Operaciones a nivel de bits.

```
// O(n · 2^n)
static List<List<Integer>> generateSubsets(int[] nums) {
    List<List<Integer>> subsets = new ArrayList<>();
    int n = nums.length;
    // Total number of subsets = 2^n

    // Generate all subsets
    for (int i = 0; i < 1 << n; i++) {
        List<Integer> subset = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if ((i & (1 << j)) != 0) {
                 subset.add(nums[j]);
            }
        }
        subsets.add(subset);
    }
    static void solve() throws IOException {
        int arr[] = { 1, 2, 3 };
        List<List<Integer>> x = generateSubsets(arr);
        for (List<Integer> i : x) {
            sa.println(i);
        }
        /*
        * []
        * [1]
        * [2]
        * [1, 2]
        * [3]
        * [1, 2]
        * [1, 3]
        * [2, 3]
        * [1, 2, 3]
        */
        }
}
///
```

```
static class MultiSet<T> {
          HashMap<T, Integer> fre;
TreeSet<T> set;
          int size;
          public MultiSet() {
               set = new TreeSet<>();
fre = new HashMap<>();
               size = 0;
          public void add(T elem) {
   if (fre.get(elem) == null || fre.get(elem) == 0) {
      fre.put(elem, 0);
                    set.add(elem);
               fre.put(elem, fre.get(elem) + 1);
               size++;
          public void remove(T elem) {
    fre.put(elem, fre.get(elem) - 1);
               if (fre.get(elem) == 0) {
                    set.remove(elem);
               size--;
          }
          public boolean contains(T elem) {
              return set.contains(elem);
     }
```

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```
static class SegmentTree<T> {
    int n;
    ArrayList<T> st;
    T neutro;
    BinaryOperator<T> oper;
    SegmentTree(ArrayList<T> a, BinaryOperator<T> op, T neutro) {
        n = a.size();
        st = new ArrayList<> (Collections.nCopies(n * 4, null));
        this.neutro = neutro;
        oper = op;
        build(1, 0, n - 1, a);
    }
    void build(int v, int tl, int tr, ArrayList<T> a) {
        if (tl == tr) {
             st.set(v, a.get(tl));
            return;
        int tm = (tr + tl) / 2;
        build(v * 2, tl, tm, a);
build(v * 2 + 1, tm + 1, tr, a);
        st.set(v, oper.apply(st.get(v * 2), st.get(v * 2 + 1)));
    T query(int v, int tl, int tr, int l, int r) { if (tl > r || tr < l) }
            return neutro;
        if (1 <= t1 && tr <= r)
            return st.get(v);
        int tm = (tl + tr) / 2;
        return oper.apply(query(v * 2, tl, tm, l, r), query(v * 2 + 1, tm + 1, tr, l, r));
    void upd(int v, int tl, int tr, int pos, T val) {
        if (tl == tr) {
             st.set(v, val);
            return;
        int tm = (tr + tl) / 2;
        if (pos <= tm)
    upd(v * 2, t1, tm, pos, val);
            upd(v * 2 + 1, tm + 1, tr, pos, val);
        st.set(v, oper.apply(st.get(v * 2), st.get(v * 2 + 1)));
    }
    void upd(int pos, T val) {
    upd(1, 0, n - 1, pos, val);
    // l inclusive r exclusive
T query(int l, int r) {
        return query(1, 0, n - 1, 1, r);
}
 //Example
 ArrayList<Long> arr = new ArrayList<>();
 BinaryOperator<Long> oper = (a, b) -> Math.min(a, b);
 Long neutro = Long.valueOf(1000000007);
 SegmentTree<Long> st = new SegmentTree<Long>(arr, oper, neutro);
 Long QUERY = st.query(1, r);
 System.out.println(QUERY == null ? 0 : QUERY); -> validar query que no sea null
```

```
// llenar sparse table O(n long n)
    static class Sparse_Table {
         int n, K;
          int st[][];
          int oper(int a, int b) {
                return a + b;
          public Sparse_Table(List<Integer> a) {
                this.n = a.size();
this.K = (int) (log(n) / log(2) + 1);
                st = new int[n + 1][K];
                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                      st[i][0] = a.get(i);
                for (int j = 0; j < K - 1; j++) { for (int i = 0; i + (1 << (j + 1)) <= n; ++i) { st[i][j + 1] = oper(st[i][j], st[i + (1 << j)][j]); }
                }
          }
          long sum(int 1, int r) {
                long sum = 0;
                for (int j = K; j >= 0; j--) {
    if ((1 << j) <= r - 1 + 1) {
        sum += st[1][j];
        1 += (1 << j);
                      }
                return sum;
          }
          int query(int 1, int r) { int k = 31 - Integer.numberOfLeadingZeros(r - 1 + 1); return oper(st[1][k], st[r - (1 << k) + 1][k]);
          }
    }
```

