

UNIVERZITET U BIHAĆU
TEHNIČKI FAKULTET
BIHAĆ

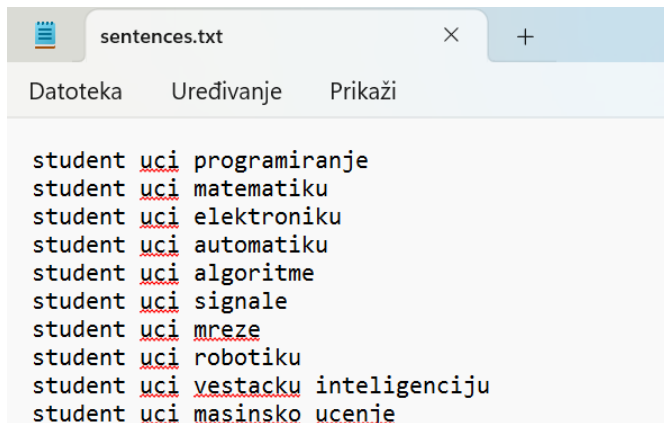
Auditorne vježbe iz predmeta
VJEŠTAČKA INTELIGENCIJA I EKSPERTNI SISTEMI

Una Drakulić, MA elektrotehnike
Viši asistent

Primjer 1

Razviti jednostavnu neuronsku mrežu koja na osnovu niza tekstualnih rečenica uči redoslijed i obrazac pojavljivanja riječi, te na osnovu naučenog modela generiše novu rečenicu koja logički slijedi dati niz. Ulaz u sistem je niz kratkih rečenica zapisanih u .txt fajlu. Svaka rečenica ima sličnu strukturu i pripada istom tematskom kontekstu. Neuronska mreža treba da nauči koja riječ najčešće slijedi nakon prethodne, te da na osnovu toga predvidi naredni tekstualni element.

Ulazni podaci



```
student uci programiranje
student uci matematiku
student uci elektroniku
student uci automatiku
student uci algoritme
student uci signale
student uci mreze
student uci robotiku
student uci vestacku inteligenciju
student uci masinsko učenje
```

```
clc; clear; close all;

%% 1. Učitavanje teksta
fid = fopen('sentences.txt','r');
C = textscan(fid,'%s','Delimiter','\n');
fclose(fid);
sentences = C{1};

%% 2. Ekstrakcija riječi
allWords = {};
for i = 1:length(sentences)
    words = split(lower(sentences{i}));
    allWords = [allWords; words];
end

uniqueWords = unique(allWords);
numWords = length(uniqueWords);

%% 3. Mapiranje riječi u indekse
word2idx = containers.Map(uniqueWords,1:numWords);
idx2word = uniqueWords;

%% 4. Kreiranje ulaza i izlaza
% Ulaz: [student uci] → Izlaz: oblast
X = [];
Y = [];

for i = 1:length(sentences)
    words = split(lower(sentences{i}));
    inputVec = zeros(numWords,1);
    inputVec(word2idx(words{1})) = 1;
    inputVec(word2idx(words{2})) = 1;

    outputVec = zeros(numWords,1);
    outputVec(word2idx(words{3})) = 1;

    X = [X inputVec];
    Y = [Y outputVec];
end
```

```

%% 5. Neuronska mreža
net = feedforwardnet(15);
net.trainParam.epochs = 500;
net = train(net,X,Y);

%% 6. Predikcija nove rečenice
testInput = zeros(numWords,1);
testInput(word2idx('student')) = 1;
testInput(word2idx('uci')) = 1;

prediction = net(testInput);
[~,idx] = max(prediction);

fprintf('Predložena nova rečenica:\n');
fprintf('student uci %s\n', idx2word{idx});

```

Izlaz:

	Command Window Predložena nova rečenica: student uci automatiku >>
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Primjer 2

Razviti MLP neuronsku mrežu koja predviđa sentiment:

