

Hands-on Lab: String Patterns, Sorting and Grouping

Estimated time needed: 35 minutes

In this lab, you will go through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with string patterns, sorting result sets and grouping result sets.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use an IBM Db2 Database. Db2 is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) from IBM, designed to store, analyze and retrieve data efficiently.

To complete this lab you will utilize a Db2 database service on IBM Cloud. If you did not already complete this lab task earlier in this module, you will not yet have access to Db2 on IBM Cloud, and you will need to follow the lab below first:

Hands-on Lab: Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console

Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called EMPLOYEES, JOB_HISTORY, JOBS, DEPARTMENTS and LOCATIONS. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

| EMPLOYE EMP_ID | F NAME | L NAMI | SSN | B DA | TE | SEX | ADDRESS | | JOB_ID | SALAF | ov a | MANAGER | ID. | DEP_ID |
|-------------------|----------|----------------------|------|-------------------|--------|-----|----------------------|------------|------------------|-------|-----------|---------------|-----|----------|
| EIVIP_ID | F_NAIVIE | L_NAIVII | 5511 | B_DA | IE. | SEX | ADDRESS | | JOB_ID | SALAF | , I | MANAGER | CID | DEP_ID |
| E1001 | John | Thomas | 123 | 456 1976 | -01-09 | М | 5631 Rice, C | akPark,IL | 100 | 10000 | 00 3 | 0001 | | 2 |
| E1002 | Alice | James | 123 | 457 1972 | -07-31 | F | 980 Berry In | , Elgin,IL | 200 | 80000 |) 3 | 0002 | | 5 |
| E1003 | Steve | ve Wells | | 458 1980 | -08-10 | М | 291 Springs, Gary,IL | | 300 | 50000 | | 30002 | | 5 |
| | ODV | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| JOB_HIST | ORY | | | | | J | OBS | | | | | | | |
| EMPL_ID | START_D | T_DATE JOBS | | DEPT | _ID | 10 | B_IDENT JOB_TIT | | LE M | | MIN_S | MIN_SALARY MA | | X_SALARY |
| E1001 | 2000-01 | 2000-01-30 1 | | 0 2 | | 10 | 00 Sr. Arch | | itect 60 | | 60000 | 60000 100 | | 000 |
| E1002 | 2010-08 | 2010-08-16 | | 0 5 | | 2 | 00 Sr.Softw | | vareDeveloper 60 | | 60000 | 50000 800 | | 00 |
| E1003 | 2016-08 | 2016-08-10 30 | | 5 | | 3 | Jr.Softw | | vareDeveloper 4 | | 40000 600 | | 600 | 00 |
| DEPARTM | ENTS | | | | | | LOCATIO | ONS | | | | | | |
| DEPT_ID_DI | | ME | M | MANAGER_ID LOC_II | | 0 | LOCT_ID | | DEP_ID_LOC | | | | | |
| 2 | Archite | Architect Group | | 30001 | | 3 | L0001 | | 2 | | | | | |
| 5 | Softwar | Software Development | | 30002 | | | L0002 | | 5 | | | | | |
| 7 | Design 1 | Design Team | | 30003 | | | L0003 | | 7 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTE: This lab requires you to have all 5 of these tables of the HR database populated with sample data on Db2. If you didn't complete the earlier lab in this module, you won't have the tables above populated with sample data on Db2, so you will need to go through the lab below first:

• Hands-on Lab: Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables

L0004

30004

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

Software

- Simplify a SELECT statement by using string patterns, ranges, or sets of values
- Sort the result set in either ascending or descending order and identify which column to use for the sorting order
- Eliminate duplicates from a result set and further restrict a result set

Instructions

When you approach the exercises in this lab, follow the instructions to run the queries on Db2:

- Go to the Resource List of IBM Cloud by logging in where you can find the Db2 service instance that you created in a previous lab under Services section. Click on the Db2-xx service. Next, open the Db2 Console by clicking on Open Console button. Click on the 3-bar menu icon in the top left corner and go to the Run SQL page. The Run SQL tool enables you to run SQL statements.
 - o If needed, follow <u>Hands-on Lab</u>: <u>Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console</u>

Exercise 1: String Patterns

In this exercise, you will go through some SQL problems on String Patterns.

