



4MM013 - Computational Mathematics

Mathematics Assignment-1

Full Marks: 10

University ID : 2331425

Submitted by : Eliza Gamal

Submitted on : 4/13/2023

1. State the definition of a function and a composite function.

[2Marks]

Let f and g be functions defined as follows:

f: R
$$\rightarrow$$
 R, f(x) = $\frac{x-3}{x+1}$, f(2) =? and
g: R \rightarrow R, g(x) = $\frac{1}{x}$, $x \neq 0$
Calculate (f \circ g)(x) and (g \circ f)(x).

g: R
$$\rightarrow$$
 R, g(x) = $\frac{1}{x}$, $x \neq 0$

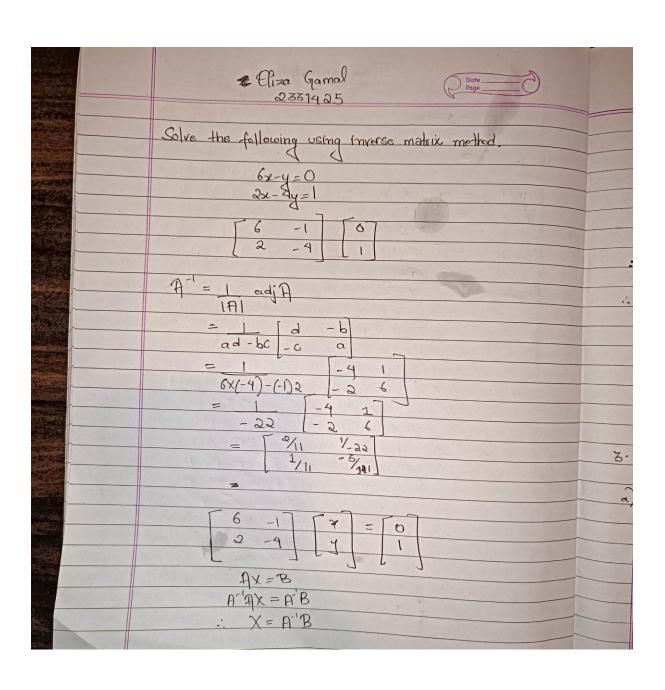
	Efixa Gamal 2831425
	g.no.1.
1:	State the definition of a function and a composite function. Let f and g be function defined as follows:
	$f: R \to R, f(x) = x - 3, f(2) = 7 \text{ and}$
	$g: R \Rightarrow R, g(x) = \frac{1}{x}, x \neq 0$
	Calculate (fog)(x) and (got)(x)
	Here,
	Tiele,
	Ans: A function is defined as a relation between a set of inputs having one output each. It is generated generally denoted by f(x) where x is the input. Composite function is a function that is written inside
	another function. Ig: f (g(x)) is the composite function of f(x) and g(x)
	golfn, (fog)(x) = f(g(x)) $= 1 - 8x$
	24 24
	1 +1 1+x
	× ×

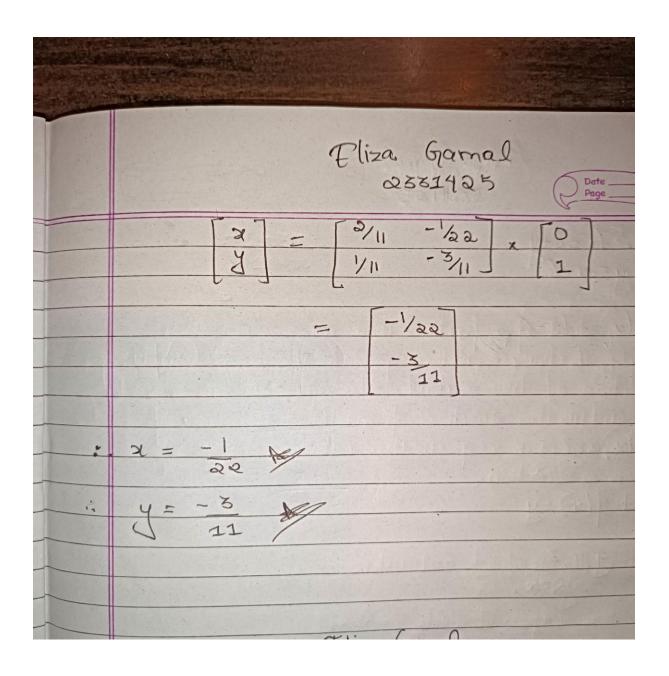
	Elixa Gamal QXS1425	Date
=1-3x 1+20	221123	Page
90f(a) = 9 (f(a)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
x-3		
$= \frac{x+1}{x-3}$		
		e militaria

