```
## Warning in fun(libname, pkgname): couldn't connect to display ":0"
```

Analysis part of the project

Import dataset

Let's import the cleaned dataset that we created.

```
Mountain_data_cleaned <- read.csv("../data/Mountain_data_cleaned.csv")

Mountain_data_cleaned$Country <- as.factor(Mountain_data_cleaned$Country)

Mountain_data_cleaned$Mountain_range <- as.factor(Mountain_data_cleaned$Mountain_range)

Mountain_data_cleaned$Locality <- as.factor(Mountain_data_cleaned$Locality)

Mountain_data_cleaned$Plot <- as.factor(Mountain_data_cleaned$Plot)

Mountain_data_cleaned$Subplot <- as.factor(Mountain_data_cleaned$Subplot)

Mountain_data_cleaned$Date <- as.Date(Mountain_data_cleaned$Date)
```

Replace the NAs by the mean of the closest observations

```
mean_for_fill <-colMeans( Mountain_data_cleaned %>%
   select(Plot,Glu_P)%>%
   filter(Plot == c("76", "77"))%>%na.omit()%>% select(Glu_P))

Mountain_data_cleaned[is.na(Mountain_data_cleaned)] <- mean_for_fill
rm(mean_for_fill)</pre>
```

Splitting the data into Traning set and Test set

Balancing the Training set

As discussed in the EDA part, we should balance our data because we do not have the same amount of information on each mountains. We have more observations on **Sierra de Guadarrama** and half less on **Central Andes**.

```
no.mountain_1 <- min(table(Mountain_data.tr_notsubs$Mountain_range)) ## 79

## the "Central Andes" cases
data.tr.mountain_1 <- filter(Mountain_data.tr_notsubs, Mountain_range=="Central Andes")

## the "Central Pyrenees" cases
data.tr.mountain_2 <- filter(Mountain_data.tr_notsubs, Mountain_range=="Central Pyrenees")

## The "Sierra de Guadarrama" cases</pre>
```

```
data.tr.mountain_3 <- filter(Mountain_data.tr_notsubs, Mountain_range=="Sierra de Guadarrama")
## sub-sample 79 instances from the number of "Central Pyrenees" cases
index.mountain_2 <- sample(size=no.mountain_1,</pre>
                           x=1:nrow(data.tr.mountain_2),
                           replace=FALSE)
## sub-sample 79 instances from the number of "Sierra de Guadarrama" cases
index.mountain_3 <- sample(size=no.mountain_1,</pre>
                           x=1:nrow(data.tr.mountain_3),
                           replace=FALSE)
## Bind all the "Central Andes" and the sub-sampled "Central Pyrenees"
## and the sub-sampled "Sierra de Guadarrama"
Mountain_data.tr <- data.frame(rbind(data.tr.mountain_1,</pre>
                                      data.tr.mountain_2[index.mountain_2,],
                                      data.tr.mountain_3[index.mountain_3,]))
## The cases are now balanced
table(Mountain_data.tr$Mountain_range)
##
##
          Central Andes
                             Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
```

Neural Network Model

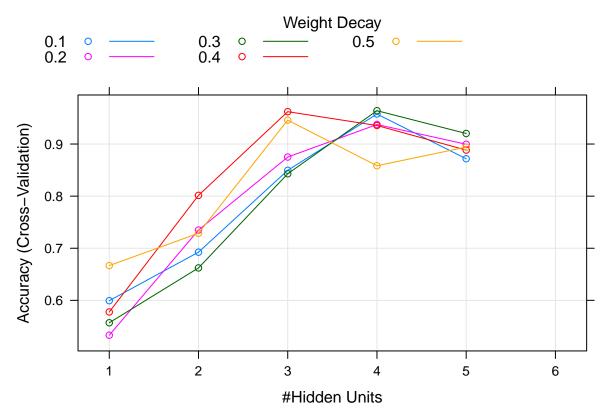
plot(nnetFit)

##

Simple hyperparameter tuning, this code takes time to run.

79

79



The best Neural Networks parameters would be to choose 4 hidden layers, with a decay of 0.3.

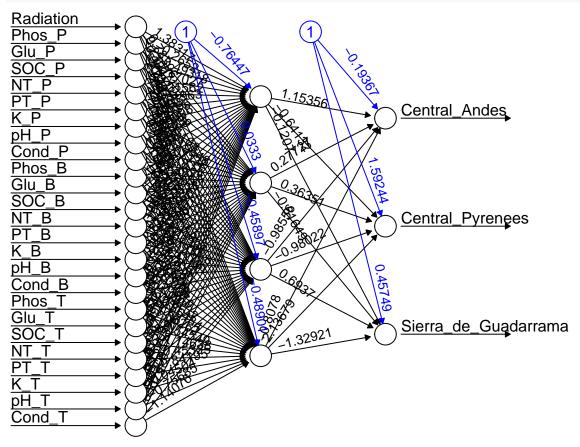
The manually written Neural Network model

```
set.seed(345)
nn4 <- nnet(Mountain_range ~ ., data=Mountain_data.tr, size=4, decay = 0.3)</pre>
## # weights: 747
## initial value 368.161785
        10 value 260.374252
## iter
        20 value 258.932881
## iter
## iter
         30 value 247.750026
         40 value 135.640922
## iter
        50 value 130.599723
## iter
         60 value 127.832084
         70 value 94.604156
## iter
## iter
        80 value 89.011126
## iter 90 value 79.802935
## iter 100 value 56.287698
## final value 56.287698
## stopped after 100 iterations
pred4 <- predict(nn4, type="class")</pre>
tab4 <- table(Obs=Mountain_data.tr$Mountain_range, Pred=pred4) # confusion matrix
tab4
##
                         Pred
## Obs
                           Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
     Central Andes
                                      71
                                                        78
                                                                               0
     Central Pyrenees
##
                                       1
##
     Sierra de Guadarrama
                                                         0
                                                                             79
```

```
(acc4 <- sum(diag(tab4))/sum(tab4)) # accuracy</pre>
## [1] 0.9620253
Here it says that it has almost perfect accuracy (96%).
Visualization of the neural network using neuralnet
Some transformations in order to use the function neuralnet in R.
Mountain_data.class <- class.ind(Mountain_data_cleaned$Mountain_range)
colnames(Mountain_data.class) <- c("Central_Andes", "Central_Pyrenees", "Sierra_de_Guadarrama")</pre>
Mountain_data.class <- cbind(Mountain_data_cleaned[,10:34], Mountain_data.class)
head(Mountain_data.class)
     Radiation
                 Phos_P
                           Glu_P
                                     SOC_P
                                               NT_P
                                                        PT_P
                                                                      K_P pH_P
## 1 0.8088464 4.437515 2.505851 6.315554 4.070239 0.456501 0.008649166 4.925
## 2 0.8088464 4.437515 2.505851 6.315554 4.070239 0.456501 0.008649166 4.925
## 3 0.8088464 4.437515 2.505851 6.315554 4.070239 0.456501 0.008649166 4.925
## 4 0.8088464 4.437515 2.505851 6.315554 4.070239 0.456501 0.008649166 4.925
## 5 0.8088464 4.437515 2.505851 6.315554 4.070239 0.456501 0.008649166 4.925
## 6 0.7879971 5.171000 3.234583 5.092630 4.546233 3.923043 0.013395058 5.232
             Phos B
                        Glu B
                                 SOC B
                                            NT B
                                                      PT B
                                                                    K B pH B Cond B
     Cond P
## 1 31.284 2.888396 1.691185 3.762122 3.297689 0.4450694 0.002516518 5.402 22.198
## 2 31.284 2.888396 1.691185 3.762122 3.297689 0.4450694 0.002516518 5.402 22.198
## 3 31.284 2.888396 1.691185 3.762122 3.297689 0.4450694 0.002516518 5.402 22.198
## 4 31.284 2.888396 1.691185 3.762122 3.297689 0.4450694 0.002516518 5.402 22.198
## 5 31.284 2.888396 1.691185 3.762122 3.297689 0.4450694 0.002516518 5.402 22.198
## 6 48.020 3.102327 1.955476 2.993161 3.168254 3.1682544 0.006759548 5.760 28.700
       Phos_T
##
                 Glu_T
                          SOC_T
                                     NT_T
                                               PT_T
                                                            K_T
                                                                     pH_T
## 1 3.593446 2.203418 5.736881 3.958871 0.4871885 0.005985587 5.214310 27.60922
## 2 3.593446 2.203418 5.736881 3.958871 0.4871885 0.005985587 5.214310 27.60922
## 3 3.593446 2.203418 5.736881 3.958871 0.4871885 0.005985587 5.214310 27.60922
## 4 3.593446 2.203418 5.736881 3.958871 0.4871885 0.005985587 5.214310 27.60922
## 5 3.593446 2.203418 5.736881 3.958871 0.4871885 0.005985587 5.214310 27.60922
## 6 5.607705 3.481617 5.288592 4.912220 4.8853870 0.015316761 5.505655 48.93783
     Central_Andes Central_Pyrenees Sierra_de_Guadarrama
## 1
                 0
                                   0
## 2
                 0
                                   0
                                                        1
                 0
                                   0
## 3
                                                        1
                 0
                                   0
## 4
                                                        1
## 5
                 0
                                   0
                                                        1
Mountain_data.class.tr <- Mountain_data.class[index.tr,] ## the training set
Mountain_data.class.te <- Mountain_data.class[-index.tr,] ## the test set
f <- as.formula(paste(</pre>
  "Central_Andes+Central_Pyrenees+Sierra_de_Guadarrama~",
  paste(names(Mountain_data.class.tr[ ,1:25]),
              collapse = " + ")
  ))
```

