# R 언어 환경 설정

소프트웨어융합대학 김병정

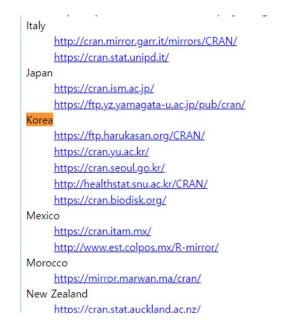
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#### R 다운로드 및 설치

- CRAN Site
- https://www.r-project.org/



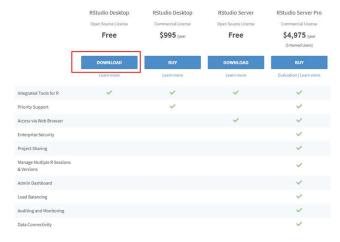


#### R-Studio 설치

https://rstudio.com/







#### RStudio Desktop 1.2.5033 - Release Notes

- 1. Install R. RStudio requires R 3.0.1+.
- 2. Download RStudio Desktop. Recommended for your system:





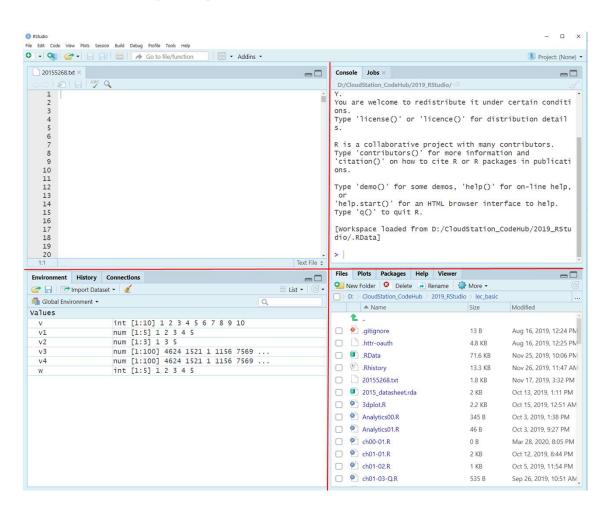
#### All Installers

Linux users may need to import RStudio's public code-signing key prior to installation, depending on the operating system's security policy.

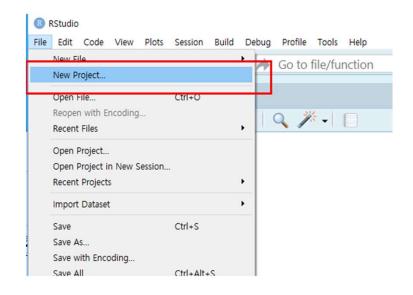
RStudio 1.2 requires a 64-bit operating system. If you are on a 32 bit system, you can use an older version of RStudio.

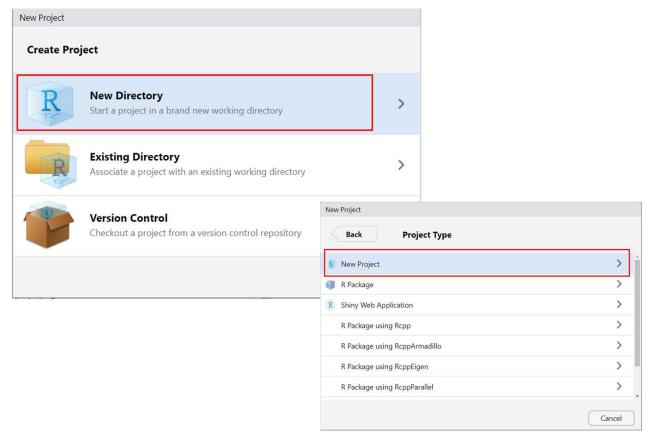
os	Download	Size	SHA-256
Windows 10/8/7	♣ RStudio-1.2.5033.exe	149.83 MB	7fd3bc1b
macOS 10.13+	♣ RStudio-1.2.5033.dmg	126.89 MB	b67c9875
Ubuntu 14/Debian 8	≛ rstudio-1.2.5033-amd64.deb	96,18 MB	89dc2e22
Ubuntu 16	≛ rstudio-1.2.5033-amd64.deb	104.14 MB	a1591ed7
Ubuntu 18/Debian 10	♣ rstudio-1.2.5033-amd64.deb	105.21 MB	08eaa295
Fedora 19/Red Hat 7	<b>≛</b> rstudio-1.2.5033-x86_64.rpm	120.23 MB	38c f 43c6
Fedora 28/Red Hat 8		120.87 MB	452bc0d0
Debian 9	≛ rstudio-1.2.5033-amd64.deb	105.45 MB	27c59722
SLES/OpenSUSE 12	<b>≛</b> rstudio-1.2.5033-x86_64.rpm	98.87 MB	9c1e200c
OpenSUSE 15	<b>≜</b> rstudio-1.2.5033-x86_64.rpm	106.91 MB	981d2258

