CIND820 Initial Coding

November 17, 2020

```
[308]: import os
       import warnings
       warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
       import pandas as pd
       import numpy as np
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
       from pylab import rcParams
       rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 10, 6
       from datetime import datetime
       from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
       from statsmodels.tsa.seasonal import seasonal_decompose
       from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA
       from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, mean_absolute_error
       import math
       from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import acf, pacf
```

[255]: pip install pmdarima

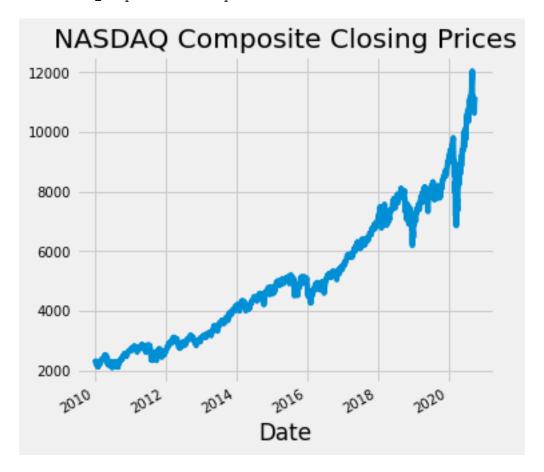
```
Requirement already satisfied: pmdarima in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (1.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
(from pmdarima) (1.25.9)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from pmdarima) (0.15.1)
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels<0.12,>=0.11 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pmdarima) (0.11.1)
Requirement already satisfied: Cython<0.29.18,>=0.29 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pmdarima) (0.29.17)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools<50.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pmdarima) (46.1.3.post20200325)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from pmdarima) (1.18.4)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.19 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from pmdarima) (1.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.22 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pmdarima) (0.22.2.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from statsmodels<0.12,>=0.11->pmdarima) (0.5.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.6.1 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima) (2.8.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from pandas>=0.19->pmdarima) (2020.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
      (from patsy>=0.5->statsmodels<0.12,>=0.11->pmdarima) (1.14.0)
      Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[256]: from pmdarima.arima import auto_arima
[257]: #import NASDAQ data
       df=pd.read csv("IXIC v1.csv", sep=",")
[258]: #understand data format and clean up data
       from datetime import datetime
       con=df['Date']
       df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
       df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
       #check datatype of index
       df.index
[258]: DatetimeIndex(['2010-01-04', '2010-01-05', '2010-01-06', '2010-01-07',
                      '2010-01-08', '2010-01-11', '2010-01-12', '2010-01-13',
                      '2010-01-14', '2010-01-15',
                      '2020-09-17', '2020-09-18', '2020-09-21', '2020-09-22',
                      '2020-09-23', '2020-09-24', '2020-09-25', '2020-09-28',
                      '2020-09-29', '2020-09-30'],
                     dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='Date', length=2705, freq=None)
[259]: df['year'] = df.index.year
       df['month'] = df.index.month
       df['day'] = df.index.day
[260]: df.head()
[260]:
                        Close year month day
       Date
       2010-01-04 2308.419922 2010
                                          1
       2010-01-05 2308.709961 2010
                                          1
                                               5
       2010-01-06 2301.090088 2010
                                          1
                                               6
                                              7
       2010-01-07 2300.050049 2010
                                          1
       2010-01-08 2317.169922 2010
```

packages (from pmdarima) (1.4.1)

```
[261]: #plot NASDAQ trend
temp=df.groupby(['Date'])['Close'].mean()
temp.plot(figsize=(5,5), title= 'NASDAQ Composite Closing Prices', fontsize=10)
```

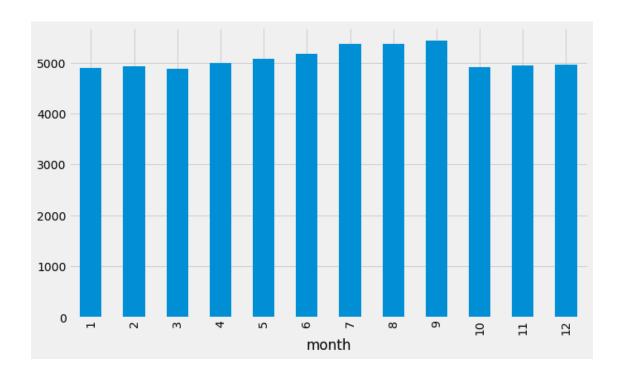
[261]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e3475b890>



[262]: df.groupby('month')['Close'].mean().plot.bar()
#on average, september has the highest average price compares to the other_

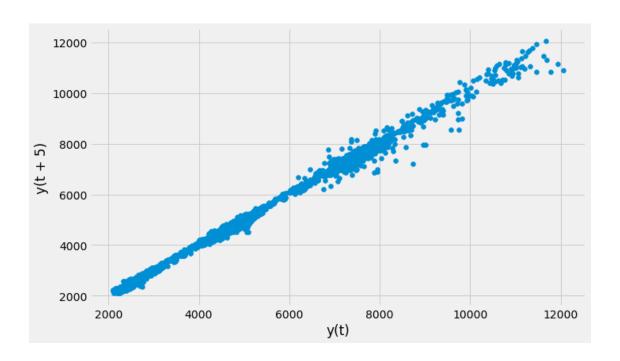
--months.

[262]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e3531ed90>



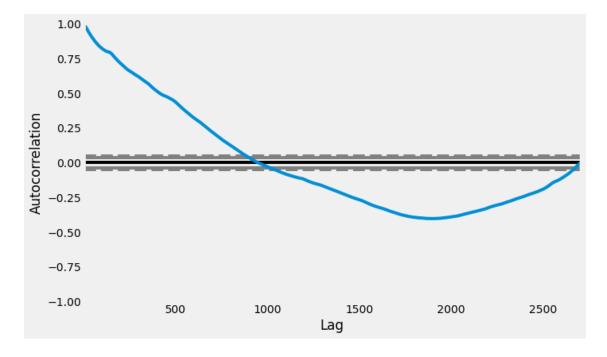
[263]: #lag plot from pandas.plotting import lag_plot lag_plot(df['Close'],lag=5) #Graph shows a linear pattern. Implies data points are non random and suggests → that an autoregressive model might be appropriate.