Central_Andes + Central_Pyrenees + Sierra_de_Guadarrama ~ Radiation +
Phos_P + Glu_P + SOC_P + NT_P + PT_P + K_P + pH_P + Cond_P +

```
## Phos_B + Glu_B + SOC_B + NT_B + PT_B + K_B + pH_B + Cond_B +
## Phos_T + Glu_T + SOC_T + NT_T + PT_T + K_T + pH_T + Cond_T
neuralnet4 <- neuralnet(f, data=Mountain_data.class.tr, hidden=4)
plot(neuralnet4, rep="best")</pre>
```



Random Forest

```
train_set_for_RF <- Mountain_data.tr %>%
    select(!c(Plot, Subplot, Date, Day, Month, Year, Locality, Country))
test_set_for_RF <- Mountain_data.te%>%
    select(!c(Plot, Subplot, Date, Day, Month, Year, Locality, Country))

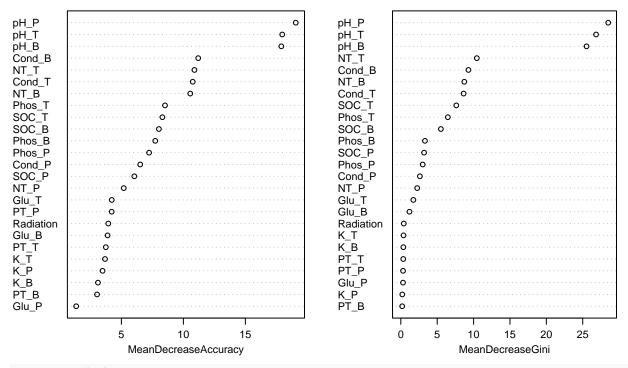
rf <- randomForest( Mountain_range ~ .,data=train_set_for_RF, importance = TRUE)

pred = predict(rf, newdata=test_set_for_RF[-1])

cm = table(test_set_for_RF[,1], pred)

varImpPlot(rf, cex = 0.65)</pre>
```

rf



importance(rf)

##		Central Andes	Central Pyrenees	Sierra de Guadarrama
##	${\tt Radiation}$	3.3816116	1.615432	2.1120086
##	Phos_P	3.6314751	6.072511	5.9533819
##	Glu_P	-0.7930848	1.963743	1.0010015
##	SOC_P	4.6672182	2.760467	4.5718335
##	NT_P	4.2676355	3.880822	2.7206067
##	PT_P	3.4315425	3.530342	1.4027521
##	K_P	0.4433611	1.117907	3.4046159
##	pH_P	15.1857458	13.634172	18.3183740
##	${\tt Cond}_{\tt P}$	4.8404809	4.962507	2.7583477
##	Phos_B	2.8802863	6.932371	5.2339442
##	Glu_B	2.0836485	1.639256	3.1723002
##	SOC_B	6.6881538	1.520590	7.1270470
##	NT_B	9.7712488	6.166361	7.6098218
##	PT_B	3.0488432	2.006104	0.1680706
##	K_B	2.1467509	2.661264	0.9174051
##	pH_B	15.3183832	15.664604	13.2977142
##	${\tt Cond_B}$	10.4435675	9.715157	3.2843668
##	Phos_T	4.1036155	8.132650	6.9797023
##	Glu_T	2.4386839	2.989234	3.4822536
##	SOC_T	7.4166140	2.928867	6.9725530
##	NT_T	10.3756377	6.510894	8.8162642
##	PT_T	3.3954928	2.717599	1.6541175
##	K_T	2.3773209	2.563934	2.3582030
##	pH_T	15.5842748	14.782024	14.0416379
##	Cond T	9.8729245	9.724750	4.4404246

```
MeanDecreaseAccuracy MeanDecreaseGini
## Radiation
                                           0.4090086
                          3.942270
                          7.235200
## Phos P
                                           3.0019595
## Glu_P
                          1.353404
                                           0.3033256
## SOC P
                          6.043011
                                           3.1984352
## NT P
                          5.191736
                                           2.2508748
## PT P
                                           0.3064380
                          4.216026
## K P
                          3.482336
                                           0.2007332
## pH_P
                         19.062961
                                          28.5056588
## Cond_P
                          6.519301
                                           2.6190379
## Phos_B
                          7.730592
                                           3.3179881
## Glu_B
                          3.887852
                                           1.1867892
## SOC_B
                          8.024262
                                           5.5112621
## NT_B
                         10.554633
                                           8.7256334
## PT_B
                                           0.1862170
                          3.036890
## K_B
                          3.109997
                                           0.3495436
## pH_B
                         17.900361
                                          25.5272103
## Cond B
                         11.197219
                                           9.2885982
## Phos_T
                          8.519080
                                           6.4598247
## Glu T
                          4.225570
                                           1.7203314
## SOC_T
                          8.308735
                                          7.6248962
## NT T
                         10.892500
                                          10.4437612
## PT_T
                          3.744260
                                           0.3314549
## K_T
                          3.679918
                                           0.3746931
## pH_T
                         17.974499
                                          26.8345935
## Cond_T
                         10.752629
                                           8.6281617
Acc <- sum(diag(cm))/sum(cm)</pre>
```

pred

Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama

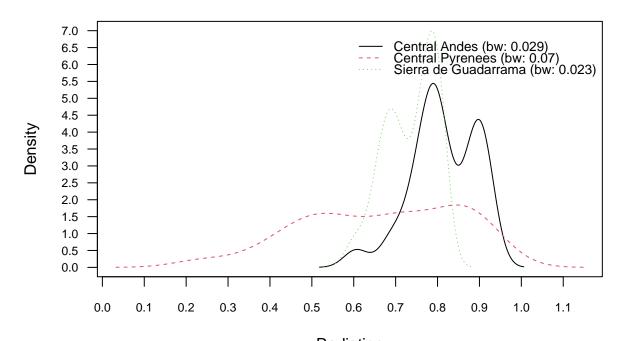
Central Andes 20 1 0 Central Pyrenees 0 29 0 Sierra de Guadarrama 0 0 58

