

Лабораторная работа №2

По дисциплине: «ОИвИС»

Тема: «Конструирование моделей на базе предобученных нейронных сетей»

Выполнила:

Студентка 4 курса

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Цель работы: осуществлять обучение HC, сконструированных на базе предобученных архитектур HC .

Вариант 11

Выборка: MNIST

Оптимизатор: Adadelta

Предобученная архитектура: ResNet34

Общее задание:

- 1. Для заданной выборки и архитектуры предобученной нейронной организовать процесс обучения НС, предварительно изменив структуру слоев, в соответствии с предложенной выборкой. Использовать тот же оптимизатор, что и в ЛР №1. Построить график изменения ошибки и оценить эффективность обучения на тестовой выборке;
- 2. Сравнить полученные результаты с результатами, полученными на кастомных архитектурах из ЛР №1;
- 3. Ознакомиться с state-of-the-art результатами для предлагаемых выборок (по материалам в сети Интернет). Сделать выводы о результатах обучения НС из п. 1 и 2;
- 4. Реализовать визуализацию работы предобученной СНС и кастомной (из ЛР
- 1). Визуализация осуществляется посредством выбора и подачи на сеть произвольного изображения (например, из сети Интернет) с отображением результата классификации;
- 5. Оформить отчет по выполненной работе, залить исходный код и отчет в соответствующий репозиторий на github.

Код работы:

```
import os
import time
import copy
from pathlib import Path
import requests
from io import BytesIO
from PIL import Image
import argparse

import torch
import torch.nn as nn
```

```
import torch.nn.functional as {\tt F}
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
IMAGENET_MEAN = [0.485, 0.456, 0.406]
IMAGENET\_STD = [0.229, 0.224, 0.225]
def repeat gray(x):
   if x.shape[0] == 1:
      return x.repeat(3,1,1)
   return x
def get_model(num_classes=10, pretrained=True, repeat_gray=True):
   model = models.resnet34(weights=models.ResNet34_Weights.IMAGENET1K_V1 if pretrained else None)
   if not repeat_gray:
      old_conv = model.conv1
       new_conv = nn.Conv2d(1, old_conv.out_channels, kernel_size=old_conv.kernel_size,
                            stride=old_conv.stride, padding=old_conv.padding, bias=old_conv.bias is not None)
       if pretrained:
           with torch.no_grad():
               new_conv.weight[:,0:1,:,:] = old_conv.weight.mean(dim=1, keepdim=True)
               if old conv.bias is not None:
                   new_conv.bias.copy_(old_conv.bias)
       model.conv1 = new_conv
   num_ftrs = model.fc.in_features
   model.fc = nn.Linear(num_ftrs, num_classes)
   return model
def train_one_epoch(model, loader, criterion, optimizer, device, verbose=True):
   model.train()
   running loss = 0.0
   correct = 0
   total = 0
   for i, (images, labels) in enumerate(loader, 1):
       images = images.to(device)
      labels = labels.to(device)
      optimizer.zero_grad()
       outputs = model(images)
       loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
       loss.backward()
       optimizer.step()
```

```
running_loss += loss.item() * images.size(0)
       _, preds = outputs.max(1)
       correct += (preds == labels).sum().item()
       total += labels.size(0)
       if verbose and i % 50 == 0: # каждые 50 батчей
           print(f'Batch \ \{i\}/\{len(loader)\} \ | \ Loss: \ \{running\_loss/total:.4f\} \ | \ Acc: \ \{correct/total:.4f\}', \ flush=True\} 
   epoch_loss = running_loss / total
   epoch acc = correct / total
   return epoch_loss, epoch_acc
def evaluate(model, loader, criterion, device, verbose=True):
   model.eval()
   running loss = 0.0
   correct = 0
   total = 0
   with torch.no_grad():
       for i, (images, labels) in enumerate(loader, 1):
           images = images.to(device)
          labels = labels.to(device)
           outputs = model(images)
           loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
           running_loss += loss.item() * images.size(0)
           _, preds = outputs.max(1)
           correct += (preds == labels).sum().item()
           total += labels.size(0)
           if verbose and i % 50 == 0:
                    print(f'Validation Batch {i}/{len(loader)} | Loss: {running_loss/total:.4f} | Acc: {correct/total:.4f}',
flush=True)
   return running_loss / total, correct / total
def load image from path or url(path or url, resize=224, repeat gray=True):
   if \ path\_or\_url.startswith('http://') \ or \ path\_or\_url.startswith('https://'):\\
       resp = requests.get(path_or_url)
       img = Image.open(BytesIO(resp.content)).convert('L')
       img = Image.open(path_or_url).convert('L')
   img for model = img.resize((resize, resize))
   img_tensor = transforms.ToTensor()(img_for_model)
   if repeat_gray:
```

```
img_tensor = img_tensor.repeat(3,1,1)
  img_tensor = transforms.Normalize(mean=IMAGENET_MEAN, std=IMAGENET_STD)(img_tensor)
  return img, img_tensor.unsqueeze(0)
def predict_and_show(model, path_or_url):
  model.eval()
  img, tensor = load_image_from_path_or_url(path_or_url)
  tensor = tensor.to('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
  with torch.no_grad():
      outputs = model(tensor)
       probs = F.softmax(outputs, dim=1).cpu().numpy()[0]
       pred = probs.argmax()
  print(f'Predicted class: {pred} (prob={probs[pred]:.4f})')
  display_img = img.resize((200,200)).convert('RGB')
  display_img.show()
if __name__ == '__main__':
  parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
  parser.add_argument("--predict", type=str, help="Path to image for prediction, default 'digit.png'",
                       default="digit.png")
  args = parser.parse_args()
  DEVICE = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu'
  DATA DIR = './data'
  BATCH_SIZE = 128
  NUM EPOCHS = 8
  IMAGE SIZE = 64
  NUM CLASSES = 10
  MODEL_SAVE = 'resnet34_mnist_adadelta_best.pth'
  PLOT_SAVE = 'training_curves.png'
  PRED_SAVE = 'prediction.png'
  USE PRETRAINED = True
  REPEAT_GRAY_TO_3 = True
   train_transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.Resize((IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE)),
       transforms.RandomRotation(10),
       transforms.ToTensor(),
      transforms.Lambda(repeat_gray),
       transforms.Normalize(mean=IMAGENET MEAN, std=IMAGENET STD),
  ])
  val_transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.Resize((IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE)),
```

