Language 42 for more information L42.is

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Core Language Syntax
\mathcal{L} ::= \{ \operatorname{doc} \mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi} \operatorname{doc}' \overline{\mathcal{M}} \}^{\circ} \mid 1
                                                                                                library literal
\mathcal{M} := h \mid mh \ e
                                                                                                class member
\mathcal{H} ::= interface | \emptyset
                                                                                                class header
    := a \mid loop e \mid e.m(doc \overline{x}:e) \mid (doc \overline{d}e)
                                                                                                expression
       |(doc \overline{d}\mathcal{K}e)|\varrho e| using \pi check m(doc \overline{x}:\overline{e}) e
                                                                                                expression
      := x \mid \pi \mid \mathsf{void} \mid \mathcal{L}
                                                                                                atomic value
     ::= exception | error | return
                                                                                                signal
     := T \times doc = e
                                                                                                binding def.
\mathcal{K} ::= \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \ (\operatorname{doc} \overline{\mathcal{O}})
                                                                                                catch-match
     := on T doc e
                                                                                                on-case
h ::= \mu \operatorname{method} \operatorname{doc} T \operatorname{doc}' m (\overline{T x \operatorname{doc}}) \operatorname{exception} \overline{\pi} \operatorname{doc}' \operatorname{typed} \operatorname{m.} \operatorname{header}
mh := h \mid method \ doc \ m(\overline{x}) \mid C: doc
                                                                                                member header
m := x \mid \#x
                                                                                                method name
\pi ::= Outer n \in C | Any | Void | Library
                                                                                                path
\alpha ::= \emptyset \mid \land \mid \%
                                                                                                ph annotation
T := \mu \pi \alpha \mid \pi \overline{mx} \alpha
                                                                                                type annotation
mx := ::m(\overline{x}) ::x
                                                                                                typeLink
\mu ::= immutable | mut | read | lent | capsule | type
                                                                                                modifiers
⊚ ::=⊖ | ⊕ | ⊛
                                                                                                stage
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Auxiliary syntax
\mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}} ::= \Box \mid \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}}.m(\overline{x:e}) \mid e_0^{\mathbf{c}}.m(\overline{x:e^{\mathbf{c}}}_1x:\mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}}\overline{x:e}_2) \mid loop \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}} \mid \varrho \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}}
   |(\overline{d^{\mathbf{c}}}_1 \ T \ x = \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}} \ \overline{d}_2 \overline{\mathcal{K}} \ e)| (\overline{d^{\mathbf{c}}} \operatorname{catch} \rho \ x \ \text{on} \ T \ \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}} e)| (\overline{d^{\mathbf{c}}} \overline{\mathcal{K}^{\mathbf{c}}} \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}})
   using \pi check .m(\overline{e^c}_1\mathcal{E}^c\overline{e}_2) e \mid \text{using } \pi \text{ check } .m(\overline{e^c}) \mathcal{E}^c
\mathcal{E}^{\star} ::= \Box \mid \mathcal{E}^{\star}.m(\overline{e}) \mid e_0.m(\overline{x}:\overline{e}_1x:\mathcal{E}^{\star}\overline{x}:\overline{e}_2) \mid loop \mathcal{E}^{\star} \mid \rho \mathcal{E}^{\star}
   |(\overline{d}_1 \ T \ x = \mathcal{E}^* \ \overline{d}_2 \overline{\mathcal{K}} \ e)| (\overline{d} \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \ \operatorname{on} \ T \ \mathcal{E}^* e)| (\overline{d} \overline{\mathcal{K}} \mathcal{E}^*)
   using \pi check .m(\overline{x : e_0}x : \mathcal{E}^{\star}\overline{x : e_1}) e \mid \text{using } \pi \text{ check } .m(x : \overline{v}) \mathcal{E}^{\star}
v^p := a \mid (\overline{dv}^p v^p)
                                                                                                                                                       value
dv^p := \mu \pi' x = \pi.m (x_1:a_1...x_n:a_n) \mid \text{immutable } \pi x = (\overline{dv}^p v^p)
    \langle \text{if meth}_{p}(\pi.m(x_{1}...x_{n})) = h \text{ field},
          \mu \neq capsule and p(\pi') not interface>
\mathcal{E}^p ::= \Box \mid (\overline{dv} \ T \ x = \mathcal{E}^p \ \overline{d} \overline{\mathcal{K}} e) \mid (\overline{dv} \mathcal{E}^p) \mid \varrho \ \mathcal{E}^p \mid \mathcal{E}^p.m(\overline{x}:\overline{e})
     |v_0.m(\overline{x:v}\ x:\mathcal{E}^p\ \overline{x:e})| using \pi check .m(\overline{x:v}\ x:\mathcal{E}^p\ \overline{x:e}) e
    using \pi check .m (\overline{x:v}) \mathcal{E}^p
 p := \mathcal{L}_0, ..., \mathcal{L}_n 
                                                       program type
 \Gamma := \overline{x : T}
 \Sigma := \overline{x}; \overline{x}_1 ... \overline{x}_n; \overline{x}'_1 ... \overline{x}'_k seal env
 \Phi \coloneqq \overline{T}; \overline{\pi}
Definition: compiled(_)
   compiled(e) iff compiled(\mathcal{L}) holds \forall \mathcal{L} inside e
   compiled (\mathcal{H} < \overline{\pi} \overline{\mathcal{M}})^{\odot}) iff \operatorname{compiled}(\mathcal{M}) \forall \mathcal{M} \in \overline{\mathcal{M}}
   compiled(h)
  compiled (C:\mathcal{L}) iff compiled (\mathcal{L})
   compiled(mhe) iff compiled(e)
   We write e^{\mathbf{c}} as a metavariable to represent an e where
  compiled(e) holds. Same notation is used for \mathcal{L}^{c} and \mathcal{M}^{c}.
Definition: \Gamma(x), \overline{d}(x), \mathcal{L}(C), \mathcal{L}(mx), p(\pi)
       \Gamma(x): (\_, x : T, \_)(x) = T
       \overline{d}(x): (\overline{d}_1 \ \overline{T} x = e \ \overline{d}_2)(x) = e
       \mathcal{L}(\underline{\ }): extract the corresponding element in \mathcal{L}
       p(\pi): \ (\mathcal{L}_0...\mathcal{L}_n)(\pi) = \mathcal{L}_i(\overline{::C}) \text{ if } \mathsf{norm}_p(\pi) = \mathsf{Outer}_i\overline{::C}
  \mathcal{L}(\overline{::C}): \mathcal{L}(::C_1...:C_n) = \mathcal{L}(C_1)...(C_n) where e(C) = e iff e not \mathcal{L}
  (\Gamma; \overline{x}; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n), \overline{dv} and \overline{\mathcal{M}}^{\mathbf{c}} are maps, thus order is irrelevant.
  The above function notations _(_) each implicitly defines a domain
  dom(_) as the set of all inputs for which the function is defined
Definition: \mathcal{L}[\mathcal{M}]
   \{\mathcal{H}\,\overline{\pi}'\overline{\mathcal{M}}\,C:\_\}^{\bigodot}[C:\mathcal{L}] = \{\mathcal{H}\,\overline{\pi}'\overline{\mathcal{M}}\,C:\mathcal{L}\}^{\bigodot}
   \{\mathcal{H}\,\overline{\pi}'\overline{\mathcal{M}}\,mh\,e_1\}^{\odot}[mh\,e_2]=\{\mathcal{H}\,\overline{\pi}'\overline{\mathcal{M}}\,mh\,e_2\}^{\odot}
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Definition: inside

 e_0 inside e_1 holds iff $e_1 = \mathcal{E}^{\star}[e_0]$

Notations

Symbols

We represent with \emptyset both the set of empty characters and empty lists and maps. x, y and z metavariables denote lower case identifiers, while C denotes upper case ones. We use to denote optionality; for example T and \overline{var} denote metavariables that can be either the empty string \emptyset or in the form of the corresponding terms. In the same way, we use $\underline{}$ to denote multiplicity. We consider terms (e) and e to be equivalent, and from now on we omit documentations doc when is not relevant. We consider terms of the form (e) to be equivalent to the corresponding e and terms of the form $(\overline{dv}\operatorname{catch} \varrho x)$ to be equivalent to the corresponding $(\overline{dv}e)$. Also, values of form (T x = (T y = ey) x) are equivalent to the corresponding (T y = ey)if $x \notin FV(e)$. In any moment a type of form $\pi \overline{mx}$ is considered in the context of a program p, we consider it equivalent to the corresponding resolved type norm_p $(\pi \overline{mx})$.

The following symbols $\oplus \oplus \circledast \ddagger \%$ are used only internally in the formalism, and are not present in the source code.

Syntax well formedness

All parameter names declared within a given method header must be unique. Local names do not hide each others: any method body/expression declaring a name already in scope is not well formed. All methods in a given class must be uniquely identified by their name mand the sequence of their parameter names \overline{x} . All nested class names C in a class must be unique. All fields names in a given header must be unique. this is not a valid field or parameter name.