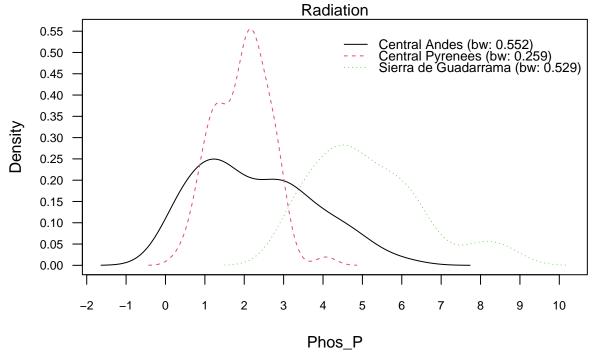
Acc

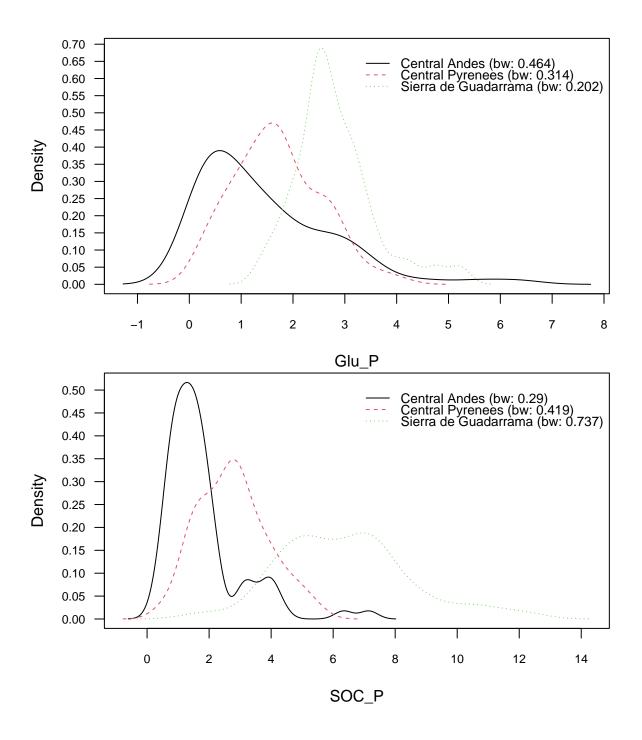
[1] 0.9907407

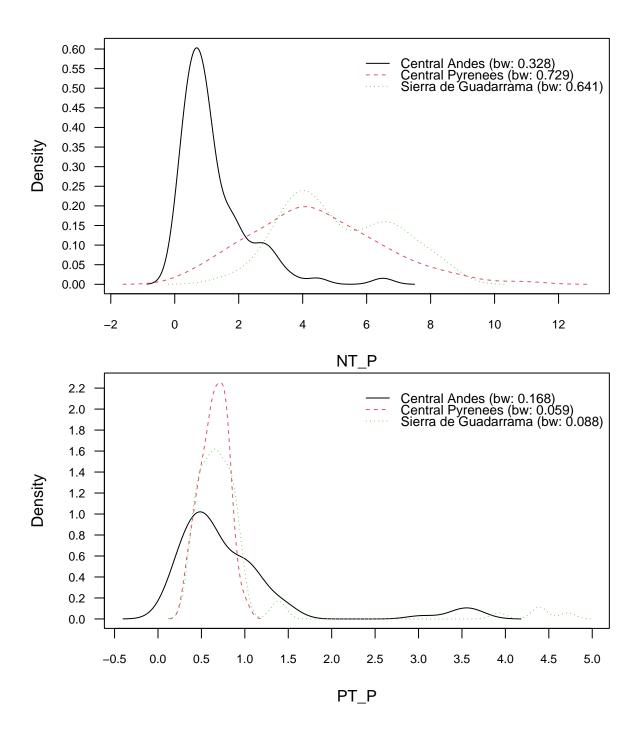
Naive Bayes

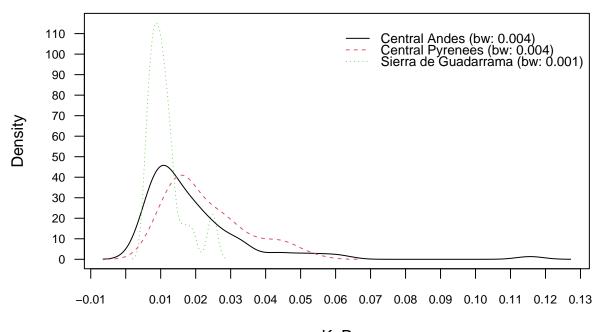
Conditional density Plots with 'usekernel=TRUE'

