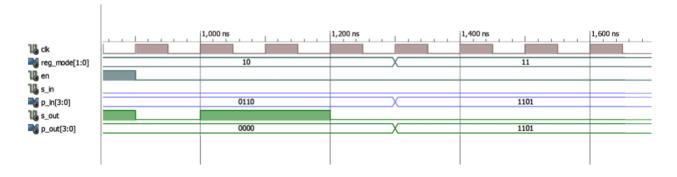
VHDL Test Bench: tb_ShiftRegister.vhd

```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb_ShiftRegister IS
END tb ShiftRegister;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb ShiftRegister IS
   COMPONENT mod ShiftRegister
   PORT(
        clk
                     : IN std logic;
        reg mode : IN std logic vector(1 downto 0);
                    : IN std_logic;
        en
        s in
                   : IN std logic;
        p_in
                    : IN std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
                  : OUT std_logic;
        s_out
                    : OUT std logic vector(3 downto 0)
        p_out
       );
   END COMPONENT;
  signal clk
              : std logic := '0';
  signal reg_mode : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0) := (others => '0');
  signal en
                           std logic := '0';
  signal s_in : std_logic := '0';
                      : std logic vector(3 downto 0) := (others => '0');
  signal p in
  signal s out : std logic;
  signal p out : std logic vector(3 downto 0);
  constant clk period : time := 100 ns;
BEGIN
  uut: mod ShiftRegister PORT MAP (
         clk
                   => clk.
         reg mode
                    => reg mode,
         en
                    => en,
         s_in
                    => s_in,
                    => p_in,
         p in
         s_out
                    => s_out,
                  => p_out
         p_out
       );
  clk_process :process
  begin
```

```
clk <= '1';
    wait for clk_period/2;
    clk <= '0';
    wait for clk_period/2;
end process;

stim_proc: process
    begin
        reg_mode <= "00", "01" after 400ns, "10" after 800ns, "11" after 1300ns;
        s_in <= '1', '0' after 100ns, '1' after 200ns, '0' after 400ns, '1' after 500ns, '0' after 800ns;
        en <= '0', '1' after 800ns, '0' after 900ns;
        p_in <= "00000", "0110" after 800ns, "1101" after 1300ns;
        wait;
    end process;
END;</pre>
```





Question 3

Design the followings:

- a. Design and simulate the behavioral model of an 8 bit even parity generator.
- b. Design and simulate the behavioral model an 8 bit even parity checker.
- c. Design a top level module called parity and use the previously designed two modules as components to check whether the functionality of the two modules are in synchronization or not.

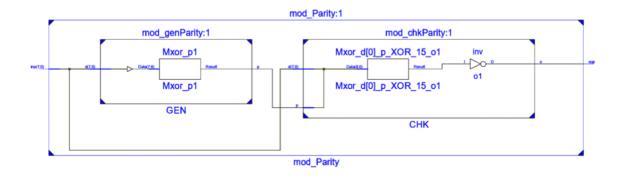
VHDL Module:

mod_genParity.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity mod_genParity is
    Port ( d : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (7 downto 0);
            p : out STD LOGIC);
end mod_genParity;
architecture Behavioral of mod_genParity is
begin
      p \le d(0) \times d(1) \times d(2) \times d(3) \times d(4) \times d(5) \times d(6) \times d(7);
end Behavioral;
                                 mod chkParity.vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity mod chkParity is
    Port ( d : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (7 downto 0);
                     p : in STD_LOGIC;
            o : out STD_LOGIC);
end mod_chkParity;
architecture Behavioral of mod_chkParity is
begin
      o <= not (d(0) \times d(1) \times d(2) \times d(3) \times d(4) \times d(5) \times d(6) \times d(6) \times d(7)
      xor p);
end Behavioral;
```

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity mod Parity is
    Port (inp : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (7 downto 0);
           oup : out STD LOGIC);
end mod Parity;
architecture Behavioral of mod Parity is
      Component mod genParity is
      Port ( d : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (7 downto 0);
             p : out STD LOGIC);
      end Component;
      Component mod_chkParity is
      Port ( d : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (7 downto 0);
             p : in STD LOGIC;
             o : out STD_LOGIC);
      end Component;
      signal par : STD LOGIC := '0';
begin
      GEN : mod genParity port map (inp, par);
      CHK : mod_chkParity port map (inp, par, oup);
end Behavioral;
```

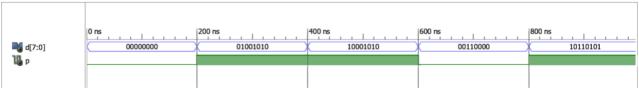
RTL Schematic:



