



A toolkit for DNA sequence analysis and manipulation

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Recent advances in DNA sequencing have revolutionized the field of genomics, making it possible for research groups to generate large amounts of sequenced data, very rapidly and at substantially lower cost. Its storage have been made using specific file formats, such as FASTQ and FASTA. Therefore, its analysis and manipulation is crucial [?]. Several frameworks for analysis and manipulation emerged, namely **GALAXY** [?], **GATK** [?], **HTSeq** [?], **MEGA** [?], among others. In the majority, these frameworks require licenses and do not provide a low level access to the information, since they are commonly approached by scripting or interfaces.

We describe **GTO**, a (free) novel toolkit for analyzing and manipulating FASTA-FASTQ formats and sequences (DNA, amino acids, text), with many complementary tools. The toolkit is for Linux-based systems, built for fast processing. **GTO** supports pipes for easy integration. It includes tools for information display, randomizing, edition, conversion, extraction, searching, calculation and visualization. **GTP** is prepared to deal with very large datasets, typically in the scale Gigabytes or Terabytes.

The toolkit is a command line version, using the prefix “GTO-” followed by the suffix with the respective name of the program. **GTO** is implemented in **C** language and it is available, under GPLv3, at:

```
https://pratas.github.io/GTO
```

1.1 Installation

For **GTO** installation, run:

```
git clone https://github.com/pratas/GTO.git
cd GTO/src/
make
```

1.2 License

The license is **GPLv3**. In resume, everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed. For details on the license, consult: <http://www.gnu.org/>

[licenses/gpl-3.0.html](#).

Chapter 2

FASTQ tools

Current available tools for FASTQ format analysis and manipulation include:

1. `gto_fastq_to_fasta`: it converts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo FASTA file.
2. `gto_fastq_to_mfasta`: it converts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo Multi-FASTA file.
3. `gto_seq_to_fastq`: it converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTQ file format.

2.1 Program `gto_fastq_to_fasta`

The `gto_fastq_to_fasta` converts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo FASTA file. However, it does not align the sequence. Also, it extracts the sequence and adds a pseudo header.

For help type:

```
./gto_fastq_to_fasta -h
```

In the following subsections, we explain the input and output parameters.

Input parameters

The `gto_fastq_to_fasta` program needs two streams for the computation, namely the input and output standard. The input stream is a FASTQ file.

The attribution is given according to:

```
Usage: ./gto_fastq_to_fasta [options] [--] args]
      or: ./gto_fastq_to_fasta [options]

It converts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo FASTA file.
It does NOT align the sequence.
It extracts the sequence and adds a pseudo header.

      -h, --help                show this help message and exit

Basic options
```

```
< input.fastq      Input FASTQ file format (stdin)
> output.fasta      Output FASTA file format (stdout)
```

```
Example: ./gto_fastq_to_fasta < input.fastq > output.fasta
```

An example on such an input file is:

```
@SRR001666.1 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:817:345 length=72
GGGTGATGGCCGCTGCCGATGGCGTCAAATCCCACCAAGTTACCCTTAACAACCTTAAGGGTTTTCAAATAGA
+SRR001666.1 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:817:345 length=72
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII>IIIIII/
@SRR001666.2 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:801:338 length=72
GTTTCAGGGATACGACGTTTGTATTTTAAGAATCTGAAGCAGAAGTCGATGATAATACGCGTCGTTTTATCAT
+SRR001666.2 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:801:338 length=72
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII>IIIII-I)8I
```

Output

The output of the `gto_fastq_to_fasta` program a FASTA file.

An example, for the input, is:

```
GGGTGATGGCCGCTGCCGATGGCGTCAAATCCCACCAAGTTACCCTTAACAACCTTAAGGGTTTTCAAATAGA
GTTTCAGGGATACGACGTTTGTATTTTAAGAATCTGAAGCAGAAGTCGATGATAATACGCGTCGTTTTATCAT
```

2.2 Program `gto_fastq_to_mfasta`

The `gto_fastq_to_mfasta` onverts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo Multi-FASTA file. However, it does not align the sequence. Also, it extracts the sequence and adds a pseudo header.

For help type:

```
./gto_fastq_to_mfasta -h
```

In the following subsections, we explain the input and output paramters.

Input parameters

The `gto_fastq_to_mfasta` program needs two streams for the computation, namely the input and output standard. The input stream is a FASTQ file.

