

FAIR_bioinfo for bioinformaticians

Introduction to the tools of reproducibility in bioinformatics

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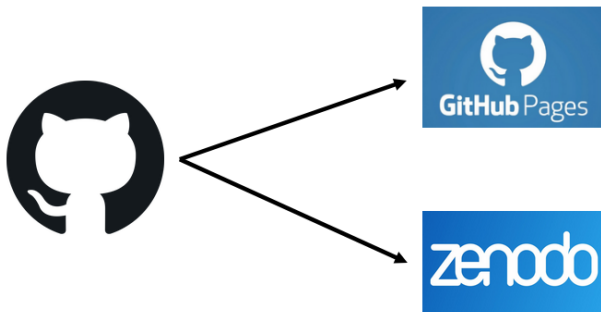
Sept. 2020

Sharing and disseminating your project

Sharing and disseminating

Goals of this session:

- Showcase your work
- Add a licence
- Create a release
- Obtain a DOI for the project



Showcase your work

Showcase your work



Showcase your work



Why ?

- Your project is simpler to share and find

Advantages

- Free hosting of static websites
- Able to convert Markdown into a website

Documentation : <https://pages.github.com/>

Showcase your work

In practice

From the main page of your repository, go to :

- "Settings" tab
- → "Options" (left hand side menu)
- → navigate to the "GitHub Pages" paragraph.

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

Source

GitHub Pages is currently disabled. Select a source below to enable GitHub Pages for this repository. [Learn more.](#)

None ▾

Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme using the master branch. [Learn more.](#)

Choose a theme

Showcase your work

In practice

From the main page of your repository, go to "Settings" → "Options" → "GitHub Pages".

1 Choose the source

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository. [Learn more.](#)

Source

GitHub Pages is currently disabled. Select a source below to enable GitHub Pages for this repository. [Learn more.](#)

None ▾

Save

Select branch

×

Select branch

main

✓ None

|| theme using the main branch. [Learn more.](#)

Danger Zone

Showcase your work

In practice

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GitHub Pages

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Branch: main ▾

Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish

Choose a theme

/ (root) ▾

Save

Select folder

×

✓ / (root)

/docs

branch. [Learn more.](#)

Showcase your work

In practice

From the main page of your repository, go to "Settings" → "Options" → "GitHub Pages".

1 Choose the source

GitHub Pages

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GitHub Pages is currently disabled. Select a source below to enable GitHub Pages for this repository. [Learn more.](#)

 Branch: main ▾

 / (root) ▾

Save

Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme using the main branch. [Learn more.](#)

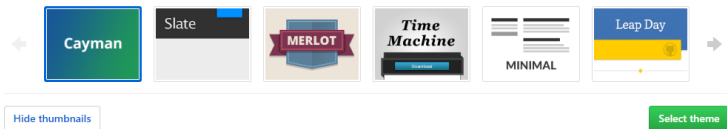
Choose a theme

Showcase your work

In practice

From the main page of your repository, go to "Settings" → "Options" → "GitHub Pages".

- 1 Choose the source
- 2 Choose the theme



Showcase your work

Convert Markdown into HTML !

```
# Welcome !

**Bienvenue à FAIR_bioinfo**

Vous trouverez ici des communications réali

**You will find here some communications mad

**Informations pratiques**
- Quand ? : le dernier vendredi après midi
- Durée ? : 1h30 (questions incluses)
- Lieu ? : Salle de conférence A.Kalogeropo

**Objectifs**

L'objectif est de proposer et d'utiliser un
FAIR correspond à l'acronyme anglais "Finda
Le projet support est une étude "d'expressi

**Pré-requis**
```



FAIR Bioinformatique

Communications lors du Club FAIR Bioinformatique de l'IBF

[View on GitHub](#) [Download .zip](#) [Download .tar.gz](#)

Welcome !