1. Problem:

```
Retrieve all employees whose address is in Elgin, IL.
▶ Hint
▼ Solution
 SELECT F_NAME , L_NAME
 FROM EMPLOYEES
 WHERE ADDRESS LIKE '%Elgin,IL%';
▼ Output
   1 -- Query 1-----
       select F_NAME , L_NAME
      from EMPLOYEES
       where ADDRESS LIKE '%Elgin, IL%';
       --Query 2--
   Saved scripts
                  Result
   Filter by status:
                Result set
                             Log
     All
  Delete All
                                                                       L_NAME
                F_NAME
  ∨ Al... 📋
                                                                       James
     select...
                Nancy
                                                                       Allen
                                                                       Jacob
              Total rows: 3
    select ...
```

2. Problem:

Retrieve all employees who were born during the 1970's.

- ► Hint
- Solution

```
SELECT F_NAME , L_NAME
FROM EMPLOYEES
                                                                                                                          0
WHERE B_DATE LIKE '197%';
```

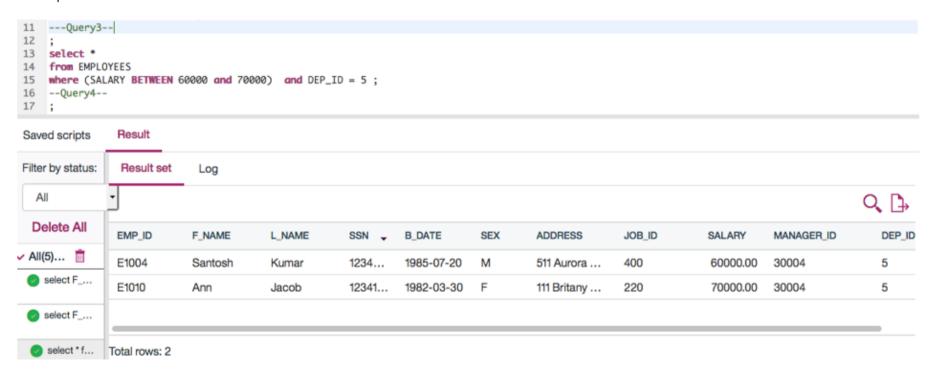
3. Problem:

Retrieve all employees in department 5 whose salary is between 60000 and 70000.

- ▶ Hint
- Solution

```
SELECT *
FROM EMPLOYEES
WHERE (SALARY BETWEEN 60000 AND 70000) AND DEP_ID = 5;
                                                                                                                          C
```

▼ Output



Exercise 2: Sorting

In this exercise, you will go through some SQL problems on Sorting.

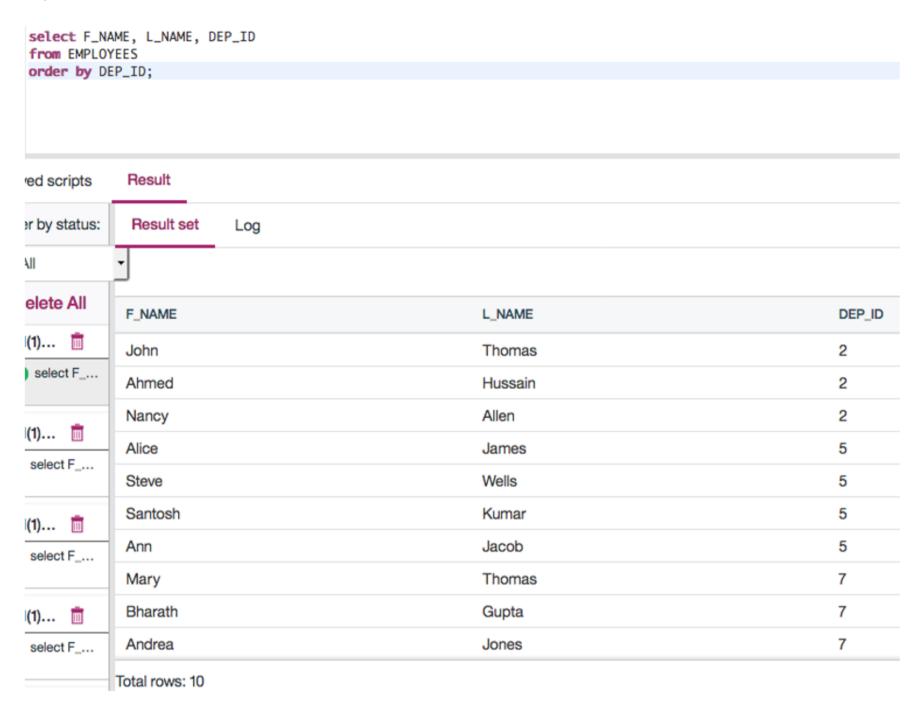
1. Problem:

Retrieve a list of employees ordered by department ID.