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\mathcal{E}^p[e] is ill formed if \mathcal{E}^p = \mathcal{E}^{p'}[\text{using } \pi \text{ check } .m(\overline{x:v}) \mathcal{E}^{p''}] and
plugin(\pi m (\overline{x}:\overline{v}) \mathcal{E}^{p''}[e]) is well defined.
Definition: \pi_0[from \pi_1] = \pi_2
   \mathrm{Outer}^n\overline{::C}[\mathrm{from}\,\mathrm{Outer}^m::C_1...::C_k]=\mathrm{Outer}^m::C_1...::C_{k-n}\overline{::C}\ \mathrm{if}\ n\leq k
   \operatorname{Outer}^n \overline{::} \overline{C} [\operatorname{from} \operatorname{Outer}^m :: C_1 ... :: C_k] = \operatorname{Outer}^{m+n-k} \overline{::} \overline{C} \text{ if } n > k
  Any[from _] = Any Library[from _] = Library Void[from _] = Void
Definition: e_0[\text{from }\pi] = e_1, \ e_0[\text{from }\pi]_n = e_1
   e[from \pi] propagate on the structure, and \mathcal{L}[\text{from }\pi] = \mathcal{L}[\text{from }\pi]_0
   \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}[\operatorname{from}\pi]_j=\{\mathcal{H}[\operatorname{from}\pi]_{j+1}\overline{\mathcal{M}}[\operatorname{from}\pi]_{j+1}\}
   \operatorname{Outer}^{j+n} :: \overline{C}_0[\operatorname{from} \pi]_j = \operatorname{Outer}^{j+k} :: \overline{C}_1 \text{ with Outer}^{n} :: \overline{C}_0[\operatorname{from} \pi] = \operatorname{Outer}^{k} :: \overline{C}_0
   \operatorname{Outer}^n \overline{:: C} [\operatorname{from} \pi]_i = \operatorname{Outer}^n \overline{:: C} \quad \text{with } n < j
  doc [from \pi] i replaces all substrings of the form @\pi_0 and @(e)
    with @\pi_0[\text{from }\pi]_i and @(e_0[\text{from }\pi]_i)
   All cases for other expressions/terms propagate to submembers
Definition: \Gamma[\overline{\mathcal{K}}, \Sigma] = \Gamma'
   with \overline{\mathcal{K}}= catch errorx \overline{\mathcal{O}} and \Sigma=\underline{\phantom{a}};\underline{\phantom{a}};\overline{x}_{1}...\overline{x}_{n}
             \Gamma'(x) = \Gamma(x) iff \forall \overline{x}_i such that x \in \overline{x}_i, \overline{x} \cap FV(\overline{\mathcal{K}}) = \emptyset
             \Gamma'(x) = \text{mutableLentToReadable}(\Gamma(x)) otherwise
  otherwise \Gamma' = \Gamma
Definition: \Phi[\mathcal{K}]
   \overline{T}; \overline{\pi}[\operatorname{catch} \operatorname{return} \mathcal{O}_1 ... \mathcal{O}_n] = \overline{T}[\mathcal{O}_1] ... [\mathcal{O}_n]; \overline{\pi}
   \mu \pi_1 ... \mu \pi_n [\text{on } \mu' \pi_0 \_] = \mu' \pi_0 ... \mu' \pi_n \text{ if } \mu \le \mu'
   otherwise \mu \pi_1 \dots \mu \pi_n [\operatorname{on} \mu' \pi_0] = \mu' \pi_0
   \overline{T};\overline{\pi}[catch exception xon immutable \pi_1_...on immutable \pi_n_] = \overline{T};\overline{\pi},\pi_1...\pi_n\setminus Any
  otherwise \Phi[\mathcal{K}] = \Phi
Definition: p \vdash \overline{\pi} \leq \Phi
p \vdash \overline{\pi}_1 \leq \overline{T}; \overline{\pi}_2 \text{ iff } \forall \pi_1 \in \overline{\pi}_1. \exists \pi_2 \in \overline{\pi}_2 \text{ such that } p \vdash \pi_1 \leq \pi_2
Definition: \Delta \vdash e : T \leq T', p \vdash T \leq T', p \vdash \pi \leq \pi'
   p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : T \leq T' \text{ iff } p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : T \text{ and } p \vdash T \leq T'
   p \vdash \mu \pi \alpha \leq \mu' \pi' \alpha' iff \mu \leq \mu', \alpha \leq \alpha' and p \vdash \pi \leq \pi'
   p \vdash \pi \leq \pi' 	ext{ iff norm}_p(\pi') \in 	ext{norm}_p(\overline{\pi}[	ext{from } \pi] \cup \pi) \cup 	ext{Any}
         with p(\pi) = \{ \_ \}^{-\frac{1}{2}}
  capsule \leq mut \leq lent \leq read, capsule \leq immutable \leq read and \emptyset \leq \% \leq ^
Definition: \overline{h} \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}}
  h_1...h_n \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}} = h_1 \cup (... \cup (h_n \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}}))
   h \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}} = h\overline{\mathcal{M}} iff dom(h) disjoint dom(\overline{\mathcal{M}})
   h\pi \cup mh^s e \overline{\mathcal{M}} = h\pi e \overline{\mathcal{M}} \text{ iff } dom(h) = dom(mh^s e)
   h\pi \cup h\overline{\mathcal{M}} = h\overline{\mathcal{M}}
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Definitions1
\textbf{Definition:} \ \mathsf{complete}({\color{red}\Gamma}), \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut}}({\color{blue}\Gamma}), \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut} \leq}({\color{blue}\Gamma}), \mathsf{mutTolent}({\color{blue}T})
    complete(\Gamma) = \{x : \mu \ \pi | \Gamma(x) = \mu \ \pi \}
    \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut}}(\Gamma) = \{x : \mathsf{mut} \ \pi\alpha | \Gamma(x) = \mathsf{mut} \ \pi\alpha \}
    \mathrm{dom}^{\mathrm{mut} \overset{<}{\leq}}(\Gamma) = \{x: \mu \ \pi \alpha | \Gamma(x) = \mu \ \pi \alpha, \mathrm{mut} \leq \mu \}
    \mathsf{mutTolent}(\mathsf{\underline{mut}}\ \pi\alpha) = \mathsf{\underline{lent}}\ \pi\alpha
    mutTolent(\mu \pi \alpha) = \mu \pi \alpha otherwise
    mut&LentToRead(mut \pi \alpha) = mut&LentToRead(lent \pi \alpha) = read \pi \alpha
    mut&LentToRead(\mu \pi \alpha) = \mu \pi \alpha otherwise
  Definition: move(\mathcal{E}^p, \overline{x}) = \langle \mathcal{E}^{p'}, \overline{dv'} \rangle
    move(\Box, \overline{x}) = \langle \Box, \emptyset \rangle
    assuming move(\mathcal{E}^p, \overline{x}) = \langle \mathcal{E}^{p'}, \overline{dv'} \rangle, then
    move (\overline{dv} \ T \ y = \mathcal{E}^p \overline{dK}e), \overline{x}) = \langle (\overline{dv} \ \overline{dv'} T \ y = \mathcal{E}^{p'} \overline{dK}e), \emptyset \rangle
      and move (\overline{dv}\mathcal{E}^p), \overline{x}) = \langle (\overline{dv}\overline{dv}'\mathcal{E}^{p'}), \emptyset \rangle with \overline{x} \subseteq \text{dom}(\overline{dv})
    \mathsf{move}(\mathcal{E}^p.m\ (\overline{x:e})\ , \overline{x}) = \langle \mathcal{E}^{p\prime}.m\ (\overline{x:e})\ , \overline{dv}' \rangle
    \mathsf{move}(v.m\,(\overline{x{:}\overline{v}},y{:}\mathcal{E}^p,\overline{x{:}\overline{e}})\,,\overline{x}) = \langle v.m\,(\overline{x{:}\overline{v}},y{:}\mathcal{E}^{p}{'},\overline{x{:}\overline{e}})\,,\overline{dv}{'}\rangle
    \mathsf{move}(\, (\, \overline{dv} \mathcal{E}^p \,) \,, \overline{x}) = \underline{\langle} \, (\, \overline{dv}_2 \mathcal{E}^{p \, \prime} \,) \,, \overline{dv}^\prime \,\, \overline{dv}_1 \rangle
    move((\overline{dv} \ T \ y = \mathcal{E}^p \overline{dK}e), \overline{x}) = \langle (\overline{dv}_2 \ T \ y = \mathcal{E}^p \overline{dK}e), \overline{dv}' \overline{dv}_1 \rangle
    \overline{dv} = \overline{dv}_1 \overline{dv}_2 with \overline{dv}_1 inductively defined by
    x \in \text{dom}(\overline{dv}_1) \text{ iff } x \in \text{dom}(\overline{dv}) \text{ and } x \in \overline{x} \cup \text{FV}(\overline{dv}')
    x \in dom(\overline{dv}_1) iff x \in dom(\overline{dv}), \overline{dv}_1(\underline{\phantom{dv}}) = v and x \in FV(v)
Definition: dec(\mathcal{E}^p, x)
    \operatorname{dec}(\mathcal{E}^{p'}[(\overline{dv}\mathcal{E}^p)], x) = \operatorname{dec}(\mathcal{E}^{p'}[(\overline{dv}\ T\ y = \mathcal{E}^p\ \overline{d}\overline{\mathcal{K}}e)], x) = \overline{dv}(x)
     if x \in dom(\overline{dv})
Definition: class (\mathcal{E}^p, v)
    class(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = C if dec(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = x = C.m (_)
    class(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = class(\mathcal{E}^p, (\overline{dv}v))
            if dec(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = imutable \underline{\quad} x = (\overline{dv}v)
    \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p,\pi)=\pi
    \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p,\operatorname{void})=\operatorname{Void},\operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p,\mathcal{L})=\operatorname{Library}
    class(\mathcal{E}^p, (\overline{dv}v)) = class(\mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}\square)], v)
Definition: \overline{dv}[x.m=a] = \overline{dv}
   \overline{dv} T x = \pi.m(\overline{x:a}y:\underline{x:a'}) [x.\overline{*}y = a] = \overline{dv} T x = \pi.m(\overline{x:a}y:a\overline{x:a'})
Definition: abstract<sub>p</sub>(\mathcal{L}), coherent<sub>p</sub>(\mathcal{L})
    \operatorname{abstract}_p(\mathcal{L}) holds if not coherent_p(\mathcal{L})
    or \mathcal{L} has a nested class C:\mathcal{L}' such that abstract<sub>n</sub>(\mathcal{L}')
    coherent_p(\{interface_{-}\}^{\odot}) holds
    coherent<sub>n</sub>(\{\mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi}' \overline{h} \overline{\mathcal{M}}\}^{\odot}) if no element of for h \in \overline{\mathcal{M}} and either
    \overline{h}=\emptyset or type method \mu Outer_0 m ( \overline{Tx} ) exception \underline{\phantom{A}}\in\overline{h}
    and for every other h \in \overline{h}, coherent<sub>p</sub>(\mu, \overline{Tx}, h) holds
    \operatorname{coherent}_p(\mu, \overline{Tx}, h) = \operatorname{coherent}_p(\mu, \operatorname{norm}_p(\overline{Tx}), h)
    coherent<sub>p</sub> (\mu, \mu_1 \pi_1 \hat{x}_1 ... \mu_n \pi_n \hat{x}_1, h) iff
     exists i such that coherent<sub>p</sub> (\mu_i \pi_i x_i, h) holds, and
    \mu \neq \text{type}, \ \mu \in \{\text{read}, \text{lent}\} \text{ if read or lent} \in \{\mu_1 ... \mu_n\},
    \mu \in \{	ext{capsule}, 	ext{immutable}\} 	ext{ iff } \{\mu_1...\mu_n\} = \{	ext{immutable}, 	ext{capsule}\}
    with \mu \in \{ \mathsf{type}, \mathsf{immutable}, \mathsf{read} \}, \mu' \neq \mathsf{type}, \mu'' \in \{ \mathsf{mut}, \mathsf{lent} \}, \mathsf{norm}_p(T') = \{ \mathsf{mut}, \mathsf{lent}, \mathsf{lent} \}, \mathsf{norm}_p(T') = \{ \mathsf{mut}, \mathsf{lent}, \mathsf{lent} \}, \mathsf{norm}_p(T') = \{ \mathsf{mut}, \mathsf{lent} \}, \mathsf{norm}_p(T') = 
  (a) coherent<sub>p</sub> ( \mu \pi x, \mu' method T \# x ( ) exception _ ) iff p \vdash \mu \pi \leq \text{norm}_p ( T
 (b) coherent_p(\mu \pi x, \mu'') method T' \# x ( T that) exception _) iff p \vdash \mathsf{norm}_p(T)
    with \mu \in \{\text{mut}, \text{lent}\}, \mu' \notin \{\text{type}, \text{mut}\}, \text{norm}_p(T') = \text{Void}
 (c) coherent_p(\,\mu\,\pi\,x, mut method T\, \overline{\sharp} x ( ) exception \_) 	ext{ iff } p dash\mu\,\pi \leq \mathsf{norm}_p(\,T)
(c) coherent p(\mu \pi x, \mu' method T \pi x ( ) exception \_ ) iff p \vdash \mu' \pi \leq \mathsf{norm}_p(T)
(e) coherent p(\mu \pi x, \text{ mut method } T' \pi x (T \text{ that }) \text{ exception } )
              \inf p \vdash \operatorname{norm}_{p}(T) \leq \mu \pi
(f) coherent<sub>p</sub> ( \mu \pi x, lent method T' \# x ( T that ) exception _)
              iff p \vdash \mathsf{norm}_p(T) \leq \mathsf{capsule} \ \pi
    with \mu' \neq \mathsf{type}, \mathsf{norm}_p(T') = \mathsf{Void}
(g) coherent<sub>p</sub> (capsule \pi x, \mu' method T \# x () exception_)
              iff p \vdash \mu' \pi \leq \mathsf{norm}_p(T)
(a) coherent<sub>p</sub> (capsule \pi x, mut method T' \# x (T that) exception_)
              iff p \vdash \mathsf{norm}_p(T) \leq \mathsf{mut}\ \pi
Definition: original Meth<sub>n</sub>(\pi_1...\pi_n, \overline{mx}_0) = \overline{mx}
   \begin{split} & \text{originalMeth}_p(\mathcal{L}_0) = \overline{mx}_0 \setminus ... \setminus \overline{mx}_n \quad \text{with } \mathcal{L}_0 = \{\mathcal{H} <: \pi_1 ... \pi_n \overline{\mathcal{M}} \}, \\ & \mathcal{L}_1 = p(\pi_1) ... \mathcal{L}_n = p(\pi_n), \text{dom}(\mathcal{L}_i) = \overline{mx}_i \overline{C}_i \end{split}
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Definition: \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi.m(\overline{x}))
 \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi.m\ (\overline{x})) = \operatorname{norm}_p(p(\pi)(m\ (\overline{x}))[\operatorname{from} \pi])
Definition: \operatorname{norm}_p(\pi), \operatorname{norm}_p(T), \operatorname{norm}_p(h\overline{e})
  \operatorname{norm}_p(\operatorname{Outer}^{i+1}::C\overline{::C}) = \operatorname{norm}_p(\operatorname{Outer}^{i}\overline{::C})
   iff p(\mathtt{Outer}^{i+1}) = \{\mathcal{H} \overline{\mathcal{M}} C : 1\}^{\odot} \quad \mathsf{norm}_p(\pi) = \pi \text{ otherwise}
  \operatorname{norm}_{n}(\mu \pi \alpha) = \mu \operatorname{norm}_{n}(\pi)\alpha
  \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi' m x^{\bullet}) = \mu \pi^{\bullet} \text{ iff } \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi' m x) = \mu \pi \alpha
  \operatorname{norm}_n(\pi_1 m x_1 m x_2 \overline{m x}) = \operatorname{norm}_p(\pi_2 m x_2 \overline{m x})
       iff \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi_{1} m x_{1}) = \mu \pi_{2} \alpha
  \operatorname{norm}_p(\pi :: m(\overline{x})) = \operatorname{norm}_p(T),
  \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi :: m(\overline{x}) :: x_{i}) = \operatorname{norm}_{p}(T_{i})
    and \operatorname{norm}_{n}(\pi :: m(\overline{x}) :: \operatorname{this}) = \mu \operatorname{Outer}_{0}
         iff \operatorname{meth}_{p}(\pi.m(\overline{x})) = \mu \operatorname{method} T m(T_{1} x_{1}...T_{n} x_{n}) exception_
   \operatorname{norm}_p(\pi \overline{mx}) is undefined iff p(\pi) = \emptyset or we run into a cycle
  \operatorname{norm}_p(\mu \operatorname{method} T_0 \ m ( T_1 \ x_1 ... \ T_n \ x_n ) exception \overline{\pi}\overline{e}
        =\mu method T_0' m ( T_1' x_1... T_n' x_n ) exception \mathrm{norm}_p(\overline{\pi})\mathrm{norm}_p(\overline{e})
    with T'_i = \operatorname{norm}_p(T_i)
Definition: \exp^{\bigoplus}(p) \exp^{\bigoplus}(p,\pi) \exp(p) \exp(p,\pi) \exp(p,\pi)
  \mathsf{exe}^{\bigoplus}(p) = \mathsf{exe}^{\bigoplus}(p, \mathtt{Outer}_0)
  \exp^{\bigoplus}(p, \texttt{Any}), \exp^{\bigoplus}(p, \texttt{Void}) and \exp^{\bigoplus}(p, \texttt{Library}) holds.
  \exp^{\bigoplus}(p,\pi) \text{ iff } p(\pi) = \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}} \in \{\{\}^{\bigoplus}, \{\}^{\circledast}\}
  \exp(p \circledast) iff \circledast = \circledast
  \exp(p,\pi) holds iff p(\pi) = \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}} = \{\_\}^{\circledast}
  \operatorname{exeOk}^{\bigoplus}(p,x_1:_{\pi_1...x_n}:_{\pi_n..})
  iff either not \exp^{\bigoplus}(\mathbf{p}) or \forall i \in 1..n \exp^{\bigoplus}(\mathbf{p}, \pi_i)
 Definition: toPartial(_), toPh(_)
  toPartial(\mu \pi) = \mu \pi%
  toPartial(\mu \pi \alpha) = \mu \pi \alpha otherwise
  toPh(\mu \pi_{-}) = \mu \pi^{\wedge} and toPh(\pi \overline{mx}_{-}) = \pi \overline{mx}^{\wedge}
  those notions trivially extends to \Gamma
Definition: throws<sub>p</sub>(e) = \varrho v
  throws<sub>n</sub>(\varrho v) = \varrho v
    with e not a value, and throws<sub>n</sub>(e) = \rho v
  throws<sub>p</sub>(e.m(\underline{\ })) = \text{throws}_p(v.m(\overline{x:v}x:e_{\underline{\ }})) = \text{throws}_p(\varrho e) = \varrho v
  throws<sub>p</sub>((\overline{dv}e)) = \varrho(\overline{dv}v)
  throws<sub>p</sub>((\overline{dv}, \overline{dv}' T x = e \overline{d} e_0)) = \rho (\overline{dv}v)
Definition: used(\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}) = \overline{\pi} used^{\bigoplus}(\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}) = \overline{\pi}
  used^{\bigoplus}(\{\mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi}, \overline{\mathcal{M}}\} -) = \overline{\pi} \cup used^{\bigoplus}(\overline{\mathcal{M}})
  \mathtt{Outer}_k :: \overline{C} \in \mathsf{used}^{\bigoplus}(C : \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}) \text{ iff } \mathtt{Outer}_{k+1} :: \overline{C} \in \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}
  \pi \in \mathsf{used}^{\bigoplus}(h\overline{e}) \text{ iff } \pi \in \mathsf{used}^{\bigoplus}(\overline{e}) \text{ or } \pi \text{ inside } h
  \pi \in \mathsf{used}^{\bigoplus}(e) \text{ iff } \pi_{\bullet} inside e
  used(\mathcal{L}) is defined as used^{\bigoplus}(\widehat{\mathcal{L}}) but in addition
  \pi \in \operatorname{used}(mh\ e) \ \operatorname{iff} \pi \in \operatorname{used}(e)
  \mathtt{Outer}_k :: \overline{C} \in \mathsf{used}(e) \ \mathrm{iff} \ \mathtt{Outer}_{k+1} :: \overline{C} \in \mathsf{used}(\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}) \ \mathrm{and} \ \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}} \ \mathrm{inside} \ e
Definition: plugin(p, \pi m (\overline{x}:\overline{v}) e_0) = e
  if plg; T_{-} = plugin(p, \pi, m (x_1...x_n))
  with x as implicit reduction step identifier
  execute(x, plg, p, \mathcal{E}^p, v_1...v_n, e_0) = e \text{ and } e \in \{v, error v\}
  p; \emptyset; \emptyset; \emptyset \vdash e : T' \leq T
  either for all \mathcal{L} inside e \quad p \vdash \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \{\_\}^{\overline{\pi}}
  or exists \mathcal{L} inside v such that p \vdash \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \{\}
  or exists \pi inside v such that p(\pi) = \{\}^{\bigcirc}
  if all of the former holds, then plugin(\pi m (x_1:v_1...x_n:v_n) e_0) = e
  functions \mathsf{plugin}(\_,\_,\_) and \_\mathsf{execute}(\_,\_,\_,\_,\_) are defined by
  the specific 42 implementation; the step identifier is a fresh variable
  that identify unequivocally the current reduction step.
Definition: stageOf<sub>p</sub>(\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}, \overline{e}) = \odot
  \operatorname{stageOf}_{p}(\mathcal{L}) = \ominus \operatorname{iff} \overline{e} \operatorname{not} \operatorname{of} \operatorname{form} \overline{\mathcal{L}^{c}} \operatorname{or} \{\_\}^{\ominus} \in \overline{e}
   otherwise stageOf<sub>n</sub>(\mathcal{L}) = \oplus iff abstract<sub>n</sub>(\mathcal{L}) or \{\_\}^{\oplus} \in \overline{e}
Definition: superOf<sub>p</sub>(\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}) = \overline{\pi}, \overline{\mathcal{M}}
  superOf<sub>n</sub>(\mathcal{L}) = \overline{\pi}_1[from \pi_1] \cup ... \cup \overline{\pi}_n[from \pi_n], \overline{h}_1[from \pi_1]...\overline{h}_n[from \pi_n]
  \operatorname{norm}_{\mathcal{L}p}(\overline{\pi}) = \{\pi_1 ... \pi_n\}, (\mathcal{L}p)(\pi_i) = \{\operatorname{interface} <: \overline{\pi}_i \overline{h}_i \overline{C:e}_i\}^{\odot}
all originalMeth_{\mathcal{L}p}(\overline{\pi}_i[\mathsf{from}\,\pi_i],\mathsf{dom}(\overline{h}_i)) are disjoint, \mathcal{L}=\{\mathcal{H}<:\overline{\pi}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\} Definition: \mathsf{HB}(\mathcal{E}),\mathsf{FV}(e),e[x=v]
  are they used somewhere?
```

Definitions2