[263]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e3bf1fa50>



[264]: from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot autocorrelation_plot(df['Close'])
#there is high level of correlation

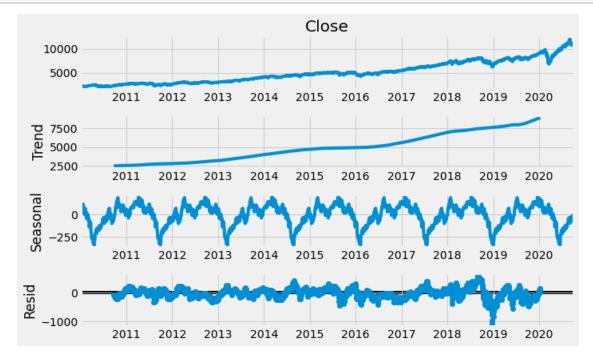
[264]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e34e2fe90>



```
[265]: #data is not stationary based on high p value
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
result = adfuller(df.Close.dropna())
print(f"ADF Statstic: {result[0]}")
print(f"p-value:{result[1]}")
```

ADF Statstic: 1.4430465972942679 p-value:0.9973011850493003

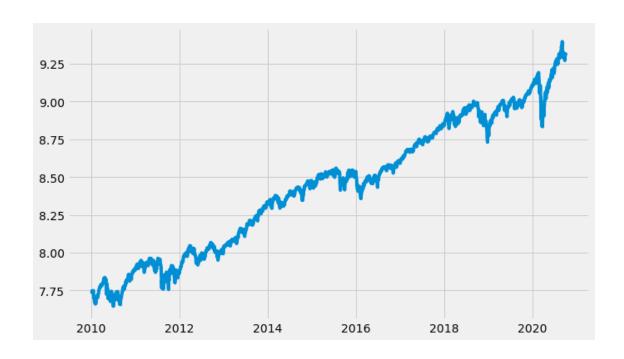
```
[266]: #decompose data
import statsmodels.api as sm
res = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(df['Close'],model= 'addictive',period = 365)
resplot = res.plot()
#data shows upward trend and presents seasonlity
```



```
[267]: def plot_df(df,x,y,title= "", xlabel = "Date", ylabel='Value',dpi=50):
    plt.plot(x,y)
    plt.show()
```

```
[268]: #apply log transformation to stablize data plt.plot(df.apply(np.log)['Close'])
```

[268]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f9e3acc9910>]

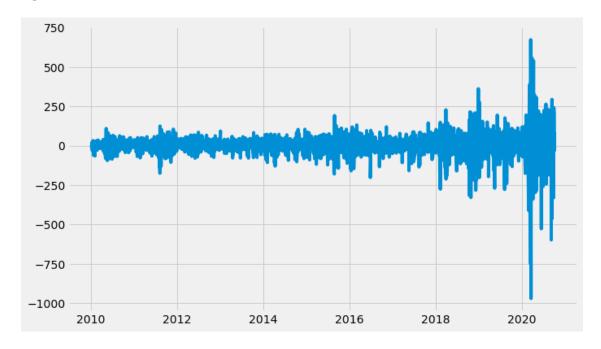


[269]: #To covert data into stationary dataset, first differencing has to be applied.

With first differencing, empty field needs to be filled as 0.

plt.plot(df['Close'].diff(1).fillna(0))

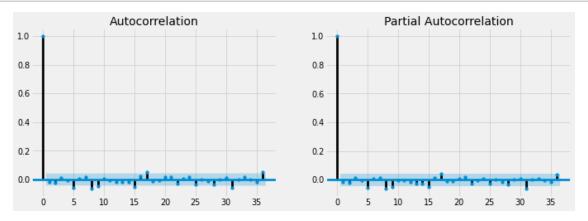
[269]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f9e3ac4af90>]



```
[270]: #confirm stationarity
      from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
      result = adfuller(np.log(df['Close']).diff(1).fillna(0))
      print(f"ADF Statstic: {result[0]}")
      print(f"p-value:{result[1]}")
      ADF Statstic: -11.770291597674845
      p-value:1.0940406662618215e-21
[271]: df_st= df.diff(1).fillna(0)
[272]: #understand the structure of the stationary dataset
      df_st.head()
[272]:
                      Close year month day
      Date
      2010-01-04 0.000000
                              0.0
                                     0.0 0.0
      2010-01-05 0.290039
                                      0.0 1.0
                              0.0
      2010-01-06 -7.619873
                                     0.0 1.0
                              0.0
      2010-01-07 -1.040039
                              0.0
                                     0.0 1.0
      2010-01-08 17.119873
                              0.0
                                     0.0 1.0
[275]: #With transformation to maintain stationarity, we need to be model back to the
       →original dataset in order to predict stock price.
      df revert=df st.copy()
      df_revert=df_revert.cumsum()
[324]: df_revert.iloc[0,:]=df.iloc[0,:]
      df_revert = df_revert.cumsum()
[325]: #define data
      class TimeSeriesData():
          def __init__(self, df):
              self.data = df
               self.stationary = self.stationarize(df)
               self.revert = self.revert(self.stationary, self.data)
          def revert(self, st, org):
              x = st.copy()
              x.iloc[0,:] = org.iloc[0,:]
              return x.cumsum()
          def stationarize(self, data):
              return data.diff(1).fillna(0)
[283]: #split dataset
      x_train = TimeSeriesData(df[:int((len(df)*0.8))])
```

```
x_test = TimeSeriesData(df[int((len(df)*0.8)):])
```