Bienvenue à FAIR_bioinfo

Vous trouverez ici des communications réalisées lors des sessions FAIR_bioinfo. Les communications sont en français. Tout le contenu présenté existe déjà en anglais sur internet. Nous proposons donc ici des ressources pour les francophones.

You will find here some communications made during the I2BC Bioinformatics Club. Communications will be mainly in French. All the content presented also exists in English on the Internet. Therefore, we propose here resources for Francophones.

Informations pratiques

- Quand ? : le dernier vendredi après midi de chaque mois (sauf juillet à définir), rdv 12h30
- Durée ? : 1h30 (questions incluses)
- Lieu ? : Salle de conférence A.Kalogeropoulos, b. 400, campus Orsay

Objectifs

L'objectif est de proposer et d'utiliser un panel d'outils permettant la réalisation d'un projet complet de bio-informatique en partant de rien et aboutissant à la création d'un conteneur (technologie Docker). Le partage, la valorisation et l'analyse dynamique des données seront inclus dans le panel. FAIR correspond à l'acronyme anglais "Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, & Reusable", initialement défini pour les données mais que nous détournons ici pour leurs protocoles d'analyses. Le projet support est une étude "d'expression différentielle de gènes" à partir de données RNAseq d'OZauin.

Pré-requis

Questions ... Savoir taper sur un clavier ?

Contacts

- Thomas DENECKER (thomas.denecker@gmail.com)
- Claire Toffano-Nioche (claire.toffano-nioche@u-psud.fr)

Communications orales

https://thomasdenecker.github.io/FAIR_Bioinfo

Showcase your work

Also works directly from HTML

- 1 Create a folder named "docs"
 - ▶ main file must be named index.html
- 2 "Settings" → "Options" → "GitHub Pages"

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at <https://thomasdenecker.github.io/bPeaks-application/>

Source
Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the `/docs` folder in the `master` branch. [Learn more.](#)

master branch /docs folder ▾

Theme Chooser
Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme. [Learn more.](#)

Choose a theme

Custom domain
Custom domains allow you to serve your site from a domain other than `thomasdenecker.github.io`. [Learn more.](#)

Save

☒ **Enforce HTTPS**
— Required for your site because you are using the default domain (`thomasdenecker.github.io`)

HTTPS provides a layer of encryption that prevents others from snooping on or tampering with traffic to your site. When HTTPS is enforced, your site will only be served over HTTPS. [Learn more.](#)

<https://thomasdenecker.github.io/bPeaks-application/>



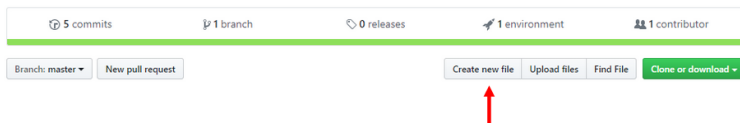
Showcase your work

Remember to choose a licence !

This will determine whether anyone can use, modify, and distribute your code / tool / software...

<https://help.github.com/en/articles/licensing-a-repository>

- 1 Create a file named "LICENCE"
- 2 GitHub will suggest templates



Showcase your work

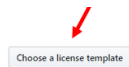
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<https://help.github.com/en/articles/licensing-a-repository>

- 1 Create a file named "LICENCE"
- 2 GitHub will suggest templates

Fair_Projet /



The CeCILL licence is recommended by the CEA, CNRS and INRIA ("CEA CNRS INRIA Logiciel Libre"). Copy it directly.


Showcase your work

GitHub takes care of displaying the information on your repository.

The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository 'thomasedenecker / Fair_Projet'. At the top, there are navigation links: Code, Issues, Pull requests, Projects, Wiki, Security, Insights, and Settings. Below these is a section titled 'Add a license to your project'. On the left, a list of licenses is provided: Apache License 2.0, GNU General Public License v3.0, MIT License, BSD 2-Clause 'Simplified' License, BSD 3-Clause 'New' or 'Revised' License, Eclipse Public License 2.0, GNU Affero General Public License v3.0, GNU General Public License v2.0, GNU Lesser General Public License v2.1, GNU Lesser General Public License v3.0, Mozilla Public License 2.0, and The Unlicense. The 'BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised" License' is selected. The main content area displays the details of this license, including its permissions (Commercial use, Modification, Distribution, Private use), limitations (Liability, Warranty), and conditions (License and copyright notice). A text box on the right prompts the user to adopt the license by providing their year (2019) and full name (thomasedenecker). A green 'Review and submit' button is at the bottom right.