```
static final int N = 1000;

static int dp[][] = new int[N][N];

static int n;

static int w[] = new int[N];

static int f[] = new int[N];

static void solve() throws IOException {

    n = en.nextInt();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) w[i] = en.nextInt();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) f[i] = en.nextInt();
    int m = en.nextInt();
    int ans = 0;
    for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        for (int p = 0; p <= m; p++) {
            dp[i][p] = dp[i + 1][p];
            if (p >= w[i]) {
                 dp[i][p] = max(ans, dp[i + 1][p - w[i]] + f[i]);
            }
        }
        sa.write(dp[0][m] + "\n");
}
```

```
static void bfs(ArrayList<Edge> graph[], boolean vis[], int start) {
         StringBuilder path = new StringBuilder();
         Queue<Integer> q = new LinkedList<>();
         q.add(start);
         while (!q.isEmpty()) {
              int cur = q.remove();
              if (vis[cur] == false) {
                  path.append(cur).append(' ');
                  vis[cur] = true;
                  for (int i = 0; i < graph[cur].size(); i++) {
   Edge e = graph[cur].get(i);
                       q.add(e.dest);
         System.out.println(path);
    }
    static void dfs(ArrayList<Edge> graph[], int cur, boolean vis[]) {
    System.out.print(cur+" ");
         vis[cur] = true;
         for (int i = 0; i < graph[cur].size(); i++) {</pre>
             Edge e = graph[cur].get(i);
              if (!vis[e.dest]) {
                  dfs(graph, e.dest, vis);
         }
    }
    static void solve() throws IOException {
         int vertex = 7;
         ArrayList<Edge> graph[] = new ArrayList[vertex];
         for (int i = 0; i < graph.length; <math>i++) {
             graph[i] = new ArrayList<Edge>();
         graph[0].add(new Edge(0, 1));
         graph[0].add(new Edge(0, 2));
         graph[1].add(new Edge(1, 0));
         graph[1].add(new Edge(1, 3));
         graph[2].add(new Edge(2, 0));
graph[2].add(new Edge(2, 4));
         graph[3].add(new Edge(3, 1));
graph[3].add(new Edge(3, 4));
         graph[3].add(new Edge(3, 5));
         graph[4].add(new Edge(4, 2));
graph[4].add(new Edge(4, 3));
         graph[4].add(new Edge(4, 5));
         graph[5].add(new Edge(5, 3));
         graph[5].add(new Edge(5, 4));
         graph[5].add(new Edge(5, 6));
graph[6].add(new Edge(6, 5));
         boolean vis[] = new boolean[vertex];
         /*for (int i = 0; i < vertex; i++) {
             if (!vis[i]) {
                  bfs(graph, vis, i);
         1 * /
         for (int i = 0; i < vertex; i++) {
             if(!vis[i]){
                  dfs(graph, i, vis);
    }
```