- 1 = pozitivna recenzija
- 0 = negativna recenzija

Tekst datoteka **reviews.txt** (20 recenzija)

I absolutely love this product, it works perfectly and exceeded my expectations
The item was terrible, I am very disappointed and would not recommend it
Fantastic quality, I am very happy with my purchase and everything works great
This is the worst experience I have ever had, very poor design and functionality
I am impressed, excellent performance and perfect for my needs
Awful, it broke after two uses and I hate it
Good value for money, really satisfied with the product
Terrible service, the item arrived damaged and support was awful
I highly recommend this, fantastic and awesome product
I dislike this product, very bad quality and poor performance
Perfect, just what I needed and works as described
I am very disappointed, it did not meet my expectations
Great item, excellent design and I love using it
Worst purchase ever, terrible quality and I hate it
Amazing product, very happy with the results and recommend it
Poor build, bad materials and disappointing overall
I am satisfied, good quality and works perfectly
Awful experience, would never buy again
Fantastic, excellent, and perfect, very happy
Terrible, worst item I have bought, do not recommend

```

clc; clear; close all;

%% 1. Ucitavanje fajla
fid = fopen('reviews.txt','r');
C = textscan(fid,'%s','Delimiter','\n');
fclose(fid);
reviews = C{1};
N = length(reviews);

%% 2. Lista pozitivnih i negativnih rijeci
positiveWords =
{'good','excellent','fantastic','love','great','happy','recommend','awesome','perfect'};
negativeWords =
{'bad','poor','terrible','hate','awful','worst','disappointed'};

%% 3. Kreiranje ulaznih podataka
X = zeros(2,N); % 2 ulaza: broj pozitivnih i negativnih rijeci
Y = zeros(1,N); % ciljni izlaz: 0=negativno, 1=pozitivno

for i = 1:N
    text = lower(reviews{i});
    words = split(text);
    posCount = sum(ismember(words,positiveWords));
    negCount = sum(ismember(words,negativeWords));
    X(:,i) = [posCount; negCount];

    % Pravilo za cilj
    if posCount > negCount
        Y(i) = 1;
    else
        Y(i) = 0;
    end
end

%% 4. Kreiranje i trening MLP
net = feedforwardnet(5); % skriveni sloj sa 5 neurona
net.trainParam.epochs = 500;
net = train(net,X,Y);

%% 5. Predikcija
Y_pred = net(X);
Y_class = double(Y_pred > 0.5);

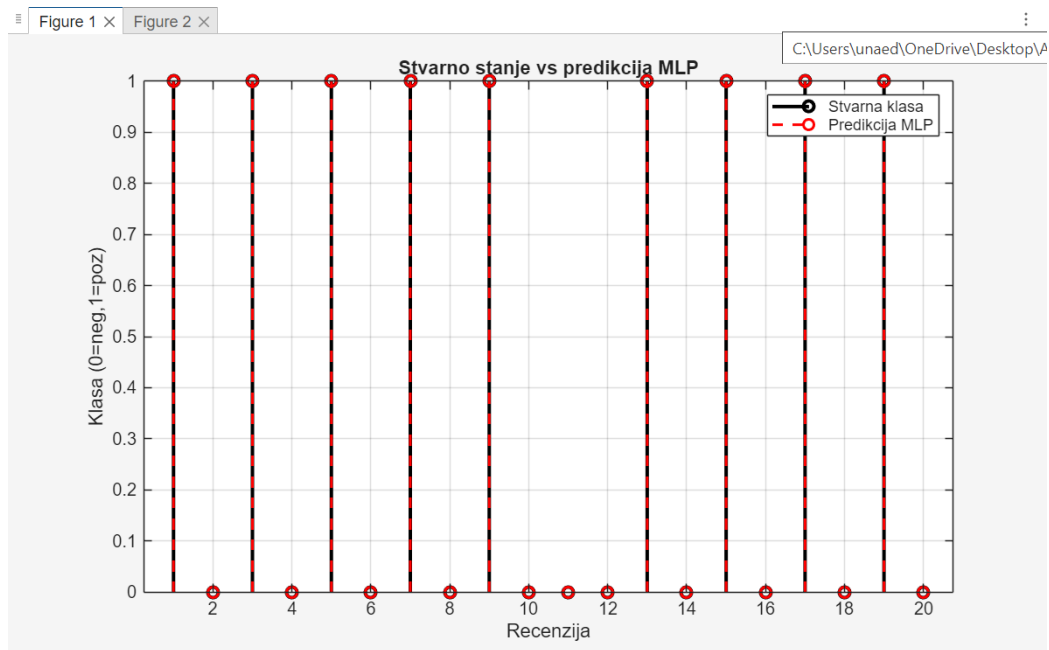
%% 6. Tacnost
accuracy = sum(Y_class == Y)/N * 100;
fprintf('Tacnost MLP: %.2f %%\n', accuracy);

%% 7. Graf predikcija vs stvarno stanje

