CSA 0563 – DBMS

Cretaing a table by using CREATE

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT2 (
name VARCHAR(10),
std_id NUMBER(10),
age NUMBER(2),
course VARCHAR(10),
date_of_registration DATE
);
```

Inserting values into table by Using INSERT keyword

```
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES ('ELIYAZAR',192311162,19,'DBMS',TO_DATE('10-07-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES ('CHANIKYA',192311164,18,'DBMS',TO_DATE('10-06-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES('CHANIKYA',192311164,18,'DBMS',TO_DATE('10-06-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES('PRAKASH',192311165,19,'JAVA',TO_DATE('10-06-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES('POLI',192311166,19,'JAVA',TO_DATE('11-07-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
INSERT INTO STUDENT2 (name,std_id,age,course,date_of_registration)
VALUES('VICKY',192311161,20,'DBMS',TO_DATE('10-07-2024','DD-MM-YYYY'));
```

Displaying the tablevalues by using SELECT

SELECT *

FROM STUDENT2:

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
ELIYAZAR	192311162		DBMS	10-Jul-2024
POLI	192311166		JAVA	11-Jul-2024
PRAKASH	192311165		JAVA	10-Jun-2024
RAJA	192311163		JAVA	10-Jul-2024
CHANIKYA	192311164		DBMS	10-Jun-2024
VICKY	192311161	20	DBMS	10-Jul-2024

Appluying condition WHERE

SELECT name ,course,date of registration

FROM STUDENT2

WHERE std_id = 192311162;

NAME	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
ELIYAZAR	DBMS	10-Jul-2024

Adding another column to a table by using ALTER and ADD

ALTER TABLE STUDENT2

ADD marks FLOAT;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION	MARKS	SIGN
balu	192311162		DBMS	10-Jul-2024		-
POLI	192311166		JAVA	11-Jul-2024		-
PRAKASH	192311165		JAVA	10-Jun-2024		-
RAJA	192311163		JAVA	10-Jul-2024		-
CHANIKYA	192311164		DBMS	10-Jun-2024		
VICKY	192311161		DBMS	10-Jul-2024		-

Deleting column name by using ALTER and DROP

ALTER TABLE STUDENT2

DROP (sign);

8 77					
NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION	MARKS
balu	192311162		DBMS	10-Jul-2024	
POLI	192311166		JAVA	11-Jul-2024	
PRAKASH	192311165		JAVA	10-Jun-2024	
RAJA	192311163		JAVA	10-Jul-2024	
CHANIKYA	192311164		DBMS	10-Jun-2024	
VICKY	192311161		DBMS	10-Jul-2024	

Updating the specified row in a table by using UPDATE, SET

UPDATE STUDENT2

SET name='balu'

WHERE std id=192311162;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION	MARKS
balu	192311162		DBMS	10-Jul-2024	
POLI	192311166		JAVA	11-Jul-2024	
PRAKASH	192311165		JAVA	10-Jun-2024	
RAJA	192311163		JAVA	10-Jul-2024	
Chanikya	192311164		DBMS	10-Jun-2024	
VICKY	192311161	20	DBMS	10-Jul-2024	

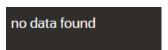
Deleting specifed row in a table by using DELETE keyword

DELETE FROM STUDENT2
WHERE name='PRAKASH'
SELECT * FROM STUDENT2

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION	MARKS
balu	192311162		DBMS	10-Jul-2024	
POLI	192311166		JAVA	11-Jul-2024	
RAJA	192311163		JAVA	10-Jul-2024	
CHANIKYA	192311164		DBMS	10-Jun-2024	
	192311161		DBMS	10-Jul-2024	

Deleting all the rows in a table by using TRUNCATE keyword

TRUNCATE TABLE STUDENT2; SELECT * FROM STUDENT2;



Selecting only some columns in the table by using SELECT

SELECT emp_id,first_name,salary FROM Employee;

EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	SALARY
1	david	50000
2	agasteen	60000
3	vinay	100000
4	john	70000
5	samuel	80000

ARTHMETIC OPERATORS:

(+-*/)

SELECT emp_id, salary+3000 FROM Employee;

EMP_ID	BONUS
1	53000
2	63000
3	103000
4	73000
5	83000

CONCATENATE two column name as one name by using AS:

SELECT first_name | | last_name AS Emp_name FROM Employee;



DESCRIBE Keyword

desc keyword

00,000	,,pc	0	00,000						
Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
EMPLOYEE	EMP_ID	VARCHAR2	10				S/		
	LAST_NAME	VARCHAR2	10				 ✓		
	FIRST_NAME	VARCHAR2	10				 ✓		
	SALARY	FLOAT	126	126			 ✓		