```
public class BFS matriz {
            https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1193/
            un mapa en forma de matriz, llegar desde A hasta B
    static final int MAX N = 1001;
    static boolean vis[][] = new boolean[MAX_N][MAX_N];
    static char ar[][] = new char[MAX_N][MAX_N]; static char br[][] = new char[MAX_\overline{N}][MAX_\overline{N}];
    static LinkedList<Character> path = new LinkedList<>();
    static int n, m;
    static boolean isValid(int x, int y) { if (x < 1 \mid | x > n \mid | y < 1 \mid | y > m) return false; if (ar[x][y] == '\#' \mid | vis[x][y] == true) return false;
         return true;
     static boolean bfs(int x, int y) {
         LinkedList<pair<Integer>> q = new LinkedList<>();
         q.add(new pair<Integer>(x, y));
         vis[x][y] = true;
          while (!q.isEmpty()) {
              int a = q.getFirst().first;
              int b = q.getFirst().second;
q.removeFirst();
if(ar[a][b] == 'B'){
                    while(true){
                        path.add(br[a][b]);
                         if(path.getLast() == 'L') b++;
                        if(path.getLast() == 'R') b--;
                        if (path.getLast() == 'U') a++;
                        if(path.getLast() == 'D') a--;
                        if (a==x \&\& b==y) break;
                   return true;
               //left
    if(isValid(a, b - 1)) {
    br[a][b-1] = 'L';
                   q.add(new pair<Integer>(a, b-1));
vis[a][b-1] = true;
     //right
    if(isValid(a, b + 1)){
                   br[a][b+1] = 'R';
                   q.add(new pair<Integer>(a, b+1));
                   vis[a][b+1] = true;
     //up
    if(isValid(a - 1, b)) {
    br[a - 1][b] = 'U';
                   q.add(new pair<Integer>(a-1, b));
                   vis[a-1][b] = true;
     //down
    if(isValid(a + 1, b)){
                   br[a + 1][b] = 'D';
                    q.add(new pair<Integer>(a+1, b));
                   vis[a+1][b] = true;
```

```
}
      return false;
}
static void solve() throws IOException {
    n = en.nextInt();
    m = en.nextInt();
     x=i;
                        у=j;
                   }
            }
      }
      if(bfs(x, y)){
    sa.println("YES\n"+path.size());
    StringBuilder ans = new StringBuilder();
    while(!path.isEmpty()) ans.append(path.removeLast());
    remintly(nex);
            sa.println(ans);
      }else sa.println("NO");
}
 static class pair<T> {
      T first;
      T second;
     public pair(T f, T s) {
    first = f;
    second = s;
}
```

}

```
Java\Graph\Dijkstra.java
import java.util.*;
public class Dijkstra {
    static class Pair {
        int first;
        int second;
        Pair(int first, int second) {
             this.first = first;
             this.second = second;
        @Override
        public String toString() {
    return "(" + first + " , " + second + ")";
    }
    static final int MAXN = 100003;
    static final int INF = Integer.MAX VALUE;
    static List<List<Pair>> adjList;
    static int n;
    static int[] dist = new int[MAXN];
    static int[] par = new int[MAXN];
static BitSet isDone = new BitSet(MAXN);
    // dijkstra(int source, int des)
    static boolean dijkstra(int s, int t) {
        PriorityQueue<Pair> pq = new PriorityQueue<>(Comparator.comparingInt(p -> p.first));
        Arrays.fill(dist, INF);
        pq.add(new Pair(0, s));
        dist[s] = 0;
par[s] = -1;
        while (!pq.isEmpty()) {
             int u = pq.poll().second;
             if (u == t)
                 return true;
             isDone.set(u, true);
             for (Pair pr : adjList.get(u)) {
                 int v = pr.first;
                 int w = pr.second;
                 if (!isDone.get(v) && dist[u] + w < dist[v]) {
    dist[v] = dist[u] + w;</pre>
                     pq.add(new Pair(dist[v], v));
                      par[v] = u;
                 }
            }
        return false;
    }
             Dijkstra
             shortest path undirected graph
             https://codeforces.com/contest/20/problem/C
    static void solve() throws IOException {
        n = en.nextInt();
        int m = en.nextInt();
        adjList = new ArrayList<>(n + 3);
         for (int i = 0; i < n + 3; i++) {
             adjList.add(new ArrayList<>());
```

```
}
       dist = new int[MAXN];
      par = new int[MAXN];
      isDone = new BitSet(MAXN);
       int u, v, w;
for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            u = en.nextInt();
v = en.nextInt();
            w = en.nextInt();
adjList.get(u).add(new Pair(v, w));
             adjList.get(v).add(new Pair(u, w));
       //path is found
if (dijkstra(1, n)) {
            StringBuilder ans = new StringBuilder();
List<Integer> path = new ArrayList<>();
for (v = n; v != -1; v = par[v]) {
                  path.add(v);
             //reversing path
             for (int i = path.size()-1; i >=0; i--) {
    ans.append(path.get(i)).append(" ");
             sa.println(ans);
       } else {
           sa.println("-1");
}
```