#### R-Studio 초기화면

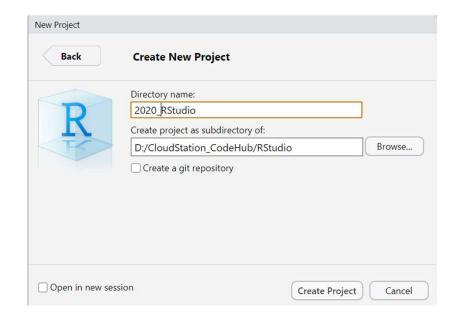


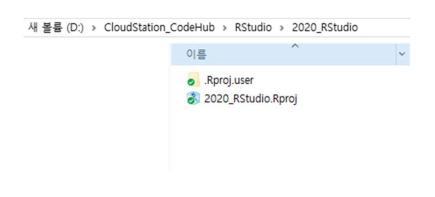
### 프로젝트 생성



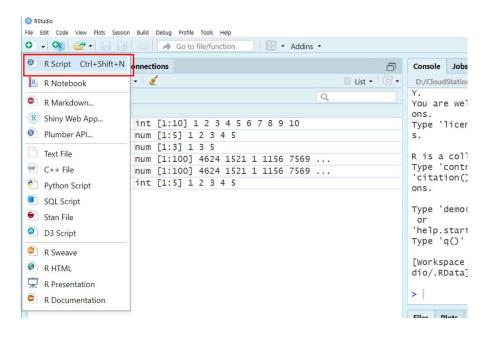


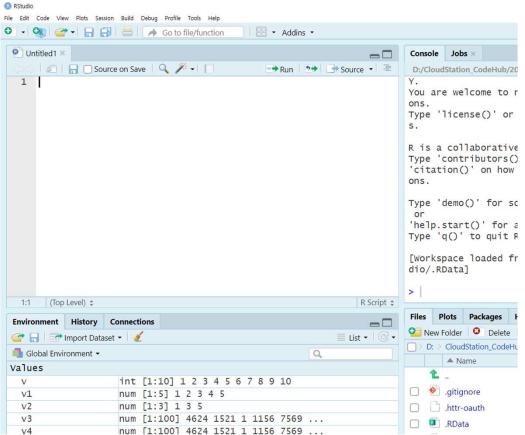
## 프로젝트 경로 생성



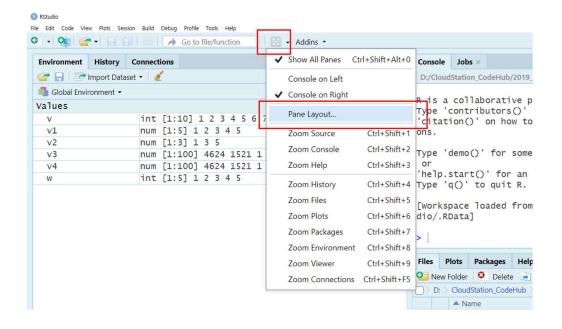


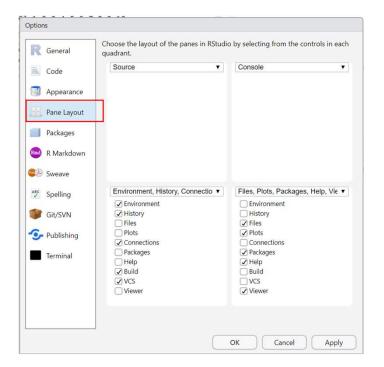
#### 스크립트 생성





# Option Layout 변경

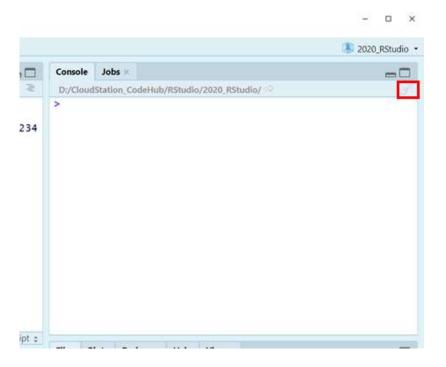




#### 콘솔 테스트

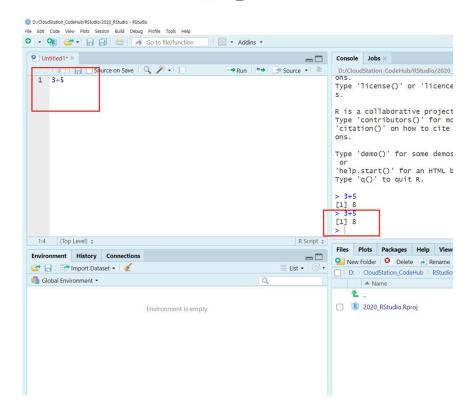
• Ctrl + L : 콘솔 지우기



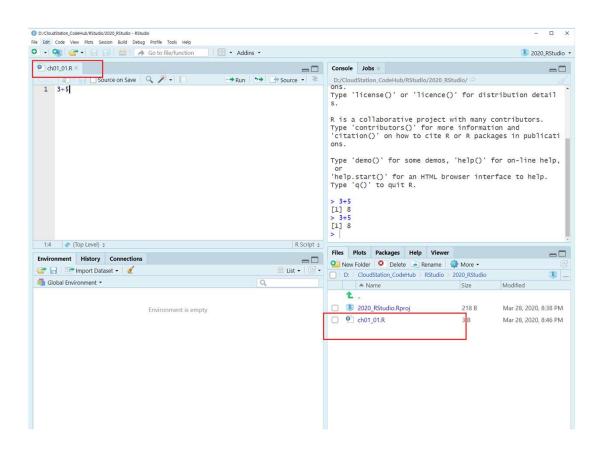


#### 스크립트 테스트

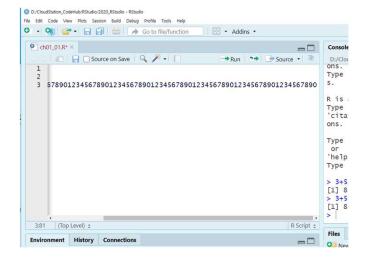
• Ctrl + Enter : 실행

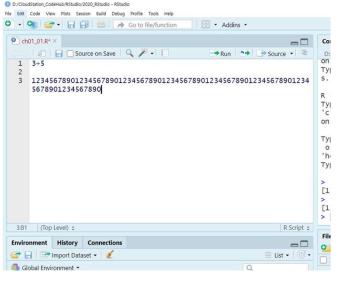


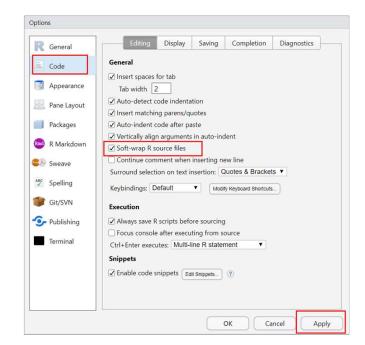
