

تمرین سری سوم

۱) **(الف)** عقده توابع تفکیکی perceptron یا $A \wedge B, \neg A, \neg B, A \vee B, \neg A \vee B, A \wedge \neg B, \neg A \wedge B, A \vee \neg B, \neg A \vee \neg B, XNOR, NOR, OR, AND, 0, 1$ می‌باشد. بنابراین عبارت‌های زیر می‌باشند:

- مدل Sigmoid مادل ناپایبردن گرادیان را دارد و بدلیل صفر محوریدن $tanh$ بخلاف $Sigmoid$ ، گرادیان مقدار متعادل تری دارد که از ناپایبر سودمندی را کمتر می‌کند.

۲) از آنچه که توابع $XOR, XNOR$ ناپیوسته (ذو استناده از یک شبه عصبی دولایه با $tanh$) می‌شوند. با از این لایهها یافورونه همان‌طوری که درست تحقیق پیش‌رسی رسانید.

۳) نادرست زیرا با افزایش پیچیدگی شبه عصبی، عمل به $overfit$ می‌شوند.

۴) لایه $tanh$ عمیق از تلف حساباتی بینت از زیرا ایازبُرُوف های کسر دارند با این حال شرط پسند می‌توانند از نظر حساباتی پرکاربرد باشند صحتی $overfitting$ به همین کاراند.

۵) ناپایبر سرنگ گرادیان و قصه به وجود آید که هنگام آموزش مدل گرادیان f_{55} functions در لایه‌ها ابتدا شیوه ریوچک می‌شود. در توابع غفالسازی sigmoid، $tanh$ معمولاً این اتفاق رخیم دهد. با استناده از

۶) خوبی نورن‌ها برای معادله شبکه اند پس گرادیان معکاریت به وغیر صفردار و ناپایبر می‌شوند.

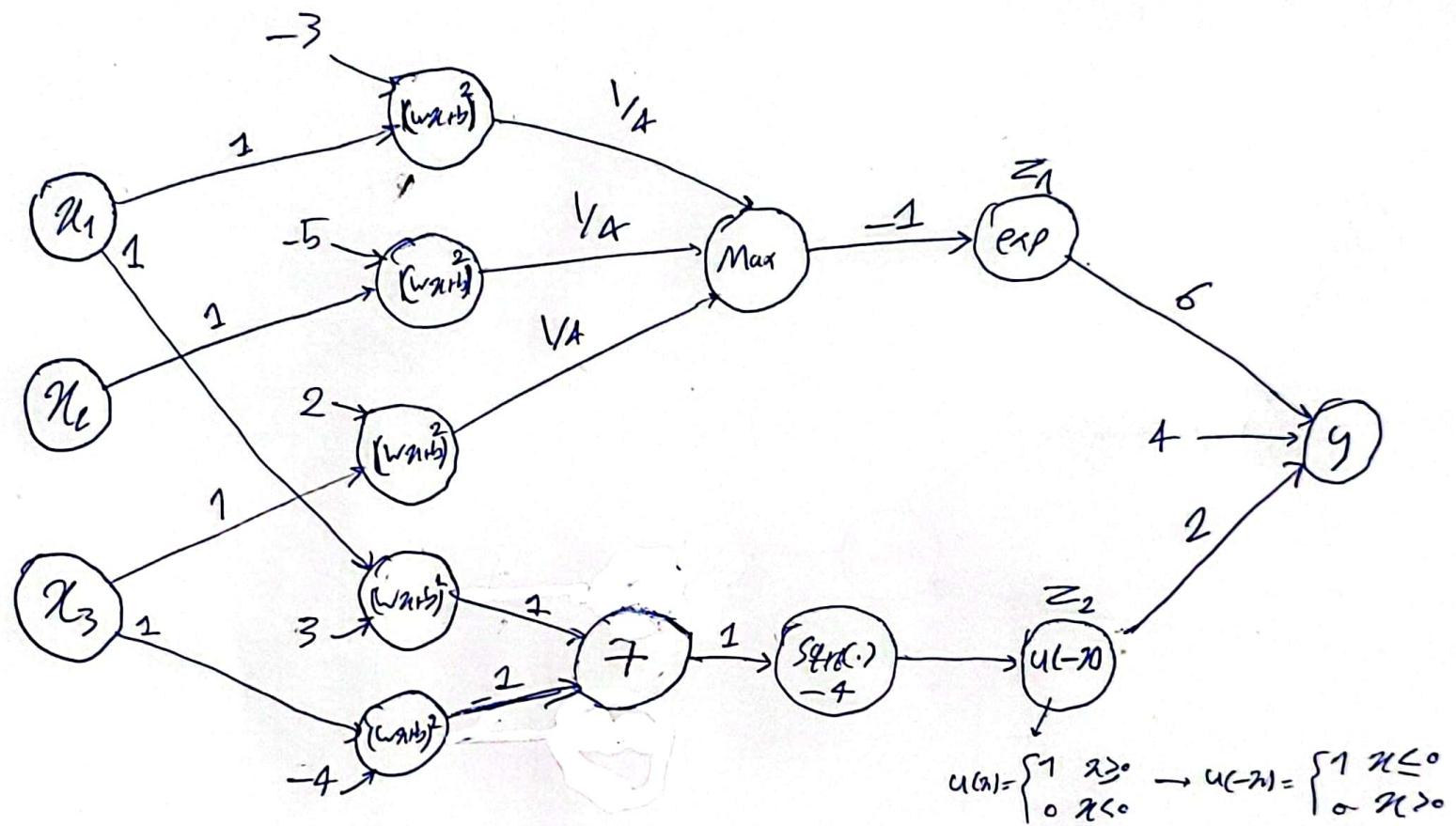
$$y' = 1.2x^3 - 0.3x^2 - 4x - 0.8 \quad (5)$$