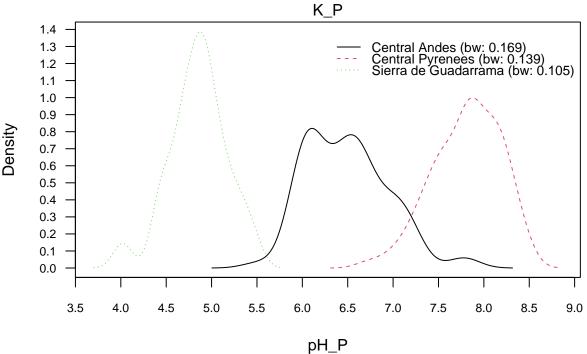


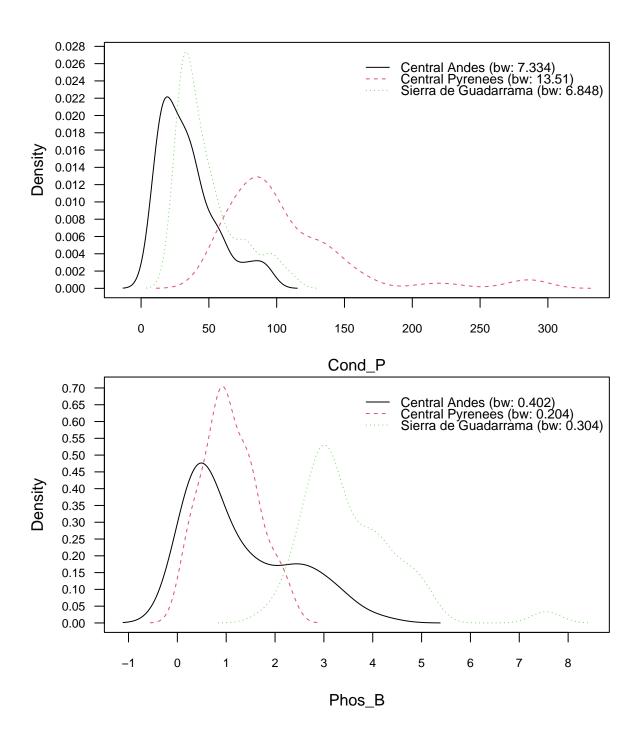


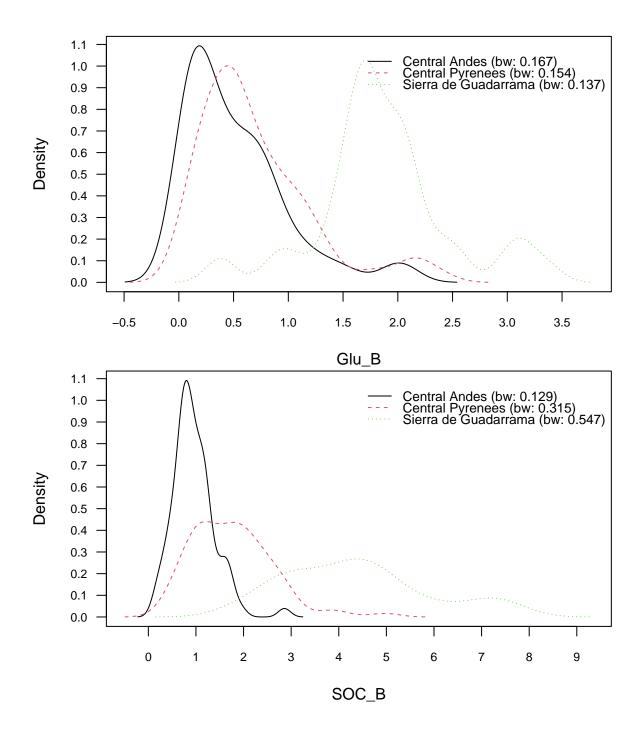


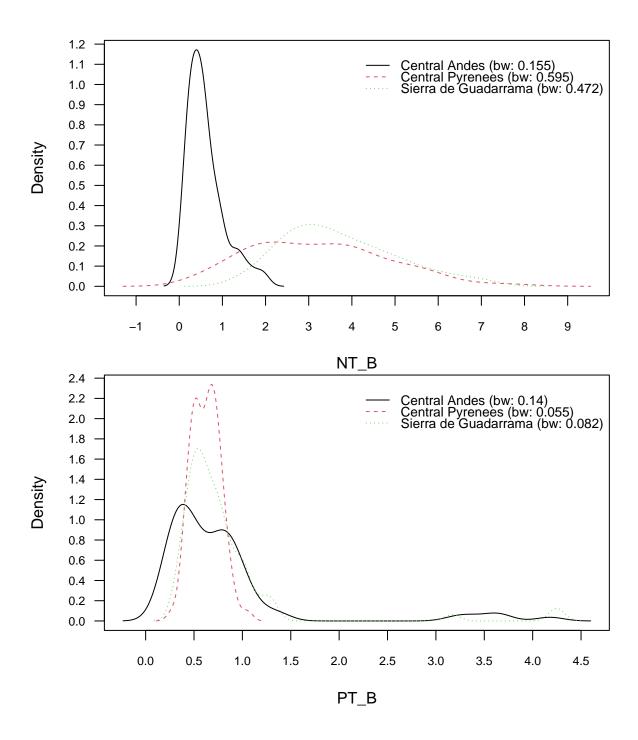


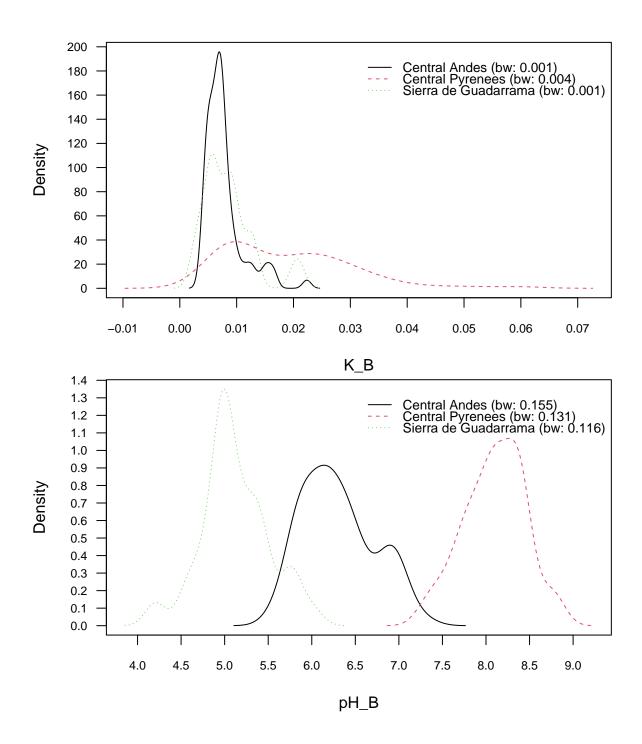


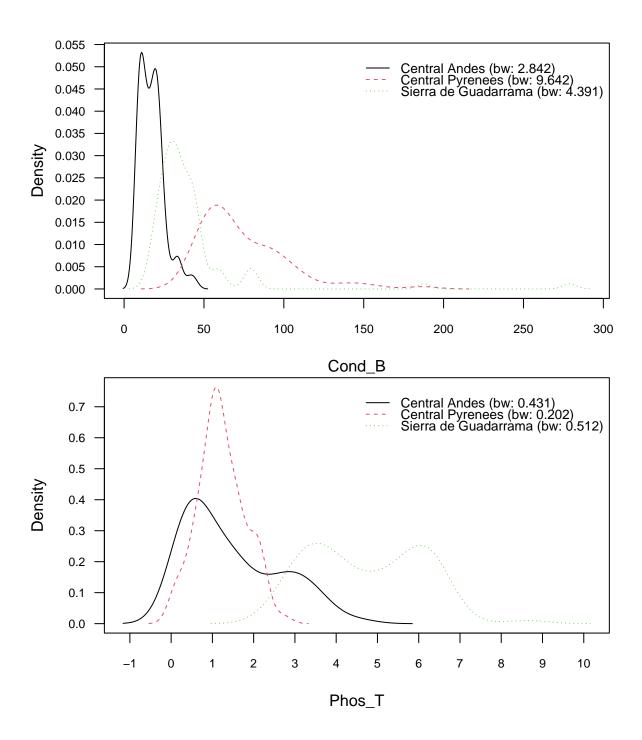


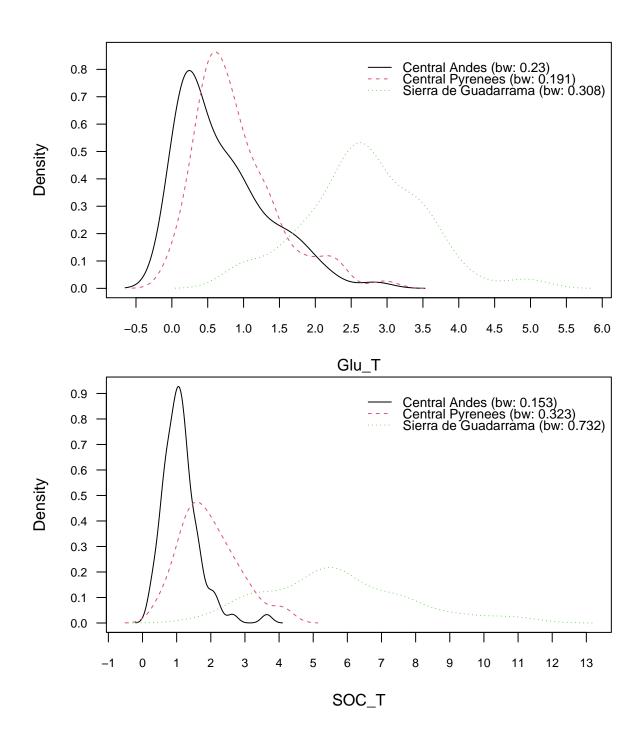


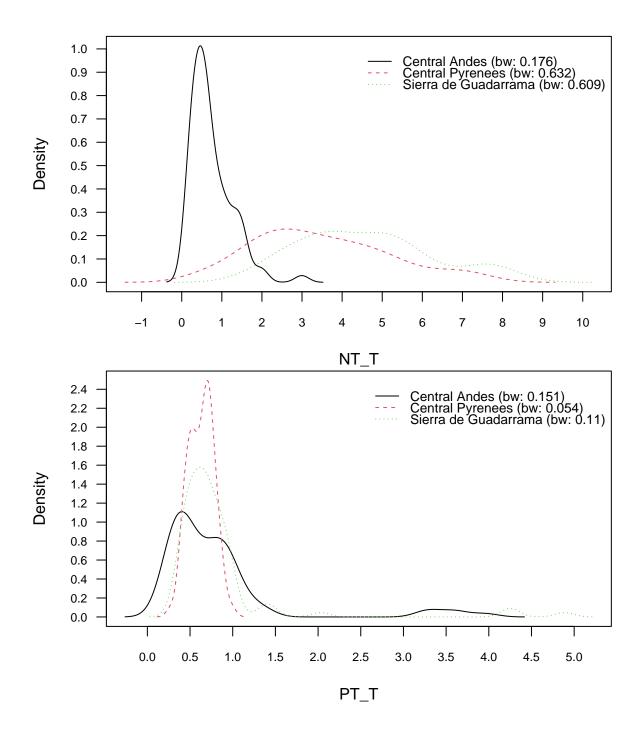


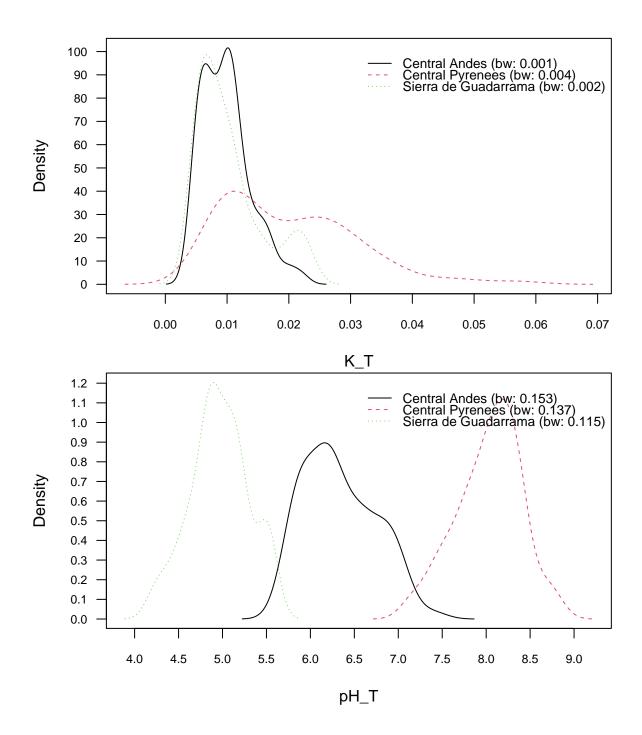


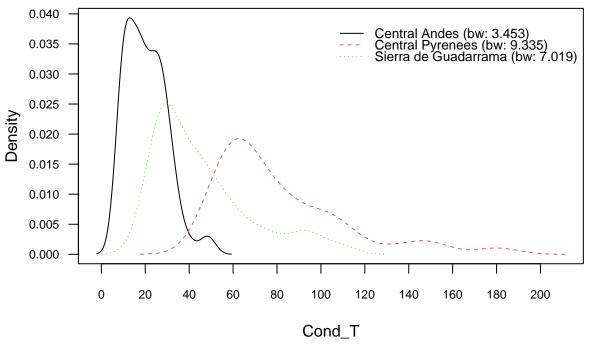












```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
mountain.nb
##
                            ======= Naive Bayes =======
##
##
##
## naive_bayes.formula(formula = Mountain_range ~ ., data = Mountain_data.tr %>%
       select(!c(Plot, Subplot, Date, Day, Month, Year, Locality,
##
##
           Country)), laplace = 1, usekernel = TRUE)
##
##
##
## Laplace smoothing: 1
##
##
##
    A priori probabilities:
##
##
##
          Central Andes
                             Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
              0.3333333
                                    0.3333333
                                                          0.3333333
##
##
##
##
    Tables:
##
##
    ::: Radiation::Central Andes (KDE)
##
##
##
## Call:
    density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
##
##
```

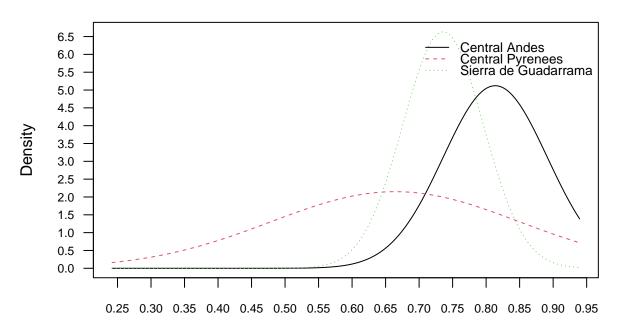
```
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.02926
##
##
        X
## Min. :0.5183 Min. :0.00581
## 1st Qu.:0.6402 1st Qu.:0.45242
## Median :0.7620 Median :1.44455
## Mean :0.7620 Mean :2.04876
## 3rd Qu.:0.8839 3rd Qu.:3.67152
## Max. :1.0058 Max. :5.44067
##
  ::: Radiation::Central Pyrenees (KDE)
## -----
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
##
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.06972
##
##
       x
## Min. :0.03275 Min. :0.00244
## 1st Qu.:0.31174 1st Qu.:0.19066
## Median :0.59073 Median :0.90156
## Mean :0.59073 Mean :0.89512
## 3rd Qu.:0.86972 3rd Qu.:1.57317
## Max. :1.14871 Max. :1.84414
##
## ::: Radiation::Sierra de Guadarrama (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.02259
##
##
## Min. :0.5281 Min. :0.005388
## 1st Qu.:0.6165 1st Qu.:0.610106
## Median :0.7049 Median :2.861213
## Mean :0.7049 Mean :2.824994
## 3rd Qu.:0.7933 3rd Qu.:4.536993
## Max. :0.8817 Max. :6.995343
##
## ::: Phos_P::Central Andes (KDE)
##
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.5516
##
##
        x
                        У
