

Chapter 8: The class string & File input output Handling

Laboratory Exercises (5)

EXAMPLE 8-14 (clear, empty, erase, length, AND size FUNCTIONS)

```
#include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    string firstName = "Elizabeth";
    string name = firstName + " Jones";
    string str1 = "It is sunny.";
    string str2 = "";
    string str3 = "computer science";
    string str4 = "C++ programming.";
    string str5 = firstName + " is taking " + str4;
    string::size_type len;

    cout << "Line 9: str3: " << str3 << endl;
    str3.clear();
    cout << "Line 11: After clear, str3: " << str3 << endl;
    cout << "Line 12: str1.empty(): " << str1.empty() << endl;
    cout << "Line 13: str2.empty(): " << str2.empty() << endl;
    cout << "Line 14: str4: " << str4 << endl;
    str4.erase(11, 4);
    cout << "Line 16: After erase(11, 4), str4: " << str4 << endl;
```

```

cout << "Line 17: Length of \"" << firstName << "\" = " << static_cast<unsigned int>
(firstName.length())<< endl;

cout << "Line 18: Length of \"" << name << "\" = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (name.length())<< endl;

cout << "Line 19: Length of \"" << str1 << "\" = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (str1.length())<< endl;

cout << "Line 20: Size of \"" << str5 << "\" = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (str5.size()) << endl;

len = name.length();

cout << "Line 22: len = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (len) << endl; return 0;

return 0;

}

```

EXAMPLE 8-15 (find FUNCTION)

```

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    string sentence = "Outside it is cloudy and warm.";
    string str = "cloudy";
    string::size_type position;

    cout << "Line 4: sentence = \"" << sentence << "\" << endl;

    cout << "Line 5: The position of \"is\" in sentence = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (sentence.find("is"))<<
    endl;

    cout << "Line 6: The position of 's' in sentence = " << static_cast<unsigned int> (sentence.find('s'))<<
    endl;

    cout << "Line 7: The position of \"" << str << "\" in sentence = " << static_cast<unsigned int>
(sentence.find(str))<< endl;

    cout << "Line 8: The position of \"the\" in sentence = " << static_cast<unsigned int>
(sentence.find("the"))<< endl;
}

```

```

cout << "Line 9: The first occurrence of 'i' in " << "sentence \n after position 6 = " <<
static_cast<unsigned int> (sentence.find('i', 8)) << endl;

position = sentence.find("warm");

cout << "Line 11: " << "Position = " << position << endl;

return 0;

}

```

EXAMPLE 8-16 (insert AND replace FUNCTIONS)

```

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    string firstString = "Cloudy and warm.";
    string secondString = "Hello there";
    string thirdString = "Henry is taking programming I.";
    string str1 = " very ";
    string str2 = "Lisa";

    cout << "Line 6: firstString = " << firstString << endl;
    firstString.insert(10, str1);
    cout << "Line 8: After insert; firstString = " << firstString << endl;

    cout << "Line 9: secondString = " << secondString << endl;
    secondString.insert(11, 5, '!');
    cout << "Line 11: After insert; secondString = " << secondString << endl;

    cout << "Line 12: thirdString = " << thirdString << endl;
}

```

```
thirdString.replace(0, 5, str2);

cout << "Line 14: After replace, thirdString = "<< thirdString << endl;

return 0;

}
```

EXAMPLE 8-17 (substr FUNCTION)

```
#include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    string sentence;
    string str;
    sentence = "It is cloudy and warm.";

    cout << "Line 4: substr(0, 5) in \"<< sentence << "\" = \"<< sentence.substr(0, 5) << "\" << endl;
    cout << "Line 5: substr(6, 6) in \"<< sentence << "\" = \"<< sentence.substr(6, 6) << "\" << endl;
    cout << "Line 6: substr(6, 16) in \"<< sentence << "\" = \"<< endl<< "\" << sentence.substr(6, 16) <<
    "\" << endl;

    cout << "Line 7: substr(17, 10) in \"<< sentence << "\" = \"<< sentence.substr(17, 10) << "\" << endl;
    cout << "Line 8: substr(3, 6) in \"<< sentence << "\" = \"<< sentence.substr(3, 6) << "\" << endl;

    str = sentence.substr(0, 8);

    cout << "Line 10: \"<< "str = \"<< str<< "\" << endl;

    str = sentence.substr(2, 10);

    cout << "Line 12: \"<< "str = \"<< str<< "\" << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

```
}
```

Challenge Program!

Write a program that read your full name (first and last) in one string using *getline()* function, and then prints back your last name.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include<string>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int Pos, lnamePos, lnameLength;
```

```
string name;
```

```
string lname;
```

```
cout<<"Enter you first name and last name: ";
```

```
getline(cin, name);
```

```
Pos=name.find(' ');
```

```
lnamePos= Pos+1;
```

```
lnameLength=name.length()-lnamePos;
```

```
lname=name.substr(lnamePos, lnameLength);
```

```
cout<<"\n Your last name is: "<<lname<<endl;
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

objects and Classes in C++ Programming

```
// Program to illustrate the working of  
// objects and class in C++ Programming
```

```
#include <iostream>  
using namespace std;
```

```
// create a class
```

```
class Room {
```

```
public:
```

```
double length;
```

```
double breadth;
```

```
double height;
```

```
double calculateArea() {
```

```
    return length * breadth;
```

```
}
```

```
double calculateVolume() {
```

```
    return length * breadth * height;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    // create object of Room class
```

```
    Room room1, room2;
```

```
// assign values to data members for room1
room1.length = 2.5;
room1.breadth = 3.8;
room1.height = 2.2;
// calculate and display the area and volume of room2
cout << "Area of Room = " << room1.calculateArea() << endl;
cout << "Volume of Room = " << room1.calculateVolume() << endl;