Showcase your work

Validate and merge with the main branch

 thomasdenecker/Fair_Projet is licensed under the BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised" License A permissive license similar to the BSD 2-Clause License, but with a 3rd clause that prohibits others from using the name of the project or its contributors to promote derived products without written consent.	Permissions <ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Commercial use✓ Modification✓ Distribution✓ Private use	Limitations <ul style="list-style-type: none">✗ Liability✗ Warranty	Conditions <ul style="list-style-type: none">① License and copyright notice
This is not legal advice. Learn more about repository licenses.			

Showcase your work

Kind reminder: consequence of not choosing a licence.

No License

When you make a creative work (which includes code), the work is under exclusive copyright by default. Unless you include a license that specifies otherwise, nobody else can copy, distribute, or modify your work without being at risk of take-downs, shake-downs, or litigation. Once the work has other contributors (each a copyright holder), "nobody" starts including you.

Even in the absence of a license file, you may grant some rights in cases where you publish your source code to a site that requires accepting terms of service. For example, if you publish your source code in a public repository on GitHub, you have accepted the [Terms of Service](#), by which you allow others to view and fork your repository. Others may not need your permission if [limitations and exceptions to copyright](#) apply to their particular situation. Neither site terms nor jurisdiction-specific copyright limitations are sufficient for the kinds of collaboration that people usually seek on a public code host, such as experimentation, modification, and sharing as fostered by an open source license.

You don't have to do anything to not offer a license. You may however wish to add a copyright notice and statement that you are not offering any license in a prominent place (e.g., your project's README) so that [users](#) don't assume you made an oversight. If you're going to accept others' contributions to your non-licensed project, you may wish to explore with your lawyer adding a contributor agreement to your project so that you maintain copyright permission from contributors, even though you're not granting the same.

Disallowing use of your code might not be what you intend by "no license." An [open-source license](#) allows reuse of your code while retaining copyright. If your goal is to completely opt-out of copyright restrictions, try a [public domain dedication](#).

For users

If you find software that doesn't have a license, that generally means you have no permission from the creators of the software to use, modify, or share the software. Although a code host such as GitHub may allow you to view and fork the code, this does not imply that you are permitted to use, modify, or share the software for any purpose.

Your options:

- **Ask the maintainers nicely to add a license.** Unless the software includes strong indications to the contrary, lack of a license is probably an oversight. If the software is hosted on a site like GitHub, open an issue requesting a license and include a link to this site. If you're bold and it's fairly obvious what license is most appropriate, open a pull request to add a license – see "suggest this license" in the sidebar of the page for each license on this site (e.g., [MIT](#)).
- **Don't use the software.** Find or create an alternative that is under an open source license.
- **Negotiate a private license.** Bring your lawyer.

Release

Release

Goal : provide users with a version of your code that has been fixed in time and labelled.

All the steps are detailed here:

- <https://help.github.com/en/articles/creating-releases>

Release

Make a release

thomasdenecker / FAIR_Bioinfo

Watch 3 Star 3 Fork 1

Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Projects 1 Wiki Security Insights Settings

Démonstration d'outils de bioinfo dans le cadre d'un projet [Edit](#)

[Manage topics](#)

57 commits 2 branches 0 releases 1 environment 2 contributors View license

There aren't any releases here

Releases are powered by [tagging specific points of history](#) in a repository.
They're great for marking release points like `v1.0`.

