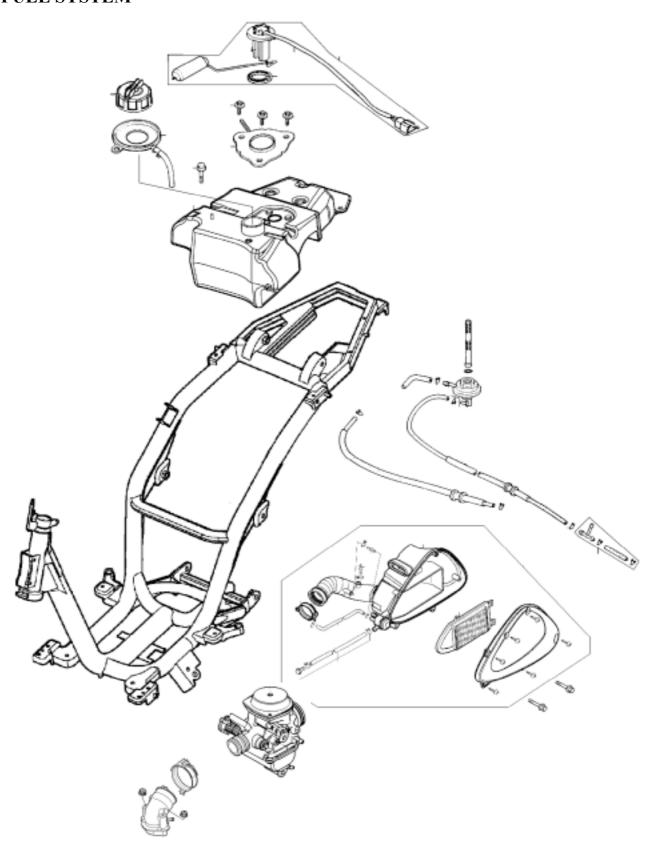
5

# **FUEL SYSTEM**

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# **FUEL SYSTEM**





#### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

\*

Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.

- Do not bend or twist control cables. Damaged control cables will not operate smoothly.
- When disassembling fuel system parts, note the locations of O-rings. Replace them with new ones during assembly.
- Before float chamber disassembly, loosen the drain screw to drain the residual gasoline into a clean container.
- After the carburetor is removed, plug the intake manifold side with a clean towel to prevent foreign matters from entering.
- Remove the vacuum diaphragm before cleaning the carburetor air and fuel passages with compressed air to avoid damaging the vacuum diaphragm.
- When the motorcycle is not used for over one month, drain the residual gasoline from the float chamber to avoid erratic idling and clogged slow jet due to deteriorated fuel.
- The pilot screw is factory pre-set and no adjustment is necessary. During carburetor disassembly, note the number of turns of the pilot screw and use as a reference when reinstalling it.
- A tachometer must be used when adjusting the engine speed.
- Turn the pilot screw in or out slowly to obtain the highest engine speed.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Itaan	125 cc	150 cc
Item	Item Standard	Standard
Venturi dia. (mm)	22.1	22.1
Identification number	VE052A	VE054A
Float level (mm)	17.5	17.5
Main jet	#108	#110
Slow jet	#35	#35
Idle speed	1700±100rpm	1700±100rpm
Throttle grip free play	2_ 6mm	2_ 6mm
Pilot screw opening	3 3/8	2 1/2

#### **SPECIAL TOOL**

Float level gauge



#### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine is hard to start

- No spark at plug
- Compression too low
- No fuel to carburetor
  - Clogged fuel filter
  - ☐Restricted fuel line
  - ☐Faulty float valve
  - ☐Incorrectly adjusted float level
- Engine flooded with fuel
- Clogged air cleaner
- ☐Fuel overflowing
- Intake air leak
- Contaminated fuel
- Faulty auto bystarter
- Clogged idle system or auto bystarter passages

#### Rich mixture

- Faulty auto bystarter
- Faulty float valve
- Float level too high
- Clogged air jets
- Dirty air cleaner
- Flooded carburetor

#### **Backfiring at deceleration**

- Faulty air cut-off valve
- Lean mixture in idle system

#### Misfiring during acceleration

- Faulty ignition system
- Lean mixture

#### Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly

- Clogged fuel system
- Ignition malfunction
- Rich or lean mixture
- Contaminated fuel
- Intake air leak
- Incorrect idle speed
- Incorrectly adjusted pilot screw
- Clogged idle system or auto bystarter passages
- Incorrectly adjusted float level

#### Lean mixture

- Clogged fuel jets
- Faulty float valve
- Float level too low
- Clogged fuel system
- Intake air leak
- Faulty vacuum piston
- Faulty throttle



#### **CARBURETOR REMOVAL**

Remove the frame body cover. (⇒2) Disconnect the auto bystarter wire connector.