[284]: #plot ACF and PACF for the stationary dataset from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(15,5), dpi= 50) plot_acf(x_train.stationary['Close'].values.tolist(), lags=36, ax=axes[0]); plot_pacf(x_train.stationary['Close'].values.tolist(), lags=36, ax=axes[1]);



```
[285]: #using auto_arima to aquire p and q value with min AIC.

from pmdarima import auto_arima

model = auto_arima(x_train.data['Close'], trace=True, error_action='ignore',

suppress_warnings=True)

model.fit(x_train.data['Close'])
```

```
Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
 ARIMA(2,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22406.770, Time=1.32 sec
                                    : AIC=22400.729, Time=0.10 sec
 ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
 ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22402.090, Time=0.15 sec
 ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22402.065, Time=0.14 sec
                                    : AIC=22406.532, Time=0.04 sec
 ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0]
                                    : AIC=22393.839, Time=1.55 sec
 ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
 ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22404.619, Time=0.71 sec
                                    : AIC=22404.702, Time=1.86 sec
 ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22402.822, Time=0.84 sec
 ARIMA(0,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
 ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                    : AIC=22402.801, Time=0.23 sec
                                    : AIC=22406.446, Time=0.31 sec
 ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0]
```

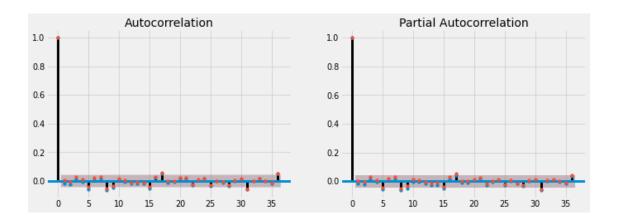
Best model: ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept Total fit time: 7.278 seconds

[285]: ARIMA(maxiter=50, method='lbfgs', order=(1, 1, 1), out_of_sample_size=0, scoring='mse', scoring_args={}, seasonal_order=(0, 0, 0, 0), start_params=None, suppress_warnings=True, trend=None,

with_intercept=True)

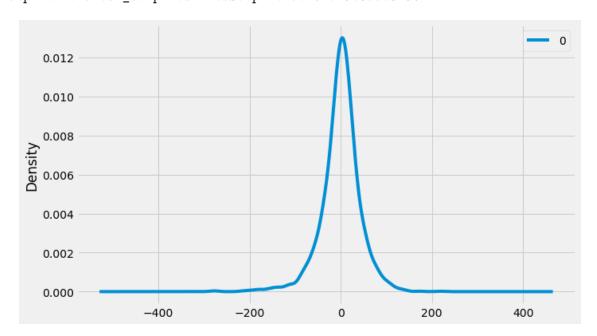
[290]:

```
[286]: model_arima = ARIMA(x_train.data['Close'].values, order=(1,1,1))
[287]: result_arima = model_arima.fit(disp=-1)
[288]: print(result_arima.summary())
                           ARIMA Model Results
     Dep. Variable:
                               D.y
                                   No. Observations:
                                                              2163
                      ARIMA(1, 1, 1)
                                  Log Likelihood
     Model:
                                                         -11192.925
     Method:
                            css-mle S.D. of innovations
                                                             42.767
     Date:
                     Tue, 17 Nov 2020 AIC
                                                          22393.851
     Time:
                           01:05:02 BIC
                                                          22416.568
                                   HQIC
     Sample:
                                                          22402.159
     ______
                                           P>|z|
                                                   [0.025
                                                             0.975]
                  coef
                        std err
               2.5691
                         0.570
                                 4.506
                                           0.000
                                                    1.452
                                                             3.687
     ar.L1.D.y
               0.9330
                         0.027
                                34.756
                                         0.000
                                                   0.880
                                                             0.986
    ma.L1.D.y -0.9587
                                -45.615
                         0.021
                                          0.000
                                                   -1.000
                                                            -0.917
                                Roots
     _____
                                    _____
                  Real
                             Imaginary
                                             Modulus
                                                        Frequency
     ______
     AR.1
                             +0.0000j
                 1.0718
                                             1.0718
                                                            0.0000
                              +0.0000j
                 1.0431
                                              1.0431
[289]: #understand residual
     residuals = pd.DataFrame(result_arima.resid)
[290]: plot_acf(residuals, lags=36, ax=axes[0])
     plot_pacf(residuals, lags=36, ax=axes[1])
```

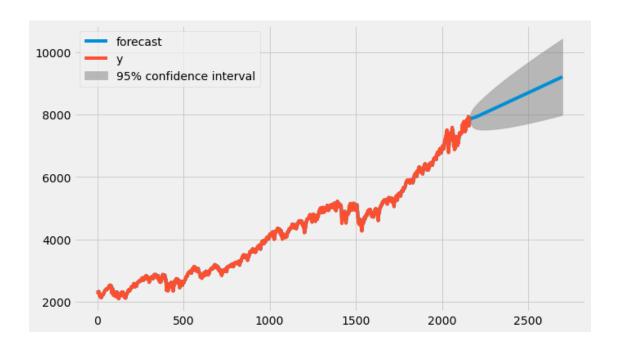


[291]: residuals.plot(kind='kde')