[Create a new release](#)

Release

Make a release

thomasdenecker / FAIR_Bioinfo

Watch 3

Star 3

Fork 1

<> Code

Issues 0

Pull requests 0

Projects 1

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

Releases

Tags

tag version @ Target: master

Choose an existing tag, or create a new tag on publish

Release title

Write

Preview

Describe this release

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

Attach binaries by dropping them here or selecting them.

☐ This is a pre-release

We'll point out that this release is identified as non-production ready.

Publish release

Save draft


Tagging suggestions

It's common practice to prefix your version names with the letter v. Some good tag names might be v1.0 or v2.3.4.

If the tag isn't meant for production use, add a pre-release version after the version name. Some good pre-release versions might be v0.2-a1pha or v5.9-beta.3.

Semantic versioning

If you're new to releasing software, we highly recommend reading about [semantic versioning](#).



Release

Semantic of a release number

1.0.0
MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH

- MAJOR : changes not backwards-compatible
- MINOR : new/modified functionalities, backwards-compatible
- PATCH : bug fixes, backwards-compatible

More details : <https://semver.org/>

Release


First release for FAIR_Bioinfo


Releases

Tags


Edit releaseDelete

Latest release

 1.0.0

 1e307ed


First release


 thomasdenecker released this just now

1.0.0

UpdateReadme

▼ Assets 2

 Source code (zip)

 Source code (tar.gz)

Obtain a DOI

Obtain a DOI



Obtain a DOI

Digital Object Identifier

Reference system to cite an object (A GitHub project in our case)



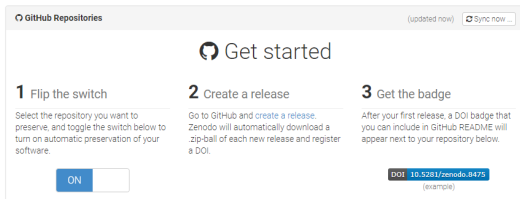
<https://guides.github.com/activities/citable-code/>

Obtain a DOI

1/ Sign in to Zenodo

- With your GitHub account
- With your ORCID account (add a "Linked account" to GitHub afterwards)

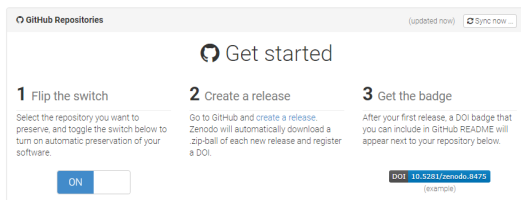
2/ Go to the Settings page → GitHub tab



The screenshot shows the 'GitHub Repositories' settings page in Zenodo. At the top, it says '(updated now)' and has a 'Sync now' button. The main heading is 'Get started'. There are three numbered steps:

- 1 Flip the switch**
Select the repository you want to preserve, and toggle the switch below to turn on automatic preservation of your software.
Below this text is a toggle switch with 'ON' written on the blue part.
- 2 Create a release**
Go to GitHub and [create a release](#). Zenodo will automatically download a .zip-ball of each new release and register a DOI.
- 3 Get the badge**
After your first release, a DOI badge that you can include in GitHub README will appear next to your repository below.
Below this text is a badge that reads: **DOI 10.5281/zenodo.8475** (example)

Obtain a DOI

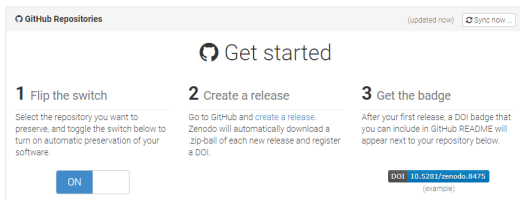


3/ In the list below, find the project you want to link to Zenodo. Flip the switch.

 [thomasdenecker/FAIR_Bioinfo](#)




Obtain a DOI



GitHub Repositories (updated now) [Sync now ...](#)

Get started

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☒ ON
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4/ On GitHub, in Settings → Webhooks, a new line has been created: Zenodo will be notified of any new release created in this project.