VHDL Test Bench:

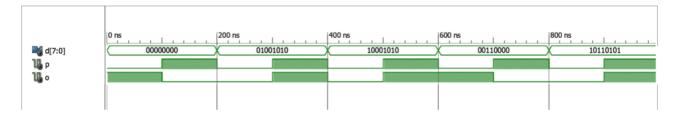
tb_genParity.vhd

```
LIBRARY ieee:
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb genParity IS
END tb_genParity;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb_genParity IS
    COMPONENT mod genParity
    PORT(
         d : IN std logic vector(7 downto 0);
         p : OUT std logic
        );
    END COMPONENT;
   signal d : std logic vector(7 downto 0) := (others => '0');
   signal p : std logic;
BEGIN
   uut: mod_genParity PORT MAP (
          d \Rightarrow d.
          p \Rightarrow p
        );
   stim proc: process
   begin
            d <= "00000000";
            wait for 200ns;
            d <= "01001010";</pre>
            wait for 200ns;
            d <= "10001010":
            wait for 200ns;
            d <= "00110000":
            wait for 200ns;
            d <= "10110101";</pre>
      wait;
   end process;
END:
```



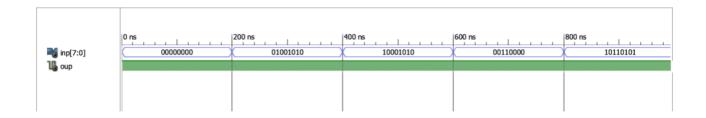
tb chkParity.vhd

```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb chkParity IS
END tb chkParity;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb chkParity IS
    COMPONENT mod_chkParity
    PORT(
         d : IN std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
         p : IN std_logic;
         o : OUT std_logic
        );
    END COMPONENT;
   signal d : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := (others => '0');
   signal p : std logic := '0';
   signal o : std logic;
BEGIN
   uut: mod chkParity PORT MAP (
          d \Rightarrow d
          p \Rightarrow p,
          0 => 0
        );
   stim proc: process
   begin
      d <= "000000000"; p <= '0';</pre>
      wait for 100ns; p <= '1';
      wait for 100ns;
      d <= "01001010"; p <= '0';
      wait for 100ns; p <= '1';
      wait for 100ns:
      d <= "10001010"; p <= '0';
      wait for 100ns: p <= '1':
      wait for 100ns;
      d <= "00110000"; p <= '0';</pre>
      wait for 100ns; p <= '1';
      wait for 100ns:
      d <= "10110101"; p <= '0';</pre>
      wait for 100ns; p <= '1';
      wait;
   end process;
END;
```



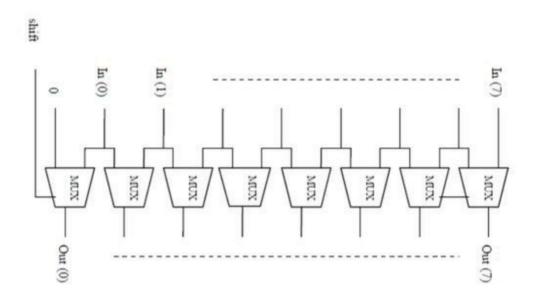
tb Parity.vhd

```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb_Parity IS
END tb Parity;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb Parity IS
   COMPONENT mod Parity
   PORT(
        inp : IN std logic vector(7 downto 0);
        oup : OUT std_logic
       );
   END COMPONENT;
   signal inp : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := (others => '0');
   signal oup : std logic;
BEGIN
   uut: mod_Parity PORT MAP (
          inp
                 => inp,
                  => oup
          oup
        );
   stim_proc: process
   begin
      inp <= "00000000":
      wait for 200ns;
      inp <= "01001010";</pre>
      wait for 200ns;
      inp <= "10001010";</pre>
      wait for 200ns;
      inp <= "00110000";</pre>
      wait for 200ns;
      inp <= "10110101";</pre>
      wait;
   end process;
END;
```



Question 4

Design a 8 bit barrel shifter. The circuit must shift the input vector of size 8 either 0 or 1 position to the left. When actually shifted (shift = 1), the LSB bit must be filled with '0'. If shift = 0, then out=in; else, if shift = 1, then out(0)='0' and out(i)=in(i-1), for $1 \le i \le 7$. Write a concurrent code for this circuit and verify its behavior.