```
\mathcal{L} \xrightarrow{p} \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}^{\mathsf{stageOf}_p(\mathcal{L},\overline{e})}
                                                                                                                                \mathcal{L} \xrightarrow{p} \{\mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi} \cup \overline{\pi}' \overline{h} \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}}\}^{\circledast}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \mathcal{L} = \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}^{\circledast}
                                                                                                                                    \mathcal{L} = \{\mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \overline{e} = \{(\mathcal{L}p)(\pi) | \pi \in \mathsf{used}^{\bigoplus}(\mathcal{L})\} \setminus 1
                                                                                                                                     superOf_n(\mathcal{L}) = \overline{\pi}', \ \overline{h}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \cup \{ \mathcal{L}(\overline{::C}) | \overline{::C} \in \mathsf{dom}(\mathcal{L}) \}
                                                                                                                                     \overline{h} \cup \overline{\mathcal{M}} not have untyped headers
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \forall \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}} \in e, \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}} = \{\}^{\odot}
need a rule for neverLess? read comment under
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (CHECK-CT1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \mathcal{L}[C:1], p \vdash \mathcal{L}' : \text{ ok } \forall C:\mathcal{L}', \mathcal{L}(C) = C:\mathcal{L}'
                                                                                                         p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \emptyset; \overline{\pi} \vdash e : T' \leq \text{toPartial}(T) \text{ if } \overline{e} = e
        \vdash p : \text{ok if } p \neq \emptyset
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         p \vdash \mathcal{L} : ok
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               with
              p \vdash \ddot{\mathcal{L}}_0 : ok
                                                                                                                                                   p \vdash \mathcal{M} : ok
                                                                                                 (ETH-T-DEF)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \mathcal{L} \notin \{\{\_\}^{\oplus}, \{\_\}^{\circledast}\}
               \vdash \ddot{\mathcal{L}}p : ok
                                                                                                              norm_n(\mathcal{M}) = h\overline{e} fully normalized
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^{\mathtt{c}}[C:\mathfrak{d}], p \vdash \mathcal{L}' : \text{ ok } \forall C: \mathcal{L}^{\mathtt{c}'}, \mathcal{L}^{\mathtt{c}}(C) = C: \mathcal{L}^{\mathtt{c}}
      with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        CHECK-CT2)
                                                                                                              h = \mu method T m (T_1 x_1 \dots T_n x_n) exception \overline{\pi}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}, p \vdash h\overline{e} : \text{ok} \forall h\overline{e}, \mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{c}}(h) = h\overline{e}
             \ddot{\mathcal{L}}_0 = \ddot{\mathcal{L}}[C:\text{error void}]
                                                                                                              \Gamma = x_1 : T_1 ... x_n : T_n, this : \mu Outer
                  if exists C such that \ddot{\mathcal{L}}(C) = 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            p \vdash \mathcal{L}^{c} : ok
                                                                                                              \Sigma = \emptyset; \emptyset; this, x_1, ..., x_n
             otherwise \ddot{\mathcal{L}}_0 = \ddot{\mathcal{L}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               with
                                                                                                              exeOk^{\bigoplus}(p, \Gamma)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \mathcal{L}^{c} \in \{\{\_\}^{\oplus}, \{\_\}^{\circledast}\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     [Marco: by being at least plus, \mathcal{L}^{e} is fully normalized/able]
     Type for expressions
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         p; \Gamma_0; \Sigma_0; \Phi \vdash e_0 : \_ \leq \mu_0 \pi_0
                                                                                                                                       p; \Gamma; \overline{x}_0; \overline{x}_1 ... \overline{x}_n; \underline{\cdot}; \underline{\cdot} \vdash x : T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            p; \Gamma_i; \Sigma_i; \Phi \vdash e_i : T'_i \leq T_i \quad \forall i \in 1..n
                                                                                                                                     with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e_0.m (x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n) : T'
                                                                                                                                          \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\Gamma(x)) = \mu \, \pi \alpha
       p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \pi : \mathsf{type} \, \pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \operatorname{meth}_{p}(\pi_{0}.m, x_{1}...x_{n}) =
                                                                                                                                                          lent \pi \alpha if x \in \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n
      with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \mu_0 method T m ( T_1 x_1...T_n x_n ) exception \overline{\pi}
           p(\pi) = \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^{c} not interface
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 p \vdash \overline{\pi} \leq \Phi
           if \exp^{\bigoplus}(p) then \exp^{\bigoplus}(p,\pi)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Gamma_i \subseteq \Gamma \ \forall i \in 0..n
                                                                                                                                      p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \overline{T}\overline{\pi} \vdash e : \_ \leq \mu \pi
           if exe(p) then exe(p, \pi)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Gamma_i(x) = \Gamma_i(x) = \text{capsule} \_ \text{implies } i = j
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 T' = \begin{cases} T \text{ if } T'_i = \mu_i \ \pi_i \text{ for all } i \in 1..n \end{cases}
                                                                                                                                            p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \overline{T}\overline{\pi} \vdash \varrho \ e : T
       p;\Gamma;\Sigma;\Phi \vdash \pi: \mathsf{type}\,\mathsf{Any}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 toPartial(T) otherwise
                                                                                                                                         if \rho = \text{return then } \mu \ \pi \in \overline{T},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 \Sigma = \overline{x}; \overline{\overline{x}}; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_k
                                                                                                                                                otherwise \mu = immutable
           either p(\pi) = \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^{c}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 \begin{split} \overline{x}_i' &= \mathrm{FV}(\underline{e}_0...\underline{e}_n \setminus \underline{e}_i) \\ \Sigma_i &= \overline{x}; \overline{\overline{x}}; \overline{x}_1 \overline{x}_i'...\overline{x}_k \overline{x}_i' \end{split} 
                                                                                                                                          if \varrho = exception then \pi \in \overline{\pi}
           or \pi \in \{\texttt{Any}, \texttt{Void}, \texttt{Library}\}
     p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \mathcal{L}: \mathtt{immutable\,Library}
                                                                                                                                      p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \text{void} : \text{capsule Void}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               p; \Gamma; \Sigma'; \Phi \vdash e : \mathsf{mut} \ \pi \alpha
     with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    (T-MUTABI
        p \vdash \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^{c}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : \mathsf{capsule} \ \pi \alpha
                                                                                                                                               p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : immutable Void
           if not exe(p) then p \vdash \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^e: ok and
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          with
                                                                                                                                     p; \Gamma, \_; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \mathsf{loop}\ e : \mathsf{immutable}\ \mathsf{Void}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Sigma = \overline{x}; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
            \widehat{\mathcal{L}}^{\mathbf{c}} = \{\_\}^{\oplus,\_}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Sigma' = \overline{x}; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n, \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut}}(\Gamma) \setminus \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
                                                                                                                                    with
       p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e_i : T'_i \leq T_i \text{ for all } i \in 0..n
                                                                                                                                           T not of form capsule \forall x : T \in \Gamma
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  p; \Gamma; \Sigma'; \Phi \vdash e : \mu \pi \alpha
                                                                                                                                             p; \Gamma; \Sigma'; \Phi \vdash e : \_ \leq \mu \pi \alpha
       p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \text{using } \pi \text{ check } .m(\overline{x:e}) \ e_0 : T_0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : immutable \pi \alpha
     with
                                                                                                                              \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ p; \Gamma; \\ \text{with} \\ \\ \Sigma' \end{array}
                                                                                                                                     p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e : \mathsf{mutTolent}(\mu \pi \alpha)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            with
          \overline{x:e} = x_1 : e_1 ... x_n : e_n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \mu \in \{	ext{read}, 	ext{lent}\}
           plugin(p, \pi, .m(x_1...x_n)) = plg; T_0 T_1...T_n
                                                                                                                                          \Sigma = \overline{x}; \overline{x}_0, \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Sigma = \overline{x}; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
                                                                                                                                           \Sigma' = \overline{x}'; \overline{x}_1...\overline{x}_n, \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut}}(\Gamma) \setminus \overline{x}_0...\overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \overline{x}_0 = \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut}}(\Gamma) \backslash \overline{x}_1 ... \overline{x}_n
                                                                                                                                           if \mu \in \{\text{read}, \text{lent}, \text{mut}\}\ then \overline{x}' = \overline{x}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 \Sigma' = \overline{x}, \mathsf{dom}^{\mathsf{mut} \leq}(\Gamma); \overline{x}_0 ... \overline{x}_n; \overline{\overline{x}}
                                                                                                                                                  otherwise \overline{x}' = \emptyset
                                                                                                                                                                                     p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi[\mathcal{K}_i] \vdash \mathcal{K}_i : T \quad \forall i \in 1...2
        p; \Gamma_i[\mathcal{K}, \Sigma]; \Sigma; \Phi[\mathcal{K}] \vdash e_i : T_i' \leq \text{toPartial}(T_i) \quad \forall i \in 1..n
                              p; \Gamma_0; \Sigma \operatorname{FV}(e_1...e_n) \cup x_1...x_n; \Phi \vdash e : T
                                                                                                                                                                                     p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \operatorname{catch} \varrho x \text{ (on } \mu \operatorname{Any} e \text{)} : T
             p; \Gamma_0 \setminus \mathsf{dom}(\Gamma'); \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \mathsf{catch} \ \varrho \ x \ (\mathcal{O}_i) : T \quad \forall i \in 1..k
(T-BLOCK-COMPLETE/PARTIAL
      p;\Gamma;\Sigma;\Phi \vdash (T_1 \ x_1 = e_1 \dots T_n \ x_n = e_n \mathcal{K}e):T with
                                                                                                                                                                                          either \varrho= exception, \mu'=\mu= immutable
                                                                                                                                                                                           or \varrho = \text{return}, type \in \{\mu', \mu\}, \mu' \neq \mu
                                                                                                                                                                                          \mathcal{K}_1, \mathcal{K}_2 = \operatorname{catch} \varrho \, x \, (\operatorname{on} \mu \, \operatorname{Library} e) \, , \operatorname{catch} \varrho \, x \, (\operatorname{on} \mu' \, \operatorname{Void} e)
            \mathcal{K} = \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \left( \mathcal{O}_1 ... \mathcal{O}_k \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \widehat{\vdash} p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash (\overline{d}_0 \overline{\mathcal{K}} (\overline{d}_1 \overline{\mathcal{K}} e_0)) : T
                                                                                                                                                                                              p; x: T', \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash e: T
            \Gamma' = x_1 : T_1 ... x_n : T_n
            \Gamma_i(x) = \Gamma_i(x) = \text{capsule} \_ \text{implies } i = j
                                                                                                                                                                             \stackrel{\smile}{\succeq} p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \ (\text{on} \ T'e) : T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash (\overline{d}_0 \overline{d}_1 \overline{\mathcal{K}} e_0) : T
             exeOk^{\bigoplus}(p, \Gamma_0)
                                                                                                                                                                                     p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash (\overline{d}_0 \overline{d}_1 \operatorname{catch} \operatorname{return} x (\operatorname{on} \mu' \pi x) e_0) : T
                  \Gamma_i \subseteq \mathsf{complete}(\Gamma), \mathsf{toPh}(\mathsf{complete}(\Gamma')) \ \forall i \in 1..n
                  \Gamma_0 \subseteq \Gamma, \Gamma'
                                                                                                                                                                                      p; \Gamma; \Sigma; \Phi \vdash (\overline{d}_0 \overline{d}_1 \operatorname{catch} \operatorname{return} x (\operatorname{on} \mu \pi x) e_0) : T
                                                                                                                                                                                     with
                                                                                                                                                                                          \mu= capsule and \mu'= mut
                  \Gamma_i \subseteq \Gamma, toPh(complete(\Gamma')) \forall i \in 1...n
                  \Gamma_0 \subseteq \Gamma, toPartial(\Gamma')
                                                                                                                                                                                           or \mu = \text{immutable and } \mu' \in \{\text{mut, read}\}\
```

Extraction of types