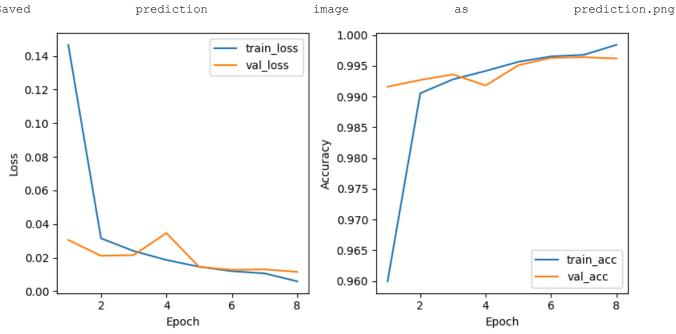
```
transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Lambda(repeat_gray),
    transforms.Normalize(mean=IMAGENET MEAN, std=IMAGENET STD),
1)
train_dataset = datasets.MNIST(root=DATA_DIR, train=True, download=True, transform=train_transform)
val_dataset = datasets.MNIST(root=DATA_DIR, train=False, download=True, transform=val_transform)
train_loader = DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True, num_workers=4, pin_memory=True)
val loader = DataLoader(val dataset, batch size=BATCH SIZE, shuffle=False, num workers=4, pin memory=True)
model = get model(NUM CLASSES, pretrained=USE PRETRAINED, repeat gray=REPEAT GRAY TO 3).to(DEVICE)
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
optimizer = torch.optim.Adadelta(model.parameters())
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(optimizer, step_size=7, gamma=0.1)
train_losses, train_accs = [], []
val_losses, val_accs = [], []
best_model_wts = copy.deepcopy(model.state_dict())
best acc = 0.0
for epoch in range (NUM EPOCHS):
    print(f'\n=== Epoch {epoch + 1}/{NUM_EPOCHS} ===', flush=True)
    t0 = time.time()
    train_loss, train_acc = train_one_epoch(model, train_loader, criterion, optimizer, DEVICE)
    val_loss, val_acc = evaluate(model, val_loader, criterion, DEVICE)
    train_losses.append(train_loss)
    train_accs.append(train_acc)
    val_losses.append(val_loss)
    val_accs.append(val_acc)
    if val_acc > best_acc:
       best_acc = val_acc
       best model wts = copy.deepcopy(model.state dict())
        torch.save(model.state_dict(), MODEL_SAVE)
    scheduler.step()
    t1 = time.time()
    print(f'Epoch {epoch + 1} finished | train_loss={train_loss:.4f} acc={train_acc:.4f} | '
           f'val loss=\{val loss:.4f\} acc=\{val acc:.4f\} \ | \ time=\{(t1 - t0):.1f\}s', \ flush=True\} 
model.load state dict(best model wts)
torch.save(model.state_dict(), MODEL_SAVE.replace('.pth', '_final.pth'))
print(f"Saved best model as {MODEL_SAVE} and final model as {MODEL_SAVE.replace('.pth', '_final.pth')}")
```

