# Phylogenetic analysis of coronavirus sequences

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#### Contents

```
## Color palette per species
speciesPalette <- list(</pre>
 Human = "#880000",
 Bat = "#666666",
 Pangolin = "#008800",
 Camel = "#BB8800",
 Pig = "#FFBBBB",
 Civet = "#0000BB"
speciesPrefix <- c("Hu" = "Human",</pre>
              "Pn" = "Pangolin",
              "Pi" = "Pig",
              "Cv" = "Civet")
strainColor <- c(</pre>
 "BtRaTG13_" = "black",
 "BtZC45" = "black")
features <- c(</pre>
 "RBD",
 "Recomb-reg-1",
 "Recomb-reg-2",
 "Recomb-reg-3",
 "CDS-ORF1ab",
 "After-ORF1ab"
```

```
"CDS-S",
  "CDS-ORF3a",
  "CDS-E",
  "CDS-M",
  "CDS-ORF6",
  "CDS-ORF7a",
  "CDS-ORF8",
  "CDS-ORF10")
feature <- "S-gene"
collections <- c("around-CoV-2", "selected")
collection <- "around-CoV-2" # default for testing</pre>
outgroups <- list()</pre>
outgroups[["selected"]] <- c(</pre>
  "HuOC43",
  "PiPRCV",
  "PiSADS".
  "Hu229E",
  "HuNL63")
outgroups[["around-CoV-2"]] <- "BtBM48-31"</pre>
## Use GISAID data
useGISAID <- TRUE
if (useGISAID) {
  collections <- pasteO(collections, "-plus-GISAID")</pre>
  for (collection in names(outgroups)) {
    outgroups[[paste0(collection, "-plus-GISAID")]] <- outgroups[[collection]]</pre>
  collection <- pasteO(collection, "-plus-GISAID")</pre>
dir <- vector()</pre>
```

```
dir <- vector()
dir["main"] <- ".."
dir["results"] <- file.path(dir["main"], "results")
dir["genomes"] <- file.path(dir["results"], "genome_phylogeny", "clustalw_alignments")

dir["R"] <- file.path(dir["main"], "scripts", "R")
# list.files(dir["R"])
source(file.path(dir["R"], "load_tree.R"))
source(file.path(dir["R"], "plot_my_tree.R"))</pre>
```

#### Phylogeny from full genomes

We inferred a phylogeny of virus strains based ontheir full genomes.

A multiple alignment of genome sequences was performed with a progressive method (clustalw). The tree of virus strains was inferred with a maximum likelihood approach (phyml software).

```
#### Load and plot the genome tree ####
genomeTreeFile <- file.path(</pre>
```

#### Genome-based virus tree

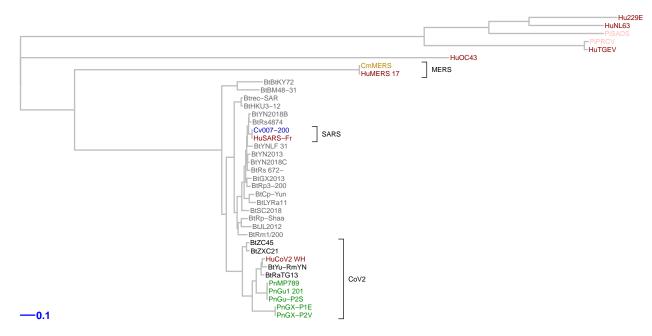


Figure 1: Genome tree of selected coronaviruses. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

#### Tree per feature

```
#### Load and plot feature-specific trees ####
## Define vectors to hold the results and enable tree comparisons
```

```
treeFiles <- vector()</pre>
treeData <- list()</pre>
feature <- "RBD"
for (feature in features) {
  message("\n\tReading tree for feature ", feature)
  prefix <- pasteO(feature, "_", collection)</pre>
  treeFile <- file.path(</pre>
    dir["results"],
    prefix,
     pasteO(prefix, "_clustalw_gblocks.phy_phyml_tree_GTR.phb"))
  treeFiles[feature] <- treeFile</pre>
  ## Load the tree
  treeData[[feature]] <- loadTree(</pre>
     treeFile = treeFiles[feature],
     outgroup = outgroups[[collection]],
     rootNode = NULL,
     tipColor = strainColor,
     nodesToRotate = NULL)
  plotMyTree(treeData[[feature]],
               main = pasteO(feature, " tree"),
               scaleLength = 0.05, cex = 1, label.offset = 0.01,
               show.node.label = FALSE)
  # cladelabels(genomeTree$tree, "CoV2", 46, cex = 0.7, orientation = "horizontal", offset = 5)
# cladelabels(genomeTree$tree, "MERS", 43, cex = 0.7, orientation = "horizontal", offset = 5)
  # cladelabels(genomeTree$tree, "SARS", 69, cex = 0.7, orientation = "horizontal", offset = 5)
```