```

```
figure;
stem(1:N,Y,'k','LineWidth',2); hold on;
stem(1:N,Y_class,'r--','LineWidth',1.5);
xlabel('Recenzija'); ylabel('Klasa (0=neg,1=poz)');
title('Stvarno stanje vs predikcija MLP');
legend('Stvarna klasa','Predikcija MLP');
grid on;
```

Od ukupnog broja 20 recenzija:



Primjer 3

Razviti konvolucionu neuronsku mrežu (CNN) koja na osnovu ulazne slike prepoznaje da li se na slici nalazi horizontalna linija ili vertikalna linija. Ulaz u sistem su jednostavne binarne slike dimenzije 20×20 piksela. Izlaz neuronske mreže je klasa slike: 0 – vertikalna linija (crvena) i 1 – horizontalna linija (plava)

```
clc; clear; close all;

%% 1. Parametri
numImages = 200;
imgSize = 20;

%% 2. Generisanje RGB slika sa tankim linijama
X = zeros(imgSize,imgSize,3,numImages);
Y = categorical(zeros(numImages,1));

for i = 1:numImages
    img = zeros(imgSize,imgSize,3);

    if mod(i,2) == 0
        % Horizontalna linija - PLAVA
        img(10,:,3) = 1;      % B kanal
        Y(i) = categorical(1); % Klasa 1
    else
        % Vertikalna linija - CRVENA
        img(:,10,1) = 1;      % R kanal
        Y(i) = categorical(0); % Klasa 0
    end
end
```

```

    % Blagi šum (realističniji ulaz)