	PHN_NO	NUMBER		10	0		 ✓		

Using WHERE clause

SELECT first_name,last_name,salary FROM Employee WHERE salary > 50000.0;

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
agasteen		60000
vinay	kumar	100000
john	wilson	70000
samuel	rufus	80000

Using BETWEEN and AND operator

SELECT first_name,last_name ,salary

FROM Employee

WHERE salary BETWEEN 35000.0 AND 75000.0;

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
david	rufus	50000
agasteen	raju	60000
john	wilson	70000

By using IN operator

SELECT first_name,last_name,salary FROM Employee WHERE emp_id IN (2,5);

FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME SALARY
david rufus 50000

By using NOT IN operator

SELECT first_name,last_name,salary FROM Employee WHERE emp_id NOT IN (2,5);

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY
david	rufus	50000
vinay	kumar	100000
john	wilson	70000

By using LIKE operator

SELECT first name, last name, salary

FROM Employee

WHERE last name LIKE 'r%';

EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME
1	david	rufus
2	agasteen	raju
5	samuel	rufus
3 rows returned in 0.01 coronds Permitted		

By using OR operator

SELECT emp id, first name

FROM Employee

WHERE emp id='1' OR emp id = '5';

	EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME
1		david
5		samuel

Arranging or ordering the tablein ASCENDING and DESCENDING ORDER by using ORDER BY

 $SELECT\ emp_id, first_name, last_name$

FROM Employee

ORDER BY emp id DESC;

EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME
5	samuel	rufus
4	john	wilson
3	vinay	kumar
2	agasteen	raju
1	david	rufus

SELECT emp_id,first_name,last_name

FROM employee
ORDER BY last name;

EMP_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME
3	vinay	kumar
2	agasteen	raju
5	samuel	rufus
1	david	rufus
4	john	wilson

GROUP FUNCTIONS:

MAX:

SELECT MAX(salary)

FROM Employee;

	MAX(SALARY)	
100000		

MIN:

SELECT MIN(salary)

FROM Employee;

	MIN(SALARY)	
50000		

AVERAGE:

SELECT AVG(salary)

FROM Employee;

	AVG(SALARY)	
72000		

SUM:

SELECT SUM(salary)

FROM Employee;

SUM(SALARY)
360000

More than one GROUP function:

SELECT MAX(Salary),MIN(Salary),MIN(emp_id)

FROM Employee

WHERE last_name='raju';

MAX(SALARY)	MIN(SALARY)	MIN(EMP_ID)
60000	60000	2

VARIANCE:

SELECT ROUND(VARIANCE(salary),2)

FROM Employee;

	ROUND(VARIANCE(SALARY),2)
370000000	

STANDARD DEVIATION:

SELECT ROUND(STDDEV(salary),2)

FROM Employee;

	ROUND(STDDEV(SALARY),2)
19235.38	

COUNT:

SELECT COUNT(emp_id)

FROM Emplo COUNT(EMP_ID)

COUNT(*)

SELECT COUNT(*)

FROM Employee
WHERE emp id > 2;

COUNT(*)

DISTINCT

SELECT DISTINCT last_name

FROM Employee;	
	LAST_NAME
kumar	
raju	
rufus	
wilson	
LAST_NAME	FIRST_NAME
raju	agasteen
kumar	vinay
rufus	samuel
wilson	john
rufus	david

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT salary)

FROM Employee;

COUNT(DISTINCTSALARY)

SELECT AVG(NVL(salary,0))

FROM Employee;

AVG(NVL(SALARY,0))

DATE CONVERSIONS :

SELECT TO_CHAR(date_of_registration 'Month dd, YYYY')

FROM STUDENT 3;

TO_CHAR(DATE_OF_REGISTRATION, 'MONTHDD, YYYY') July 10, 2024 June 11, 2024 August 10, 2024 December 12, 2024 August 09, 2024 September 10, 2024

SELECT TO_CHARdate_of_registration, 'fmMonthddth, YYYY') FROM STUDENT3;

TROM STODENTS,	
	TO_CHAR(DATE_OF_REGISTRATION,'FMMONTHDDTH,YYYY')
July10th, 2024	
June11th, 2024	
August10th, 2024	
December12th, 2024	
August9th, 2024	
September10th, 2024	

SELECT TO_CHAR(date_of_registration, 'fmDayddthMon, YYYY') FROM STUDENT3:

TROM STOBERTS,	
	TO_CHAR(DATE_OF_REGISTRATION, FMDAYDDTHMON, YYYY')
Wednesday10thJul,2024	
Tuesday11thJun,2024	
Saturday10thAug,2024	
Thursday12thDec,2024	
Friday9thAug,2024	
Tuesday10thSep,2024	
6 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download	

SELECT TO_CHAR(date_of_registration, 'fmDayddthspMon, YYYY') FROM STUDENT3;

	TO_CHAR(DATE_OF_REGISTRATION,'FMDAYDDTHSPMON,YYYY')