```

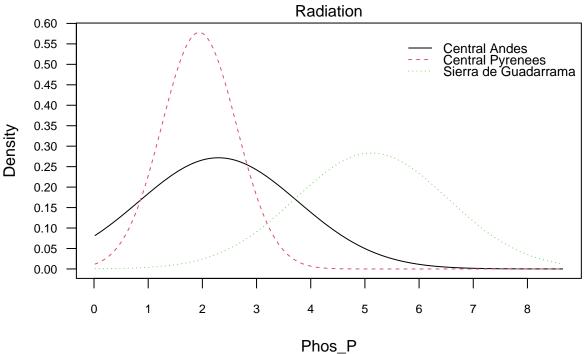
```
## Min. :-1.6350 Min. :0.0001048
## 1st Qu.: 0.7071 1st Qu.:0.0146593
## Median : 3.0491 Median :0.0968547
## Mean : 3.0491 Mean :0.1066326
               3rd Qu.:0.2008034
## 3rd Qu.: 5.3912
## Max. : 7.7333 Max. :0.2496053
## -----
## ::: Phos_P::Central Pyrenees (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.2593
##
##
      X
## Min. :-0.428 Min. :0.0002185
## 1st Qu.: 0.893 1st Qu.:0.0131761
## Median : 2.214 Median :0.0973505
## Mean : 2.214 Mean :0.1890609
## 3rd Qu.: 3.535 3rd Qu.:0.3797546
## Max. : 4.856 Max. :0.5555300
## ------
  ::: Phos_P::Sierra de Guadarrama (KDE)
## -----
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.5291
##
## Min. : 1.508 Min. : ## 1st On - 2.000
##
                   :0.0003259
## 1st Qu.: 3.690 1st Qu.:0.0311437
## Median: 5.873 Median: 0.0655336
## Mean : 5.873 Mean :0.1144329
## 3rd Qu.: 8.055 3rd Qu.:0.2143203
## Max. :10.237 Max. :0.2826972
##
## -----
  ::: Glu P::Central Andes (KDE)
## ------
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.4639
##
##
       X
## Min. :-1.2777
              Min. :0.0001228
## 1st Qu.: 0.9773 1st Qu.:0.0134185
## Median: 3.2323 Median: 0.0427511
```

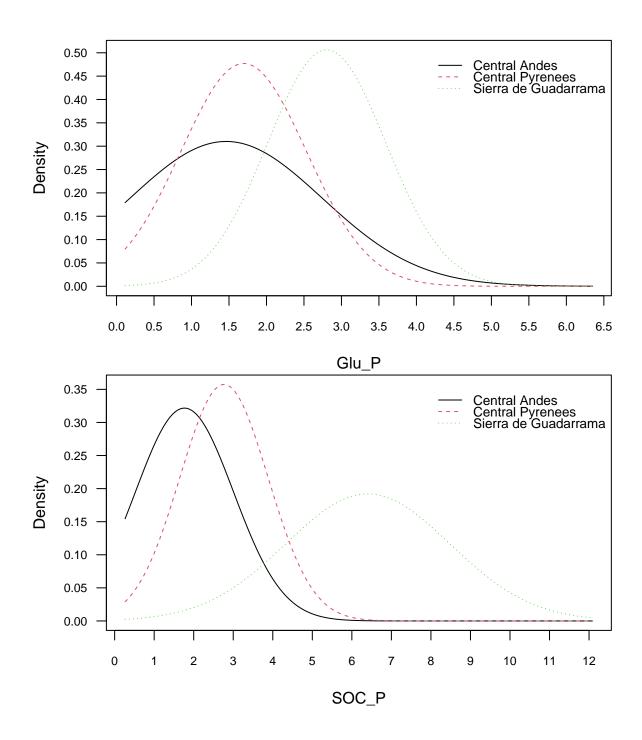
```
## Mean : 3.2323 Mean :0.1107377
## 3rd Qu.: 5.4873 3rd Qu.:0.1821924
## Max. : 7.7423 Max. :0.3897858
##
  ::: Glu P::Central Pyrenees (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.3141
##
## Min. :-0.7663 Min. :0.0001823
## 1st Qu.: 0.6648
                   1st Qu.:0.0237255
## Median: 2.0960 Median: 0.1363899
## Mean : 2.0960 Mean :0.1745036
                  3rd Qu.:0.2977656
## 3rd Qu.: 3.5272
## Max. : 4.9583
                   Max. :0.4703023
##
## ::: Glu_P::Sierra de Guadarrama (KDE)
##
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.2021
##
##
        X
## Min. :0.7808 Min. :0.0005627
## 1st Qu.:2.0427 1st Qu.:0.0515247
## Median :3.3047 Median :0.0848366
## Mean :3.3047 Mean :0.1978990
## 3rd Qu.:4.5666 3rd Qu.:0.3300094
## Max. :5.8286 Max. :0.6894132
##
  ::: SOC_P::Central Andes (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.2899
##
##
       X
                         У
## Min. :-0.6056 Min. :0.0000947
## 1st Qu.: 1.5510
                   1st Qu.:0.0086619
## Median: 3.7076 Median: 0.0466798
## Mean : 3.7076 Mean :0.1158063
## 3rd Qu.: 5.8642 3rd Qu.:0.1111669
## Max. : 8.0208 Max. :0.5164940
```