```
Reduction rules
                                                                                                      (METHCALL)
GARBAGE
        \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}\ \overline{d}\overline{\mathcal{K}}e)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{d}\overline{\mathcal{K}}e)]
                                                                                                             \mathcal{E}^p[v.m (x_1:v_1...x_n:v_n)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\mu_0 \pi \text{ this =} v \ T_1 \ x_1 = v_1...T_n \ x_n = v_n e)]
       with
                                                                                                              with
            \overline{dv} \neq \emptyset
                                                                                                                  class(\mathcal{E}^p, v) = \pi
            \mathsf{FV}(\ (\overline{d}e)) \cap \mathsf{dom}(\overline{dv}) = \emptyset
                                                                                                                  \operatorname{meth}_{p}(\pi.m (x_{1}...x_{n})) = \mu_{0} \operatorname{method} T m (T_{1} x_{1}...T_{n} x_{n}) \operatorname{exception}_{e} e
(PRIMCALLREC)
                                                                                                                                                                                       \mathcal{E}^p[v_0.m(\overline{x:a}x_i:v\overline{x:v})] \longrightarrow_{v} \mathcal{E}^p[(T_i'z=v_iv_0.m(\overline{x:a}x_i:z\overline{x:v}))]
                                                                                                                                                                                         with
       \mathcal{E}^p[v.m (x_1:v_1...x_n:v_n)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\mu \pi z = vz.m (x_1:v_1...x_n:v_n))]
                                                                                                                                                                                              v is a block
        with
            \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p,v)=\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                              \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p, v_0) = \pi
                                                                                                                                                                                              x_1:\underline{\quad x_n:}\underline{\quad x:a}x_i:v\overline{x:v}
            \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi.m\ (x_1...x_n)) = \mu \operatorname{method} T\ m(T_1\ x_1...T_n\ x_n) exception _
             v is a block
                                                                                                                                                                                              \operatorname{meth}_{p}(\pi.m(x_{1}...x_{n})) = \mu \operatorname{method} T m(T_{1} x_{1}...T_{n} x_{n}) \operatorname{exception}
                                                                                                                                                                                               T'_i = \mu_i \; \pi_i \; \text{and} \; T_i = \mu_i \; \pi_{i-1}
                                                                                                                      (FIELDABLOCK)
(FIELDAOBJ
        \mathcal{E}^p[x.m()] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[a_i]
                                                                                                                              \mathcal{E}^p[x.m()] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[\text{(immutable } \pi' \ z = (\overline{dv}v.m())\ z)]
        with
                                                                                                                             with
            \operatorname{dec}(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = \underline{x} = \pi.m' (x_1:a_1...x_n:a_n)
                                                                                                                                  dec(\mathcal{E}^p, x) = immutable \pi_x = (\overline{dv}v)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ( immutable Void x = e
            m = x_i or m = x_i
                                                                                                                                  \operatorname{meth}_{p}(\pi.m()) = \mu \operatorname{method}_{\pi} \pi' m() \operatorname{exception}_{\pi}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          loop e)
            \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi m()) = \mu \operatorname{method} T m() exception _
(BLOCKELIM)
       \mathcal{E}^{p}[(\overline{dv'}\mu \pi \alpha x = (\overline{dv}v) \ \overline{d}\overline{\mathcal{K}}e)] \longrightarrow_{p} \mathcal{E}^{p}[(\overline{dv'}\overline{dv} \mu \pi \alpha x = v \ \overline{d}\overline{\mathcal{K}}e)]
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}' \mu \pi x = v \overline{dK}e)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}' \overline{dK}e)[x = v]]
        with
                                                                                                                                                                                                 with
                                                                                                                                                                                                      either v = a or \mu = capsule
           \mu \geq {	t mut}
         \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv'} \mu \pi \alpha \ x = e' \ \overline{d} \ e)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv'} \ dv \ \overline{d} \ e)]
                                                                                                                                                     \mathcal{E}^p[\pi.m (x_1:a_1...x_n:a_n)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\mu \pi z = \pi.m (x_1:a_1...x_n:a_n)z)]
            class(\mathcal{E}^p, e') = \pi'
                                                                                                                                                    with
             dv = \mu \pi' x = e'[Marco: dv is important]
                                                                                                                                                         \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi.m\ (x_1...x_n)) = \operatorname{type}\ \operatorname{method}\mu\ \pi\ m (_) exception _
            either \alpha \neq \emptyset or \pi' \neq \pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (R-USING-OUT)
         \mathcal{E}^p[\mathcal{E}^p_1[x.m \text{ (that:}a)]] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[\text{ (}\overline{d}[x.m=a]\overline{\mathcal{K}}e\text{)}]
                                                                                                                                                      (R-USING)
       with
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{E}^p[e_0]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         \mathcal{E}^p[\operatorname{using} \pi \operatorname{check} m (\overline{x}:\overline{v}) \ e] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[e]
            \mathsf{move}_{p}(\mathcal{E}^{p}_{1}, \mathsf{FV}(\mathbf{a})) = \langle \mathcal{E}^{p}_{2}, \emptyset \rangle
                                                                                                                                                             with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         with
            \mathcal{E}^p_2[\text{void}] = (\overline{d}\mathcal{K}^e)
                                                                                                                                                                   e_0 = \operatorname{using} \pi \operatorname{check} m (\overline{x : v}) e
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             plugin(p, \pi m (\overline{x:v}) e) undefined
            \mathcal{E}^p_{\ 1} = \text{(}\overline{dv}_{\text{\_}}\text{)}\,, \overline{dv}(x) = \mu\,\pi\,x = _{\text{\_}}\,\text{and}\,\mu \in \{\text{mut}, \text{lent}\}
                                                                                                                                                                   e_1 = \operatorname{plugin}(p, \pi m (\overline{x}:\overline{v}) e)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             either e is a v or throws p(e) = \varrho v
            \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p_1,x)=\pi
            \operatorname{meth}_p(\pi.m \text{ (that)}) = \underline{\text{method}} \underline{m} \text{ () exception}
                        e_1 \longrightarrow_{p'} e_2
                          \mathcal{L} \xrightarrow{p} \mathcal{L}'
                                                                                                               \mathcal{L}_1 \longrightarrow_{p'} \mathcal{L}_2
                                                                                                                  \mathcal{L} \xrightarrow{p} \mathcal{L}'
                           \vdash p' : ok
          p' \circledast ; \emptyset ; \emptyset ; \emptyset \vdash e_1 : \texttt{Library}
                                                                                         \mathcal{E}^p[\mathcal{L}]
                                                                                                                \rightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[\mathcal{L}[mh\,\mathcal{E}^c[\mathcal{L}_2]]]
        \mathcal{E}^p[\mathcal{L}] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[\mathcal{L}[C:e_2]]
                                                                                        with
        with
                                                                                            \mathcal{L} = \{ \_ <: \_ \overline{\mathcal{M}^{\mathbf{c}}} mh \, \mathcal{E}^{\mathbf{c}} [\mathcal{L}_1]_{\_} \}
            \mathcal{L} = \{ \_ <: \_ \overline{\mathcal{M}^{\mathbf{c}}} C : e^{\mathbf{c}} \_ \}
                                                                                             p' = \mathcal{L}' p
             p' = \mathcal{L}'^{\bigoplus}[C:1] p
             e_1 = \mathsf{norm}_{p'}(e^{\mathbf{c}})
(R-CAPTURE)
       \mathcal{E}^p[e_1] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv} \ \mu \ \pi \ z = v \ e)]
                                                                                                                      (R-ONMISS)
                                                                                                                             \mathcal{E}^p[e_1] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv} \ T' x = \varrho \ v \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ z \ \overline{\mathcal{O}} e_0)]
        with
                                                                                                                              with
                                                                                                                                   e_1 = (\overline{dv} \ \overline{dv'} \ T' \ x = e' \ \overline{d} \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ z \ \text{on} \ T \ e \ \overline{\mathcal{O}} e_0)
             e_1 = (\overline{dv} \, \overline{dv}' \, T' \, x = e' \, \overline{d} \operatorname{catch} \varrho \, z \text{ on } T \, e \, \overline{\mathcal{O}} e_0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}\mathcal{K}e)] \longrightarrow_p \mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}e)]
            throws<sub>p</sub>(e') = \varrho v
                                                                                                                                   throws_{p}(e') = \varrho' v
                                                                                                                                   \mu \ \pi = \mathrm{norm}_p(\ T)
            \mu \pi = \text{norm}_{p}(T)
```

either $\varrho \neq \varrho'$ or not $p \vdash \operatorname{class}(\mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}\square)], v) \leq \pi$

 $p \vdash \mathsf{class}(\mathcal{E}^p[(\overline{dv}\square)], v) \leq \pi$

Desugering and compilation process

With \mathcal{L} as a source in the sugared language $\mathcal{W}[\![\mathcal{L}]\!]_{\emptyset; immutable\ Void;\emptyset}]$ is the corresponding desugared term. An **execution process** is a sequence $\mathcal{L}_0 \dots \mathcal{L}_n$ such

Normal forms are results: either library literals welltyped in * or representations of an error. Plugins are obtained (plugin $(p^t, \pi, .m(\overline{x}))$) from library types (often containing an url doc) extracted from a program type p^t . Plugins monitor execution of code e (execute($plq, p, \sigma, \overline{d}, \overline{v}, e$)). Semantic extensions are defined by providing different plug-ins implementations through some urls.

Concrete syntax

 $\emptyset | \mathcal{L}_0 \to \emptyset | \dots \to \emptyset | \mathcal{L}_n$.

immutable, trait, exception \emptyset in mh and $<:\emptyset$ in \mathcal{H} are represented with the empty string.

EOL can be omitted after the reuse sequence of character if no members are present. White-space consists of <space>, EOL and ', '.

Well formedness

All the well formedness restriction of the core syntax applies here. Moreover in a \mathcal{B} all \overline{d}_i except the first are not empty and only the last \mathcal{K}_i can be omitted (having an empty $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$). A \mathcal{B} can not be empty. with $\emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ is not well formed; with $\overline{x} \overline{\mathcal{I}} \overline{d} (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w} \overline{\mathcal{B}})$ is well formed if the number of types $T_1 \dots T_n$ in each on is the same of the sum of the cardinalities of \overline{x} , $\overline{\mathcal{I}}$ and \overline{d} . In a \mathcal{O}^w body, variables whose type have been made more specific can still beeing updated using the more general type, thus a well formed \mathcal{O}^w body can not read a variable after updating it. In a with, variables introduces in the $\overline{\mathcal{I}}$ can be updated only if they are declared var.

There must not be any whitespace preceding the symbol "' in string expressions or π in number expression.

For all blocks of form $\{\overline{d}_1 \mathcal{K}_1 ... \overline{d}_n \mathcal{K}_n\},\$ terminating $(\{\overline{d}_1 \mathcal{K}_1 ... \overline{d}_n \mathcal{K}_n\})$ holds. Method names in method calls (using the dot) must be of form x or x.

The **return** keyword can not be used inside any if, case or while condition or inside the expression of a xine.

Operator precedence

Postfix unary operators (as method calls) have the strongest precedence of all, then prefix unary operators and finally binary operators. A sequence of identical binary operators associate from left to right, so that a+b+c is equivalent to (a+b)+c, but sequences of different operators with the same precedences, like a+b*c, are not well formed.

Definition: downloadFromWeb(_)

If the url is a library address, the result is the corresponding library, where members annotated as 'Oprivate are renamed to others that does not sintactically occurs into the importing program.