## S1 tree

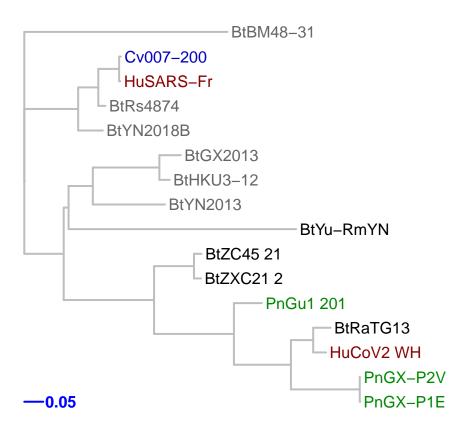


Figure 2: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## S2 tree

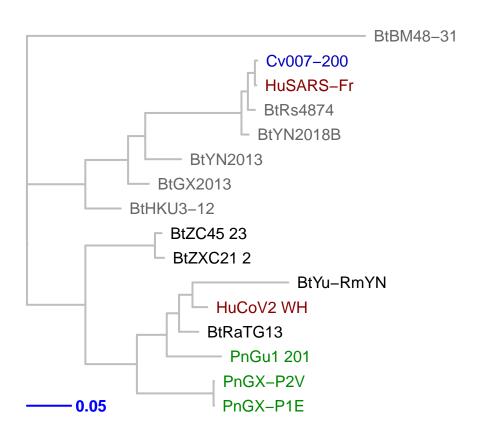


Figure 3: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **RBD** tree

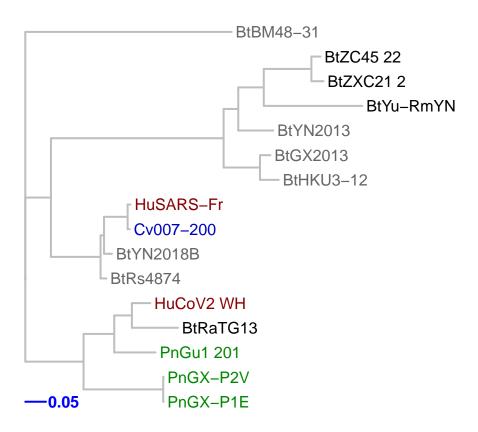


Figure 4: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

# Recomb-reg-1 tree

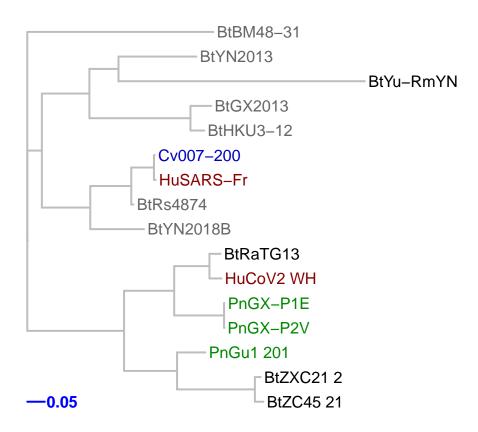


Figure 5: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

# Recomb-reg-2 tree

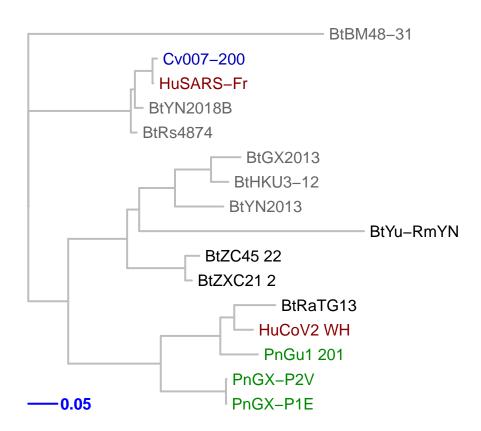


Figure 6: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

# Recomb-reg-3 tree

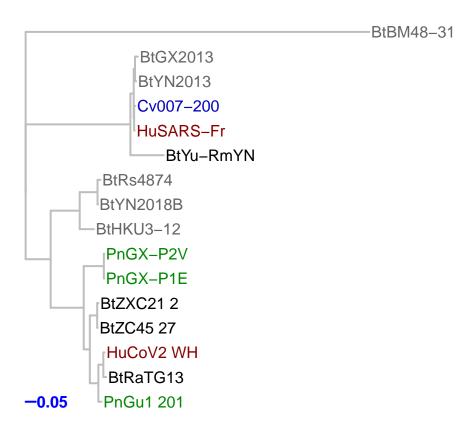


Figure 7: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-ORF1ab tree**

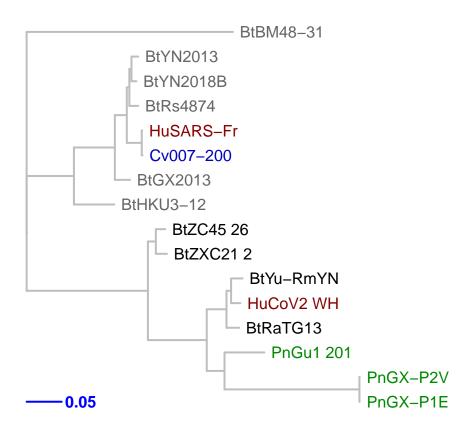


Figure 8: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## After-ORF1ab tree