[291]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e3aac3290>



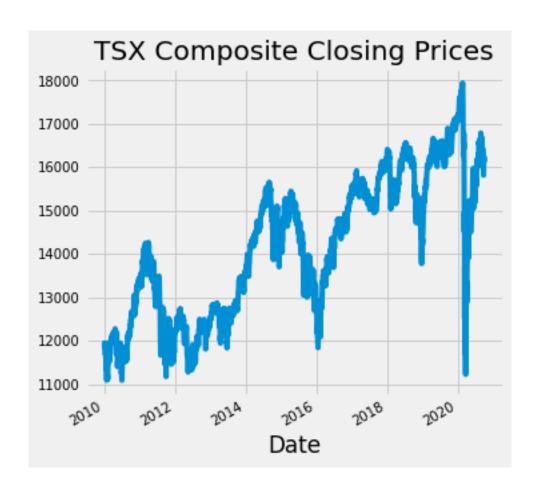
[292]: result_arima.plot_predict(1,2700);



```
[301]: prediction = result_arima.predict(len(df)-200,len(df)-1)
[302]: from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import rmse
       #RMSE for ARIMA Model
       err_ARIMA = rmse(x_test.data['Close'], np.append(x_train.data.iloc[-1,:
       →]['Close'], prediction).cumsum()[1:])
       print('RMSE with ARIMA', err_ARIMA)
      RMSE with ARIMA 889.678717079625
 []:
 []:
       #same analysis for TSX price
[305]: #upload TSX price
       df=pd.read_csv("GSPTSE_v1.csv", sep=",")
[309]: #understand the data and covert date format
       from datetime import datetime
       con=df['Date']
       df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
       df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
       #check datatype of index
       df.index
[309]: DatetimeIndex(['2010-01-04', '2010-01-05', '2010-01-06', '2010-01-07',
                      '2010-01-08', '2010-01-11', '2010-01-12', '2010-01-13',
```

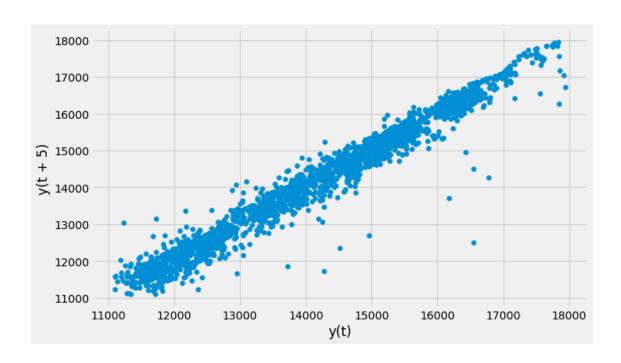
```
'2010-01-14', '2010-01-15',
                      '2020-09-17', '2020-09-18', '2020-09-21', '2020-09-22',
                      '2020-09-23', '2020-09-24', '2020-09-25', '2020-09-28',
                      '2020-09-29', '2020-09-30'],
                     dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='Date', length=2697, freq=None)
[310]: df['year'] = df.index.year
       df['month'] = df.index.month
       df['day'] = df.index.day
[311]: df.head()
[311]:
                        Close year month day
      Date
      2010-01-04 11866.90039 2010
                                              4
                                         1
       2010-01-05 11888.09961 2010
                                              5
                                         1
       2010-01-06 11944.50000 2010
                                         1
                                              6
       2010-01-07 11887.50000 2010
                                              7
       2010-01-08 11953.79981 2010
                                         1
[312]: #plot TSX trend
       temp=df.groupby(['Date'])['Close'].mean()
       temp.plot(figsize=(5,5), title= 'TSX Composite Closing Prices', fontsize=10)
```

[312]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e5a0896d0>



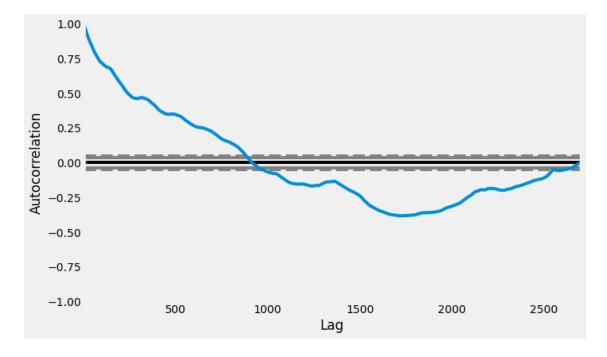
```
[307]: #lag plot
from pandas.plotting import lag_plot
lag_plot(df['Close'],lag=5)
#a linear plot also indicates non random dataset
```

[307]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e34de1410>



[313]: from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot autocorrelation_plot(df['Close'])
#autocorrelation suggests arima might be a good model

[313]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e5a0b2210>



```
[314]: #original data shows as not stationary due to high p level
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
result = adfuller(df.Close.dropna())
print(f"ADF Statstic: {result[0]}")
print(f"p-value:{result[1]}")
```

ADF Statstic: -2.1272017170757755 p-value:0.23371823999228158

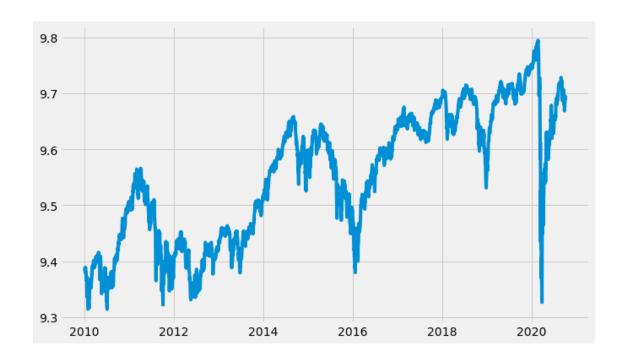
```
[315]: #decompose data
import statsmodels.api as sm
res = sm.tsa.seasonal_decompose(df['Close'],model= 'addictive',period = 365)
resplot = res.plot()
#upward trend
```



```
[317]: def plot_df(df,x,y,title= "", xlabel = "Date", ylabel='Value',dpi=50):
    plt.plot(x,y)
    plt.show()
[318]: #apply log transformation to stablize data
```

plt.plot(df.apply(np.log)['Close'])

[318]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f9e376e20d0>]

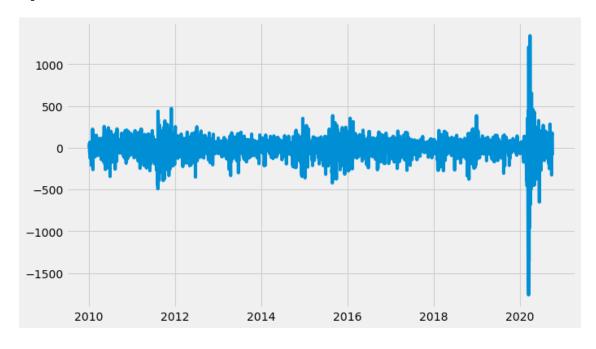


[319]: #To covert data into stationary dataset, first differencing has to be applied.