```
Definition: terminating(_)
 terminating(\varrho e) = terminating(loop e) = true
 terminating(if \_e else \mathcal{B}) =
     terminating (e) and terminating (B)
 terminating (\overline{d}_1 \mathcal{K}_1 ... \overline{d}_n \mathcal{K}_n e) = terminating (\mathcal{K}_1)
      and ... and terminating(\mathcal{K}_n) and terminating(e)
 terminating (\{\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_n\}) = \text{terminating}(\mathcal{K}_1)
      and ... and terminating (\mathcal{K}_n) and terminating (\overline{d}_n)
 terminating(catch \rho x (doc\overline{\mathcal{O}}default e)) =
     terminating (catch \rho x ( doc\overline{\mathcal{O}}) and terminating (e)
 terminating(catch_(on_e_1...on_e_n)) =
     terminating (e_1) and ... and terminating (e_n)
 terminating(\mathbf{if}_{-}e) = terminating(\mathcal{W}\overline{x}\overline{d}e) =
     terminating(\overline{d}e) = terminating(e)
 terminating() = false otherwise
```

```
Atomic Language Terms
```

```
::= return | error | exception
\mu
         ::= type | mut | read | lent | capsule | immutable
                                                                        type modifiers
         :=<[\_,a..z,A..Z,\$,\%][\_,a..z,A..Z,\$,\%,0..9]*>
ident
                                                                        identifiers
C
         ::= < ident starting upper-case except Any, Void, Library>
                                                                        Class names
x, y, z ::= < ident starting lower-case (or _) except keywords>
                                                                         variable names
         := x \mid \#x \mid \emptyset \mid unOp \mid eqOp \mid binOp
                                                                        method names
         ::= strLine<sub>1</sub>...strLine<sub>n</sub><often omitted for brevity>
                                                                        documentation
strLine ::= <spaces> ' <sequence of char excluding EOL>EOL
                                                                        line of documentation
string ::= <any sequence of char excluding (") and EOL>
                                                                         simple string
      | EOL doc<spaces><where doc is not empty>
                                                                         multi line string
         ::= <a subset of all character; around \sim 100 symbols>
char
                                                                         source chars
digit
         ::= 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9
digit + := digit \mid digit \mid -digit
num
         := dataOp \, digit \, \overline{digit} +
unOp ::= ! | \sim
egOp ::= += | -= | *= | /= | &= | |= | >= | «= | ++= | **= | :=
                                                                        requires x as left value
boolOp := & | |
                                                                         weak precedence
relOp ::= < | > | == | != | <= | >=
                                                                        medium precedence
dataOp := + | - | * | / | « | * | ++ | **
                                                                        strong precedence
binOp ::= boolOp \mid relOp \mid dataOp
                                                                        binary operators
         ::= <sequence of char excluding <space>,EOL, { and }>
```

Complete Language Syntax

```
e ::= \mathcal{L} \mid x \mid \pi \mid \text{void} \mid num \ \overline{num} \ e \mid e \text{"string"} \mid \varrho \ e \mid x \ eqOp \ e \mid unOp \ e \text{ expression}
     \mathcal{B} \mid e_1 binOp \; e_2 \mid e \; (\textit{doc} \; ps) \; \mid \text{if} \; e \; \mathcal{B} \; \text{else} \; e' \mid \text{while} \; e \; \mathcal{B} \mid \mathcal{W} \mid e.m(\textit{doc} \; ps)
      e [doc ps_1; doc_1...ps_n; doc_n] | e [doc W] | e doc | loop e | ...
  using \pi check m ( doc~ps ) e
\mathcal{B} ::= (\operatorname{doc} \overline{d}_1 \mathcal{K}_1 ... \overline{d}_n \mathcal{K}_n e) \mid \{ \operatorname{doc} \overline{d}_1 \mathcal{K}_1 ... \overline{d}_n \mathcal{K}_n \}
                                                                                                                                                                                  expr-block
\mathcal{K} ::= catch \varrho x ( doc\overline{\mathcal{O}} default e)
                                                                                                                                                                                  catch-match
d := \overline{\operatorname{var}} T x = e \mid e < e \neq x > \mid C : e
                                                                                                                                                                                   statement
{\mathcal W}:= with \overline{x}\,\overline{{\mathcal I}}\,\overline{d}\, ( \overline{{\mathcal O}^w} default \overline{e} ) | with \overline{{\mathcal I}}\,{\mathcal B}
                                                                                                                                                                                   with
\mathcal{O}^w ::= on \overline{T}e \mid on \overline{T} case e \mathcal{B} \mid case e \mathcal{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                  type-case
\mathcal{H} ::= m(\overline{\mathcal{F}}) \mid \text{interface} \mid \text{trait}
                                                                                                                                                                                  lib. node h.
\pi ::= C \overline{:: C} | \text{Outer}^n \overline{:: C} | \text{Any} | \text{Void} | \text{Library}
                                                                                                                                                                                  node path
       := \{ doc \mathcal{H} <: \overline{\pi} \overline{\mathcal{M}} \} | \{ reuse \ url \ EOL \overline{\mathcal{M}} \} \}
                                                                                                                                                                                  library literal
ps := \overline{e} \ \overline{x : e}
                                                                                                                                                                                   parameters
\mathcal{I} ::= \overline{\operatorname{var}} x \operatorname{in} e
                                                                                                                                                                                   iterator decl.
\mathcal{O} ::= on T e \mid on T case e \mathcal{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                   signal handler
```