VHDL Module:

modMux.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;

entity mod_mux is
    Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
        B : in STD_LOGIC;
        S : in STD_LOGIC;
        O : out STD_LOGIC);
end mod_mux;

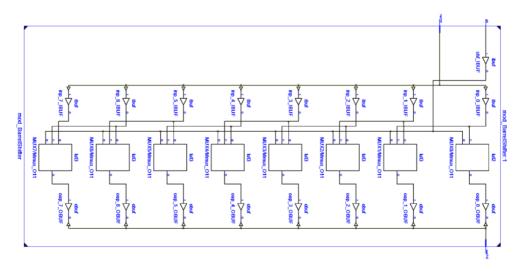
architecture Behavioral of mod_mux is

begin
    O <= A when S = '0' else B;
end Behavioral;</pre>
```

mod BarrelShifter.vhd

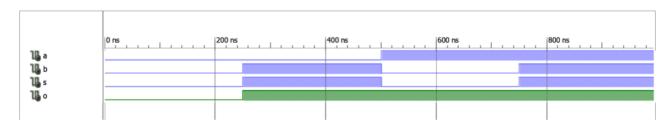
```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity mod BarrelShifter is
   Port ( shf : in STD LOGIC;
           inp : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (7 downto 0);
           oup : out STD LOGIC VECTOR (7 downto 0));
end mod BarrelShifter;
architecture Behavioral of mod BarrelShifter is
      component mod mux is
           Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
                   B : in STD_LOGIC;
                   S : in STD LOGIC;
                   0 : out STD LOGIC);
      end component;
begin
     MUX0 : mod_mux port map ('0', inp(0), shf, oup(0));
     MUX1 : mod mux port map (inp(0), inp(1), shf, oup(1));
     MUX2 : mod_mux port map (inp(1), inp(2), shf, oup(2));
     MUX3 : mod_mux port map (inp(2), inp(3), shf, oup(3));
     MUX4 : mod mux port map (inp(3), inp(4), shf, oup(4));
     MUX5 : mod_mux port map (inp(4), inp(5), shf, oup(5));
     MUX6 : mod mux port map (inp(5), inp(6), shf, oup(6));
     MUX7 : mod_mux port map (inp(6), inp(7), shf, oup(7));
end Behavioral;
```

Technology Schematic:



VHDL Test Bench: tb_mux.vhd

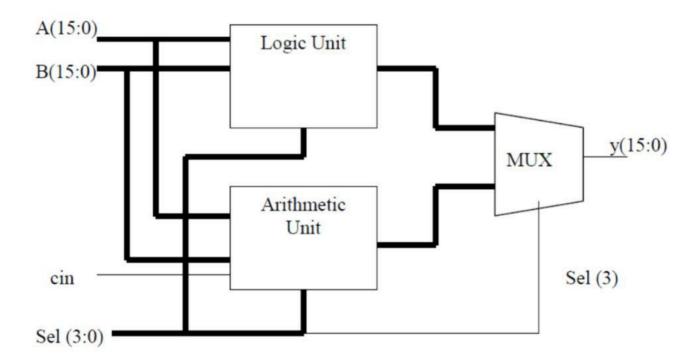
```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
ENTITY tb_mux IS
END tb mux;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb mux IS
    COMPONENT mod mux
    PORT(
         A : IN std logic;
         B : IN std_logic;
         S : IN std_logic;
         0 : OUT std logic
        );
    END COMPONENT;
   signal A : std_logic := '0';
   signal B : std_logic := '0';
   signal S : std_logic := '0';
   signal 0 : std_logic;
BEGIN
   uut: mod mux PORT MAP (
          A => A,
          B \Rightarrow B,
          S \Rightarrow S,
          0 => 0
        );
   stim_proc: process
   begin
            A <= '0', '1' after 500ns;
            B <= '0', '1' after 250ns, '0' after 500ns, '1' after 750ns;
            S <= '0', '1' after 250ns, '0' after 500ns, '1' after 750ns;
      wait;
   end process;
END;
```



Question 5

Design an 16 bit ALU (Arithmetic Logic Unit) as shown in the following figure and verify it's behavior with simulation

Unit	Function	Sel
Arithmetic	Transfer a	0000
	Increment a	0001
	Decrement a	0010
	Transfer b	0011
	Increment b	0100
	Decrement b	0101
	Add a and b	0110
	Add a and b with carry	0111
Logical	Complement a	1000
	Complement b	1001
	AND	1010
	OR	1011
	NAND	1100
	NOR	1101
	XOR	1110
	XNOR	1111



VHDL Module:

arithUnit.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
use IEEE.NUMERIC STD.ALL;
entity arithUnit is
    Port ( S : in STD LOGIC VECTOR ( 3 downto 0);
           A : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           B : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           C : in STD LOGIC;
           Y : inout STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0));
end arithUnit:
architecture Behavioral of arithUnit is
begin
process(S, A, B, C)
begin
      if(S(3) = '0') then
            case S is
                  when "0000" => Y <= A;
                  when "0001" =>
                        Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(A) + 1);
                  when "0010" =>
                        Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(A) - 1);
                  when "0011" => Y <= B;
                  when "0100" =>
                        Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(B) + 1);</pre>
                  when "0101" =>
                        Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(B) - 1);</pre>
                  when "0110" =>
                        Y <= STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(unsigned(A) + unsigned(B));</pre>
                  when "0111" =>
                        Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(A) + unsigned(B));
                        if(C = '1') then Y <= STD LOGIC VECTOR(unsigned(Y) + 1);</pre>
                        end if:
                  when others => Y <= "0000000000000000";
            end case;
      end if;
end process;
end Behavioral;
```