The attribution is given according to:

```
Usage: ./gto_fastq_to_mfasta [options] [--] args]
or: ./gto_fastq_to_mfasta [options]
```

```
It converts a FASTQ file format to a pseudo Multi-FASTA file.
It does NOT align the sequence.
It extracts the sequence and adds each header in a Multi-FASTA format.
```

```

-h, --help          show this help message and exit

Basic options
  < input.fastq      Input FASTQ file format (stdin)
  > output.mfasta    Output Multi-FASTA file format (stdout)

Example: ./gto_fastq_to_mfasta < input.fastq > output.mfasta

```

An example on such an input file is:

```

@SRR001666.1 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:817:345 length=72
GGGTGATGGCCGCTGCCGATGGCGTCAAATCCCACCAAGTTACCTTAACAACCTTAAGGGTTTTCAAATAGA
+SRR001666.1 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:817:345 length=72
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII>IIIIII/
@SRR001666.2 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:801:338 length=72
GTTACAGGGATACGACGTTTGTATTTTAAGAATCTGAAGCAGAAGTCGATGATAATACGCGTCGTTTTATCAT
+SRR001666.2 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:801:338 length=72
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII>IIIII-I)8I

```

Output

The output of the `gto_fastq_to_mfasta` program a Multi-FASTA file.

An example, for the input, is:

```

>SRR001666.1 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:817:345 length=72
GGGTGATGGCCGCTGCCGATGGCGTCAAATCCCACCAAGTTACCTTAACAACCTTAAGGGTTTTCAAATAGA
>SRR001666.2 071112_SLXA-EAS1_s_7:5:1:801:338 length=72
GTTACAGGGATACGACGTTTGTATTTTAAGAATCTGAAGCAGAAGTCGATGATAATACGCGTCGTTTTATCAT

```

2.3 Program `gto_seq_to_fastq`

The `gto_seq_to_fastq` converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTQ file format.

For help type:

```
./gto_seq_to_fastq -h
```

In the following subsections, we explain the input and output paramters.

Input parameters

The `gto_seq_to_fastq` program needs two streams for the computation, namely the input and output standard. The input stream is a sequence group file.

The attribution is given according to:

```

Usage: ./gto_seq_to_fastq [options] [--] args]
       or: ./gto_seq_to_fastq [options]

It converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTQ file format.

```

```

-h, --help          show this help message and exit

Basic options
  < input.seq        Input sequence file (stdin)
  > output.fastq      Output FASTQ file format (stdout)

Optional options
  -n, --name=<str>    The read's header
  -l, --lineSize=<int> The maximum of chars for line

Example: ./gto_seq_to_fastq -l <lineSize> -n <name> < input.seq > output.fastq

```

An example on such an input file is:

```

ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
GTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCGGGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCACCCCCCAGC
TAAAACCTCACCCTGAATGCTCACGCAAGTTTAATTACAGACCTGAAACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCCGGCCTCCTGCTG
CTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGTGGCCCCACCGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCA
GGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCTCGCTTGGTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCAGGCCAGTGCCG
GGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGGCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGAC
AGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCTGCAAATAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTT
TAATTACAGACCTGAA

```

Output

The output of the `gto_seq_to_fastq` program is a pseudo FASTQ file.

An example, using the size line as 80 and the read's header as "SeqToFastq", for the input, is:

```

@SeqToFastq1
ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq2
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq3
GTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCGGGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq4
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCACCCCCCAGC
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq5
TAAAACCTCACCCTGAATGCTCACGCAAGTTTAATTACAGACCTGAAACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCCGGCCTCCTGCTG
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq6
CTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGTGGCCCCACCGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCA
+

```



```

FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq7
GGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCGCTTGGTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCCAGGCCAGTGCCG
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq8
GGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGGCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGAC
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq9
AGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCTGCAAATAAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTT
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
@SeqToFastq10
TAATTACAGACCTGAA
+
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

```

Chapter 3

FASTA tools

Current available FASTA tools, for analysis and manipulation, are:

1. `gto_fasta_to_seq`: it converts a FASTA or Multi-FASTA file format to a seq.
2. `gto_seq_to_fasta`: it converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTA file format.

3.1 Program `gto_fasta_to_seq`

The `gto_fasta_to_seq` converts a FASTA or Multi-FASTA file format to a sequence.

For help type:

```
./gto_fasta_to_seq -h
```

In the following subsections, we explain the input and output paramters.

Input parameters

The `gto_fasta_to_seq` program needs two streams for the computation, namely the input and output standard. The input stream is a FASTA or Multi-FASTA file.