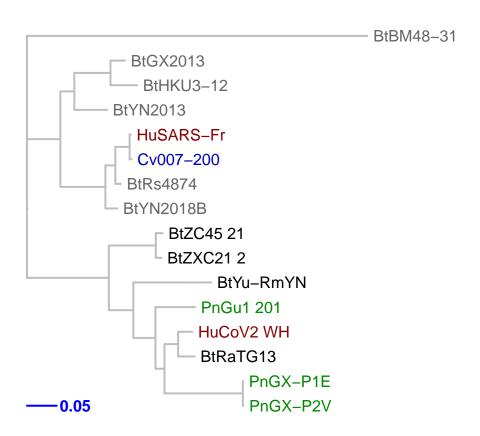


Figure 9: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-S** tree

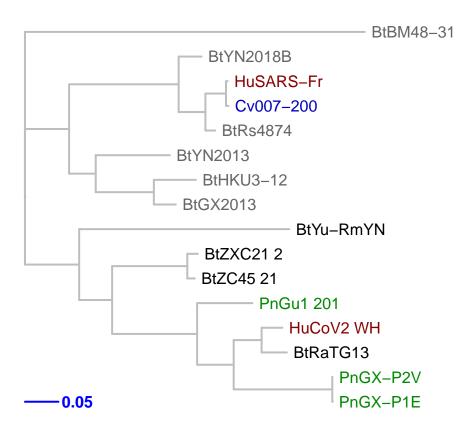


Figure 10: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## CDS-ORF3a tree

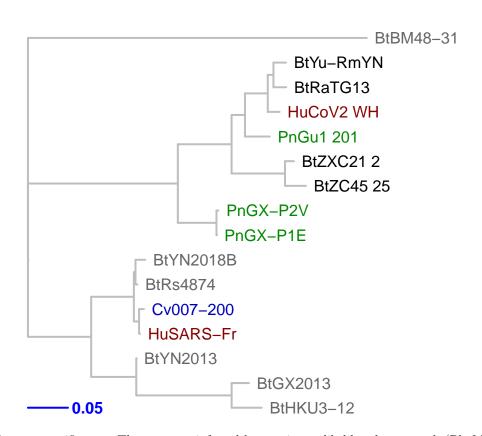


Figure 11: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-E** tree

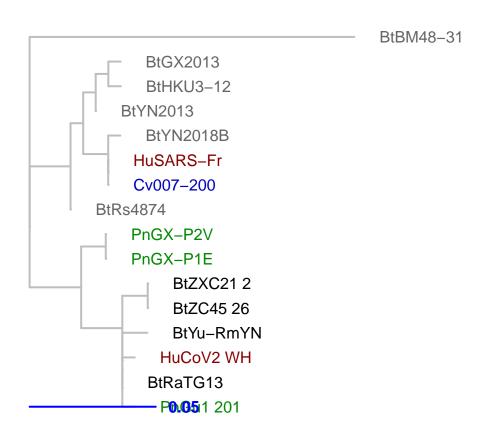


Figure 12: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-M** tree

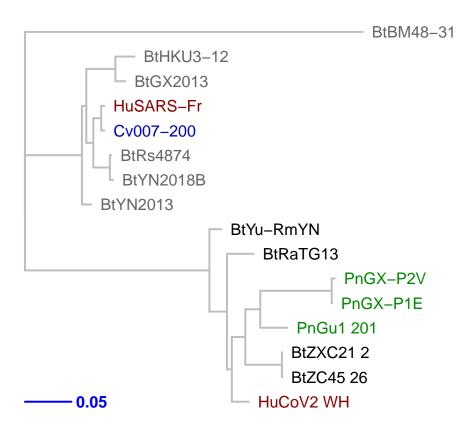


Figure 13: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-ORF6** tree

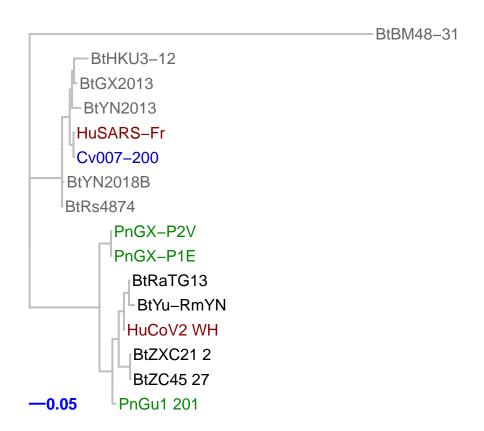