    img = img + 0.05*randn(size(img));
    img = max(min(img,1),0);

    X(:,:, :,i) = img;
end

%% 3. Podjela na trening i test skup
idx = randperm(numImages);
trainIdx = idx(1:150);
testIdx = idx(151:end);

XTrain = X(:,:, :,trainIdx);
YTrain = Y(trainIdx);

XTest = X(:,:, :,testIdx);
YTest = Y(testIdx);

%% 4. CNN arhitektura
layers = [
    imageInputLayer([imgSize imgSize 3])

    convolution2dLayer(3,8,'Padding','same')
    reluLayer

    maxPooling2dLayer(2,'Stride',2)

    convolution2dLayer(3,16,'Padding','same')
    reluLayer

    fullyConnectedLayer(2)
    softmaxLayer
    classificationLayer
];

%% 5. Opcije treninga
options = trainingOptions('adam', ...
    'MaxEpochs',10, ...
    'MiniBatchSize',16, ...
    'Verbose',false);

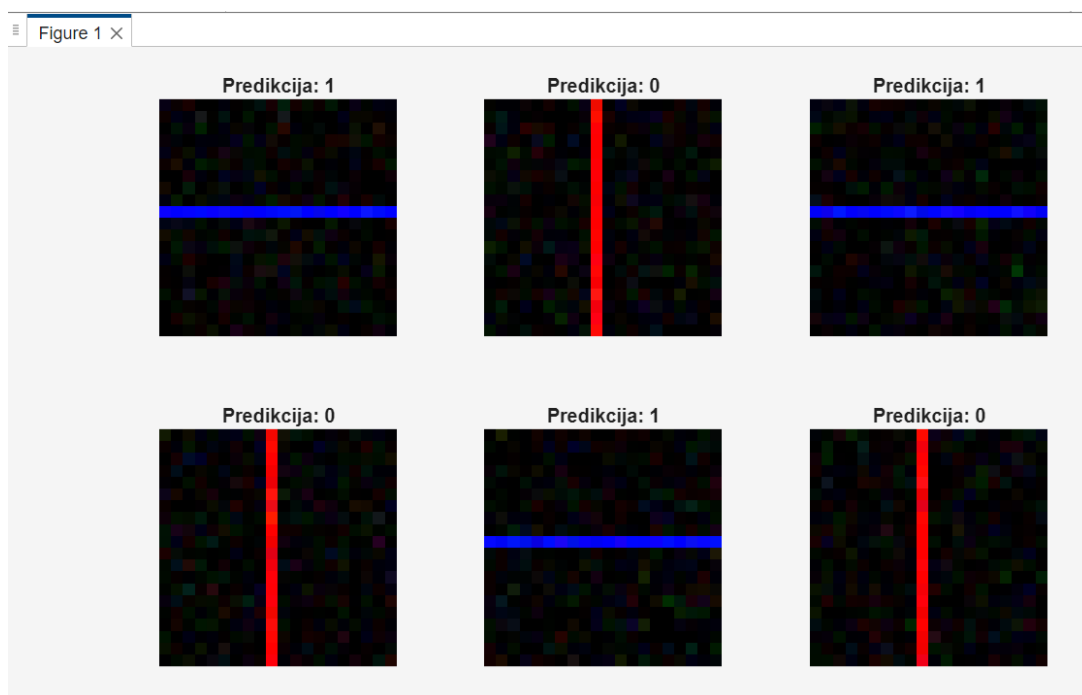
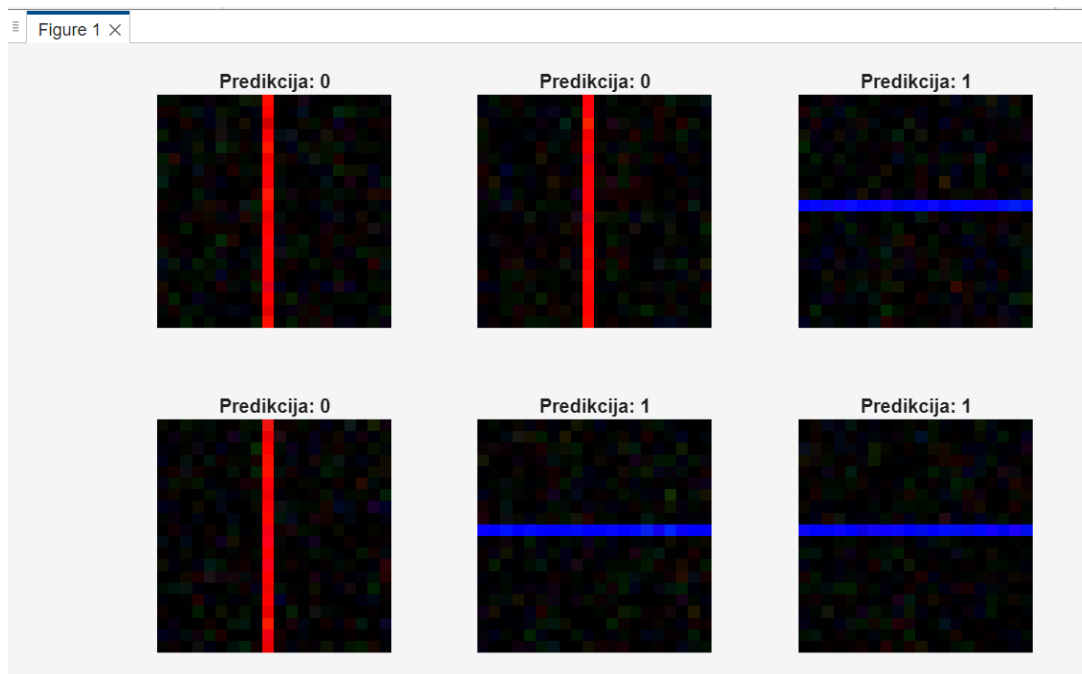
%% 6. Treniranje mreže
net = trainNetwork(XTrain,YTrain,layers,options);

%% 7. Testiranje
YPred = classify(net,XTest);
accuracy = sum(YPred == YTest)/numel(YTest)*100;

fprintf('Tačnost CNN-a: %.2f %%\n', accuracy);

%% 8. Vizualizacija test slika i predikcije
figure;
for i = 1:6
    subplot(2,3,i);
    imshow(XTest(:,:, :,i));
    title(['Predikcija: ' char(YPred(i))]);
end