```
Definition: guessType<sub>\Gamma</sub>(e) note:guessType<sub>\Gamma</sub>(\{\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_n\}) is correctly undefined
  \mathsf{guessType}_\Gamma(\mathcal{L}) = \mathsf{immutable\,Library}, \quad \mathsf{guessType}_\Gamma(x) = \Gamma(x), \quad \mathsf{guessType}_\Gamma(\pi) = \mathsf{type}\,\pi
  guessType_{\Gamma}(void) = guessType_{\Gamma}(loop e) =
       \mathsf{guessType}_{\Gamma}(x\ eq Op\ e) = \mathsf{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\varrho\ e) = \mathsf{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\mathrm{if}\ e\ \mathcal{B}_1\ \mathrm{else}\ \mathcal{B}_2) =
       \mathsf{guessType}_\Gamma(\mathsf{while}\,e\,\mathcal{B}) = \mathsf{guessType}_\Gamma(\mathcal{W}\,\overline{\mathcal{B}}) = \mathsf{immutable}\,\mathsf{Void}
  quessType_{\mathbb{P}}(nume) = quessType_{\mathbb{P}}(e.\#numberParser(\{trait\}))
  guessType<sub>\Gamma</sub>(e''_{-}'') = guessType<sub>\Gamma</sub>(e_{*}stringParser({trait}))
  guessType_{\Gamma}(unOp e) = guessType_{\Gamma}(e. ['unOp'])
  guessType_{\Gamma}(e_1binOp e_2) = guessType_{\Gamma}(e_1. \llbracket 'binOp' \rrbracket (e_2))
  \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e (ps)) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e \#\operatorname{apply}(ps))
  \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e.m(ps)) = Tm \operatorname{(xsOf}(ps)) \text{ iff } \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e) = \pi \overline{mx} = T
  guessType_{\Gamma}(e.m(ps)) = \pi.m \text{ (xsOf}(ps)) \text{ iff guessType}_{\Gamma}(e) = \mu \pi^{\wedge}
  guessType_{\Gamma}(\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_ne) = guessType_{\Gamma'}(e) with \Gamma' = guessType_{\Gamma}(\overline{d}_1...\overline{d}_n)
   and \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}() = \Gamma \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e\ \overline{d}) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(C : e\ \overline{d}) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\overline{d})
            \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\overline{\operatorname{var}}\ T\ x = e\overline{d}) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma\ x \mapsto T}(\overline{d})
            \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\overline{\operatorname{var}}\ x = e\ \overline{d}) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma,x} \mapsto \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma(e)}(\overline{d})
  \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e \, [\, ps_1 \, ; \dots \, ps_n \, ; \, ]) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e \, \text{\#apply()} \, \text{\#add}(ps_1) \, \dots \text{\#add}(ps_n))
  guessType_{\Gamma}(e[\mathcal{WB}]) = \text{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e_{\#apply}())
  \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e \ doc) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(\operatorname{using} \pi \operatorname{check} m (doc \ ps) \ e) = \operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e)
Definition: c-f-type(\mu m(\mathcal{F}_1 ... \mathcal{F}_n)) = \overline{h}
(1) type method \mu Outer_0 m (to Ph(T_1\ x_1...\ T_n\ x_n)) exception \emptyset\in 	ext{c-f-type}(\mu\ m (\overline{	ext{var}}_1\ T_1\ x_1...\overline{	ext{var}}_n\ T_n\ x_n)
(2a) mut method immutable Void x ( \mu\pi that ) exception \emptyset\in \text{c-f-type}(\underline{m}(\overline{\mathcal{F}}_1 \text{ var } \mu\pi\ x\ \overline{\mathcal{F}}_2) )
(2b) mut method immutable Void x ( \pi\overline{mx} that ) exception \emptyset\in 	ext{c-f-type}(\_m(\overline{\mathcal{F}}_1 	ext{ var } \pi\overline{mx} 	ext{ } x \overline{\mathcal{F}}_2) )
(3) mut method T \# x () exception \emptyset \in \text{c-f-type}(\underline{m}(\overline{\mathcal{F}}_1 \overline{\text{var}} T x \overline{\mathcal{F}}_2))
(4) read method mut&LentToRead(\mu \pi) x() exception \emptyset \in \text{c-f-type}(\underline{m}(\overline{\mathcal{F}}_1 \overline{\text{var}} \mu \pi x \overline{\mathcal{F}}_2))
```

```
Definition: \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\Theta} simple cases, where \Theta ::= \Gamma; T; \overline{\mathcal{L}}
(\text{\tiny clw)} \, [\![ \{ \text{reuse } url \overline{\mathcal{M}} \} ]\!]_{\,:\, :\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = \{ \text{\tiny downloadFromWeb}(url) \, \overline{\mathcal{M}}' \} \, \text{iff} \, [\![ \{ \overline{\mathcal{M}} \} ]\!]_{\emptyset:\, :\{ \overline{\mathcal{M}} \}} = \{ \overline{\mathcal{M}}' \} ] \}
    otherwise [\![\{\mathcal{H} < : \overline{\overline{\pi}M}\}]\!]_{\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = \{\mathcal{M}[\![\mathcal{H}]\!]_{\Theta} < : [\![\overline{\pi}]\!]_{\Theta}\mathcal{M}[\![\overline{M}]\!]_{\Theta}\}
     with \Theta = \emptyset; immutable Void; \{\mathcal{H} < : \overline{\pi}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}, \overline{\mathcal{L}}
 (cons) [\![\{\mu\,m(\overline{\mathcal{F}})\,\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}]\!]_{\Theta} = [\![\{\text{c-f-type}(\mu\,m(\overline{\mathcal{F}})\,)\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}]\!]_{\Theta}
[at] [nume]_{\Theta} = [e_{\#}numberParser({'GString}EOL'['num']EOL})]_{\Theta}
   [e"\overline{char}"]_{\Theta} = [e_{\#}stringParser({'@String}EOL'['\overline{char}']EOL})]_{\Theta}
    [e''EOL\overline{char}EOL']_{\Theta} = [e_{\#}stringParser({'QString}EOL', ['\overline{char}EOL']EOL})]_{\Theta}
 (cf) [while e\:\mathcal{B}]_\Theta=[\![ (loop ( e .#checkTrue( ) \mathcal{B} ) catch exception (on Void void) void) ]\![_\Theta
    [\![\![	ext{if}\ a\,\mathcal{B}_1\ 	ext{else}\ \mathcal{B}_2]\!]_\Theta=[\![\![\ (a_\# 	ext{checkTrue}()\ 	ext{catch exception (onVoid}\ \mathcal{B}_2)\ \mathcal{B}_1\ 	ext{void})]\!]_\Theta
   [\![\text{if }e\ \mathcal{B}_1\ \text{else}\ \mathcal{B}_2]\!]_{\Theta}=[\![\ (\ y=e\ \text{if }y\ \mathcal{B}_1\ \text{else}\ \mathcal{B}_2)\,]\!]_{\Theta}\quad \text{with }y\ \text{fresh and }e\neq a
   [\![(\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_ne)]\!]_{\Theta} = [\![(\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1(...(\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_ne)...))]\!]_{\Theta}
   \llbracket \operatorname{void} 
Vert_{\Theta} = \operatorname{void} \qquad \llbracket \pi 
Vert_{-,\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = {}^{\pi} \llbracket \pi 
Vert_{\overline{\mathcal{L}}}
                                                                                                 \llbracket e \ doc \rrbracket_{\Theta} = \overline{\llbracket} \ (doc \ e) \rrbracket_{\Theta}
   [\![\operatorname{loop} e]\!]_{\Gamma,\,T\,\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = \operatorname{loop} [\![e]\!]_{\Gamma,\operatorname{immutable}} \operatorname{Void}\!\overline{\mathcal{L}}
    \llbracket e.m(ps) \rrbracket_{\Gamma,\, T\, \overline{\mathcal{L}}} = \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\Gamma,\, T\, \overline{\mathcal{L}}}.m(\llbracket ps \rrbracket_{\Gamma, \mathsf{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e) :: m, \overline{\mathcal{L}}}) 
   [\![\mathsf{using}\ \pi\ \mathsf{check}\ .m(ps)\ e]\!]_{\Gamma.\ T.\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = \mathsf{using}\ [\![\pi]\!]_{\Theta}\ \mathsf{check}\ .m([\![ps]\!]_{\Gamma.\ \mathsf{immutable}}\ \mathsf{Void}\overline{\mathcal{L}})\ [\![e]\!]_{\Gamma,\ T.\overline{\mathcal{L}}}
 (ret) [\![\![\{\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_n\}]\!]\!]_{\Gamma} T \subset [\![\![\![\![}]\!]]] [\![\![\![\overline{d}_1\mathcal{K}_1...\overline{d}_n\mathcal{K}_n]\!]\!]_{\Gamma}] void) catch return y (on T y) error void) [\![\![\![\![\![}]\!]]\!]_{\Gamma}] T \subset [\![\![\![\![\![}\!]\!]]\!]]
(vd1) \llbracket e_0 
rbracket_{\Theta} = \llbracket ( C: { mut (var T inner) }
          \overline{d}_1 T x = e \overline{d}_2 d'(\overline{d}_3 \overline{\mathcal{K}} e_1)[x eqOp := z eqOp][x := z \# inner()])
                                                                                                               d' =  mut Outer_0::C z=Outer_0::C ( inner:x)
          with e_0 = (\overline{d}_1 \text{var } T \text{ } x \text{=} e \overline{d}_2 \overline{d}_3 \text{ } \mathcal{K} e_1)
          not x:= inside \overline{d}_2 and either \overline{d}_3=\emptyset or \overline{d}_3=d and x:= inside d
   [\![(\overline{d}\overline{\text{var}}\ x = e\overline{d}'\overline{\mathcal{K}}e_1)]\!]_{\Gamma:T',\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = [\![(\overline{d}\overline{\text{var}}\ T\ x = e\overline{d}'\overline{\mathcal{K}}e_1)]\!]_{\Gamma:T',\overline{\mathcal{L}}} \text{ with } T = \text{guessType}_{\Gamma\text{ pof}\overline{d}}(e)
    [\![ (\overline{d}_1 e \ \overline{d}_2 \overline{\mathcal{K}} e_1) ]\!]_{\Theta} = [\![ (\overline{d}_1 \ \text{immutable void} \ x = e \overline{d}_2 \overline{\mathcal{K}} e_1) ]\!]_{\Theta}
    \llbracket (d_1...d_n \overline{\mathcal{K}} e) \rrbracket_{\Gamma:T:\overline{\mathcal{L}}} = ({}^d \llbracket d_1 \rrbracket_{\Theta}...{}^d \llbracket d_n \rrbracket_{\Theta} {}^{\mathcal{K}} \llbracket \overline{\mathcal{K}} \rrbracket_{\Gamma:T:\overline{\mathcal{L}}} \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\Theta})
    with \Theta = \Gamma, \Gamma of (d_1...d_n); T; \overline{\mathcal{L}} \qquad {}^d \llbracket C : e \rrbracket_- = C : e \qquad {}^d \llbracket T x = e \rrbracket_{\Gamma} \overline{\mathcal{L}} = T x = \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\Gamma} \overline{\mathcal{L}}
   \mathcal{K}[\![catch arrho\ x\ \overline{\mathcal{O}}]\!]_\Theta=[\![catch arrho\ x on Any (with x (\overline{\mathcal{O}}default arrho\ x) ) ]\![_\Theta \mathrm{iff} on T if e\ \mathcal{B}\in\overline{\mathcal{O}}
    \mathcal{K} catch arrho \ x \ \overline{\mathcal{O}} default e \|_{\Theta} = \mathbb{G} catch arrho \ x on Any (with x \ (\overline{\mathcal{O}} default e)) \mathbb{G}_{\Theta} iff on T if e \ \mathcal{B} \in \overline{\mathcal{O}}
    otherwise \mathcal{K}[\![\operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \ \mathcal{O}_1 ... \mathcal{O}_n]\!]_{\Theta} = \operatorname{catch} \varrho \ x \ \mathcal{K}[\![\mathcal{O}_1]\!]_{x,\Theta} ... \mathcal{K}[\![\mathcal{O}_n]\!]_{x,\Theta} and
   \mathcal{K}[\![\mathsf{catch}\ \varrho\ x\ \mathcal{O}_1...\mathcal{O}_n\mathsf{default}\ e]\!]_{\Theta} = \mathsf{catch}\ \varrho\ x\ \mathcal{K}[\![\mathcal{O}_1]\!]_{x,\Theta}...\mathcal{K}[\![\mathcal{O}_n]\!]_{x,\Theta}\mathsf{default}\ [\![e]\!]_{x:\mathsf{immutable}} \mathsf{Any}_{,\Theta}
   Definition: \llbracket e \rrbracket case collections initialization and operators
(init) \llbracket e \: [\: ps_1\: ; ...\: ;\: ps_n\: ;\: ]\: 
rbracket_\Theta = \llbracket e #begin() .#add(ps_1) ...#add(ps_n) .#end() 
rbracket_\Theta
 (op) \llbracket e_1 \ binOp \ e_2 \rrbracket_{\overline{C}} = \llbracket e_1. \llbracket 'binOp' \rrbracket (e_2) \rrbracket_{\overline{C}}
   \llbracket x \ eqOp \ e \rrbracket_{\Theta} = \llbracket x := x \text{\#inner().} \llbracket 'eqOp' \rrbracket (e) \rrbracket_{\Theta}
   \llbracket unOp \ e \rrbracket_{\overline{C}} = \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\overline{C}}. \llbracket'unOp' \rrbracket ()
   \llbracket e(ps) \rrbracket_{\overline{C}} = \llbracket e_{\#apply}(ps) \rrbracket_{\overline{C}}
Definition: [doc]_p
     [\![doc]\!]_p replaces all substrings of the form [\![e]\!]_\pi and [\![e]\!]_p and [\![e]\!]_p and [\![e]\!]_p.
    This applies to all documentations excluding the one in multi-line string literals.
Definition: \mathcal{W}[e] = e
   \mathcal{W}[e] propagate on the structure, and
(a) {}^{\mathcal{W}} [with \overline{x}\,\overline{\mathcal{I}}\,\overline{d}\, (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w}) ]\!] = {}^{\mathcal{W}} [with \overline{x}\,\overline{\mathcal{I}}\,\overline{d}\, (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w}default void) ]\!]
(a) {}^{\mathcal{W}} [with \overline{x} \overline{d} (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e_2) ] = {}^{\mathcal{W}} (\overline{d} with x_1...x_n (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e_2) ) [
           with with \overline{x} \overline{d} = \text{with} x_1 ... x_n
(c) {}^{\mathcal{W}} [with \overline{x} ( \overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e ) ] ={}^{\mathcal{W}} [ \overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e ] _{\overline{x}} ]
(ca) \mathcal{W} on T_1...T_n case e_0 e_1 \overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e x_1...x_n = (\overline{e} cast \overline{e} x_1...x_n)...cast \overline{e} x_1...cast \overline{e}
          catch exception Void {}^{\mathcal{W}}[\![\overline{\mathcal{O}^w}]\!] default e[\!]_{x_1...x_n}(e_1[x_1\,T_1:=y_1]...[x_n\,T_n:=y_n]) void)
          with y_1...y_n fresh and either case e_0 = \overline{e} = \emptyset
          or case e_0= case e_0 and \overline{e}= with x_1...x_n (on \overline{T}_1...\overline{T}_n (if e_0 (void) else (exception void) )
(cb) {}^{\mathcal{W}} [case e_0 e_1 \overline{\mathcal{O}} default e] _{x_1...x_n}= if e_0 e_1 else ({}^{\mathcal{W}} [\overline{\mathcal{O}} default e] _{x_1...x_n})
[co] {}^{\mathcal{W}}[with \overline{x} \overline{\mathcal{I}} \overline{d} (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e_2) ] ={}^{\mathcal{W}}[with \overline{\mathcal{I}} (\overline{d} with x_1...x_n (\overline{\mathcal{O}^w} default e_2))]
           with with \overline{x} \, \overline{\mathcal{I}} \, \overline{d} = \text{with} x_1 ... x_n
\|\mathbf{e}\|_{\mathbf{E}} = \mathcal{W} \|\mathbf{e}\|_{\mathbf{E}} \|\mathbf{e}\|_{\mathbf{E}} = \mathcal{W} \|\mathbf{e}\|_{\mathbf{E}}
          loop(d_1\mathcal{K}_1...d_n\mathcal{K}_n\mathcal{B}[x_1:=x_1.\#inner()]...[x_n:=x_n.\#inner()])
          catch exception (on Void void) void)
 \begin{aligned} & \text{with } \overline{\mathcal{I}} = \underline{x_1} \text{ in } \underline{\dots} \underline{x_n} \text{ in } \underline{\dots}, \quad \underline{d_i \mathcal{K}_i} = \text{next}_i(x_1 \dots x_n) \\ & \text{(initw)} \, \mathcal{W} \! \! \left[ e \left[ \text{with } \overline{x} \, \overline{\mathcal{I}} \, \overline{d} \, \left( \mathcal{O}^w_1 \dots \mathcal{O}^w_n \, \overline{\text{default } e} \right) \, \right] \right] = \end{aligned} 
          \mathcal{W} (var x=e.#begin() with \overline{x} \overline{\mathcal{I}} \overline{d} (\mathcal{O}_1^{w'}...\mathcal{O}_n^{w'} default \overline{e'}) x.#end())
          with \mathcal{O}^w{}_i = \text{on } \overline{T} \text{ if } ee, \mathcal{O}^w{}_i' = \text{on } \overline{T} \text{ if } ex:=x_{\text{#add}}(e) \text{ and either default } e = \text{default } e' = \emptyset
           or default e = default e and default e' = default x := x \# add(e)
```