```
^{\star} primero llamar a sieve() y
     * luego a factorize()
    static final long MAX = 1000000; // 10^6
    static long[] primediv = new long[(int) MAX];
    static List<Long> primes = new ArrayList<>();
    static void sieve() {
        for (int i = 0; i < MAX; i++)
    primediv[i] = i;</pre>
         int root = (int) sqrt(MAX) + 1;
        for (int i = 2; i < MAX; i++) {
    if (primediv[i] != i)
                  continue;
             primes.add((long) i);
             if (i > root)
             continue;
for (int j = i * i; j < MAX; j += i)
                 primediv[j] = i;
    }
    static Map<Long, Integer> factorize(long n) { // n <= 10^12
        Map<Long, Integer> factors = new HashMap<>(); for (int i = 0; i < primes.size() && n >= MAX; ++i) {
             while (n % primes.get(i) == 0) {
                 factors.put(primes.get(i), factors.getOrDefault(primes.get(i), 0) + 1);
                 n /= primes.get(i);
             }
         if (n >= MAX) {
             factors.put(n, factors.getOrDefault(n, 0) + 1);
             return factors;
         while (n > 1) {
             factors.put(primediv[(int) n], factors.getOrDefault(primediv[(int) n], 0) + 1);
             n /= primediv[(int) n];
         return factors;
    public static void main(String[]args) throws IOException {
TM
         sieve();
        Map<Long, Integer> ans = factorize(2500);
         for (Map.Entry<Long, Integer> entry : ans.entrySet()) {
             long prime = entry.getKey();
             int count = entry.getValue();
             for (int j = 0; j < count; j++) {
                 System.out.println(prime);
        }
    }
```

Java\Math\Generate permutation.java

```
// O(n!)
static void generatePermutation(ArrayList<Integer> arr, int n) {
          if (n == 1) {
               printArr(arr);
          } else {
                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    generatePermutation(arr, n - 1);</pre>
                     if (n % 2 == 0) {
                          swap(arr, i, n - 1);
                     } else {
                          swap(arr, 0, n - 1);
                     }
               }
         }
     static void swap(ArrayList<Integer> arr, int i, int j) {
   int temp = arr.get(i);
   arr.set(i, arr.get(j));
   arr.set(j, temp);
     static void printArr(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {
         for (int num : arr) {
    sa.print(num + " ");
          sa.println();
```

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```
import static java.lang.Math.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
static void ocurrencia_Multiplos(int nums[]) {
           int n = nums.length;
          int ocurrences[] = new int[n + 1];
HashMap<Integer, Integer> mp = new HashMap<>();
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   if (nums[i] <= n) {</pre>
                     mp.put(nums[i], mp.getOrDefault(nums[i], 0) + 1);
           for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                if (mp.getOrDefault(i, 0) == 0) {
                     continue;
                for (int j = i; j <= n; j += i) {
    ocurrences[j] += mp.getOrDefault(i, 0);</pre>
           }
          /\star multiplo mas repetido y menos repetido \star/
          long MAX = 0;
          long MIN = Long.MAX_VALUE;
          for (int i : ocurrences) {
   MAX = max(MAX, i);
   MIN = min(MIN, i);
           sa.println(MAX);
```

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```
//AhoCorasick
static class node {
        int child[];
        int p;
        char c;
        int suffixLink;
        int endLink;
        int id;
        node(int p, char c) {
            this.p = p;
            this.c = c;
            this.child = new int[26];
            Arrays.fill(child, -1);
            this.suffixLink = -1;
            this.endLink = -1;
            this.id = -1;
        }
    }
    static class AhoCorasick {
        ArrayList<node> t;
        ArrayList<Integer> lengths;
        int wordCount;
        AhoCorasick() {
            t = new ArrayList<>();
             t.add(new node(-1, (char) 0));
            lengths = new ArrayList<>();
            wordCount = 0;
        void add(String s) {
            int u = 0;
             for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
                char c = s.charAt(i);
                 int idx = c - 'a';
                if (t.get(u).child[idx] == -1) {
    t.get(u).child[idx] = t.size();
                     t.add(new node(u, c));
                u = t.get(u).child[idx];
            t.get(u).id = wordCount++;
            lengths.add(s.length());
        void link(int u) {
   if (u == 0) {
                 t.get(u).suffixLink = 0;
                 t.get(u).endLink = 0;
                return;
            if (t.get(u).p == 0) {
                 t.get(u).suffixLink = 0;
                 if (t.get(u).id != -1)
                     t.get(u).endLink = u;
                 else
                    t.get(u).endLink = t.get(t.get(u).suffixLink).endLink;
            int v = t.get(t.get(u).p).suffixLink;
            char c = t.get(u).c;
            while (true) {
                 if (t.get(v).child[c - 'a'] != -1) {
                     t.get(u).suffixLink = t.get(v).child[c - 'a'];
                     break;
                 if (v == 0) {
                     t.get(u).suffixLink = 0;
```

