## STA32M2/STA37M2 TEST NO: 3 MARKS: 35 TIME: 2hrs

- 1. Assume that 100 observations from an AR(2) model  $(1-\phi_1 B-\phi_2 B^2)x_t=z_t, \quad \text{where } z_t \sim N(0,\sigma_z^2) \text{, given the following}$   $\rho_1=0.3571 \text{ and } \rho_2=-0.2214. \text{ Use the method of moments to estimate } \phi_1 \text{ and } \phi_2.$
- (10) 2.
- 3. For the MA(2) model:  $x_t = (1 0.7B + 0.5B^2)z_t$ .
- a. Check if it is stationary or invertible. (04)
- b. find  $\rho_k$  for k = 1,2 & 3 (06)
- c. find  $\phi_{kk}$  for k = 1, 2 & 3 (05)
- 4. A time series  $x_t$  follows the following ARMA model:  $x_t = x_{t-1} + \frac{3}{4}x_{t-2} \frac{3}{4}x_{t-3} + z_t + \frac{2}{5}z_{t-1}$  where  $z_t \sim N(0, \sigma_z^2)$ .
- a. Classify this model as ARIMA  $(p, d, q) \times (P, D, Q)_s$  process

(i.e. find 
$$p, d, q, P, D, Q$$
). (04)

(03)

- b. Is  $x_t$  stationary? Give reason. (03)
- c. Is  $x_t$  invertible? Give reason.