Webhooks

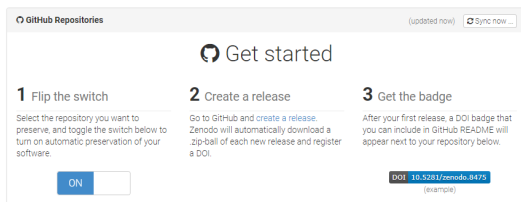
[Add webhook](#)

Webhooks allow external services to be notified when certain events happen. When the specified events happen, we'll send a POST request to each of the URLs you provide. Learn more in our [Webhooks Guide](#).

✓ <https://zenodo.org/api/hooks/receivers/github/events/> (release)

[Edit](#) [Delete](#)

Obtain a DOI



5/ Back to Zenodo. After a release, a badge will be available below the project's name, in the category Enabled repositories.



Obtain a DOI

DOI Badge

This badge points to the latest released version of your repository. If you want a DOI badge for a specific release, please follow the DOI link for one of the specific releases and grab badge from the archived record.

Markdown

```
[![DOI](https://zenodo.org/badge/164655551.svg)](https://zenodo.org/badge/latestdoi/164655551)
```

reStructuredText

```
.. image:: https://zenodo.org/badge/164655551.svg
   :target: https://zenodo.org/badge/latestdoi/164655551
```

HTML

```
<a href="https://zenodo.org/badge/latestdoi/164655551">
```

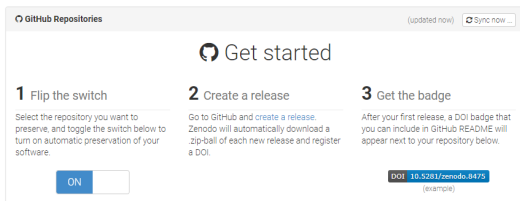
Image URL

```
https://zenodo.org/badge/164655551.svg
```

Target URL


```
https://zenodo.org/badge/latestdoi/164655551
```


Obtain a DOI



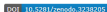
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(example)

6/ Add the code for the badge to the README.

Welcome !



Bienvenue à FAIR_bioinfo

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GitHub Package Registry

The screenshot shows the GitHub Package Registry interface for the package `Codertocat/hello-world-npm`. The page is titled "hello-world-npm 1.0.1" with a "Latest version" badge. It includes tabs for "Releases", "Tags", and "Packages". The "Packages" tab is active, showing installation instructions for npm and package.json. The "Package details" section on the right shows the package name, version (v961376), and release date (May 10, 2019). The "Download Activity" section shows 1 download today, 1 download this week, 1 download this month, and 1 download this year. The "Recent versions" section shows the current version (1.0.1) and its release time (41 minutes ago). The "Usage" section shows a code snippet for installing the package and using it in a Node.js application.

Codertocat / hello-world-npm Private

Watch 0 Star 0 Fork 0

Code Issues Pull requests Projects Wiki Insights Settings

Releases Tags Packages

hello-world-npm 1.0.1 Latest version

Install from the command line:

```
npm install @Codertocat/hello-world-npm@1.0.1
```

Install via package.json:

```
"@Codertocat/hello-world-npm": "1.0.1"
```

Configure npm for use with GitHub Package Registry

Edit description

hello-world-npm

This is a simple npm package that demonstrates the [GitHub Package Registry](#).

Installation

Before installing, make sure to authenticate with GitHub Package Registry or using a .npmrc file. See "[Configuring npm for use with GitHub Package Registry](#)."

```
$ npm install @codertocat/hello-world-npm
```

Or add this package to your package.json file:

```
{
  "dependencies": {
    "@codertocat/hello-world-npm": "1.0.0"
  }
}
```

Usage

```
const myPackage = require('@codertocat/hello-world-npm');
myPackage.helloWorld();
```

Packages directly available on GitHub.

<https://help.github.com/en/articles/about-github-package-registry>
<https://github.com/features/package-registry>