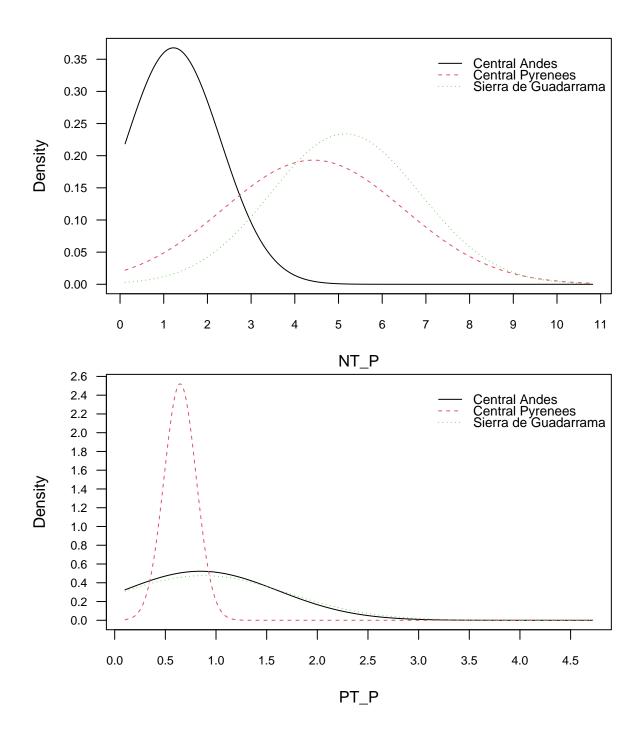
```
##
## ------
  ::: SOC_P::Central Pyrenees (KDE)
## -----
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.4193
##
##
     x
                   У
## Min. :-0.7739 Min. :0.0001561
  1st Qu.: 1.1170
              1st Qu.:0.0183161
## Median: 3.0080 Median: 0.0984330
## Mean : 3.0080 Mean :0.1320730
## 3rd Qu.: 4.8990
              3rd Qu.:0.2464198
## Max. : 6.7899
              Max. :0.3478511
##
## ------
  ::: SOC P::Sierra de Guadarrama (KDE)
## -----
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.7374
##
##
      X
## Min. :-0.3238 Min. :0.0001544
## 1st Qu.: 3.3329
              1st Qu.:0.0127008
## Median: 6.9896 Median: 0.0332595
## Mean : 6.9896 Mean :0.0682960
## 3rd Qu.:10.6463 3rd Qu.:0.1391295
## Max. :14.3030 Max. :0.1878687
##
## -----
## ::: NT P::Central Andes (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.3283
##
## Min. :-0.8691
              Min. :0.000173
## 1st Qu.: 1.2216 1st Qu.:0.007242
## Median : 3.3124 Median :0.023837
## Mean : 3.3124 Mean :0.119451
## 3rd Qu.: 5.4031
              3rd Qu.:0.152429
## Max. : 7.4938 Max. :0.602964
##
## ------
## ::: NT_P::Central Pyrenees (KDE)
```

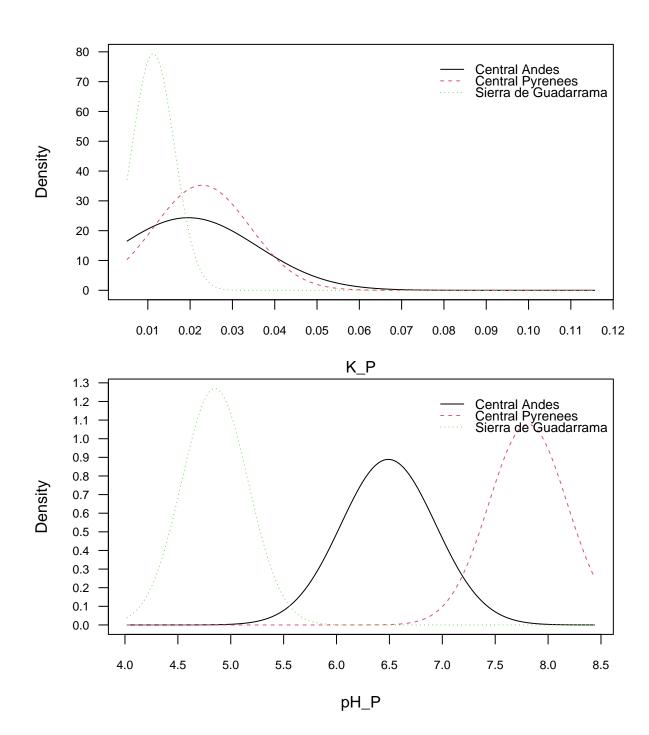
```
##
## Call:
  density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.7291
##
##
## Min. :-1.615 Min. :7.796e-05
##
  1st Qu.: 2.039 1st Qu.:7.878e-03
## Median: 5.694 Median: 4.450e-02
## Mean : 5.694
                        :6.834e-02
                  Mean
## 3rd Qu.: 9.349
                  3rd Qu.:1.246e-01
## Max. :13.003
                  Max. :1.979e-01
##
   ::: NT_P::Sierra de Guadarrama (KDE)
##
## Call:
## density.default(x = x, na.rm = TRUE)
## Data: x (79 obs.); Bandwidth 'bw' = 0.6406
##
##
        X
                         У
## Min. :-0.1991 Min. :0.0001779
## 1st Qu.: 2.4441
                   1st Qu.:0.0157512
## Median: 5.0872 Median: 0.0917607
## Mean : 5.0872 Mean :0.0944846
## 3rd Qu.: 7.7304 3rd Qu.:0.1537367
## Max. :10.3735 Max. :0.2392512
##
##
## # ... and 20 more tables
## -----
Conditional density plots with 'uskernel=FALSE'. It means that Gaussian distribution is applied to 'numeric'
vairable.
mountain.nb <- naive_bayes(Mountain_range ~ .,</pre>
                     data = Mountain_data.tr%>%
 select(!c(Plot, Subplot, Date, Day, Month, Year, Locality, Country)), usekernel=FALSE, laplace=1)
\#par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(mountain.nb, arg.num = list(col = 1:3,
                          legend.position = "topright",
                          legend.cex = 0.8), prob="conditional")
```