```
v = t.get(v).suffixLink;
            if (t.get(u).id != -1)
               t.get(u).endLink = u;
            else
                t.get(u).endLink = t.get(t.get(u).suffixLink).endLink;
        }
        void build() {
            Queue<Integer> Q = new LinkedList<>();
            Q.add(0);
            while (!Q.isEmpty()) {
                int u = Q.poll();
                link(u);
               for (int v = 0; v < 26; v++) {
    if (t.get(u).child[v] != -1) {
                       Q.add(t.get(u).child[v]);
               }
           }
        int match(String text) {
            int u = 0;
           int ans = 0;
for (int j = 0; j < text.length(); j++) {
   int i = text.charAt(j) - 'a';</pre>
                while (true) {
                    if (t.get(u).child[i] != -1) {
                       u = t.get(u).child[i];
                       break;
                    if (u == 0)
                       break;
                    u = t.get(u).suffixLink;
                int v = u;
                while (true) {
                   v = t.get(v).endLink;
                   if (v == 0) break;
                    ans++;
                     ______
                     * Found word \#" + t.get(v).id + " at position " + idx
                    * palabra encontrada, crear String words[] y almacenar durante la lectura
                    * String found = words[t.get(v).id];
                    _____
                     * Si queremos almacenar los indices en los que aparece (inicio, fin)
                     * se puede usar un ArrayList[] o un HasMap<String, List<pair<Integer,
Integer>>>
                     * int idx = j + 1 - lengths.get(t.get(v).id);
* int inicio = idx - found.length() + 1;
                     * int fin = idx;
                     * mp[t.get(v).id].add(new pair<Integer, Integer>(inicio, fin));
                     */
                   v = t.get(v).suffixLink;
            return ans;
       }
    }
```

```
// Aho corasick implementacion corta
   //para poder imprimir las palabras
   //que van apareciendo -> crear ArrayList<String> p;
   static class Aho Corasick {
        final int N = 200000;
        int trie[][] = new int[N][256];
        int nodes = 0;
       int fail[] = new int[N];
int end_word[] = new int[N];
        //almacena los indices en los que aparece una cadena (inicio, fin)
        LinkedHashMap<String, ArrayList<pair<Integer, Integer>>> mp = new LinkedHashMap<>();
        void add(String s, int idx) {
            int node = 0;
            for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
                 char ch = s.charAt(i);
                 if (trie[node][ch] == 0)
                     trie[node][ch] = ++nodes;
                 node = trie[node][ch];
            end_word[node] = idx;
        }
        void build() {
            Queue<Integer> q = new LinkedList<>();
for (int ch = 0; ch < 256; ch++) {</pre>
                 if (trie[0][ch] > 0) {
                     q.add(trie[0][ch]);
            while (!q.isEmpty()) {
                 int u = q.poll();
                 for (int ch = 0; ch < 256; ch++) {
                     int v = trie[u][ch];
                      if (v != 0) {
                          fail[v] = fail[u];
while (fail[v] > 0 && trie[fail[v]][ch] == 0) {
    fail[v] = fail[fail[v]];
                          fail[v] = trie[fail[v]][ch];
                          q.add(trie[u][ch]);
                     }
                 }
        }
        int count(String text) {
            int node = 0;
            int ans = 0;
            for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++) {
                 char ch = text.charAt(i);
                 while (node > 0 && trie[node][ch] == 0) {
                     node = fail[node];
                 node = trie[node][ch];
                 int tmp_node = node;
                 while (\overline{t}mp\_node > 0) {
                      if (end_word[tmp_node] > 0) {
                          ans++;
                          //String que aparece en text
String s = p.get(end_word[tmp_node] - 1);
                          //(inicio, fin)
int start = i - s.length() + 1;
                          int end = i;
                          mp.get(s).add(new pair<>(start, end));
```

Java\String\Aho Corasick 2.java

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```
Java\String\KMP.java
```