```



Dat je skup slika geometrijskih oblika organizovan u direktorije po klasama (krug, kvadrat, trougao, itd.). Razviti konvolucionu neuronsku mrežu (CNN) u MATLAB-u koja na osnovu ulazne slike prepoznaje kojem geometrijskom obliku slika pripada.

```
%% CNN za prepoznavanje geometrijskih oblika i prikaz predikcija
clc; clear; close all;

% Folder dataset-a
datasetFolder = fullfile(pwd, 'Shapes_Dataset');

% Učitavanje slika
imds = imageDatastore(datasetFolder, ...
    'IncludeSubfolders',true, ...
    'LabelSource','foldernames');

% Promjena veličine slika na 64x64
inputSize = [64 64 3];
imds.ReadFcn = @(x) imresize(imread(x), inputSize(1:2));

% Podjela na trening i test skup
[imdsTrain, imdsTest] = splitEachLabel(imds, 0.8, 'randomized');

%% CNN arhitektura
layers = [
    imageInputLayer(inputSize)

    convolution2dLayer(3,8,'Padding','same')
    batchNormalizationLayer
    reluLayer
    maxPooling2dLayer(2,'Stride',2)

    convolution2dLayer(3,16,'Padding','same')
    batchNormalizationLayer
    reluLayer
    maxPooling2dLayer(2,'Stride',2)

    convolution2dLayer(3,32,'Padding','same')
    batchNormalizationLayer
    reluLayer

    fullyConnectedLayer(numel(unique(imds.Labels)))
    softmaxLayer
    classificationLayer];

%% Opcije treniranja
options = trainingOptions('adam', ...
    'MaxEpochs',5, ... % povećati po potrebi
    'MiniBatchSize',64, ...
    'Shuffle','every-epoch', ...
    'ValidationData',imdsTest, ...
    'ValidationFrequency',30, ...
    'Verbose',false, ...
    'Plots','training-progress');

% Treniranje mreže
net = trainNetwork(imdsTrain, layers, options);

% Testiranje i tačnost
YPred = classify(net, imdsTest);
YTest = imdsTest.Labels;
accuracy = sum(YPred == YTest)/numel(YTest);
disp(['Tačnost na test skupu: ', num2str(accuracy*100), '%']);

% Prikaz nasumičnih 8 predikcija
numExamples = 8;
```