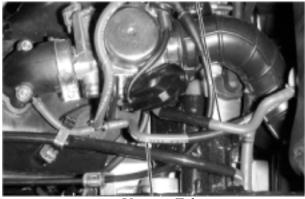
Auto Bystarter Wire



Loosen the drain screw and drain the fuel from the float chamber.

Disconnect the fuel tube and vacuum tube at the carburetor.

Fuel Tube



Vacuum Tube

Loosen the throttle cable adjusting nut and lock nut, and disconnect the throttle cable from the carburetor.

Loosen the carburetor intake manifold band and air cleaner connecting tube band screws and then remove the carburetor.

Lock Nut Adjusting Nut



Intake Manifold Air Cleaner Connecting
Band Tube Band Throttle Cable

# AUTO BYSTARTER OPERATION INSPECTION

Measure the resistance between the auto bystarter wire terminals.

**Resistance**: 5 \( \begin{array}{ccc} \max. & (10 \) minutes minimum after stopping the engine \)

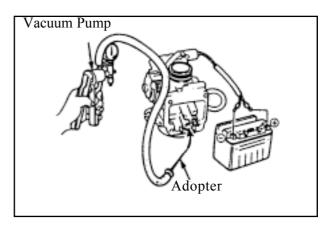
If the reading is not within the limit, replace the auto bystarter with a new one.





Connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit of the carburetor. Connect the auto bystarter yellow wire to the positive (+) terminal of a battery and green wire to the negative (-) terminal. Wait 5 minutes and blow the hose with mouth or vacuum pump. If the passage is blocked, the auto bystarter is normal.

Disconnect the auto bystarter from the battery. Wait 30 minutes and blow the hose with mouth or vacuum pump. If air can be blown into the hose, the auto bystarter is normal



#### **REMOVAL**

Remove the set plate screws and set plate. Remove the auto bystarter from the carburetor.



#### Screws

#### **AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION**

Check the auto bystarter valve and needle for nicks, wear or damage.

If any faulty part is found, replace the auto bystarter as a set.

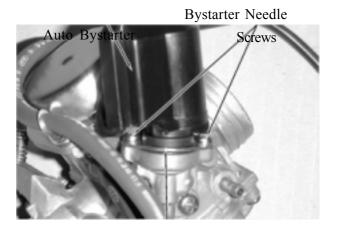


#### **INSTALLATION**

Insert the auto bystarter into the carburetor body until it bottoms.

Position the set plate into the groove in the auto bystarter and tighten the screws.

- \*
- Be sure to install the auto bystarter and set plate properly.
- Install the set plate with its bottom face facing down.



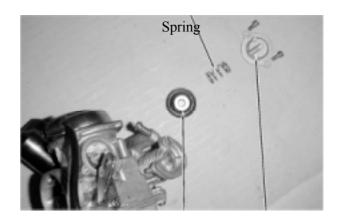
Set Plate

### AIR CUT-OFF VALVE

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Disconnect the vacuum tube from the air cutoff valve

Remove the two screws to remove the air cutoff valve cover, spring and vacuum diaphragm.

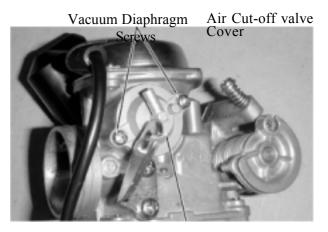


#### **ASSEMBLY**

Install the vacuum diaphragm onto the carburetor.

Install the spring and air cut-off valve cover and then tighten the two screws.

- \*
- Be sure to set the vacuum diaphragm lip into the groove on the carburetor.
- When installing the air cut-off valve cover, make sure that the vacuum diaphragm is properly installed.



Air Cut-off valve Cover

# VACUUM CHAMBER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two vacuum chamber cover screws and the cover.



Remove the spring and vacuum diaphragm/ piston.





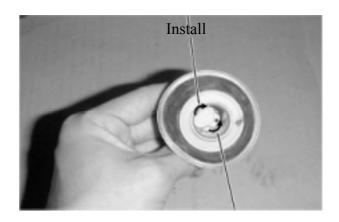
Vacuum Diaphragm/Piston

Push the needle holder in and turn it left to remove the needle holder.