```
Definition: e[x := y]
   e_0[x := e_1] propagate on the structure, and
   (x \operatorname{eq} \operatorname{Op} e_0)[x := e] = x \operatorname{eq} \operatorname{Op}(e_0[x := e])
  x[x = e] = e
Definition: e[x T := y]
  e[x\mu \text{ Any} := y] = e, otherwise e[xT := y] = e[x := y]
Definition: [e]_p auxiliary definitions
  p^s \llbracket e_0 \ \overline{x : e} 
rbracket^{-1} \Gamma_{\Gamma, T :: m, \overline{\mathcal{L}}} = p^s \llbracket \operatorname{that} : e_0 \ \overline{x : e} 
rbracket^{-1} \Gamma_{\Gamma, T :: m, \overline{\mathcal{L}}}
   p^s[x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n]_{\Gamma:T::m.\overline{L}} =
             x_1: \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_{\Gamma, T :: m} (x_1 ... x_n) :: x_1, \overline{\mathcal{L}} \cdots
             x_n: \llbracket e_n 
rbracket_{\Gamma, T::m, (x_1...x_n)::x_n, \overline{\mathcal{L}}}
   ps[x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n]_{\Gamma,T,\overline{\mathcal{L}}} =
  x_1: \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_{\Gamma, T, \overline{\mathcal{L}}} ... x_n: \llbracket e_n \rrbracket_{\Gamma, T, \overline{\mathcal{L}}} \\ \mathcal{M} \llbracket \mathcal{M}_1 ... \mathcal{M}_n \rrbracket_p = \mathcal{M} \llbracket \mathcal{M}_1 \rrbracket_p ... \mathcal{M} \llbracket \mathcal{M}_n \rrbracket_p \\ \mathcal{M} \llbracket mhe \rrbracket_p = \mathcal{M} \llbracket \mathcal{M} \llbracket mh \rrbracket_p \llbracket e \rrbracket_{\emptyset; \mathsf{Tof}(mh); p} \rrbracket
   \mathcal{M}[mh\mathcal{E}^{\star}[ ( \overline{d} catch exception x ( \overline{\mathcal{O}} default e ) e_0 ) ]]]=
        \mathcal{M}[\![mh\mathcal{E}^{\star}[ ( \overline{d} catch exception x ( \overline{\mathcal{O}} on Any e ) e_0 ) ]]\![
   \mathcal{M}[mh\mathcal{E}^{\star}[ (\overline{d}catch return x (\overline{\mathcal{O}}default e) e_0)]]=
        \mathcal{M}[mh\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}^{\star}[ (\overline{d}catch return x (\overline{\mathcal{O}}on T e) e_0)]]
        where T is obtained using \mathcal{E}^* as the innermost
        catch_return (on T_{-}) or Any if no such \mathcal{E}^{\star} exists
   \mathcal{M}[mh\mathcal{E}^{\star}[(\overline{d}_1C:e\overline{d}_2\overline{\mathcal{K}}e_0)]] =
        \mathcal{M}[C:e]\mathcal{M}[mh\mathcal{E}^{\star}[(\overline{d}_1\overline{d}_2\overline{\mathcal{K}}e_0)]]
   otherwise \mathcal{M}[mhe] = mhe
   \mathcal{M}[C:\mathcal{E}^{\star}[...]]_{p} = \mathcal{M}[C:\mathcal{E}^{\star}[e]]_{p} Where e is found
    on the local system depending on the original
   \mu method \pi \llbracket T \rrbracket_p \llbracket m' \rrbracket (\pi \llbracket T x \rrbracket_p) exception \pi \llbracket \overline{\pi} \rrbracket_p
  \mathcal{M}[\![\operatorname{method} m(\overline{x})]\!]_p = \operatorname{method}[\!['m']\!](\overline{x})
  \mathcal{M}[C:]_p = C:
   {}^\pi \hspace{-0.05cm} \llbracket \hspace{-0.05cm} C \overline{::} C \hspace{-0.05cm} \rrbracket_{\mathcal{L}_{\Omega} \dots \mathcal{L}_{n}} = \mathtt{Outer}_{k} \overline{::} C \overline{::} C
   where \mathcal{L}_k(::C) well defined and
        \forall i < k : \mathcal{L}_i(::C) not well defined
   \pi \llbracket C :: C \rrbracket_{\mathcal{L}_0 ... \mathcal{L}_n} = \text{Outer}_n :: C :: C
   where \forall i \in 0..n : \mathcal{L}_i(::C) not well defined
Definition: Tof
   Tof(C:) = immutable Library
   Tof(\mu method T m(\overline{Tx}) exception \overline{\pi}) = T
  \mathsf{Tof}(\mathsf{method} m(\overline{x})) = \mathsf{Outer}_0.m(\overline{x})
Definition: declarelts (\overline{\mathcal{I}}, e_0)
  declareIts(\emptyset, e) = e
  declarelts (\overline{\operatorname{var}} x_0 \operatorname{in} e_0 \overline{\mathcal{I}}, e) = (
          x_0 = e_0 ( (declarelts (\overline{\mathcal{I}}, e)
        catch exception y (default (x_0.#close() exception y))
        catch return y' (default (x_0.#close() exception y'))
        x_0.#close())
Definition: next_i(\overline{x})
  \operatorname{next}_i(z_0...z_n) = z_i \operatorname{\#next}()
        catch exception (on Void (
        (z_{i+1}.#next() catch exception (on Void void) void)
        ... (z_n.#next() catch exception (on Void void) void)
        (z_0.#checkEnd() catch exception (on Void void) void)
        ... (z_n.#checkEnd() catch exception (on Void void) void)
        exception void) )
Definition: cast \mu \pi (y \leftarrow x)
  \operatorname{cast}^{\mu} \pi(y \leftarrow x) = \mu \pi y= (return x
        catch return z (on \mu \pi z on \mu Any exception void)
        error void)
                               with z fresh
Definition: xsOf(ps)
  e_0x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n={\sf that}\,x_1...x_n
  x_1: e_1...x_n: e_n = x_1...x_n
```