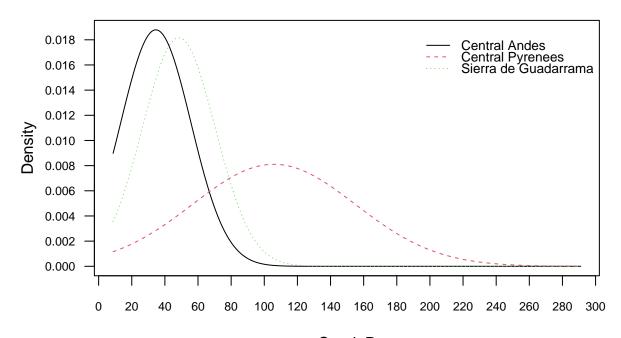


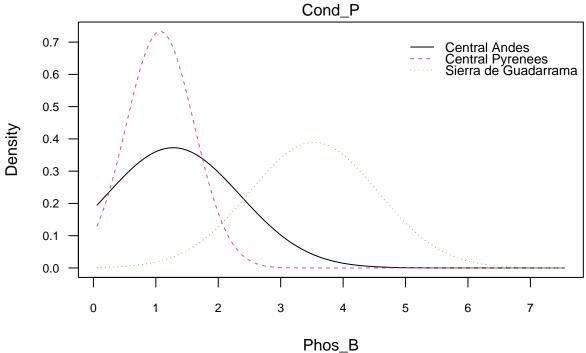


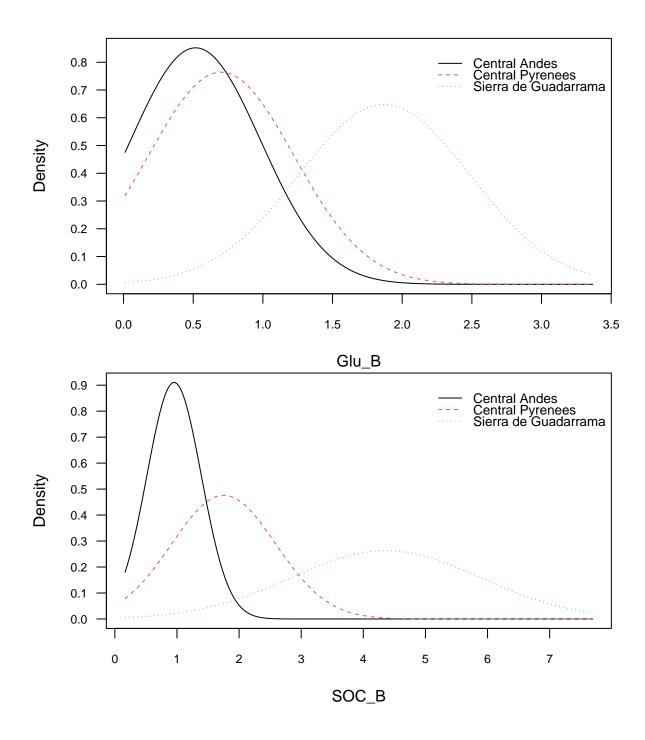


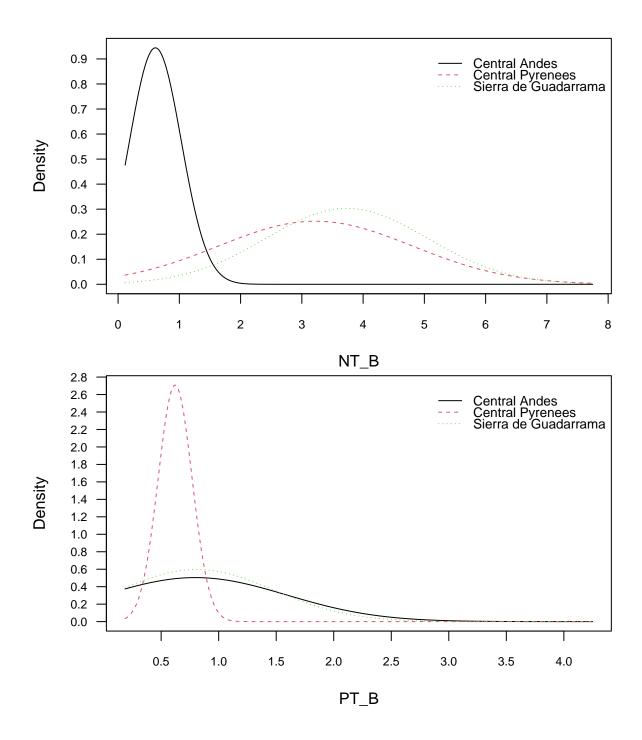


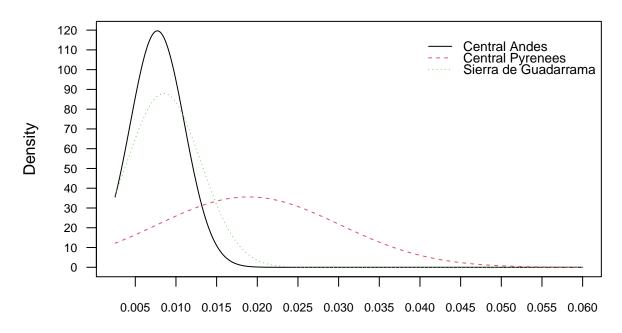


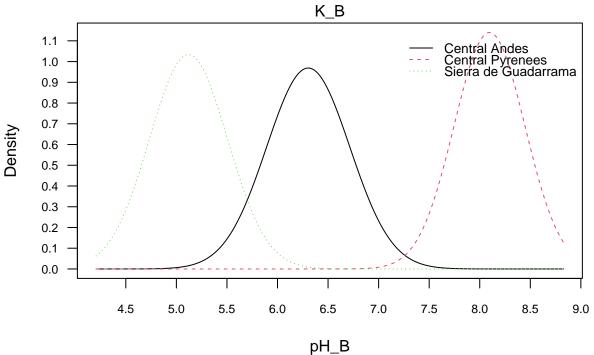


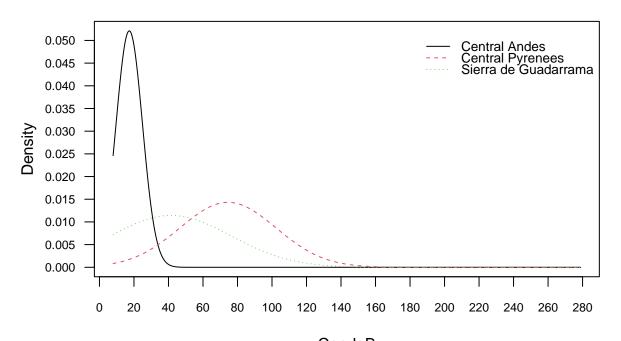


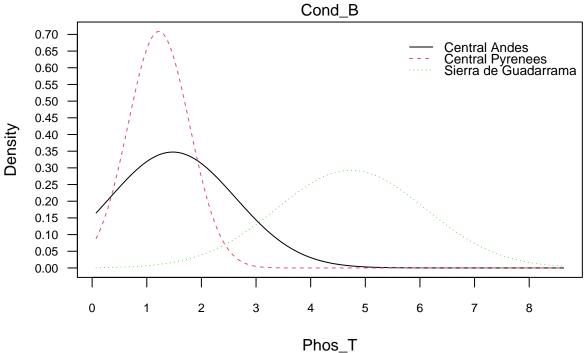


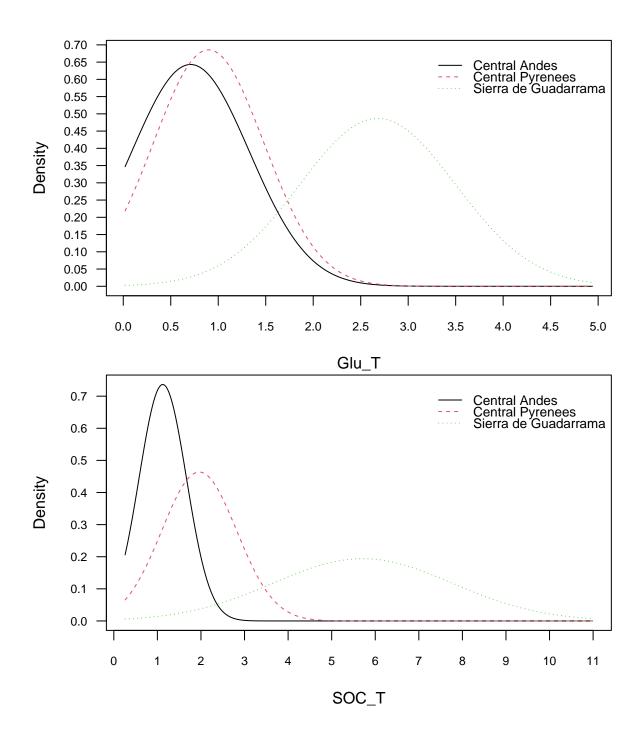


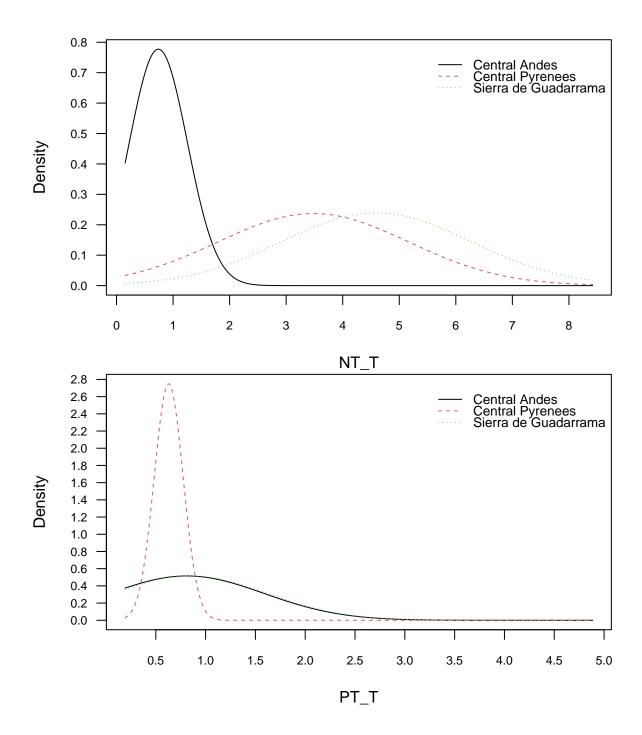


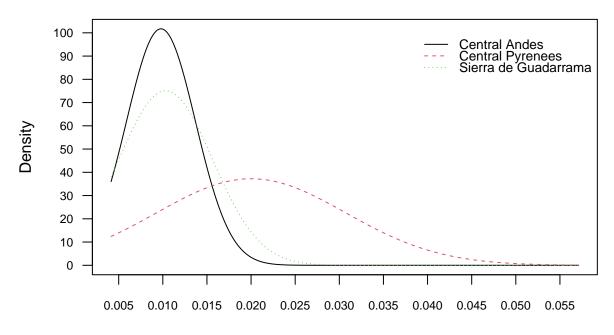


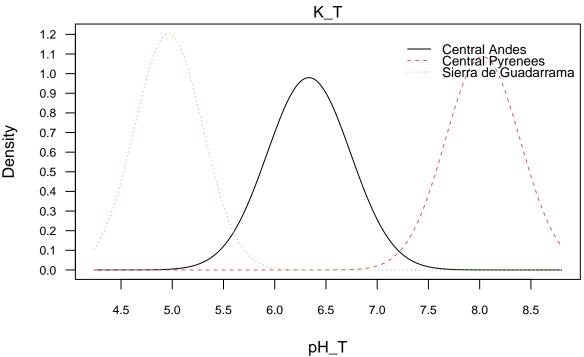


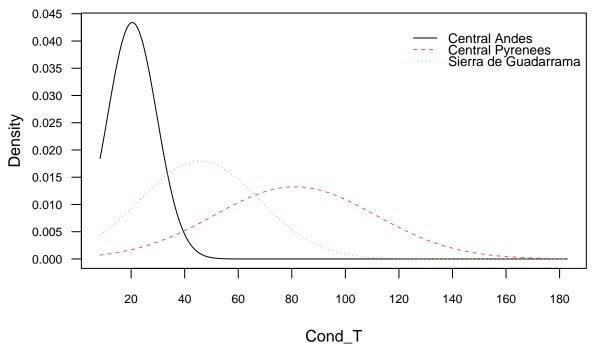












```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
mountain.nb
##
```

```
##
##
##
   Call:
  naive_bayes.formula(formula = Mountain_range ~ ., data = Mountain_data.tr %>%
##
      select(!c(Plot, Subplot, Date, Day, Month, Year, Locality,
##
##
          Country)), laplace = 1, usekernel = FALSE)
##
##
##
  Laplace smoothing: 1
##
##
##
   A priori probabilities:
##
##
         Central Andes
                         Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
                               0.3333333
##
            0.3333333
                                                   0.3333333
##
##
##
##
   Tables:
##
##
   ::: Radiation (Gaussian)
##
##
##
  Radiation Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
       mean
              0.81360704
                              0.66437606
                                                 0.73577776
##
       sd
              0.07790181
                              0.18563689
                                                 0.06015075
```

```
##
   ::: Phos P (Gaussian)
## ------
## Phos P Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
            2.2952973
                     1.9415222
            1.4686357
                           0.6904481
##
    sd
                                              1.4087032
##
##
   ::: Glu_P (Gaussian)
##
## Glu_P Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
                           1.6961709
##
            1.4616516
##
    sd
            1.2864604
                           0.8363111
                                              0.7879578
##
   ::: SOC_P (Gaussian)
  ______
##
## SOC_P Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
                            2.765690
##
    mean
             1.766067
                                              6.403696
             1.240214
                           1.116397
##
##
   ::: NT_P (Gaussian)
##
## NT_P Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
           1.222499
                           4.425051
                                              5.155693
##
    sd
             1.084850
                            2.066501
                                              1.705442
##
##
## # ... and 20 more tables
pH_T is medium in Central Andes, lower in Sierra de Guadarrama and higher in Central Pyrenees.
Predictions
head(predict(mountain.nb, newdata = Mountain_data.tr[-c(1:9)]),20)
  [1] Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes
## [6] Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes
## [11] Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes
## [16] Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes Central Andes
## Levels: Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
head(predict(mountain.nb, newdata = Mountain_data.tr[-c(1:9)], type="prob"),10)
        Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
## [1,]
                 1
                      1.261897e-21
                                      1.753060e-31
## [2,]
                  1
                       1.295786e-31
                                         3.223123e-26
```

```
[3,]
##
                     1
                            1.810897e-25
                                                  1.712095e-27
