TORUS (offic up can't be embedded in R3

((P = pre-condition = what is true before tu)) for/while G = loop guard ((Li=loop invariant)) do something end loop (Q = post condition)) (what has this loop accomplished)

— susu: the strongest thing that can be said P, Li, Q could be assertions in the code. P, 6, Li, Q = are all true/false statements, ie. Inings that can be asserted.

Hints on Loop Invanants:
D Start w/ post-condition.
2) Think about Li what helps
2) Think about Li what helps me get "partially" there
3) Li might "break" mid-loop, but
that lok as long as it becomes
true again
1: While G
2. Li must be true
3: do stuff 4: Li + Li+1 may/may not be true
5: do stuff
6: Litt must be true. (would be
line 2 of next iter three
(god)
4) Forces In termination, 2-612=703
=) if variable appears in Q,
it must appear in 6 or in L.

input: array A of real numbers, 14/22 and A indexed my fen (A) temp - A[1] i = 2 while (i \lambda n) \top guard! if A[i]> temp temp = A[i] 5: end if 6: end while 7: return temp

P="A=22\(\varepsilon\) is an integer \(\varepsilon\) temp = A(1) \\
Q="temp is the max value in \(A''=\) temp=\\
G=\{i\leq n\(\varepsilon\) => 7G=\{i\gamma\chi\) n\\
Li="temp is the max value of A\(\varepsilon\)...\(\varepsilon\)...\(A\(\varepsilon\)...\

Must Check:

- 1) Initialization: P=7 Lo ar Li (whatever i is on first entainy)
- 2) Maintence: Garli=7 Liti (100ks like induction!)
- 3 Termination -GALi =7 Q

(1) P=> temp = A[1] => temp = max [A[1] { = 7 4 ② G N Li = 7"i ≤ n" + Li =) "i < n" + "temp = max [A[j]]
j=1...i-1 Consider 2 cases. (1) temp=A[i] (2) temp=A[i] grade (less than) Ly no need to update temp V updak-tmp So, temp is updated is needed

=> Lia1.