Remove the spring and jet needle from the piston.

\*

Be careful not to damage the vacuum diaphragm.



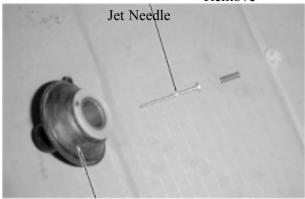
Remove

#### **INSPECTION**

Inspect the needle for stepped wear.

Inspect the vacuum piston for wear or damage.

Inspect the diaphragm for deterioration and tears.



#### **ASSEMBLY**

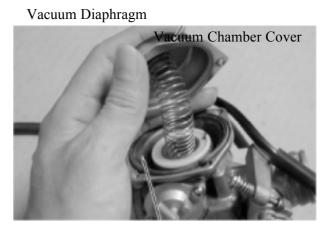
Install the vacuum piston/diaphragm in the carburetor body and align the tab on the diaphragm with the groove in the carburetor body.

Install the spring.

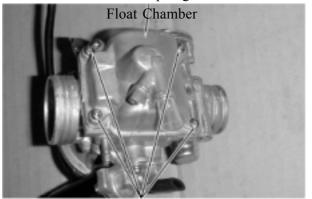
Install the vacuum chamber cover and tighten it with the two screws.



- Be careful not to damage the diaphragm.
- Hold the vacuum piston while tightening the vacuum chamber cover.



Vacuum Diaphragm

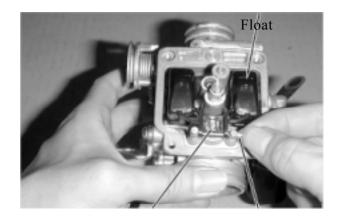


## FLOAT CHAMBER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the four float chamber screws and the float chamber

Screws

Remove the float pin, float and float valve.

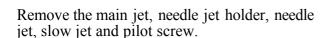


#### **INSPECTION**

Inspect the float valve and valve seat for damage or clogging.

Inspect the float valve and valve seat contact area for stepped wear or contamination.

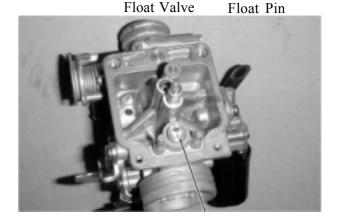
Worn or contaminated float valve and valve seat must be replaced because it will result in float level too high due to incomplete airtightness.



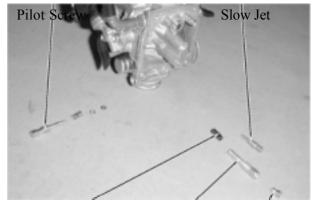
- Be careful not to damage the fuel jets and pilot screw.
  - Before removing, turn the pilot screw in and carefully count the number of turns until it seats lightly and then make a note of this.
  - Do not force the pilot screw against its seat to avoid seat damage.

Clean the removed fuel jets with detergent oil and blow them open with compressed air. Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body.

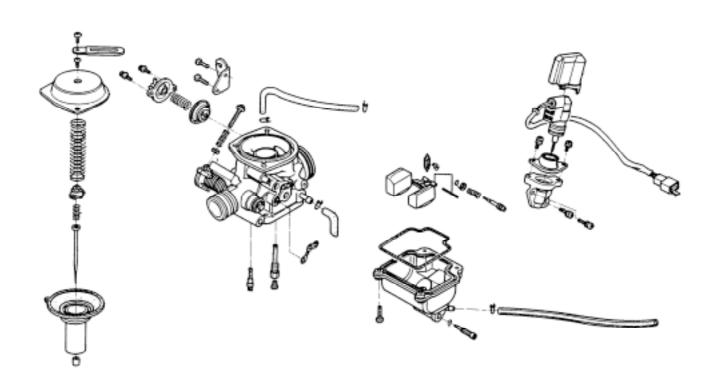
Also remove and clean the vacuum chamber and air cut-off valve.



Valve Seat





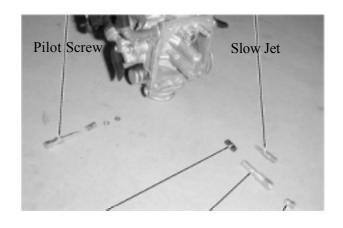


#### **ASSEMBLY**

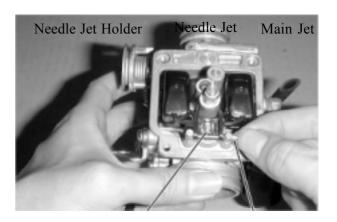
Install the slow jet, needle jet, needle jet holder, main jet and pilot screw.

