Assignment Task 1.3.2

August 4, 2024

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[7]: import time
     from selenium import webdriver
     from selenium.webdriver.chrome.service import Service
     from selenium.webdriver.chrome.options import Options
     from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
     import pandas as pd
     # Correct path to the Chrome browser executable
     chrome_path = "C:\Program Files\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe"
     # Set up Selenium WebDriver for Chrome
     options = Options()
     options.binary_location = chrome_path
     # Correct path to the ChromeDriver executable
     driver_path = 'C:\\JN\\chromedriver.exe'
     # Initialize the Service object with the driver path
     service = Service(executable_path=driver_path)
     driver = webdriver.Chrome(service=service, options=options)
     # URL of the webpage containing the county names
     url = 'https://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/dataviz/household_debt/county/
      ⇔table/'
     # Fetching the webpage content using Selenium
     driver.get(url)
     time.sleep(5)
     # Get the page source and parse it with BeautifulSoup
     soup = BeautifulSoup(driver.page_source, 'html.parser')
     driver.quit()
     # Find the table containing the county names
     table = soup.find('table')
     # Check if the table is found
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if table is not None:
    print("Table found. Proceeding to extract data.")
    # Extract county names from the third column of the table
    county_names = []
    rows = table.find_all('tr')
    # Checking if rows are found
    if len(rows) > 1:
        print("Rows found in the table. Extracting county names.")
        for row in rows[1:]: # Skip the header row
            cols = row.find_all('td')
            # Ensuring there are enough columns in the row
            if len(cols) > 2:
                county_name = cols[2].text.strip()
                county_names.append(county_name)
            else:
                print("Row does not have enough columns. Skipping row.")
        # Converting to DataFrame
        county_df = pd.DataFrame(county_names, columns=['County Name'])
        # Display the number of county names extracted
        print(f"Number of county names extracted: {len(county names)}")
    else:
        print("No rows found in the table.")
else:
    print("Table not found on the webpage.")
# Load the existing CSV file
file_path = 'C:
 →\\Users\\THINKPAD\\Downloads\\household-debt-by-county\\household-debt-by-county.
⇔csv' # Backend Data
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
# Droping the 'quarter' column
df = df.drop(columns=['qtr'])
 \textit{\# Combine the 'Lower bound' and 'Upper bound' columns into a new column 'dti' } \\
df['dti'] = df['low'].astype(str) + '-' + df['high'].astype(str)
# Drop the original 'Lower bound' and 'Upper bound' columns
df = df.drop(columns=['low', 'high'])
# Display the number of rows in the dataset
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print(f"Number of rows in the dataset: {len(df)}")
     # Creating a mapping of unique counties to their names
    county_mapping = dict(enumerate(county_df['County Name']))
     # Calculating how many times each county should be repeated
    repeat_factor = len(df) // len(county_mapping)
     # Creating a new column 'County Name' in the original dataset
    df['County Name'] = df.index.map(lambda x: county_mapping[x %_
      →len(county mapping)])
     # Display some information
    print(f"Number of unique counties: {len(county_mapping)}")
    print(f"Number of rows per county: {repeat_factor}")
    # Save the merged data to a new CSV file
    output_path = 'C:\\JN\\dti_data_with_county_names.csv'
    df.to_csv(output_path, index=False)
    print(f"Data saved to {output_path}")
    print("Data extraction, merging, and formatting complete.")
    # to verify the result
    print(df.head())
    Table found. Proceeding to extract data.
    Rows found in the table. Extracting county names.
    Number of county names extracted: 3137
    Number of rows in the dataset: 313819
    Number of unique counties: 3137
    Number of rows per county: 100
    Data saved to C:\JN\dti_data_with_county_names.csv
    Data extraction, merging, and formatting complete.
       year area_fips
                              dti County Name
    0 1999
                  1001 1.82-2.15 Autauga, AL
    1 1999
                  1003 1.82-2.15 Baldwin, AL
    2 1999
                  1005 0.0-0.78 Barbour, AL
    3 1999
                  1007 2.61-3.43
                                      Bibb, AL
    4 1999
                  1009 1.82-2.15 Blount, AL
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