## Description on the program TRACK\_P, and its installation

The program calculates track parameters in PADC films (or commercial CR-39 detectors) caused by protons. The program consists of two parts. The first one was written in the Fortran90 programming language without any graphical presentation, and could be compiled and run on any platform. The second one was written in Python script and provided 2-D and 3-D graphical presentations of the proton tracks in the PADC films.

## **Installation**

- (1) All the necessary files are contained a zip file called "Track\_P.zip". Create a new working directory in your root directory. For example, in the present description, we create a new folder called "Track\_p" in the E drive. Unzip all files in the "Track\_P.zip" file into the directory E:\Track\_p.
- (2) In the following, we will only describe the procedures for those who only wish to execute the program, since we believe most users will only need this. For those who wish to read/modify/compile/link the files, you need to install any Fortran90+ compiler and perform these actions according to the software shell.

## **Executing the program Track p**

(1)	All the input	parameters	are	included	in	the	Input.dat	file.	The	file	contains	four	lines
	such as:												

4.

8.

1.

80.

which means (from top):

Proton energy (in MeV)

Etching time (in hours)

Bulk etch rate (in µm h<sup>-1</sup>)

Proton incident angle with respect to the surface (in degrees)

(2) Change these input parameters as you need and then save the file. Double-click on the Track\_p.exe file to run it. The program will ask the user to define the resolution for graphical presentation, i.e., the number of horizontal planes which intersect with the track body and the number of points per one cross section. We recommend "100" for both. A larger number will slow down the calculations, while a smaller number will produce poorer-quality graphical presentations.

```
PROGRAM TRACK_VISION proton 1.0
CALCULATES TRACK PARAMETERS, MAJOR AND MINOR AXES AND DEPTH OF PROTONS IN um
CR-39
CALCULATES BLACK PART OF TRACK
PLOT TRACK PROFILE AND TRACK OPENING CONTOUR
PROGRAM SIMULATES LIGHT PROPAGATION THROUGH THE TRACK
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READ INPUT DATA FROM FILE INPUT.DAT
HOW MANY HORIZONTAL PLANES INTERSECTING THE TRACK DO YOU WISH
100
HOW MANY POINTS PER ONE INTERSECTION
100_
```

(3) The program will print on the computer screen the track parameters: depth, lengths of major and minor axes and some information about the data used for the computation. The output parameters are also written in the file OutResults.dat.

```
READ INPUT DATA FROM FILE INPUT.DAT
HOW MANY HORIZONTAL PLANES INTERSECTING THE TRACK DO YOU WISH
100
HOW MANY POINTS PER ONE INTERSECTION
100
PROTON RANGE IN DETECTOR IN MICROMETERS 189.7601
PLEASE WAIT

PROGRAM CALCULATES 888 POINTS COORDINATES ON THE TRACK WALL
TRACK DEPTH (um) 7.436056E-01
TOTAL NUMBER OF POINTS REPRESENTING THE TRACK IN 3-D IS N= 19800
NUMBER OF POLYGONS REPRESENTING TRACK IS 19602
PROJECTED TRACK SURFACE 10.120787305677590
MAJOR AND MINOR AXES ARE 3.650360 um 3.339936 um
Pause - Please enter a blank line (to continue) or a DOS command.
```

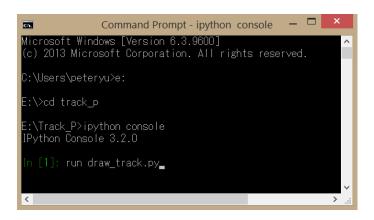
(4) Press "Enter" to exit from the program.

## **Track drawing using Python**

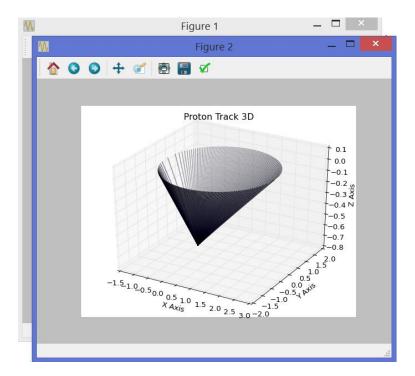
(1) You need the Anaconda Python for this part. If you have not installed this on your computer previously, you have to download the Anaconda Python distribution from <a href="http://continuum.io/downloads">http://continuum.io/downloads</a> (choosing Python 2.7 32-bit (or 64-bit) Graphical Installer according to your computer). Install Anaconda using default settings.



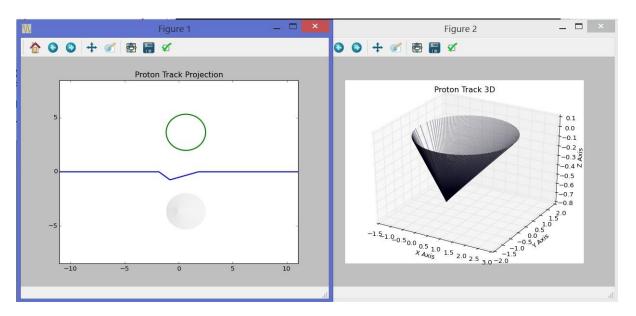
(2) Open a command prompt. (In Windows 8, point the mouse to the top right hand corner and select "Search", type "cmd" in the search box, and then choose "Command Prompt".) Go to your directory E:\Track\_p Invoke the IPython console by typing "IPython console" at the command prompt E:\Track\_p>. Type: "run draw\_track.py" and wait.



(3) Two separate diagrams are generated (they will overlap with each other on the screen so you need to drag them apart).



The first one (Figure 1) represents the projection of the proton track in 2D, while the other (Figure 2) shows the projection of the same track in 3D.



Technically speaking, draw\_track.py just reads the PROTON\_TRACK outputs contained in the files TRACK\_COORDINATES.DAT, Contour.dat, BE.DAT and 3\_D.DAT and visualizes their contents. The script is compatible with both Python2 and Python3 and has been tested with Matlotlib version 1.4.3 on both Windows and Linux.