WednesdaytenthJul, 2024	
TuesdayeleventhJun, 2024	
SaturdaytenthAug, 2024	
ThursdaytwelfthDec, 2024	
FridayninthAug, 2024	
TuesdaytenthSep, 2024	
6 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download	

SELECT TO_CHAR(date_of_registration, 'fmDay, ddthsp "of" Month, Year')

FROM STUDENT3;

TROM STOBERTS,	
	TO_CHAR(DATE_OF_REGISTRATION,'FMDAY,DDTHSP"OF"MONTH,YEAR')
Wednesday, tenthof July, Twenty Twenty-Four	
Tuesday, eleventhof June, Twenty Twenty-Four	
Saturday, tenthof August, Twenty Twenty-Four	
Thursday, twelfthof December, Twenty Twenty-Four	
Friday, ninthof August, Twenty Twenty-Four	
Tuesday, tenthof September, Twenty Twenty-Four	
6 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download	

SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'hh:mm')

FROM dual;

TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'HH:MM') 1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'hh:mmpm')

FROM dual;

TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'HH:MMPM') 12:08pm 1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download

SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'hh:mm:sspm')

FROM dual;

TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'HH:MM:SSPM') 12:08:38pm 1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download

SELECT TO_CHAR(salary, '\$99,999') AS "Salary"

	Salary
\$50,000	
\$60,000	
#######	
\$70,000	
\$80,000	

SELECT TO_DATE('May10,1989', 'fxMonDD,YYYY') AS "Convert"

FROM DUAL;

Convert

10-May-1989
I rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download

SELECT TO _DATE('July312004', 'fxMonthDDYYYY') AS "Date" FROM DUAL;

31-Jul-2004
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download

COPYING THE TABLE FROM ANOTHER TABLE :

CREATE TABLE copy_STUDENT3

AS (SELECT * FROM STUDENT3);

DESC copy_STUDENT3;

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
COPY_STUDENT3	NAME	VARCHAR2	100				S/		
	STD_ID	NUMBER	22				S/		
	AGE	NUMBER	22				s/		
	COURSE	VARCHAR2	100				s/		
	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION	DATE	7				s/		

SELECT *

FROM copy_STUDENT3;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
vicky	192311163			10-Jul-2024
agasteen	192311165		PYTHON	11-Jun-2024
eliyazar	192311162		DBMS	10-Aug-2024
vicky	192311167		DBMS	12-Dec-2024
sukumar	192311164		JAVA	09-Aug-2024
raja	192311166		СРР	10-Sep-2024

INSERTING THE VALUES INTO THAT COPIED TABLES:

 $INSERT\ INTO\ copy_STUDENT3 (name, std_id, age, course, date_of_registration) VALUES\ ('balu', 192311167, 20, 'JAVA', TO_DATE('12-12-2024', 'DD-MM-YYYY'));$

SELECT *

FROM copy STUDENT3;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
vicky	192311163			10-Jul-2024
agasteen	192311165		PYTHON	11-Jun-2024
eliyazar	192311162		DBMS	10-Aug-2024
vicky	192311167		DBMS	12-Dec-2024
sukumar	192311164		JAVA	09-Aug-2024
raja	192311166		CPP	10-Sep-2024
balu	192311167		JAVA	12-Dec-2024
7 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Don	mload			

INSERTING NULL VALUES INTO TABLE:

 $INSERT\ INTO\ copy_STUDENT3 (name, std_id, age, course, date_of_registration) VALUES\ ('solmon', 192311168, 21, ", TO_DATE('12-10-2024', 'DD-MM-YYYY'));$

SELECT *

FROM copy_STUDENT3;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
vicky	192311163			10-Jul-2024
agasteen	192311165		PYTHON	11-Jun-2024
eliyazar	192311162		DBMS	10-Aug-2024
vicky	192311167		DBMS	12-Dec-2024
sukumar	192311164		JAVA	09-Aug-2024
raja	192311166		СРР	10-Sep-2024
solmon	192311168			12-Oct-2024
balu	192311167	20	JAVA	12-Dec-2024

INSERTING SPECIAL VALUES INTO TABLE:

 $INSERT\ INTO\ copy_STUDENT3 (name, std_id, age, course, date_of_registration) VALUES\ (USER, 192311169, 21, 'C', SYSDATE);$

SELECT *
FROM copy_STUDENT3
WHERE std id=192311169;

NAME	STD_ID	AGE	COURSE	DATE_OF_REGISTRATION
APEX_PUBLIC_USER	192311169			04-Aug-2024
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download				