- ► Hint
- ▼ Solution

```
SELECT F_NAME, L_NAME, DEP_ID
FROM EMPLOYEES
                                                                                                                          C
ORDER BY DEP_ID;
```

▼ Output



2. Problem:

Retrieve a list of employees ordered in descending order by department ID and within each department ordered alphabetically in descending order by last name.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
SELECT F_NAME, L_NAME, DEP_ID
FROM EMPLOYEES
ORDER BY DEP_ID DESC, L_NAME DESC;
                                                                                                                          C
```

3. (Optional) Problem:

✓ All(1)...

In SQL problem 2 (Exercise 2 Problem 2), use department name instead of department ID. Retrieve a list of employees ordered by department name, and within each department ordered alphabetically in descending order by last name.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

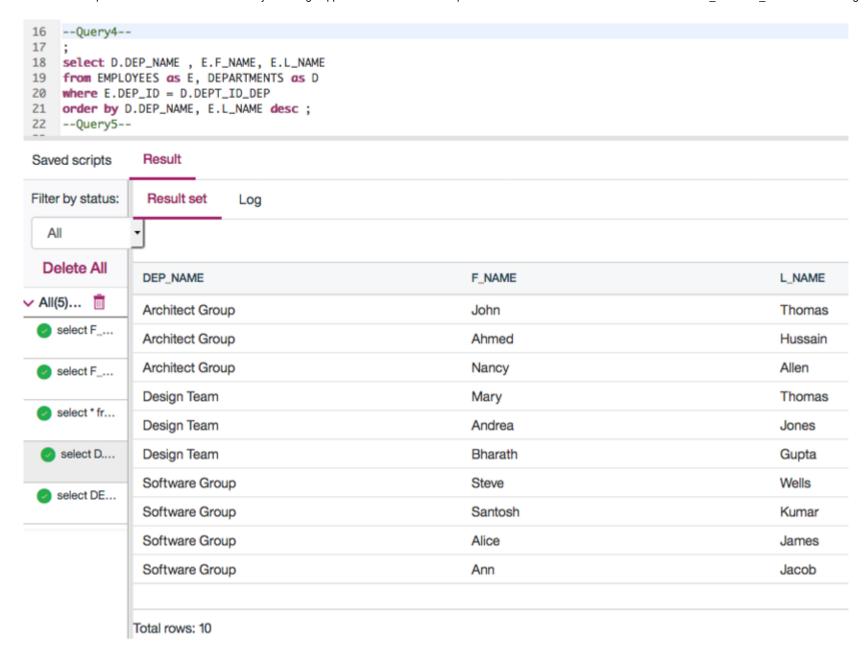
```
SELECT D.DEP_NAME , E.F_NAME, E.L_NAME
FROM EMPLOYEES as E, DEPARTMENTS as D
WHERE E.DEP_ID = D.DEPT_ID_DEP
ORDER BY D.DEP_NAME, E.L_NAME DESC;
```

Total rows: 10

In the SQL Query above, D and E are aliases for the table names. Once you define an alias like D in your query, you can simply write D.COLUMN_NAME rather than the full form DEPARTMENTS.COLUMN_NAME.

▼ Output

C



Exercise 3: Grouping

In this exercise, you will go through some SQL problems on Grouping.

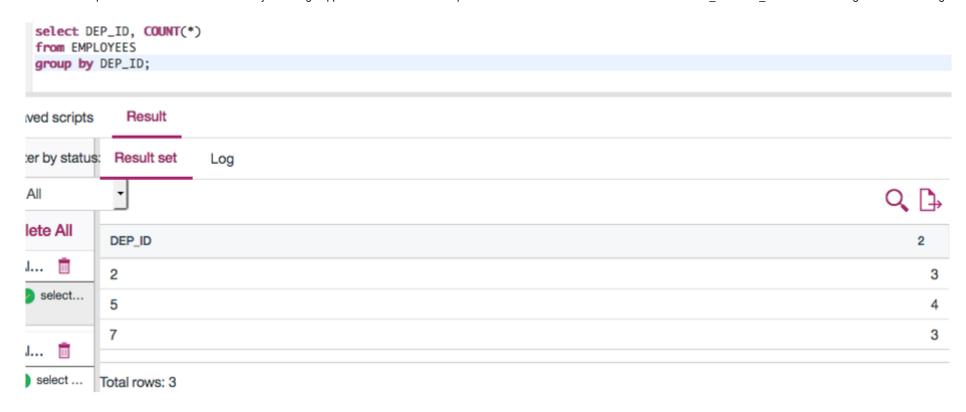
NOTE: The SQL problems in this exercise involve usage of SQL Aggregate functions AVG and COUNT. COUNT has been covered earlier. AVG is a function that can be used to calculate the Average or Mean of all values of a specified column in the result set. For example, to retrieve the average salary for all employees in the EMPLOYEES table, issue the query: SELECT AVG(SALARY) FROM EMPLOYEES;. You will learn more about AVG and other aggregate functions later in the lecture **Built-in Database Functions**.

1. Problem:

For each department ID retrieve the number of employees in the department.

- ▶ Hint
- ▼ Solution