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```
/* letter frecuency in a range */
static void PrefixSumArray(String s) {
    int psa[][] = new int[26][s.length() + 1];
    for (int i = 1; i <= s.length(); i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++) {
            psa[j][i] = psa[j][i - 1];
        }
        char cur = s.charAt(i - 1);
        psa[cur - 'a'][i]++;
    }
    char c = 'e';
    int left = 1, right = s.length();
    sa.println(psa[c - 'a'][right] - psa[c - 'a'][left - 1]);
}</pre>
```

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```
//retorna los indices en los que empieza una ocurrencia
//los indices van desde 1

static List<Integer> rabin_karp(String pattern, String text) {
    int p = 31;
    int m = (int) le9 + 9;
    int S = pattern.length(), T = text.length();

    long p pow[] = new long[max(S, T)];
    p_pow[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i < (int) p_pow.length; i++) {
        p_pow[i] = (p_pow[i - 1] * p) % m;
    }

    long h[] = new long[T + 1];
    for (int i = 0; i < T; i++) {
        h[i + 1] = (h[i] + (text.charAt(i) - 'a' + 1) * p_pow[i]) % m;
    }

    long h_s = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < S; i++) {
        h_s = (h_s + (pattern.charAt(i) - 'a' + 1) * p_pow[i]) % m;
    }

    List<Integer> occurences = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 0; i + S - 1 < T; i++) {
        long cur h = (h[i + S] + m - h[i]) % m;
        if (cur_h == h_s * p_pow[i] % m) {
            occurences.add(i);
        }
    }
    return occurences;
}
</pre>
```

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```
// Muy lento
//String matching using a bitset
   static final int N = (int) 1e6+1;
   static BitSet[] mask = new BitSet[26];
   static String text;
   static String pattern;
   static BitSet startMask = new BitSet(N);
   static void computeMask(String text) { text = "#" + text; // to make text 1-indexed. for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
            mask[i] = new BitSet(N);
        for (int i = 1; i < text.length(); ++i) {
            int c = text.charAt(i) - 'a';
            mask[c].set(i);
   }
   static int match(String pattern, String text) {
        if (pattern.length() > text.length()) {
            return 0;
        pattern = "#" + pattern;
        startMask.and(mask[c].get(i, N));
        return startMask.cardinality(); // cardinality() returns the number of true bits
   static int rangePatternMatchCount(String pattern, int 1, int r) {
        if (r - l + 1 < pattern.length()) {
            return 0;
        pattern = "#" + pattern;
        startMask.set(0, N, true);
for (int i = 1; i < pattern.length(); ++i) {
            int c = pattern.charAt(i) - 'a';
            startMask.and(mask[c].get(i, N));
        return startMask.get(l - 1, r - pattern.length() + 2).cardinality();
    }
    static List<Integer> rangePatternPositions(String pattern, int 1, int r) {
        int rangeCount = rangePatternMatchCount(pattern, 1, r);
        List<Integer> positions = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int i = 1 - 1, idx = 0; i < r - pattern.length() + 2 && <math>idx < rangeCount; ++i) {
            if (startMask.get(i)) {
                positions.add(i + 1);
                ++idx;
        }
        return positions;
   }
    static void setBitForChar(int bit, char c) {
       mask[c - 'a'].set(bit);
   static void unsetBitForChar(int bit, char c) {
       mask[c - 'a'].clear(bit);
    static void update(int idx, char ch) {
        unsetBitForChar(idx, text.charAt(idx));
```