2. Solve the following using the inverse matrix method: [2 Marks]

$$6x - y = 0$$

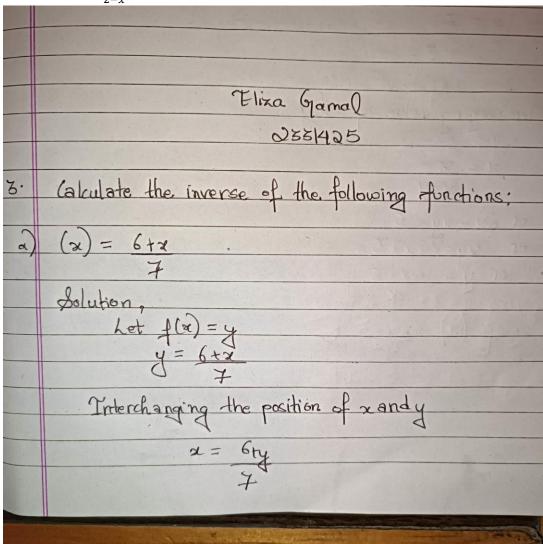
$$2x - 4y = 1$$





a.
$$f(x) = \frac{6+x}{7}$$

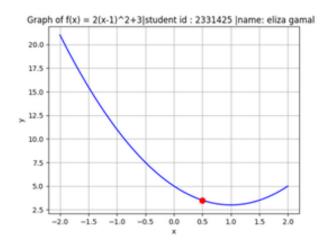
b.
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2-x}$$



	Efiza Gamal 255425	
	or, 7x = 6+y :, y=7x-6	4
	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} - 6$	
3.6)	Ans, $f(x) = \frac{7}{2-x}$	
	het f(x) = y $y = 3$ $2-x$	
	Interchanging value of x ky	
	x = 3 or $2-y$ or $3x - 2y = 5$	
	$\int_{-1}^{1}(x)=2x-3$	

4. Sketch the graph of the following functions: [2 Marks] $f(x) = 2(x-1)^2 + 3$, -2 < x < 2 In the interval of x=0.5

	Efixa Garnal 2331425 Page
4.	Sketch the graph of the following functions:
	(x)=2(x-D2+3,-2/2/2. In the interval of x=0.5
	Solution,
	For sketching the graph of this function in interval of 2=0.5 me need to evaluate \$(0.5) and plot the point (0.5, 1(0.5) and plot pn the graph.
	do, evaluating $+(0.5)$, we get, +(0.5) = 2(0.5-0.2)
	The point to plot on the graph 16 (0.5, 3.5)
	Here is the table:
7	2 (1a) -2.0 31.0
	0.0 11.0
	1.0 3.0
	0.5



a. Define gradient of a function. State the gradient and intercept of :

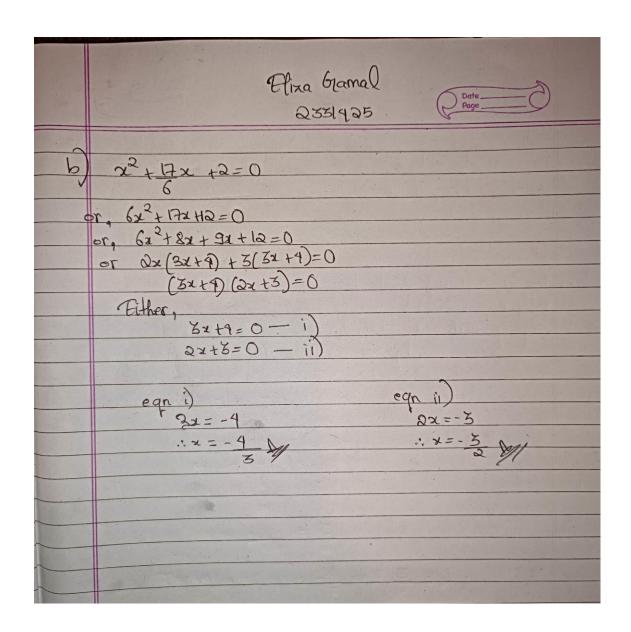
$$2y + 8 = 6x$$
 [2 Marks]

b. Solve the following equations:

$$x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + 2 = 0$$

The gradient of a function is a measure of hour steeph it changes with respect to it's input variable for a function of two variable the gradient is a vector that point in the direction of maximum increase of function and its magnitude respects the rate of change of function in direction. Now, For the gradient and intercept of the gradient is a vector of the gradient and intercept of the gradient with y = mxtb 200 y = 6x - 8 comparing y = 3x - 9 with y = mxtb we get the gradient of the gra		Efixa Gamal Q551425
The gradient of a function is a measure of how steeply it changes with respect to it's input variable for a function of two variable the gradient is a vector that point in the direction of maximum increases of function, and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of function in direction. Now, For the gradient and intercept of the company it with y= mxt b Soa y = 6x = 8 y = 6x = 8 y = 6x = 8 comparing y = 3z - 4 with y = mxt b we get m = 6 , c - 4		Q 100.5.
steeply it changes with respect to its input variable for a function of two variable the gradient is a vector that point in the direction of maximum increases of function and its magnitude respects the rate of change of function in direction. Now, Tor the gradient and intercept of 24 & = 6x we compare it with y = mxt f doe y = 6x - 8 2 y = 6x - 8 3 y = 6x - 8		sol'ne
steeply it charges with respect to its input variable for a function of two variable the gradient is a vector that point in the direction of maximum increases of function and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of function in direction. Now, Tor the gradient and intercept of 24 & 62 we compare it with y = mxtb doe y = 62 - 8 2 y = 62 -	20 55	of hour
a function of two variable the gradient is a vector that point in the direction of maximum increases of function, and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of function in direction. Now, Tor the gradient and intercept of the compase it with y= mxtb doe y = 6x - 8 y = 6x - 8 y = 6x - 8 comparing y = 3x - 4 with y = mxtb we get m = 8, c - 4		the gradient of a forction is a measure of the input variable for
that point in the direction of maximum increase of function and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of function in direction. Now, Tor the gradient and intercept of 24+8=6x we compare it with y= mx+6 be get we get we get		a function of two variable the gradient is a vector
and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of function in direction. Now, Tor the gradient and intercept of the company it with $y = mx + b$ we company it with $y = mx + b$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 3x - 4$ i. Comparing $y = 3x - 4$ with $y = mx + b$ we get $y = 6x - 4$	Lane	that point in the direction of maximum increase of function
function in direction. Now, For the gradient and intercept of $2y+8=6x$ we compare it with $y=mx+6$ $y=6x-8$ $y=6x-9$		and its magnitude respects the rate of charge of
For the gradient and intercept of $2y+2=6x$ we compare it with $y=mx+b$ $y=6x-2$ $y=6x-2$ $y=6x-2$ $y=8x-4$ i. Comparing $y=3x-4$ with $y=mx+b$ we get, $y=6x-4$	1000	function in direction.
For the gradient and intercept of $2y+8=6x$ we compare it with $y=mx+b$ $y=6x-8$ $y=6x-8$ $y=6x-8$ $y=8x-9$ (omporing $y=3x-9$ with $y=mx+b$ we get $y=6x-9$		00
we compare it with $y = mx + b$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 8x - 4$ Comparing $y = 3x - 4$ with $y = mx + b$ we get $m = 6$, $c - 4$		10000,
we compare it with $y = mxtb$ $ y = 6x - 8 $ $ y = 6x - 8 $ $ y = 6x - 8 $ $ y = 8x - 9 $.: Comparing $y = 3x - 4$ with $y = mxtb$ we get $ m = 8 + c - 4$		
$y = 6x - 8$ $y = 6x - 8$ $y = 8x - 4$ $\therefore \text{ (omparing } y = 3x - 4 \text{ with } y = mx + 6$ we get, $m = 8, c - 4$	BIE	we compare it with y= mx+h
$y = 6x - 8$ $y = 8x - 4$ $\therefore \text{ Comparing } y = 3x - 4 \text{ with } y = mx + b$ We get $m = 8 + c - 4$		doe
$y = 6x - 8$ $y = 8x - 4$ $\therefore \text{ Comparing } y = 3x - 4 \text{ with } y = mx + b$ We get $m = 8 + c - 4$		
$y = 3x-4$ $\therefore \text{ (omparing } y = 3z-4 \text{ with } y = mx+6$ we get, $m = 8 + C-4$		
Comparing $y = 3x - 4$ with $y = mx + 6$ we get $m = 6$, $c = -4$		y = 62 - 8
Comparing $y = 3x - 4$ with $y = mx + 6$ we get $m = 6$, $c = -4$		V= 2. A
m=6, c4		7-82-1
m=6, c4		Comparing 4 = 32-4 with 4 = mx+1
m=8, c4		we get
		m=8, c-4 : The gradient is 3 and the intercept is -4

	Elixa Gamal
	255/d 25
	4 - 17.1
	3=-17+1
	2
or	2 1/2 C = N /
	18
tion,	= -4 0
	=-4
	Secondly using (-) re negative use get,
	7 7 7
	2 = -17 - 1
	2 de la constant de l
	= -17-1
	2
	= -18 = -5 $= -6$
	: The value of x is -4 and 3 Ag
	2
	ALL (4) HILLS



The End