```
SELECT DEP_ID, COUNT(*)
FROM EMPLOYEES
                                                                                                                            9
GROUP BY DEP_ID;
```



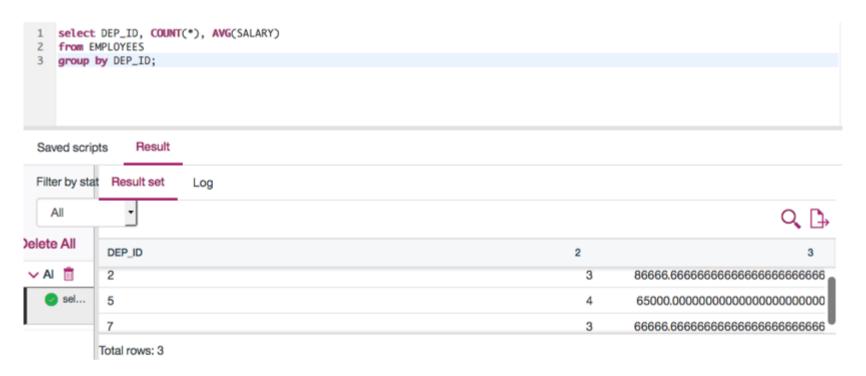
2. Problem:

For each department retrieve the number of employees in the department, and the average employee salary in the department..

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
SELECT DEP_ID, COUNT(*), AVG(SALARY)
FROM EMPLOYEES
                                                                                                                          C
GROUP BY DEP_ID;
```

▼ Output



3. Problem:

Label the computed columns in the result set of SQL problem 2 (Exercise 3 Problem 2) as NUM_EMPLOYEES and AVG_SALARY.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
SELECT DEP_ID, COUNT(*) AS "NUM_EMPLOYEES", AVG(SALARY) AS "AVG_SALARY"
FROM EMPLOYEES
GROUP BY DEP_ID;
                                                                                                                          C
```



4. Problem:

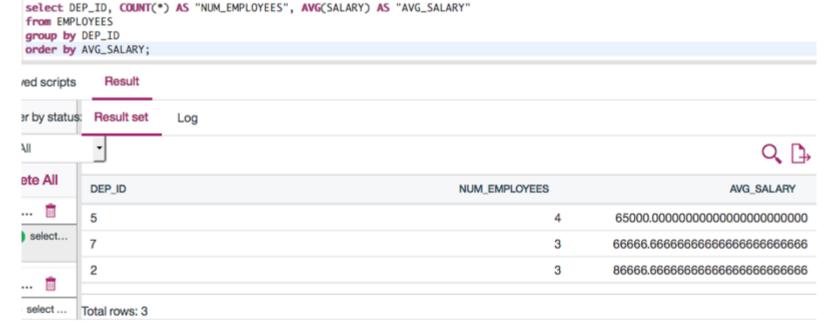
In SQL problem 3 (Exercise 3 Problem 3), order the result set by Average Salary..

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
SELECT DEP_ID, COUNT(*) AS "NUM_EMPLOYEES", AVG(SALARY) AS "AVG_SALARY"
FROM EMPLOYEES
GROUP BY DEP_ID
ORDER BY AVG_SALARY;
                                                                                                                          C
```

▼ Output



5. Problem:

In SQL problem 4 (Exercise 3 Problem 4), limit the result to departments with fewer than 4 employees.

▶ Hint

▼ Solution

```
SELECT DEP_ID, COUNT(*) AS "NUM_EMPLOYEES", AVG(SALARY) AS "AVG_SALARY"
FROM EMPLOYEES
GROUP BY DEP_ID
HAVING count(*) < 4</pre>
ORDER BY AVG_SALARY;
                                                                                                                               C
```



Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems of this lab with a script, download the script below. Upload the script to the Db2 console and run. Follow Hands-on Lab: Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables on how to upload a script to Db2 console and run it.

• <u>StringPattern-Sorting-Grouping Solution Script.sql</u>

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

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Other Contributor(s)

Changelog

| Date | Version | Changed by | Change Description |
|------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2020-12-24 | 2.1 | Steve Ryan | ID Reviewed |
| 2020-12-08 | 2.0 | Sandip Saha Joy | Created revised version from DB0201EN |
| 2020 | 1.0 | Rav Ahuja | Created initial version |

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