## 스크립트 저장확인



# Soft-wrap Option 설정

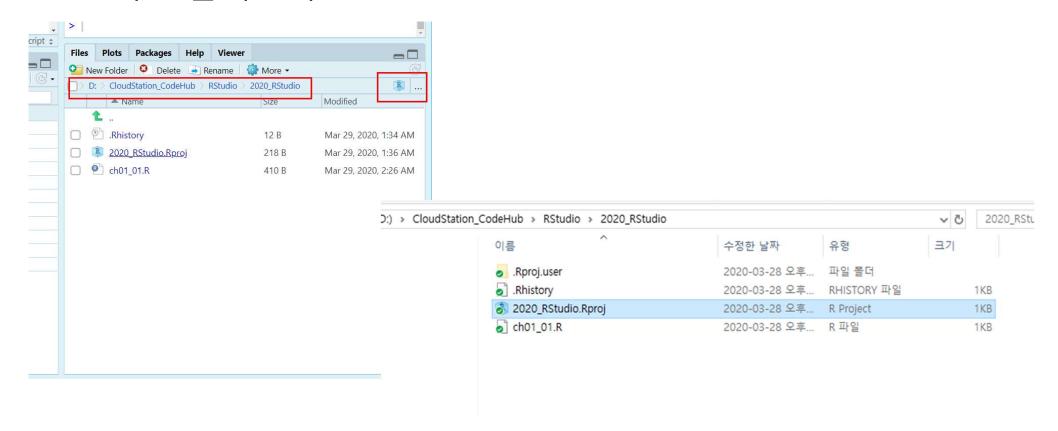




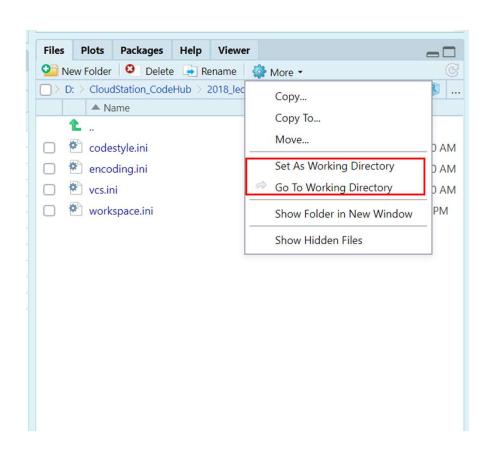


# 프로젝트위치 (Project Directory) 확인

• 프로젝트 불러오기

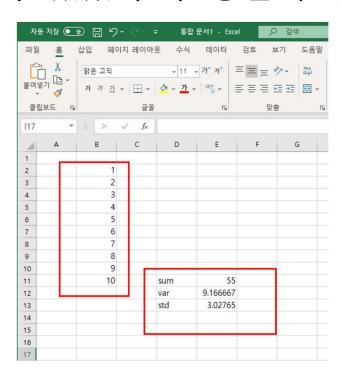


# 작업위치(Working Directory) 확인

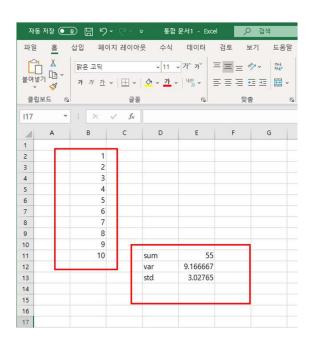


```
Console Jobs ×
D:/CloudStation_CodeHub/2018_lect/.spyproject/ @
> cat('sum :', sum0)
sum : 55 > avg0 = sum0/length(tmp)
> cat('avg :', avg0, mean(tmp0), '\n')
avg: 5.5 5.5
> sum0 = 0
> for(kk in tmp)
    sum0 = sum0 + (kk-avg0)**2
> var0 = sum0/(length(tmp)-1)
> std0 = sgrt(var0)
> cat('var :', var0 , var(tmp), '\n')
var: 9.166667 9.166667
> cat('std :', std0 , sd(tmp), '\n')
std: 3.02765 3.02765
> setwd("D:/CloudStation_CodeHub/2018_lect/.spyproject")
>
```

• Excel 과 R 언어를 이용해서 평균, 분산, 표준편차를 모두 구할 수 있었다. 두 방법의 차이를 설명하시오.



• 1부터10까지 자연수의 평균, 분산, 표준편차를 구하시오 (단, 표준함수를 사용하시오)



#### Variance and Standard Deviation

Population	Sample	
Mean =μ	Mean= x̂	
Variance $\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum (X_i - \mu)^2}{N}$	Variance $s^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(x_i - \overline{x})^2}{n-1}$	
Standard Deviation $\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X_i - \mu)^2}{N}}$	Standard Deviation $s = \sqrt{rac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{N-1}}$	

• 1부터10까지 자연수의 평균을 구하시오 (단, 반복문을 사용하시오)

• 1부터10까지 자연수의 평균, 분산, 표준편차를 구하시오 (단, 반복문을 사용하시오)

수고하셨습니다.