##
   [4,]
                            2.129147e-25
                                                 8.880046e-30
                     1
##
   [5,]
                     1
                            4.134568e-12
                                                 5.379184e-38
                                                 5.203245e-28
##
  [6,]
                            7.661957e-30
                     1
##
   [7,]
                     1
                            2.363779e-24
                                                  2.070797e-29
## [8,]
                            2.143505e-14
                                                 7.570771e-54
                     1
## [9,]
                            5.808141e-34
                                                  1.691998e-27
                     1
                            3.203829e-29
## [10,]
                     1
                                                  1.365213e-31
```

Confusion matrix train data set

```
p1 <- predict(mountain.nb, Mountain_data.tr[-c(1:9)])
(tab1 <- table(p1, Mountain_data.tr$Mountain_range))</pre>
```

```
##
## p1
                            Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
                                       78
                                                                                 2
     Central Andes
                                                           0
                                                          79
##
     Central Pyrenees
                                        1
                                                                                 0
     Sierra de Guadarrama
                                                                                77
##
                                        0
                                                           0
sum(diag(tab1)) / sum(tab1)
```

[1] 0.9873418

Confusion Matrix test data set

```
p2 <- predict(mountain.nb, Mountain_data.te[-c(1:9)])
(tab2 <- table(p2, Mountain_data.te$Mountain_range))</pre>
```

```
##
## p2
                           Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
     Central Andes
                                       19
                                                         29
                                                                                 0
##
     Central Pyrenees
                                        1
     Sierra de Guadarrama
                                                                                57
                                        1
                                                          0
sum(diag(tab2)) / sum(tab2)
```

[1] 0.9722222

K-NN Model

We use a 2-NN to predict the test set using the training set

```
library(caret)
set.seed(123)
KNN <- knn3(data=Mountain_data.tr,Mountain_data.tr$Mountain_range ~ ., k=2)
MR.te.pred <- predict(KNN, newdata = Mountain_data.tr,type ="class")

TAB <- table(Obs=Mountain_data.tr$Mountain_range, Pred=MR.te.pred) # confusion matrix
TAB</pre>
```

```
##
## Obs
                           Central Andes Central Pyrenees Sierra de Guadarrama
##
     Central Andes
                                       79
                                                          0
                                                                                0
                                        0
                                                         79
                                                                                0
##
     Central Pyrenees
     Sierra de Guadarrama
                                        0
                                                          0
                                                                               79
(ACC <- sum(diag(TAB))/sum(TAB)) # accuracy
```

[1] 1