```
text = text.substring(0, idx) + ch + text.substring(idx + 1);
setBitForChar(idx, text.charAt(idx));
```

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```
//primero llamar a init()
//luego match()
static class suffixArray {
        int K = 26; // tamaño del alfabeto
        int SA[];
        int occ[][];
        int count[];
        int n;
        void init(String s) {
   s += "$";
            n = s.length();
            SA = computeSuffixArray(s);
            occ = new int[n + 1][K];
            count = new int[K + 1];
             for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                 int t = s.charAt(SA[i] == 0 ? n - 1 : SA[i] - 1) - 'a';
                 if (t >= 0) {
                     occ[i][t]++;
                     count[t + 1]++;
                 System.arraycopy(occ[i], 0, occ[i + 1], 0, K);
             for (int i = 1; i < count.length; i++) {
                 count[i] += count[i - 1];
        }
        // Retorna indices (start, end) -> de cada aparicion de w en s
        // Si no se necesita un minimo de ocurrencias colocar minOcc = 0
        int[] match(String w, int minOcc) {
             int begin = 0, end = n - 1;
             // List<pair<Integer, Integer>> matches = new ArrayList<>();
             for (int j = w.length() - 1; end - begin + 1 >= minOcc && j >= 0; j--) {
                 char c = w.charAt(j);
                 int let = c - 'a';
                 int nbegin = count[let] + (begin == 0 ? 0 : occ[begin - 1][let]) + 1;
                 int nend = count[let] + occ[end][let];
                begin = nbegin;
                 end = nend;
             if (end - begin + 1 < minOcc) {
                 return new int[] { -1 };
            int t[] = new int[end - begin + 1];
            // se agregan los rangos en que aparece w en s
            for (int j = begin; j <= end; j++) {
    // int inicio = SA[j];
    // int fin = SA[j] + w.length() - 1;</pre>
                 // matches.add(new pair<>(inicio, fin));
                 t[j - begin] = SA[j];
             // ordenar en caso de ser necesario o recorrer en reversa la lista
            Arrays.sort(t);
            return t;
        int[] computeSuffixArray(CharSequence S) {
```

```
static class Node {
         int cont;
        Node child[];
         public Node() {
             this.cont = 0;
             child = new Node[26];
    }
    static class Trie {
        Node root;
         Trie() {
             root = new Node();
         void insert(String s) {
             Node curr = root;
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {
                 char c = s.charAt(i);
if (curr.child[c - 'a'] == null) {
    curr.child[c - 'a'] = new Node();
                  curr.child[c - 'a'].cont++;
                  curr = curr.child[c - 'a'];
         }
         /*
             if (x.first == 0 && x.second == 0 || len < s.length()) {</pre>
                 sa.write("NO ESTÁ\n");
             } else {
                 sa.write("SI ESTÁ\n");
         pair<Integer, Integer> query(String s) {
             Node curr = root;
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {</pre>
                 char c = s.charAt(i);
                  if (curr.child[c - 'a'] == null) {
                      return new pair<Integer, Integer>(i, curr.cont);
                  curr = curr.child[c - 'a'];
             return new pair<Integer, Integer>(s.length(), curr.cont);
```

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```
Mas rapido que el BufferedReader
    // en = new InputReader("input.txt");
    // sa = new BufferedWriter(new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("output.txt")));
 static class InputReader {
        InputStream stream;
        byte[] buf = new byte[1024];
        int curChar;
        int numChars;
        SpaceCharFilter filter;
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        public InputReader() {
            this.stream = System.in;
        public InputReader(String file) throws IOException {
            this.stream = new FileInputStream(file);
        int read() {
            if (numChars == -1) {
                 throw new InputMismatchException();
             if (curChar >= numChars) {
                 curChar = 0;
                 try {
                    numChars = stream.read(buf);
                 } catch (IOException e) {
                     throw new InputMismatchException();
                 if (numChars <= 0) {
                     return -1;
            return buf[curChar++];
        }
        String nextLine() {
   String str = "";
             try {
                str = br.readLine();
             } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            return str;
        }
        int nextInt() {
            int c = read();
            while (isSpaceChar(c)) {
                c = read();
            int sgn = 1;
if (c == '-') {
                sgn = -1;
                 c = read();
             int res = 0;
            do {
                 if (c < '0' || c > '9') {
                     throw new InputMismatchException();
                 res *= 10;
                 res += c - '0';
                 c = read();
            } while (!isSpaceChar(c));
return res * sgn;
```

```
}
long nextLong() {
    int c = read();
    while (isSpaceChar(c)) {
         c = read();
    int sgn = 1;
if (c == '-') {
         sgn = -1;
         c = read();
    long res = 0;
    do {
         if (c < '0' || c > '9') {
              throw new InputMismatchException();
         res *= 10;
         res += c - '0';
         c = read();
     } while (!isSpaceChar(c));
     return res * sgn;
double nextDouble() {
    int c = read();
    while (isSpaceChar(c)) {
         c = read();
    int sgn = 1;
if (c == '-') {
         sgn = -1;
         c = read();
    double res = 0;
    while (!isSpaceChar(c) && c != '.') {
   if (c == 'e' || c == 'E') {
      return res * Math.pow(10, nextInt());
          if (c < '0' || c > '9') {
              throw new InputMismatchException();
         res *= 10;
res += c - '0';
         c = read();
     if (c == '.') {
         c = read();
         double m = 1;
         while (!isSpaceChar(c)) {
   if (c == 'e' || c == 'E') {
      return res * Math.pow(10, nextInt());
}
              if (c < '0' || c > '9') {
                   throw new InputMismatchException();
              m /= 10;
              res += (c - '0') * m;
              c = read();
    return res * sgn;
String next() {
    int c = read();
while (isSpaceChar(c)) {
         c = read();
    StringBuilder res = new StringBuilder();
         res.appendCodePoint(c);
         c = read();
     } while (!isSpaceChar(c));
    return res.toString();
}
```