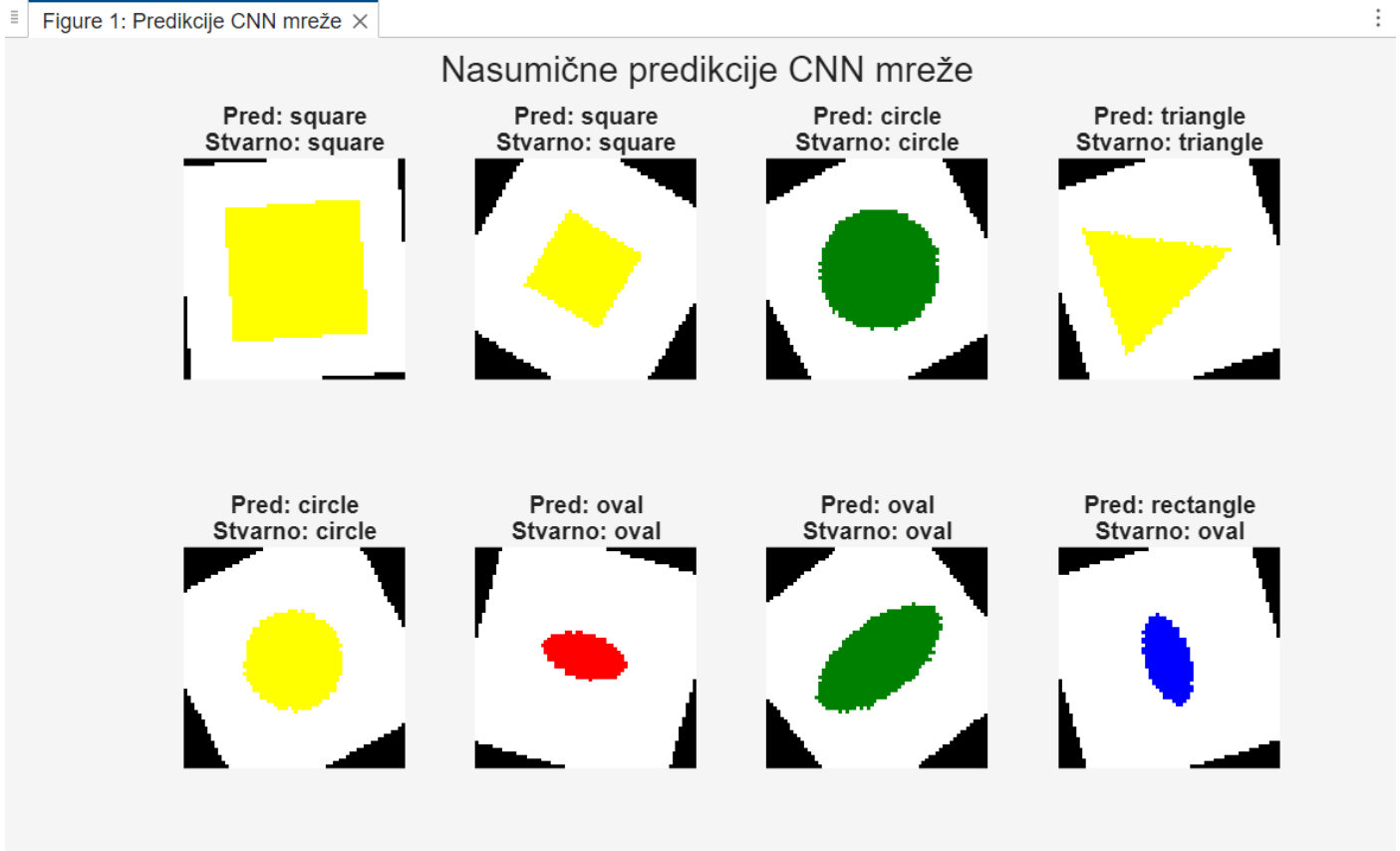


```

idx = randperm(numel(imdsTest.Files), numExamples);

figure('Name','Predikcije CNN mreže');
for i = 1:numExamples
    img = readimage(imdsTest, idx(i));
    subplot(2,4,i);
    imshow(img);
    title(['Pred: ', char(YPred(idx(i)))], ['Stvarno: ', char(YTest(idx(i)))], ...
        'FontSize',10);
end
sgtitle('Nasumične predikcije CNN mreže');

```



Command Window

Tačnost na test skupu: 80.2%