// assign values to data members for room2
cout<<"Enter the dimissions of room 2:"<<endl;
cin>>room2.length;
cin>>room2.breadth;
cin>>room2.height;

// calculate and display the area and volume of room2
cout << "Area of Room = " << room2.calculateArea() << endl;
cout << "Volume of Room = " << room2.calculateVolume() << endl;
return 0;
}
```

Using public and private in C++ Class

```
// Program to illustrate the working of
// public and private in C++ Class

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Room {

private:

    double length;
    double breadth;
    double height;

public:

    // function to initialize private variables
    void initData(double len, double brth, double hgt) {

        length = len;
        breadth = brth;
        height = hgt;
    }

    double calculateArea() {
        return length * breadth;
    }

    double calculateVolume() {
        return length * breadth * height;
    }
}
```



```
    }  
};  
  
int main() {  
  
    // create object of Room class  
    Room room1;  
  
    double l, b, h;  
    cin>>l;  
    cin>>b;  
    cin>>h;  
    // pass the values of private variables as arguments  
    room1.initData(l, b, h);  
  
    cout << "Area of Room = " << room1.calculateArea() << endl;  
    cout << "Volume of Room = " << room1.calculateVolume() << endl;  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

Strings

KEYWORDS: Char array, Pass by reference.

Program 1: Write a C++ program to count all the vowels in a string.

```
#include <iostream>

#include<string>

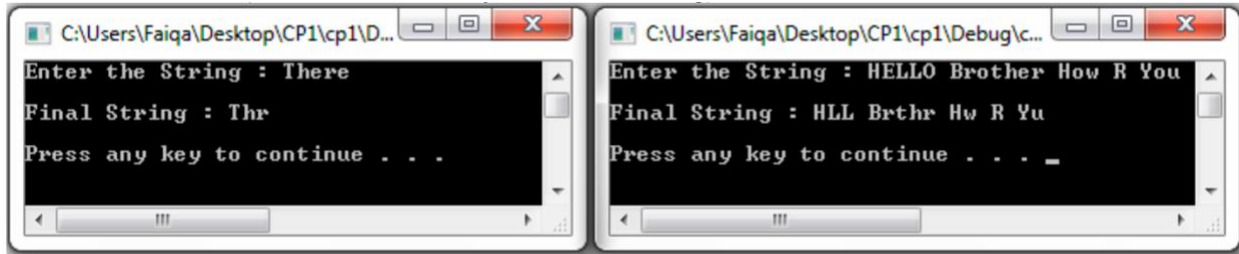
using namespace std;

int Vowel_Count(string a, int size)
{
    int ctr = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < size ; i++){
        if (a[i] == 'a' || a[i] == 'e' || a[i] == 'i' || a[i] == 'o' || a[i] == 'u')
            ctr++;
        if (a[i] == 'A' || a[i] == 'E' || a[i] == 'I' || a[i] == 'O' || a[i] == 'U')
            ctr++;
    }
    return ctr;
}

int main() {
    string str;
    cout << "Enter a string:"<< endl;
    getline(cin, str);
    int s = static_cast<unsigned int> (str.length());
    cout << "number of vowels is "<<Vowel_Count(str, s) << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Program 2: Write a C++ program to count all the vowels in a string.

Program 1: Write a program that prompts the user to input a string. The program then removes all the vowels from the string. For example, if str = "There", then after removing all the vowels, str = "Thr". Your program must contain a function to remove all the vowels and a function to determine whether a character is a vowel (Use a character array to store the string).



```
Enter the String : There
Final String : Thr
Press any key to continue . . .

Enter the String : HELLO Brother How R You
Final String : HLL Brthr Hw R Yu
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Sample Output

Program 2: Write a program that prompts the user to input a string and outputs the string in uppercase letters. (Use a character array to store the string).

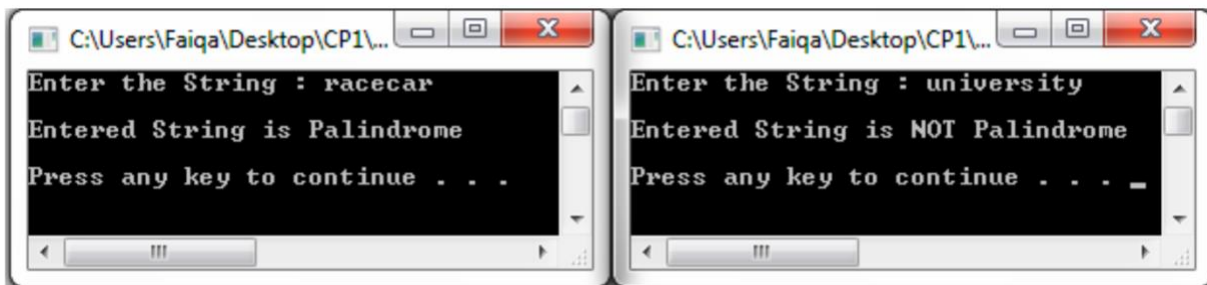


```
Enter the String : Computer Programming 2
Uppercase String : COMPUTER PROGRAMMING 2
Press any key to continue . . .

Enter the String : Aleen Ansari
Uppercase String : ALEEM ANSARI
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Sample Output

Program 3: Write a program that prompts the user to input a string and determines if the string is Palindrome (Use a character array to store the string).



```
Enter the String : racecar
Entered String is Palindrome
Press any key to continue . . .

Enter the String : university
Entered String is NOT Palindrome
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Sample Output