Figure 14: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## CDS-ORF7a tree

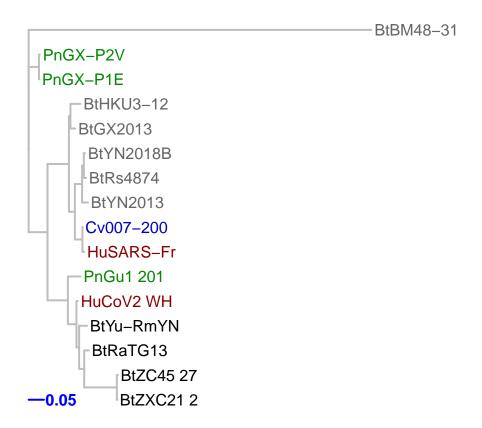


Figure 15: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-ORF8** tree

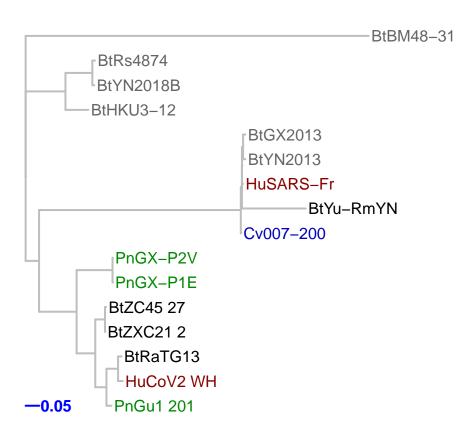


Figure 16: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

## **CDS-N** tree

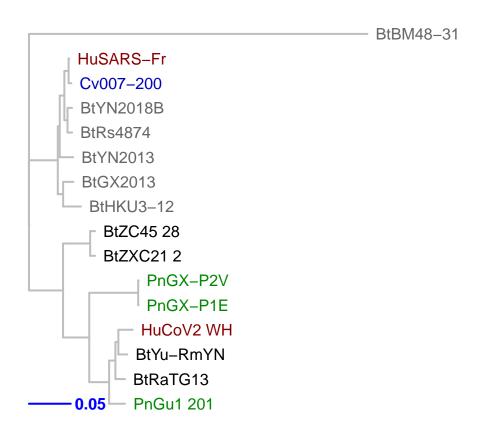


Figure 17: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).

#### **CDS-ORF10** tree



Figure 18: Feature-specific tree. The tree was inferred by maximum likelihood apprroach (PhyML) based on a progressive multiple alignment (clustalw).