

1. 求满足下表数据以及边界条件 $S''(-2) = S''(2) = 0$ ($n=3$) 的三次样条插值函数 $S(x)$ 并计算 $S(0)$ 的值 (n 为小区间个数)

x	-2.00	-1.00	1.00	2.00
$f(x)$	-4.00	2.00	5.00	8.00

记 $x_0 = -2, x_1 = -1, x_2 = 1, x_3 = 2$

则 $h_0 = x_1 - x_0 = 1, h_1 = x_2 - x_1 = 2, h_2 = x_3 - x_2 = 1$

$$\text{故 } \lambda_1 = \frac{h_1}{h_0 + h_1} = \frac{2}{3}, \mu_1 = \frac{h_0}{h_0 + h_1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{h_2}{h_1 + h_2} = \frac{1}{3}, \mu_2 = \frac{h_1}{h_1 + h_2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{又由 } f[x_0, x_1] &= \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0} = 6, f[x_1, x_2] = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{3}{2}, f[x_2, x_3] = \frac{f(x_3) - f(x_2)}{x_3 - x_2} = 3 \\ \text{可求 } f[x_0, x_1, x_2] &= \frac{f[x_0, x_1] - f[x_1, x_2]}{x_0 - x_2} = -\frac{1}{2}, f[x_1, x_2, x_3] = \frac{f[x_1, x_2] - f[x_2, x_3]}{x_1 - x_3} = \frac{1}{4} \\ \therefore d_1 &= 6f[x_0, x_1, x_2] = -3, d_2 = 6f[x_1, x_2, x_3] = \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

由边界条件 $M_0 = M_3 = 0$, 得

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{3} & 2 & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & 2 & \frac{1}{3} \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ M_1 \\ M_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} d_0 \\ -3 \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ d_3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} M_1 &= -1.96875 \\ M_2 &= 1.40625 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{由 } S_i(x) = \frac{(x_{i+1} - x)^3}{6h_i} M_i + \frac{(x - x_i)^3}{6h_i} M_{i+1} + c(x_{i+1} - x) + d(x - x_i) \quad c = \frac{y_i}{h_i} - \frac{h_i M_i}{6} \quad d = \frac{y_{i+1}}{h_i} - \frac{h_i M_{i+1}}{6}$$

$$\therefore S_0(x) = \frac{(1-x)^3}{6} M_0 + \frac{(x+2)^3}{6} M_1 + (-4 - \frac{1}{6} M_0)(1-x) + (2 - \frac{1}{6} M_1)(x+2)$$

$$= -0.328125(x+2)^3 + 4(x+1) + 2.328125(x+2)$$

$$S_1(x) = \frac{(1-x)^3}{12} M_1 + \frac{(x+1)^3}{12} M_2 + (1 - \frac{1}{3} M_1)(1-x) + (-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{3} M_2)(x+1)$$

$$= 0.1640625(x-1)^3 + 0.1171875(x+1)^3 - 1.65625(x-1) + 2.03125(x+1)$$

$$S_2(x) = \frac{(2-x)^3}{6} M_2 + \frac{(x-1)^3}{6} M_3 + (5 - \frac{1}{6} M_2)(2-x) + (8 - \frac{1}{6} M_3)(x-1)$$

$$= -0.234375(x-2)^3 - 4.765625(x-2) + 8(x-1)$$

综上所述三次样条插值为

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} -0.328125(x+2)^3 + 4(x+1) + 2.328125(x+2) & x \in [-2, -1] \\ 0.1640625(x-1)^3 + 0.1171875(x+1)^3 - 1.65625(x-1) + 2.03125(x+1) & x \in [-1, 1] \\ -0.234375(x-2)^3 - 4.765625(x-2) + 8(x-1) & x \in [1, 2] \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore S(0) = 3.640625$$

2. 利用最小二乘法构造二次多项式 $y = p(x)$ 去拟合下列数据, 并计算 $y(2015)$ 结果精确到小数点后一位.

x	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
y	134091	134735	135404	136072	136782

设二次拟合函数 $y = a_2(x-2010)^2 + a_1(x-2010) + a_0$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{则 } \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010) &= 10 & \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010)^2 &= 30 & \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010)^3 &= 100 & \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010)^4 &= 354 \\ \sum_{i=1}^5 x_i &= 677084 & \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010)y_i &= 1360887 & \sum_{i=1}^5 (x_i - 2010)^2 y_i &= 4089511 \end{aligned}$$

由法方程,

$$\begin{bmatrix} m & \sum(x_i - 2010) & \sum(x_i - 2010)^2 \\ \sum(x_i - 2010) & \sum(x_i - 2010)^2 & \sum(x_i - 2010)^3 \\ \sum(x_i - 2010)^2 & \sum(x_i - 2010)^3 & \sum(x_i - 2010)^4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum y_i \\ \sum(x_i - 2010)y_i \\ \sum(x_i - 2010)^2 y_i \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{即} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 30 \\ 10 & 30 & 100 \\ 30 & 100 & 354 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 677084 \\ 1360887 \\ 4089511 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_0 = 134091.7143 \quad a_1 = 634.4714 \quad a_2 = 9.3571$$

$$\therefore p(x) = 9.3571(x-2010)^2 + 634.4714(x-2010) + 134091.7143$$

$$\therefore y(2015) \approx p(2015) = 137498.0$$