# <u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>PSPP/PUP</u> / <u>Experiments based on Strings and its operations.</u> / <u>Week5 Coding</u>

Started on	Thursday, 23 May 2024, 11:33 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 24 May 2024, 12:14 PM
Time taken	12 hours 40 mins
Marks	10.00/10.00
Grade	100 00 out of 100 00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Assume that the given string has enough memory.

Don't use any extra space(IN-PLACE)

# Sample Input 1

a2b4c6

# Sample Output 1

aabbbbcccccc

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 s=input()
 2 temp=0
    char=''
3
 4 v for i in s:
       if i.isalpha():
 5 ₹
 6
           print(char*temp,end='')
 7
           temp=0
 8
           char=i
 9,
       else:
10
           temp=temp*10+int(i)
11 print(char*temp,end='')
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	a2b4c6	aabbbbccccc	aabbbbccccc	~
~	a12b3d4	aaaaaaaaaabbbdddd	aaaaaaaaaabbbdddd	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

```
Question 2
Correct
```

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to check if two strings are balanced. For example, strings s1 and s2 are balanced if all the characters in the s1 are present in s2. The character's position doesn't matter. If balanced display as "true", otherwise "false".

# For example:

Input	Result
Yn	True
PYnative	

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	Yn PYnative	True	True	~
~	Ynf PYnative	False	False	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Question **3**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

# Reverse a string without affecting special characters

Given a string S, containing special characters and all the alphabets, reverse the string without affecting the positions of the special characters.

#### Input

A&B

## **Output:**

B&A

Explanation: As we ignore '&' and

As we ignore '&' and then reverse, so answer is "B&A".

## For example:

Input	Result	
A&x#	x&A#	

## **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	A&B	B&A	B&A	~

Passed all tests! <



```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1,00 out of 1,00
```

Two string values S1, S2 are passed as the input. The program must print first N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

## **Input Format:**

The first line contains S1.

The second line contains S2.

The third line contains N.

## **Output Format:**

The first line contains the N characters present in S1 which are also present in S2.

## **Boundary Conditions:**

```
2 <= N <= 10
2 <= Length of S1, S2 <= 1000
```

## Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

abcbde

cdefghbb

2

Output:

bcd

#### Note:

b occurs twice in common but must be printed only once.

```
1 s1=input().strip()
 2 | s2=input().strip()
 3 n=int(input().strip())
    common_chars=set(s1)&set(s2)
 4
 5
    result=[]
 6 v for char in s1:
       if char in common_chars:
 7 •
 8
            result.append(char)
            common_chars.remove(char)
 9
10
            if len(result)==n:
11
                break
12 print(''.join(result))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	abcbde cdefghbb 3	bcd	bcd	~

Correct

Question **5**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given two Strings s1 and s2, remove all the characters from s1 which is present in s2.

## Constraints

1<= string length <= 200

# Sample Input 1

experience enc

# Sample Output 1

xpri

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	experience enc	xpri	xpri	~

Passed all tests! <

Correct

```
Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

In this exercise, you will create a program that reads words from the user until the user enters a blank line. After the user enters a blank line your program should display each word entered by the user exactly once. The words should be displayed in the same order that they were first entered. For example, if the user enters:

first

second

first

third

second

then your program should display:

first

second

third

```
1 | s=list()
2 | a=" "
 3 ⋅ while True:
        i=input()
 4
 5 ,
         if i[-1] is a:
 6
             break
 7 🔻
        else:
 8 •
             if i not in s:
 9
                 s.append(i)
10 v for i in s:
11
        print(i)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	first	first	first	~
	second	second	second	
	first	third	third	
	third			
	second			

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	rec	rec	rec	~
	cse	cse	cse	
	it	it	it	
	rec			
	cse			



Question **7**Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1,00

String should contain only the words are not palindrome.

# Sample Input 1

Malayalam is my mother tongue

# Sample Output 1

is my mother tongue

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

	Input	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	Malayalam is my mother tongue	is my mother tongue	is my mother tongue	<b>~</b>

Passed all tests! <

Correct

Question **8**Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program that takes as input a string (sentence), and returns its second word in uppercase.

For example:

If input is "Wipro Technologies Bangalore" the function should return "TECHNOLOGIES"

If input is "Hello World" the function should return "WORLD"

If input is "Hello" the program should return "LESS"

NOTE 1: If input is a sentence with less than 2 words, the program should return the word "LESS".

NOTE 2: The result should have no leading or trailing spaces.

# For example:

Input	Result
Wipro Technologies Bangalore	TECHNOLOGIES
Hello World	WORLD
Hello	LESS

```
sentence=input()
words=sentence.split()

rif len(words)<2:
print("LESS")

else:
print(words[1].upper())</pre>
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	TECHNOLOGIES	TECHNOLOGIES	~
~	Hello World	WORLD	WORLD	~
~	Hello	LESS	LESS	~



```
Question 9
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Write a python program to count all letters, digits, and special symbols respectively from a given string

## For example:

Input	Result	
rec@123	3	
	3	
	1	

```
1 str=input()
   letter_count=0
3
   digit_count=0
    special_symbol_count=0
 5 ▼ for char in str:
       if char.isalpha():
 6 🔻
 7
           letter_count+=1
 8 ,
        elif char.isdigit():
 9
           digit_count+=1
10
       else:
11
            special_symbol_count+=1
12
    print(letter_count)
13
    print(digit_count)
14 print(special_symbol_count)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	rec@123	3	3	~
		3	3	
		1	1	
<b>~</b>	P@#yn26at^&i5ve	8	8	~
		3	3	
		4	4	

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	abc@12&	3	3	~
		2	2	
		2	2	

Correct

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a string S which is of the format USERNAME@DOMAIN.EXTENSION, the program must print the EXTENSION, DOMAIN, USERNAME in the reverse order.

## **Input Format:**

The first line contains S.

# **Output Format:**

The first line contains EXTENSION.
The second line contains DOMAIN.
The third line contains USERNAME.

## **Boundary Condition:**

1 <= Length of S <= 100

## Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

abcd@gmail.com

Output:

com

gmail abcd

For example:

Input	Result
arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in	edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar

```
1 | s=input()
2 | f=s.find('@')
3 | r=s.find('.')
4 | print(s[r+1:])
5 | print(s[f+1:r])
6 | print(s[:f])
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	abcd@gmail.com	com gmail abcd	com gmail abcd	~
<b>~</b>	arvijayakumar@rajalakshmi.edu.in	edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar	edu.in rajalakshmi arvijayakumar	~

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

■ Week5\_MCQ

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