With first differencing, empty field needs to be filled as 0.

plt.plot(df['Close'].diff(1).fillna(0))

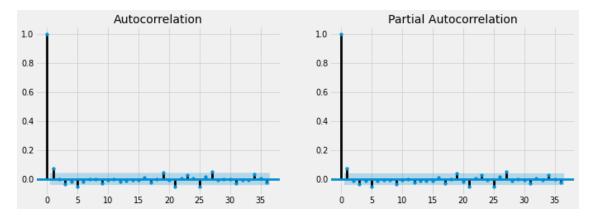
[319]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f9e5af03e10>]



```
[320]: #confirm stationarity
      from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
      result = adfuller(np.log(df['Close']).diff(1).fillna(0))
      print(f"ADF Statstic: {result[0]}")
      print(f"p-value:{result[1]}")
      ADF Statstic: -10.92108896454532
      p-value:1.037610106877016e-19
[321]: df_st= df.diff(1).fillna(0)
[322]: #understand the structure of the stationary dataset
      df_st.head()
[322]:
                     Close year month day
      Date
      2010-01-04 0.00000 0.0
                                    0.0 0.0
      2010-01-05 21.19922
                             0.0
                                    0.0 1.0
      2010-01-06 56.40039 0.0
                                    0.0 1.0
      2010-01-07 -57.00000 0.0
                                    0.0 1.0
      2010-01-08 66.29981 0.0
                                    0.0 1.0
[323]: | #With transformation to maintain stationarity, we need to be model back to the
       →original dataset in order to predict stock price.
      df revert=df st.copy()
      df_revert=df_revert.cumsum()
[331]: df_revert.iloc[0,:]=df.iloc[0,:]
      df_revert = df_revert.cumsum()
[332]: #define data
      class TimeSeriesData():
          def __init__(self, df):
              self.data = df
               self.stationary = self.stationarize(df)
               self.revert = self.revert(self.stationary, self.data)
          def revert(self, st, org):
              x = st.copy()
              x.iloc[0,:] = org.iloc[0,:]
              return x.cumsum()
          def stationarize(self, data):
              return data.diff(1).fillna(0)
[352]: #split dataset
      x_train = TimeSeriesData(df[:int((len(df)*0.85))])
```

```
x_test = TimeSeriesData(df[int((len(df)*0.85)):])
```

[353]: #plot ACF and PACF for the stationary dataset from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(15,5), dpi= 50) plot_acf(x_train.stationary['Close'].values.tolist(), lags=36,ax=axes[0]); plot_pacf(x_train.stationary['Close'].values.tolist(), lags=36,ax=axes[1]);



```
[354]: #using auto_arima to aquire p and q value with min AIC.

from pmdarima import auto_arima

model = auto_arima(x_train.data['Close'], trace=True, error_action='ignore',

⇒suppress_warnings=True)

model.fit(x_train.data['Close'])
```

```
Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
```

```
ARIMA(2,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27707.940, Time=1.57 sec
                                   : AIC=27722.152, Time=0.06 sec
ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27711.070, Time=0.12 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27711.001, Time=0.16 sec
                                   : AIC=27720.872, Time=0.03 sec
ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,0,0)[0]
                                   : AIC=27714.994, Time=0.27 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27707.115, Time=1.64 sec
ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27712.993, Time=0.16 sec
                                   : AIC=27712.917, Time=0.19 sec
ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
ARIMA(3,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27707.866, Time=1.87 sec
                                   : AIC=27712.282, Time=0.26 sec
ARIMA(3,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
                                   : AIC=27708.220, Time=2.53 sec
ARIMA(3,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] intercept
ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,0,0)[0]
                                   : AIC=27706.090, Time=0.50 sec
ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,0,0)[0]
                                   : AIC=27711.613, Time=0.21 sec
ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,0,0)[0]
                                   : AIC=27711.544, Time=0.08 sec
                                   : AIC=27706.835, Time=0.48 sec
ARIMA(3,1,1)(0,0,0)[0]
ARIMA(2,1,2)(0,0,0)[0]
                                   : AIC=27706.903, Time=0.53 sec
                                   : AIC=27709.688, Time=0.05 sec
ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,0,0)[0]
```

ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] : AIC=27713.616, Time=0.11 sec ARIMA(3,1,0)(0,0,0)[0] : AIC=27710.951, Time=0.10 sec ARIMA(3,1,2)(0,0,0)[0] : AIC=27707.194, Time=0.85 sec

Best model: ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,0,0)[0] Total fit time: 11.772 seconds

[354]: ARIMA(maxiter=50, method='lbfgs', order=(2, 1, 1), out_of_sample_size=0, scoring='mse', scoring_args={}, seasonal_order=(0, 0, 0, 0), start_params=None, suppress_warnings=True, trend=None, with intercept=False)

[355]: model_arima = ARIMA(x_train.data['Close'].values, order=(2,1,1))

[356]: result_arima = model_arima.fit(disp=-1)

[357]: print(result_arima.summary())

ARIMA Model Results

-----Dep. Variable: D.v No. Observations: 2291 Model: ARIMA(2, 1, 1) Log Likelihood -13848.621 Method: css-mle S.D. of innovations 102.089 Date: Tue, 17 Nov 2020 AIC 27707.242 01:20:14 BIC Time: 27735.926 Sample: HQIC 27717.702

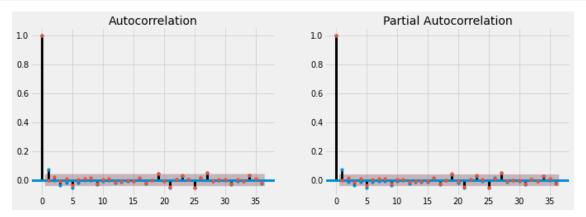
coef std err [0.025 const 1.7918 1.819 0.985 0.325 -1.7735.357 ar.L1.D.y 0.058 0.000 0.9619 16.567 0.848 1.076 ar.L2.D.y -0.0939 0.021 -4.491 0.000 -0.135 -0.053 ma.L1.D.y -0.8876 0.055 -16.1790.000 -0.995 -0.780Roots