```
boolean isSpaceChar(int c) {
    if (filter != null) {
        return filter.isSpaceChar(c);
    }
    return c == ' ' || c == '\n' || c == '\r' || c == '\t' || c == -1;
}
interface SpaceCharFilter {
    public boolean isSpaceChar(int ch);
}
```

```
//se puede usar en cualquier estructura
static class pair<F extends Comparable<F>, S extends Comparable<S>> implements Comparable
<pair<F, S>> {
        F first;
        S second;
        public pair(F first, S second) {
            this.first = first;
            this.second = second;
         ^{\star} • If object x is less than object y, return a negative number
         * • If object x is greater than object y, return a positive number
         * • If object x is equal to object y, return 0
        @Override
        public int compareTo(pair<F, S> other) {
           // decresing order = return -first.compareTo(other.first);
            if (first == other.first) {
                return second.compareTo(other.second);
            } else {
                return first.compareTo(other.first);
        }
        @Override
        public boolean equals(Object obj) {
            if (this == obj) {
                return true;
            if (obj == null || getClass() != obj.getClass()) {
                return false;
            pair<?, ?> other = (pair<?, ?>) obj;
            return Objects.equals(first, other.first) && Objects.equals(second, other.second);
        @Override
        public int hashCode() {
            return 31 * first.hashCode() + second.hashCode();
        @Override
        public String toString() {
    return "(" + first + ", " + second + ")";
    }
```

```
Java\utils\Template.java
import static java.lang.Math.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class Template {
    static FastReader en = new FastReader();
    static BufferedWriter sa = new BufferedWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(System.out));
    static void solve() throws IOException {
    //en = new FastReader("input.txt");
        //sa = new BufferedWriter(new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("output.txt")));
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        long t = 1;
        // t = en.nextLong();
        while (t-- > 0) {
            solve();
        en.br.close();
        sa.close();
     * number of digits = log10(x) + 1
     * number of bits = log2(x) + 1
     * number of times that we have to divide x by k = logk(x)
    // ==== log(x) / log(base);
    static int gcd(int a, int b) {
        return b == 0 ? (a < 0 ? -a : a) : gcd(b, a % b);
    static int lcm(int a, int b) {
  int lcm = (a / gcd(a, b)) * b;
  return lcm > 0 ? lcm : -lcm;
    static void sort(int[] a) {
        Random get = new Random();
        for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
            int r = get.nextInt(a.length);
            int temp = a[i];
            a[i] = a[r];
            a[r] = temp;
        Arrays.sort(a);
    static class FastReader {
        BufferedReader br;
        StringTokenizer st;
        // Entrada standar
        public FastReader() {
            br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        // Entrada por archivo
        public FastReader(String file) throws IOException {
            this.br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file));
        String next() {
            while (st == null || !st.hasMoreElements()) {
                 try {
                     st = new StringTokenizer(br.readLine());
```

```
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
              return st.nextToken();
         }
         int nextInt() {
              return Integer.parseInt(next());
         long nextLong() {
             return Long.parseLong(next());
         double nextDouble() {
              return Double.parseDouble(next());
         String nextLine() {
   String str = "";
              try {
              str = br.readLine();
} catch (IOException e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
              return str;
        }
}
```

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```
static int lower_bound(List<Long> a, long x) {
    int l = -1, r = a.size();
    while (l + 1 < r) {
        int m = (l + r) >>> 1;
        if (a.get(m) >= x)
            r = m;
        else
            l = m;
    }
    return r;
}

static int upper_bound(List<Long> a, long x) {
    int l = -1, r = a.size();
    while (l + 1 < r) {
        int m = (l + r) >>> 1;
        if (a.get(m) <= x)
            l = m;
        else
            r = m;
    }
    return l + 1;
}</pre>
```

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