Return the pilot screw to the original position as noted during removal.

**Standard Opening**: 3 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> turns



Install the float valve, float and float pin.





Float Valve Flo

Float Pin

#### FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

\*

- Check the operation of the float valve and float before float level inspection.
- Measure the float level by placing the float level gauge on the float chamber face parallel with the main jet.

Measure the float level.

Float Level: 18.5mm

Special

Float Level Gauge



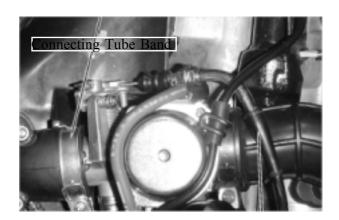
#### CARBURETOR INSTALLATION

Tighten the drain screw.

Install the carburetor onto the intake manifold, aligning the tab on the carburetor with the cutout in the intake manifold. Tighten the band screw.

Install the air cleaner connecting tube and tighten the band screw.

Connect the throttle cable to the throttle wheel on the carburetor.

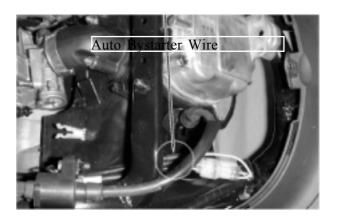


Connect the fuel tube and vacuum tube to the carburetor.



Connect the auto bystarter wire connector. Perform the following inspections and adjustments:

- -Throttle grip free play  $(\Rightarrow 3-3)$
- -Carburetor idle speed (⇒3-6)





## **FUEL TANK REMOVAL**

Remove the frame body cover. Disconnect the fuel unit wire connector.



Disconnect the fuel tube and vacuum tube at the auto fuel valve.

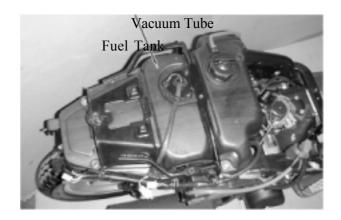


Remove the fuel tank frame mounting bolts and fuel tank frame.

Remove the four fuel tank mounting bolts and fuel tank.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Install the fuel tank in the reverse order of removal.

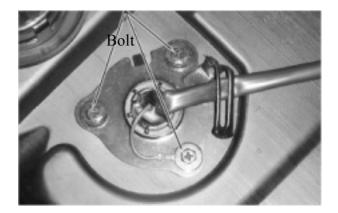


#### **FUEL UNIT**

Refer to Section 17 for the fuel unit inspection.

#### **REMOVAL**

Disconnect the fuel unit wire connector. Removal the three bolts on the fuel unit.



Do not bend the fuel unit float arm; otherwise, the fuel unit metering values

ill <del>be incorrect.</del>

Install the fuel unit.

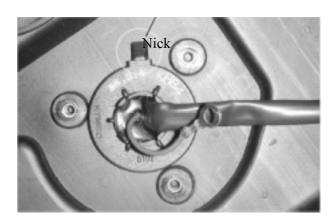
\*

Make sure that the nick on the retainer is aligned with the nick on the fuel tank.

Connect the fuel unit wire connector.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Inspect the fuel unit gasket for damage.



#### **AUTO FUEL VALVE**



#### No Smoking!



First clean the fuel tube.

Disconnect the fuel tube and vacuum tube from the carburetor.

Connect a vacuum pump to the vacuum tube and apply vacuum. Check if fuel flows out.

- The valve is operating normally if fuel flows out of the fuel tube when the vacuum is applied.
- The fuel shall stop flowing out when the vacuum pump is disconnected.

If the fuel valve does not operate normally, Check the vacuum diaphragm for poor installation or damage and inspect the fuel tube for clogging.



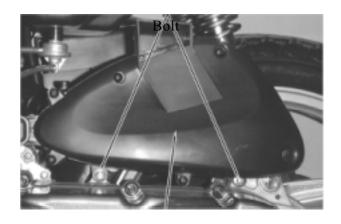


## **AIR CLEANER**

Loosen the air cleaner connecting tube band

Disconnect the transmission case breather tube from the air cleaner case.

Remove the two bolts and air cleaner case.



Air Cleaner Case

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

