

WORKSHEET3B

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```
#1. Create a data frame using the table below. # a. Write the codes. Respondents <- c(seq(1,20)) Sex <-  
c(2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2) FathersOccupation <- c(1,3,3,3,1,2,3,1,1,1,3,2,1,3,3,1,3,1,2,1) Person-  
sathome <- c(5,7,3,8,5,9,6,7,8,4,7,5,4,7,8,8,3,11,7,6) Siblingsatschool <- c(6,4,4,1,2,1,5,3,1,2,3,2,5,5,2,1,2,5,3,2)  
Typesofhouses <- c(1,2,3,1,1,3,3,1,2,3,2,3,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,2)  
  
dframe <- data.frame(Respondents,Sex,FathersOccupation,Personsathome,Siblingsatschool,Typesofhouses)  
  
#b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data  
summary(dframe)  
  
#c. Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5?
```

Answer: No

```
#d. Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting functions. #Write the codes  
and its output.
```

```
cA <- subset(dframe[1:2, 1:6, drop = FALSE]) cA
```

```
#e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column. Write the codes and its #result.
```

```
cB <- subset(dframe[c(3,5),c(2,4)]) cB
```

```
#f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types_houses. #Write the codes.  
cC <- dframe[c(6)]
```

```
type_houses <- cC
```

```
#g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer. Write #the codes and its  
output.
```

```
c8 <- subset(dframe[c(3,11),c(2,3)]) c8
```

```
#h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number #of siblings attending  
school. Write the codes and its outputs
```

```
cF <- subset(dframe[c(1:20), c(2,5)]) girlS <- cF[dframe$Siblingsatschool >= 5,] girlS
```

```
#2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes: df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),  
Doubles=double(), Characters=character(), Logicals=logical(), Factors=factor(), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)  
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:") print(str(df))
```

```
#Describe the results.
```

Using data is a simple way to create an empty DataFrame in the R programming language. `frame()` method with no parameters This generates a R DataFrame with no rows or columns (0 rows and 0 columns).

```
#Interpret the graph.
```

The negative sentiments of tweets per day outnumber the positive, and the neutral sentiment is the lowest.