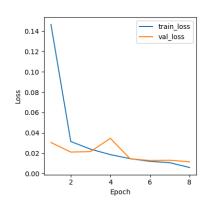
```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
  plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
  plt.plot(range(1, NUM_EPOCHS + 1), train_losses, label='train_loss')
  plt.plot(range(1, NUM_EPOCHS + 1), val_losses, label='val_loss')
  plt.xlabel('Epoch')
  plt.ylabel('Loss')
  plt.legend()
  plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
  plt.plot(range(1, NUM_EPOCHS + 1), train_accs, label='train_acc')
  plt.plot(range(1, NUM_EPOCHS + 1), val_accs, label='val_acc')
  plt.xlabel('Epoch')
  plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
  plt.legend()
  plt.tight_layout()
  plt.savefig(PLOT_SAVE)
  print(f'Saved training curves to {PLOT_SAVE}')
  model.eval()
  img_path = args.predict
  img, tensor = load_image_from_path_or_url(img_path)
  tensor = tensor.to(DEVICE)
  with torch.no_grad():
      outputs = model(tensor)
      probs = F.softmax(outputs, dim=1).cpu().numpy()[0]
      pred = probs.argmax()
  print(f'Predicted class: {pred} (prob={probs[pred]:.4f})')
  plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
  plt.title(f"Prediction: {pred}")
  plt.axis('off')
  plt.savefig(PRED SAVE)
  print(f"Saved prediction image as {PRED_SAVE}")
=== Epoch 1/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.7975 | Acc: 0.7908
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.4653 | Acc: 0.8760
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.3403 | Acc: 0.9089
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.2728 | Acc: 0.9268
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.2299 | Acc: 0.9376
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.2031 | Acc: 0.9450
```

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Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.1816 | Acc: 0.9507
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.1648 | Acc: 0.9552
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.1511 | Acc: 0.9588
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0299 | Acc: 0.9911
Epoch 1 finished | train_loss=0.1466 acc=0.9599 | val_loss=0.0305 acc=0.9916 | time=625.8s
=== Epoch 2/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0346 | Acc: 0.9903
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0340 | Acc: 0.9903
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0341 | Acc: 0.9904
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0329 | Acc: 0.9903
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0341 | Acc: 0.9899
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0339 | Acc: 0.9898
Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0331 | Acc: 0.9900
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0321 | Acc: 0.9903
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0312 | Acc: 0.9906
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0265 | Acc: 0.9912
Epoch 2 finished | train_loss=0.0315 acc=0.9905 | val_loss=0.0211 acc=0.9927 | time=637.7s
=== Epoch 3/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0237 | Acc: 0.9911
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0264 | Acc: 0.9913
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0234 | Acc: 0.9925
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0222 | Acc: 0.9930
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0214 | Acc: 0.9934
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0223 | Acc: 0.9931
Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0229 | Acc: 0.9929
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0237 | Acc: 0.9928
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0243 | Acc: 0.9927
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0267 | Acc: 0.9914
Epoch 3 finished | train loss=0.0240 acc=0.9928 | val loss=0.0216 acc=0.9936 | time=694.2s
=== Epoch 4/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0137 | Acc: 0.9953
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0173 | Acc: 0.9942
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0184 | Acc: 0.9941
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0183 | Acc: 0.9943
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0182 | Acc: 0.9942
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0173 | Acc: 0.9946
```