Frequency
0.0000
0.0000
0.0000

[358]: #understand residual residuals = pd.DataFrame(result_arima.resid)

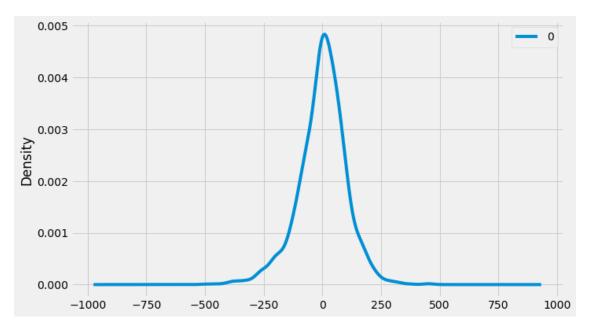
```
[359]: plot_acf(residuals, lags=36, ax=axes[0]) plot_pacf(residuals, lags=36, ax=axes[1])
```

[359]:

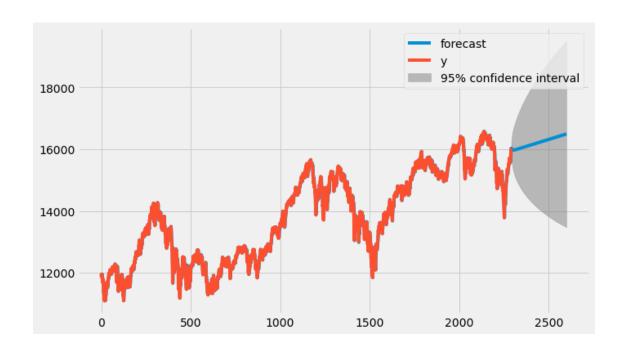


[360]: residuals.plot(kind='kde')

[360]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9e5a422ed0>



[364]: result_arima.plot_predict(1,2600);



```
[366]: from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import rmse
       #RMSE for ARIMA Model
       err_ARIMA = rmse(x_test.data['Close'], np.append(x_train.data.iloc[-1,:
       →]['Close'], prediction).cumsum()[1:])
       print('RMSE with ARIMA', err ARIMA)
      RMSE with ARIMA 1145.9902860642562
 []:
 []:
       #using LSTM to predict stock price
[44]: pip install tensorflow
      Collecting tensorflow
        Using cached tensorflow-2.3.1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux2010_x86_64.whl (320.4 MB)
      Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.12.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from tensorflow) (1.14.0)
      Collecting grpcio>=1.8.6
        Using cached grpcio-1.33.2-cp37-cp37m-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (3.8 MB)
      Collecting google-pasta>=0.1.8
        Using cached google_pasta-0.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (57 kB)
      Collecting astunparse==1.6.3
```

[365]: prediction = result_arima.predict(len(df)-208,len(df)-1)

```
Using cached astunparse-1.6.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: h5py<2.11.0,>=2.10.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from tensorflow) (2.10.0)
Collecting keras-preprocessing<1.2,>=1.1.1
 Using cached Keras Preprocessing-1.1.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (42 kB)
Collecting tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0
  Using cached tensorboard-2.4.0-py3-none-any.whl (10.6 MB)
Collecting tensorflow-estimator<2.4.0,>=2.3.0
 Using cached tensorflow_estimator-2.3.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (459 kB)
Collecting opt-einsum>=2.3.2
  Using cached opt_einsum-3.3.0-py3-none-any.whl (65 kB)
Collecting absl-py>=0.7.0
 Using cached absl_py-0.11.0-py3-none-any.whl (127 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<1.19.0,>=1.16.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from tensorflow) (1.18.4)
Processing ./.cache/pip/wheels/3f/e3/ec/8a8336ff196023622fbcb36de0c5a5c218cbb241
11d1d4c7f2/termcolor-1.1.0-py3-none-any.whl
Requirement already satisfied: wheel>=0.26 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from tensorflow) (0.34.2)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf>=3.9.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from tensorflow) (3.11.4)
Processing ./.cache/pip/wheels/62/76/4c/aa25851149f3f6d9785f6c869387ad82b3fd3758
2fa8147ac6/wrapt-1.12.1-cp37-cp37m-linux_x86_64.whl
Collecting gast==0.3.3
 Using cached gast-0.3.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (9.7 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.21.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow)
(2.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=41.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow)
(46.1.3.post20200325)
Collecting werkzeug>=0.11.15
  Using cached Werkzeug-1.0.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (298 kB)
Collecting markdown>=2.6.8
 Using cached Markdown-3.3.3-py3-none-any.whl (96 kB)
Collecting tensorboard-plugin-wit>=1.6.0
 Using cached tensorboard plugin wit-1.7.0-py3-none-any.whl (779 kB)
Collecting google-auth-oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1
 Using cached google_auth_oauthlib-0.4.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (18 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: google-auth<2,>=1.6.3 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow)
(1.16.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (2.9)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (1.25.9)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
```

```
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (2020.4.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata; python_version < "3.8" in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (1.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from google-auth-
oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (1.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from google-
auth<2,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (0.2.8)
Requirement already satisfied: rsa<4.1,>=3.1.4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from google-auth<2,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<5.0,>=2.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from google-
auth<2,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (4.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from importlib-metadata; python version <</pre>
"3.8"->markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib>=3.0.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0->google-auth-
oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (3.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1->google-
auth<2,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<3,>=2.3.0->tensorflow) (0.4.8)
Installing collected packages: grpcio, google-pasta, astunparse, keras-
preprocessing, absl-py, werkzeug, markdown, tensorboard-plugin-wit, google-auth-
oauthlib, tensorboard, tensorflow-estimator, opt-einsum, termcolor, wrapt, gast,
tensorflow
Successfully installed absl-py-0.11.0 astunparse-1.6.3 gast-0.3.3 google-auth-
oauthlib-0.4.2 google-pasta-0.2.0 grpcio-1.33.2 keras-preprocessing-1.1.2
markdown-3.3.3 opt-einsum-3.3.0 tensorboard-2.4.0 tensorboard-plugin-wit-1.7.0
tensorflow-2.3.1 tensorflow-estimator-2.3.0 termcolor-1.1.0 werkzeug-1.0.1
wrapt-1.12.1
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

[45]: pip install keras

Collecting keras

Using cached Keras-2.4.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (36 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.14 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from keras) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.9.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from keras) (1.18.4)
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages

```
(from keras) (2.10.0)
      Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
      (from keras) (5.3.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
      (from h5py->keras) (1.14.0)
      Installing collected packages: keras
      Successfully installed keras-2.4.3
      Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[46]: pip install pandas-datareader
      Requirement already satisfied: pandas-datareader in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.9.0)
      Requirement already satisfied: lxml in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
      (from pandas-datareader) (4.5.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.19.0 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas-datareader) (2.23.0)
      Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.23 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from pandas-datareader) (1.0.3)
      Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->pandas-
      datareader) (2020.4.5.2)
      Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->pandas-
      datareader) (1.25.9)
      Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->pandas-
      datareader) (3.0.4)
      Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from requests>=2.19.0->pandas-datareader) (2.9)
      Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.6.1 in
      /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.23->pandas-datareader)
      (2.8.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from pandas>=0.23->pandas-datareader) (2020.1)
      Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.13.3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from pandas>=0.23->pandas-datareader) (1.18.4)
      Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
      packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas>=0.23->pandas-datareader) (1.14.0)
      Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[380]: from pandas_datareader import data
      import datetime as dt
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      from sklearn import model_selection
      from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
```

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
       from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
       from keras.models import Sequential
       from keras.layers import Dense
       from keras.layers import LSTM
       from keras.layers import Dropout
[449]: #similar to before, upload NASDAQ data
       df=pd.read_csv("IXIC_v1.csv", sep=",")
       from datetime import datetime
       con=df['Date']
       df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
       df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
       test = df[2164:]
       train = df[:2163]
[450]: df['Date'] = df.index
       data2 = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Date', 'Close'])
       data2['Date'] = df['Date']
       data2['Close'] = df['Close']
[451]: #scale and reshape data
       train_set = data2.iloc[:, 1:2].values
       sc = MinMaxScaler(feature_range = (0, 1))
       training_set_scaled = sc.fit_transform(train_set)
       X train = []
       y_train = []
       for i in range(60, 2600):
           X_train.append(training_set_scaled[i-60:i, 0])
           y_train.append(training_set_scaled[i, 0])
       X_train, y_train = np.array(X_train), np.array(y_train)
       X_train = np.reshape(X_train, (X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1))
[452]: #add layers
       regressor = Sequential()
       regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return sequences = True, input_shape = (X_train.
       \rightarrowshape[1], 1)))
       regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
       regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return sequences = True))
       regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
       regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return_sequences = True))
       regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
       regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50))
       regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
       regressor.add(Dense(units = 1))
```