```
Plugin auxiliary definitions
                                                                                                                                                               Plugin auxiliary definitions
Definition: \mathcal{L}_1 = \mathcal{L}_2
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}_1 = \mathcal{L}_2
  \mathcal L is equivalent to a version where all the '@private
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L} is equivalent to a version where all the '@private
  members have been consistently renamed
                                                                                                                                                            members have been consistently renamed
Definition: \mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}
  \{\mathcal{H}_1 <: \overline{\pi}_1 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_1\} \oplus \{\mathcal{H}_2 <: \overline{\pi}_2 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2\} = \{\mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2 <: \overline{\pi}_1 \overline{\pi}_2 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_1 \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2\}
                                                                                                                                                            \{\mathcal{H}_1 <: \overline{\pi}_1 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_1\} \oplus \{\mathcal{H}_2 <: \overline{\pi}_2 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2\} = \{\mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2 <: \overline{\pi}_1 \overline{\pi}_2 \overline{\mathcal{M}}_1 \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2\}
  \mathtt{interface} \oplus \mathtt{interface} = \mathtt{interface}
                                                                                                                                                             \mathtt{interface} \oplus \mathtt{interface} = \mathtt{interface}
  \emptyset \oplus \emptyset = \emptyset
                                                                                                                                                             \emptyset \oplus \emptyset = \emptyset
  \mathsf{interface} \oplus \emptyset = \emptyset \oplus \mathsf{interface} = \emptyset
                                                                                                                                                             \mathsf{interface} \oplus \emptyset = \emptyset \oplus \mathsf{interface} = \emptyset
  only if interfaceis virgin
                                                                                                                                                             only if interfaceis virgin
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{M}_1\mathcal{M}\oplus\overline{\mathcal{M}}_2=\overline{\mathcal{M}}_1\oplus(\mathcal{M}\oplus\overline{\mathcal{M}}_2)
  \overline{\mathcal{M}}_1\mathcal{M}\oplus\overline{\mathcal{M}}_2=\overline{\mathcal{M}}_1\oplus(\mathcal{M}\oplus\overline{\mathcal{M}}_2)
  \emptyset \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}} = \overline{\mathcal{M}}
                                                                                                                                                             \emptyset \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}} = \overline{\mathcal{M}}
  \mathcal{M} \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}} = \mathcal{M}\overline{\mathcal{M}} if \{\mathcal{M}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\} is well formed, otherwise
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{M} \oplus \overline{\mathcal{M}} = \mathcal{M}\overline{\mathcal{M}} if \{\mathcal{M}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\} is well formed, otherwise
  C: doc_1\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus C: doc_2\mathcal{L}_2\overline{\mathcal{M}} = C: (doc_1 \oplus doc_2\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2)\overline{\mathcal{M}}
                                                                                                                                                             C: doc_1\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus C: doc_2\mathcal{L}_2\overline{\mathcal{M}} = C: (doc_1 \oplus doc_2\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2)\overline{\mathcal{M}}
  h_1\overline{e} \oplus h_2\overline{\mathcal{M}} = h_1 \oplus h_2\overline{e}\overline{\mathcal{M}} = (h_1 \oplus h_2)\overline{e}\overline{\mathcal{M}}
                                                                                                                                                             h_1\overline{e} \oplus h_2\overline{\mathcal{M}} = h_1 \oplus h_2\overline{e}\overline{\mathcal{M}} = (h_1 \oplus h_2)\overline{e}\overline{\mathcal{M}}
   where h_1, h_2 differs only for the documentation
                                                                                                                                                              where h_1, h_2 differs only for the documentation
  method doc mxe can not be sum with h
                                                                                                                                                            method docmxe can not be sum with h
Definition: p \vdash \mathcal{L}_1 \rtimes \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: p \vdash \mathcal{L}_1 \rtimes \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}
  \mathcal{L}_1 \rtimes \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}_1[p \operatorname{mapMx}(\mathcal{L}_2)][p \operatorname{mapC}(\mathcal{L}_2)]
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}_1 \rtimes \mathcal{L}_2 = \mathcal{L}_1[p \operatorname{mapMx}(\mathcal{L}_2)][p \operatorname{mapC}(\mathcal{L}_2)]
  \pi_1 \mapsto \pi_2[\mathsf{from}\ \pi_1] \in \mathsf{mapC}(\mathcal{L})\ \mathsf{iff}\ \mathcal{L}(\pi_1) = \{\ (\pi_2\,\mathsf{that})_-\}
                                                                                                                                                             \pi_1 \mapsto \pi_2[\mathsf{from}\, \pi_1] \in \mathsf{mapC}(\mathcal{L}) \ \mathsf{iff} \ \mathcal{L}(\pi_1) = \{ \ (\pi_2 \, \mathsf{that})_- \}
  \pi m (x_1...x_n) \mapsto m' (x_1'...x_n') \in mapMx(\mathcal L) iff \mathcal L(\pi)=
                                                                                                                                                             \pi m (x_1...x_n) \mapsto m' (x_1'...x_n') \in mapMx(\mathcal L) iff \mathcal L(\pi)=
        \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}_1method Void m (Void x_1...Void x_n) (this.m'(x_1':x_1...x_n':x_n)) \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2\}
                                                                                                                                                                   \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}_1 \text{ method Void } m \text{ (Void } x_1 \dots \text{Void } x_n \text{) (this.} m'(x_1':x_1 \dots x_n':x_n) \text{) } \overline{\mathcal{M}}_2 \}
Definition: \mathcal{L}[p\overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}] = \mathcal{L}'
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}[p \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}] = \mathcal{L}'
  \mathcal{L}[p\pi_1.mx_1\mapsto mx_1'...\pi_n.mx_n\mapsto mx_n']=\mathcal{L}_0\oplus...\oplus\mathcal{L}_n
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[p\pi_1.mx_1\mapsto mx_1'...\pi_n.mx_n\mapsto mx_n']=\mathcal{L}_0\oplus...\oplus\mathcal{L}_n
                                                                                                                                                             where:
  p' = \text{removeTopLevel}(p)
                                                                                                                                                             p' = \text{removeTopLevel}(p)
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}' = \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_{p'}\overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}]
  \mathcal{L}' = \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_{p'}\pi.mx \mapsto mx']
  \mathcal{L}_0 = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{remove}\pi_1.mx_1]...[\mathsf{remove}\pi_n.mx_n]
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}_0 = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{remove}\pi_1.mx_1]...[\mathsf{remove}\pi_n.mx_n]
  \mathcal{L}_i = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{retainOnly}\pi_i.mx_i \mapsto mx_i']
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}_i = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{retainOnly}\pi_i.mx_i \mapsto mx_i']
                                                                                                                                                             on purpose not put \updownarrow when composing \mathcal{L}p
  on purpose not put \updownarrow when composing \mathcal{L}p
  to stop normalization scope
                                                                                                                                                            to stop normalization scope
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_p \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}] = \mathcal{L}'
Definition: \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_p \pi. mx \mapsto mx'] = \mathcal{L}'
  \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_{p}\overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}] \text{ and } e[\text{renUsage}_{\Gamma.p}\overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}]
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_{p} \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}] \text{ and } e[\text{renUsage}_{\Gamma.p} \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}]
   propagate on the subterms, but
                                                                                                                                                              propagate on the subterms, but
  (C:e)[\mathsf{renUsage}_{\ddot{\mathcal{L}}_{\mathcal{D}}}\pi.mx \mapsto mx'] =
                                                                                                                                                             (C : e)[\mathsf{renUsage}_{\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{D}}}^{\cdots} \pi. mx \mapsto mx'] =
        C:(e[\text{renUsage}_{\ddot{\mathcal{L}}[C:1]p}\pi.mx\mapsto mx']),
                                                                                                                                                                   C:(e[\text{renUsage}_{\mathcal{L}[C:1]_p}\pi.mx\mapsto mx']),
   \{ \mathcal{H} \overline{\mathcal{M}} \} [\mathsf{renUsage}_p \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}] = \{ \mathcal{H} [\mathsf{renUsage}_{\widehat{\mathcal{L}}_p} \overline{\mathsf{Outer}_1 :: \pi.mx \mapsto mx'} \} 
                                                                                                                                                              \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\}[\mathsf{renUsage}_p\overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}] = \{\mathcal{H}[\mathsf{renUsage}_{\widehat{\mathcal{L}}_p}\overline{\mathsf{Outer}_1}::\pi.mx\mapsto mx'\} 
        \overline{\mathcal{M}}[renUsage_{\widehat{\mathcal{L}}_p} Outer_1::\pi.mx\mapsto mx'] } (first time not add outer1)
                                                                                                                                                                  \mathcal{M}[\text{renUsage}_{\widehat{\mathcal{L}}_p} \text{Outer}_1 :: \pi. mx \mapsto mx']}(first time not add outer1)
        with p: \emptyset \vdash \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\} \rightarrow \mathcal{L} and
                                                                                                                                                                  with p:\emptyset \vdash \{\mathcal{H}\overline{\mathcal{M}}\} \rightarrow \mathcal{L} and
        e.m(x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n) [renUsage_{\Gamma,p}\overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}] =
                                                                                                                                                                  e.m(x_1:e_1...x_n:e_n) [renUsage_{\Gamma,p}\overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}] =
                                                                                                                                                                  e.m' (x_1':e_1...x_n':e_n) [renUsage_{\Gamma,p} \overline{\pi.mx\mapsto mx'}]
        e.m' (x_1':e_1...x_n':e_n) [renUsage_{\Gamma,p}\pi.mx\mapsto mx']
  iff \pi.m (x_1...x_n) \mapsto m' (x_1'...x_n') \in \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}
                                                                                                                                                             iff \pi.m (x_1...x_n) \mapsto m' (x_1'...x_n') \in \overline{\pi.mx \mapsto mx'}
                                                                                                                                                             \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e)) = \underline{\pi}'  and \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi) = \pi'
  \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\operatorname{guessType}_{\Gamma}(e)) = \underline{\pi}' and \operatorname{norm}_{p}(\pi) = \pi'
                                                                                                                                                             Actually, smarter way for block is used, looking in catches
  Actually, smarter way for block is used, looking in catches
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}[p \overline{\pi \mapsto \pi'}] = \mathcal{L}'
Definition: \mathcal{L}[p \overline{\pi \mapsto \pi'}] = \mathcal{L}'
  \mathcal{L}[p_{\overline{\pi} \mapsto \overline{\pi'}}] = \mathcal{L}_0 \oplus ... \oplus \mathcal{L}_n
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[p_{\overline{\pi} \mapsto \overline{\pi'}}] = \mathcal{L}_0 \oplus ... \oplus \mathcal{L}_n
  where:
                                                                                                                                                             where:
  p' = \text{removeTopLevel}(p)
                                                                                                                                                             p' = \text{removeTopLevel}(p)
  \mathcal{L}' = \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_{p'}\pi\!\mapsto\!\pi']
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}' = \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_{p'}\pi \mapsto \pi']
  \mathcal{L}_0 = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{remove}\pi_1]...[\mathsf{remove}\pi_n]
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}_0 = \mathcal{L}'[\mathsf{remove}\pi_1]...[\mathsf{remove}\pi_n]
  \mathcal{L}_i = \mathcal{L}'[\text{redirectDefinition}\,\pi_i \mapsto \pi_i']
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}_i = \mathcal{L}'[\text{redirectDefinition}\pi_i \mapsto \pi_i']
Definition: \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \pi'] = \mathcal{L}'
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition } \pi \mapsto \pi'] = \mathcal{L}'
  \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Library}] = \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Void}] = 0
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition}\pi \mapsto \text{Library}] = \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition}\pi \mapsto \text{Void}] =
        \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Any}] = \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Outer}_{n+1} ::\_] = \{\}
                                                                                                                                                                  \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Any}] = \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinition} \pi \mapsto \text{Outer}_{n+1} :: \_] = \{\}
  \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{redirectDefinition0uter}_0::C_0 \mapsto \mathsf{Outer}_0::C_1] =
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{redirectDefinition0uter}_0::C_0 \mapsto \mathsf{Outer}_0::C_1] =
        \mathcal{L}(\overline{C}_0)[from \overline{C}_0\pi'][encapsulateIn\overline{C}_1] iff [to\overline{C}_1] = Outer_1::\pi'::C'
                                                                                                                                                                  \mathcal{L}(\overline{C}_0)[from \overline{C}_0\pi'][encapsulateIn\overline{C}_1] iff [to\overline{C}_1] = Outer_1::\pi'::C'
   otherwise \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinitionOuter}_0:: C_0 \mapsto \text{Outer}_0:: C_1] =
                                                                                                                                                              otherwise \mathcal{L}[\text{redirectDefinitionOuter}_0::\overline{C}_0 \mapsto \text{Outer}_0::\overline{C}_1] =
        \mathcal{L}(\overline{C}_0)[remove n outers][encapsulateIn\overline{C}_1] if [to \overline{C}_1] = 0uter_0:C_1:...:C_n
                                                                                                                                                                  \mathcal{L}(\overline{C}_0) [remove n outers] [encapsulateIn \overline{C}_1] if [to \overline{C}_1] = Outer_0::C_1:...:C_n
Definition: C_0[\mathsf{to}\,C_1] = \pi
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: C_0[\mathsf{to}\,C_1] = \pi
  \overline{C}_0[\mathsf{to}\emptyset] = \mathtt{Outer}_0 :: \overline{C}_0
                                                                                                                                                             \overline{C}_0[\mathsf{to}\emptyset] = \mathsf{Outer}_0 :: \overline{C}_0
  C::\overline{C}_0[\operatorname{to} C::\overline{C}_0] = \overline{C}_0[\operatorname{to} \overline{C}_0]
                                                                                                                                                             C :: \overline{C}_0[\mathsf{to}\,C :: \overline{C}_0] = \overline{C}_0[\mathsf{to}\,\overline{C}_0]
  otherwise \overline{C}_0[\operatorname{to} C_1 :: ... :: C_n] = \operatorname{Outer}_n :: C_0
                                                                                                                                                             otherwise \overline{C}_0[\operatorname{to} C_1 :: ... :: C_n] = \operatorname{Outer}_n :: C_0
Definition: \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_p\pi_1]\pi_1' = \mathcal{L}'
                                                                                                                                                          Definition: \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_p \pi_1] \pi_1' = \mathcal{L}'
  \mathcal{L}[\mathsf{renUsage}_p\pi]\pi' and e[\mathsf{renUsage}_p\pi]\pi'
                                                                                                                                                             \mathcal{L}[\text{renUsage}_p\pi]\pi' and e[\text{renUsage}_p\pi]\pi'
   propagate on the subterms, but
                                                                                                                                                              propagate on the subterms, but
  (C:e)[renUsage\ddot{\mathcal{L}}_p\pi]\pi'=
                                                                                                                                                             (C:e)[renUsage\ddot{\mathcal{L}}_{\mathcal{D}}\pi]\pi'=
        C:(e[\text{renUsage}_{\ddot{\mathcal{L}}[C:1]p}\pi]\pi'),
                                                                                                                                                                   C:(e[\text{renUsage}_{\ddot{\mathcal{L}}[C:1]p}\pi]\pi'),
```