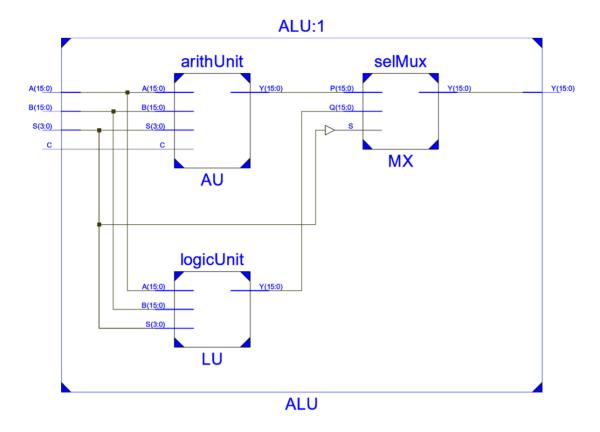
logicUnit.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity logicUnit is
   Port (S: in
                       STD LOGIC VECTOR ( 3 downto 0);
          A : in
                       STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           B : in
                       STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           Y : inout STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0));
end logicUnit;
architecture Behavioral of logicUnit is
begin
process(S, A, B)
begin
      if(S(3) = '1') then
            case S is
                 when "1000" => Y <= not A;
                 when "1001" => Y <= not B;
                 when "1010" => Y <= A and B;
                 when "1011" => Y <= A or
                                            B;
                 when "1100" => Y <= A nand B;
                 when "1101" => Y <= A nor B;
                 when "1110" => Y <= A xor B;
                 when "1111" => Y <= A xnor B;
                 when others => Y <= "00000000000000000000";
           end case;
      end if:
end process;
end Behavioral;
                                    selMux.vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity selMux is
   Port ( S : in STD_LOGIC;
                   P : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           Q : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
          Y : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0));
end selMux;
```

```
architecture Behavioral of selMux is
begin
     Y \le P when S = '0' else Q;
end Behavioral;
                                      ALU. vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC 1164.ALL;
entity ALU is
   Port ( A : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           B : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
           C : in STD_LOGIC;
           S : in STD LOGIC VECTOR ( 3 downto 0);
          Y : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0));
end ALU;
architecture Structural of ALU is
      signal M, N, 0 : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
begin
AU : entity work.arithUnit port map(S, A, B, C, M);
LU : entity work.logicUnit port map(S, A, B, N);
MX : entity work.selMux
                        port map(S(3), M, N, Y);
```

end Structural;

RTL Schematic:



VHDL Test Bench: tb ALU.vhd

```
LIBRARY ieee;
USE ieee.std logic 1164.ALL;
USE ieee.numeric std.ALL;
ENTITY tb_ALU IS
END tb ALU;
ARCHITECTURE behavior OF tb_ALU IS
      COMPONENT ALU
           PORT ( A : in STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0);
                   B : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
                   C : in STD_LOGIC;
                   S : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ( 3 downto 0);
                   Y : out STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0));
      END COMPONENT:
SIGNAL a : STD LOGIC VECTOR (15 downto 0) := (others => '0');
SIGNAL b : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0) := (others => '0');
SIGNAL c : STD LOGIC := '0';
SIGNAL s : STD LOGIC VECTOR ( 3 downto 0) := (others => '0');
```

```
SIGNAL y : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
BEGIN
       uut: ALU PORT MAP(
              A \Rightarrow a
              B \Rightarrow b,
              C \Rightarrow c,
              S \Rightarrow s,
              Y => y
       );
process
begin
       a <= "0101001010111010";
       b <= "1001001011011011";
      c <= '1';
       s <= "00000";
      while s >= "0000" loop
              wait for 100ns;
              s <= STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(unsigned(s) + 1);</pre>
       end loop;
      wait;
end process;
END;
```