[453]: #add optimizer and build model regressor.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'mean_squared_error') regressor.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs = 30, batch_size = 30)

```
Epoch 1/30
85/85 [============ ] - 13s 154ms/step - loss: 0.0071
Epoch 2/30
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
85/85 [============== ] - 13s 151ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
Epoch 13/30
Epoch 14/30
85/85 [============ ] - 12s 137ms/step - loss: 9.2474e-04
Epoch 15/30
85/85 [============ ] - 12s 136ms/step - loss: 7.9696e-04
Epoch 16/30
85/85 [============ ] - 12s 136ms/step - loss: 7.9756e-04
Epoch 17/30
Epoch 18/30
Epoch 19/30
Epoch 20/30
85/85 [============ ] - 12s 136ms/step - loss: 7.3629e-04
Epoch 21/30
Epoch 22/30
```

```
Epoch 23/30
    Epoch 24/30
    Epoch 25/30
    Epoch 26/30
    Epoch 27/30
    Epoch 28/30
    Epoch 29/30
    Epoch 30/30
    [453]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f9de2d63510>
[454]: #train the model
    testdataframe= test
    testdataframe['Date'] = testdataframe.index
    testdata = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Date', 'Close'])
    testdata['Date'] = testdataframe['Date']
    testdata['Close'] = testdataframe['Close']
    real_stock_price = testdata.iloc[:, 1:2].values
    dataset_total = pd.concat((data2['Close'], testdata['Close']), axis = 0)
    inputs = dataset_total[len(dataset_total) - len(testdata) - 60:].values
    inputs = inputs.reshape(-1,1)
    inputs = sc.transform(inputs)
    X_{test} = []
    for i in range(60, 601):
       X_test.append(inputs[i-60:i, 0])
    X_test = np.array(X_test)
    X_test = np.reshape(X_test, (X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1))
[455]: predicted_stock_price = regressor.predict(X_test)
    predicted_stock_price = sc.inverse_transform(predicted_stock_price)
[456]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
    plt.plot(real_stock_price, color = 'green', label = 'NASDAQ Stock Price')
    plt.plot(predicted_stock_price, color = 'red', label = 'Predicted NASDAQ Stock_
     →Price')
    plt.title('NASDAQ Stock Price Prediction')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('NASDAQ Stock Price')
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
NASDAQ Stock Price Prediction

NASDAQ Stock Price Predicted NASDAQ Stock Price

11000

9000

8000

0 100 200 Date
```

```
[457]: rmse_predict= np.reshape(predicted_stock_price,541)
[458]: test["Close"].values.shape
[458]: (541,)
[459]: rmse_predict.shape
[459]: (541,)
[460]: #RMSE for LSTM Model
       err_LSTM = rmse(test["Close"].values, rmse_predict)
       print('RMSE with LSTM', err_LSTM)
      RMSE with LSTM 391.79083600796884
[405]: #repeat the same process for TSX
       df=pd.read_csv("GSPTSE_v1.csv", sep=",")
       from datetime import datetime
       con=df['Date']
       df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
       df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
       test = df[2164:]
       train = df[:2163]
```

```
[406]: df['Date'] = df.index
     data2 = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Date', 'Close'])
     data2['Date'] = df['Date']
     data2['Close'] = df['Close']
[407]: train_set = data2.iloc[:, 1:2].values
     sc = MinMaxScaler(feature_range = (0, 1))
     training_set_scaled = sc.fit_transform(train_set)
     X_train = []
     y_train = []
     for i in range(60, 2600):
        X_train.append(training_set_scaled[i-60:i, 0])
        y_train.append(training_set_scaled[i, 0])
     X_train, y_train = np.array(X_train), np.array(y_train)
     X_train = np.reshape(X_train, (X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1))
[408]: regressor = Sequential()
     regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return_sequences = True, input_shape = (X_train.
     \rightarrowshape[1], 1)))
     regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
     regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return sequences = True))
     regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
     regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50, return_sequences = True))
     regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
     regressor.add(LSTM(units = 50))
     regressor.add(Dropout(0.2))
     regressor.add(Dense(units = 1))
[417]: regressor.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'mean_squared_error')
     regressor.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs = 80, batch_size = 32)
    Epoch 1/80
    Epoch 2/80
    80/80 [============ ] - 13s 163ms/step - loss: 0.0013
    Epoch 3/80
    Epoch 4/80
    80/80 [============ ] - 13s 158ms/step - loss: 0.0011
    Epoch 5/80
    Epoch 6/80
    Epoch 7/80
    Epoch 8/80
```

```
Epoch 9/80
80/80 [============ ] - 13s 156ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 10/80
80/80 [============ ] - 13s 162ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 11/80
Epoch 12/80
Epoch 13/80
Epoch 14/80
Epoch 15/80
80/80 [============== ] - 11s 133ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 16/80
Epoch 17/80
80/80 [=========== ] - 11s 133ms/step - loss: 0.0010
Epoch 18/80
Epoch 19/80
80/80 [============== ] - 11s 133ms/step - loss: 0.0010
Epoch 20/80
Epoch 21/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 134ms/step - loss: 0.0010
Epoch 22/80
Epoch 23/80
80/80 [============= ] - 11s 136ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 24/80
Epoch 25/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 132ms/step - loss: 9.5185e-04
Epoch 26/80
Epoch 27/80
Epoch 28/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 133ms/step - loss: 9.2821e-04
Epoch 29/80
80/80 [=========== ] - 11s 133ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 30/80
Epoch 31/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 134ms/step - loss: 9.9202e-04
Epoch 32/80
```

```
Epoch 33/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 132ms/step - loss: 9.0084e-04
Epoch 34/80
Epoch 35/80
Epoch 36/80
Epoch 37/80
Epoch 38/80
Epoch 39/80
Epoch 40/80
Epoch 41/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 132ms/step - loss: 8.8781e-04
Epoch 42/80
Epoch 43/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 132ms/step - loss: 9.3241e-04
Epoch 44/80
Epoch 45/80
80/80 [============ ] - 10s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 46/80
Epoch 47/80
Epoch 48/80
80/80 [=========== ] - 11s 132ms/step - loss: 9.4199e-04
Epoch 49/80
Epoch 50/80
Epoch 51/80
Epoch 52/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 142ms/step - loss: 9.3281e-04
Epoch 53/80
Epoch 54/80
Epoch 55/80
Epoch 56/80
```

```
Epoch 57/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 136ms/step - loss: 8.7430e-04
Epoch 58/80
Epoch 59/80
Epoch 60/80
Epoch 61/80
Epoch 62/80
Epoch 63/80
Epoch 64/80
Epoch 65/80
80/80 [=========== ] - 11s 138ms/step - loss: 9.1322e-04
Epoch 66/80
Epoch 67/80
Epoch 68/80
Epoch 69/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 141ms/step - loss: 8.3027e-04
Epoch 70/80
Epoch 71/80
Epoch 72/80
80/80 [=========== ] - 11s 140ms/step - loss: 7.9310e-04
Epoch 73/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 143ms/step - loss: 8.0419e-04
Epoch 74/80
Epoch 75/80
Epoch 76/80
80/80 [============ ] - 11s 138ms/step - loss: 8.1471e-04
Epoch 77/80
Epoch 78/80
Epoch 79/80
Epoch 80/80
```

```
[417]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f9e06503190>
```

```
[418]: testdataframe= test
    testdataframe['Date'] = testdataframe.index
    testdata = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Date','Close'])
    testdata['Date'] = testdataframe['Date']
    testdata['Close'] = testdataframe['Close']
    real_stock_price = testdata.iloc[:, 1:2].values
    dataset_total = pd.concat((data2['Close'], testdata['Close']), axis = 0)
    inputs = dataset_total[len(dataset_total) - len(testdata) - 60:].values
    inputs = inputs.reshape(-1,1)
    inputs = sc.transform(inputs)
    X_test = []
    for i in range(60, 593):
        X_test.append(inputs[i-60:i, 0])
    X_test = np.array(X_test)
    X_test = np.reshape(X_test, (X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1))
```

```
[419]: predicted_stock_price = regressor.predict(X_test) predicted_stock_price = sc.inverse_transform(predicted_stock_price)
```



```
[421]: rmse_predict= np.reshape(predicted_stock_price,533)

[422]: test["Close"].values.shape

[422]: (533,)

[423]: rmse_predict.shape

[423]: (533,)

[424]: #RMSE for LSTM Model
err_LSTM = rmse(test["Close"].values, rmse_predict)
print('RMSE with LSTM', err_LSTM)

RMSE with LSTM 199.6917074408309

[ ]:
```