The attribution is given according to:

```
Usage: ./gto_fasta_to_seq [options] [--] args]
      or: ./gto_fasta_to_seq [options]

It converts a FASTA or Multi-FASTA file format to a seq.

      -h, --help                show this help message and exit

Basic options
  < input.fasta                Input FASTA or Multi-FASTA file format (stdin)
  > output.seq                 Output sequence file (stdout)

Example: ./gto_fasta_to_seq < input.fasta > output.seq
```

An example on such an input file is:

```
>AB000264 |acc=AB000264|descr=Homo sapiens mRNA
ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
GTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCGGGGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCACCCCCCAGC
TAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTTTAATTACAGACCTGAA
>AB000263 |acc=AB000263|descr=Homo sapiens mRNA
ACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGT
GGCCCCACCGCGCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCGCTTG
GTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCCAGGCCAGTGCCGGGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAG
GCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCCTGCAAA
TAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTTTAATTACAGACCTGAA
```

Output

The output of the `gto_fasta_to_seq` program is a group sequence.

An example, for the input, is:

```
ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
GTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCGGGGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCACCCCCCAGC
TAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTTTAATTACAGACCTGAAACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCGGCCTCCTGCTG
CTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGTGGCCCCACCGCGCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCA
GGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTCTCGCTTGGTGGTTTGAGTGGACCTCCCAGGCCAGTGCCG
GGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGGCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGAC
AGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCCTGCAAATAAAACCTCACCCATGAATGCTCACGCAAGTT
TAATTACAGACCTGAA
```

3.2 Program `gto_seq_to_fasta`

The `gto_seq_to_fasta` converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTA file format.

For help type:

```
./gto_seq_to_fasta -h
```

In the following subsections, we explain the input and output parameters.

Input parameters

The `gto_seq_to_fasta` program needs two streams for the computation, namely the input and output standard. The input stream is a sequence group file.

The attribution is given according to:

```
Usage: ./gto_seq_to_fasta [options] [--] args
or: ./gto_seq_to_fasta [options]
```

It converts a genomic sequence to pseudo FASTA file format.

```

-h, --help          show this help message and exit

Basic options
  < input.seq        Input sequence file (stdin)
  > output.fasta      Output FASTA file format (stdout)

Optional options
  -n, --name=<str>    The read's header
  -l, --lineSize=<int> The maximum of chars for line

Example: ./gto_seq_to_fasta -l <lineSize> -n <name> < input.seq > output.fasta

```

An example on such an input file is:

```

ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTTCCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
GTGGTTTGTAGTGGACCTCCGGGGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCACCCCCCAGC
TAAAACCTCACCCTAATGCTCAGCAAGTTTAAATTACAGACCTGAAACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCCGGCCCTCCTGCTG
CTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGTGGCCCCACCGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCA
GGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTTCCTCGCTTGGTGGTTGTAGTGGACCTCCCAGGCCAGTGCCG
GGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGGCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGAC
AGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCCTGCAAATAAAAACCTCACCCTAATGCTCAGCAAGTT
TAATTACAGACCTGAA

```

Output

The output of the `gto_seq_to_fasta` program is a pseudo FASTA file.

An example, using the size line as 80 and the read's header as "SeqToFasta", for the input, is:

```

>SeqToFasta
ACAAGACGGCCTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCCTGGAGGGTCCACCGCTGCCCTGCTGCCATTGTCCCC
GGCCCCACCTAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTTCCTCGCTTGGGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCAGGAAGCGGCAGGAA
GTGGTTTGTAGTGGACCTCCGGGGCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGCAGGCCAGTGCC
GCGAATCCGCGCGCCGGGACAGAATCTCCTGCAAAGCCCTGCAGGAACTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCACCCCCCAGC
TAAAACCTCACCCTAATGCTCAGCAAGTTTAAATTACAGACCTGAAACAAGATGCCATTGTCCCCCGGCCCTCCTGCTG
CTGCTGCTCTCCGGGGCCACGGCCACCGCTGCCCTGCCCTGGAGGGTGGCCCCACCGCCGAGACAGCGAGCATATGCA
GGAAGCGGCAGGAATAAGGAAAAGCAGCCTCCTGACTTTTCCTCGCTTGGTGGTTGTAGTGGACCTCCCAGGCCAGTGCCG
GGCCCCCTCATAGGAGAGGAAGCTCGGGAGGTGGCCAGGCGGCAGGAAGGCGCACCCCCCAGCAATCCGCGCGCCGGGAC
AGAATGCCCTGCAGGAACCTTCTTCTGGAAGACCTTCTCCTCCTGCAAATAAAAACCTCACCCTAATGCTCAGCAAGTT
TAATTACAGACCTGAA

```