```
Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0173 | Acc: 0.9946
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0181 | Acc: 0.9943
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0179 | Acc: 0.9943
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0317 | Acc: 0.9911
Epoch 4 finished | train_loss=0.0186 acc=0.9942 | val_loss=0.0347 acc=0.9918 | time=694.0s
=== Epoch 5/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0158 | Acc: 0.9967
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0129 | Acc: 0.9966
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0123 | Acc: 0.9965
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0131 | Acc: 0.9962
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0132 | Acc: 0.9961
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0135 | Acc: 0.9959
Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0145 | Acc: 0.9956
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0145 | Acc: 0.9956
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0148 | Acc: 0.9956
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0170 | Acc: 0.9941
Epoch 5 finished | train loss=0.0146 acc=0.9957 | val loss=0.0145 acc=0.9951 | time=691.6s
=== Epoch 6/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0096 | Acc: 0.9969
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0108 | Acc: 0.9969
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0103 | Acc: 0.9969
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0122 | Acc: 0.9964
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0118 | Acc: 0.9966
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0117 | Acc: 0.9965
Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0118 | Acc: 0.9966
Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0120 | Acc: 0.9965
Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0119 | Acc: 0.9965
Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0149 | Acc: 0.9952
Epoch 6 finished | train loss=0.0120 acc=0.9965 | val loss=0.0128 acc=0.9963 | time=690.6s
=== Epoch 7/8 ===
Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0061 | Acc: 0.9984
Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0075 | Acc: 0.9973
Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0084 | Acc: 0.9971
Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0100 | Acc: 0.9969
Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0108 | Acc: 0.9967
Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0110 | Acc: 0.9967
```

Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0105 | Acc: 0.9969 Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0111 | Acc: 0.9967 Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0110 | Acc: 0.9967 Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0132 | Acc: 0.9959 Epoch 7 finished | train_loss=0.0107 acc=0.9968 | val_loss=0.0131 acc=0.9964 | time=627.8s === Epoch 8/8 === Batch 50/469 | Loss: 0.0056 | Acc: 0.9986 Batch 100/469 | Loss: 0.0079 | Acc: 0.9980 Batch 150/469 | Loss: 0.0072 | Acc: 0.9980 Batch 200/469 | Loss: 0.0067 | Acc: 0.9981 Batch 250/469 | Loss: 0.0073 | Acc: 0.9981 Batch 300/469 | Loss: 0.0068 | Acc: 0.9982 Batch 350/469 | Loss: 0.0064 | Acc: 0.9983 Batch 400/469 | Loss: 0.0063 | Acc: 0.9983 Batch 450/469 | Loss: 0.0060 | Acc: 0.9984 Validation Batch 50/79 | Loss: 0.0121 | Acc: 0.9956 Epoch 8 finished | train loss=0.0059 acc=0.9984 | val loss=0.0116 acc=0.9962 | time=594.4s Saved model resnet34 mnist adadelta best.pth best as and final model as resnet34_mnist_adadelta_best_final.pth Saved training curves to training curves.png Predicted class: 1 (prob=1.0000) Saved prediction image as 1.000





Prediction: 1

train_acc
val_acc

Результаты предсказания кастомной модели из ЛР1:

Подано изображение:

3

Результаты работы сети:

Предсказание: 3 (уверенность: 99.5%)
Все вероятности:
Цифра 0: 0.00%
Цифра 1: 0.00%
Цифра 2: 0.01%
Цифра 3: 99.48%
Цифра 4: 0.00%
Цифра 5: 0.05%
Цифра 6: 0.00%
Цифра 7: 0.00%
Цифра 7: 0.00%
Цифра 8: 0.00%
Цифра 9: 0.45%

Полученные результаты в данной работе: Асс: 0.9964, В ЛР1:0.9929

Предобученная ResNet34 показывает чуть более высокую точность на тестовой выборке MNIST по сравнению с кастомной сетью из ЛР1. Разница $\approx 0.35\%$, что на MNIST, где задача относительно простая, уже заметно.

Сравнение с результатами **SOTA** :

State-of-the-Art (SOTA) πο MNIST:

Классические CNN (LeNet-5): ~99.2-99.3%

ResNet, VGG, более сложные CNN: ~99.5–99.7%

Capsule Networks (Hinton, 2017): ~99.75%

Ансамбль моделей: ~99.8-99.9%

Результаты, полученные при обучении модели в ходе лабораторной работы: ValAcc=99.64% - отставания от лучших моделей (99.8–99.9%) практически нет.

Вывод : научиласт осуществлять обучение HC, сконструированных на базе предобученных архитектур HC .