$$g_1 = 1.2(-2.8)^3 - 0.3(-2.8)^2 + 4 \times 2.8 - 0.8 = -18.3$$

$$m_1 = g_1(1-\beta) + m_0\beta = -15.1(1-0.7) = -5.5.$$

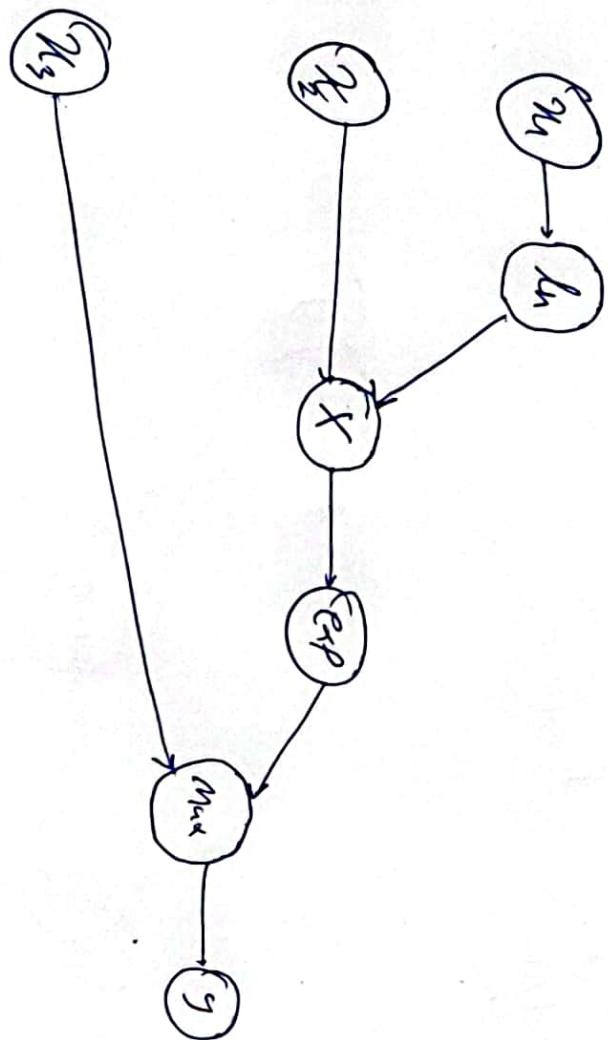
$$x_1 = x_0 - \gamma m_1 = -2.8 - 0.05(-4.53) = -2.525, \rightarrow g_1 = 3.07$$

$$g_2 = -11.82 \rightarrow m_2 = -7.43 \rightarrow x_2 = -2.75 \rightarrow g_2 = -0.7$$



$$u(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow u(-x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \leq 0 \\ 0 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3) = \max\{\kappa_3, \kappa_1^{\kappa_2}\}$$



Q → A

-1 (c)

$$z_1 = \frac{w_1}{D_{ax1}} \sum_{D_{ax2}}^1 + b_{1D_{ax1}} \rightarrow w_{1D_{ax} \times D_{ax}} > b_{1D_{ax1}}$$

$$a_1 = \text{ReLU}(z_1) \rightarrow a_{1D_{ax1}}$$

$$z_2 = w_2 \times a_1_{D_{ax1}} + b_2 \rightarrow w_{1 \times D_{ax}} > b_{21 \times 1}$$

Vectorize:

$$x_{D_{ax} \times m} \rightarrow w_{1D_{ax} \times D_{ax}} > b_{1D_{ax} \times m} \rightarrow z_1_{D_{ax} \times m} \rightarrow a_1 \overrightarrow{D_{ax} \times m} \xrightarrow{w_{21 \times D_{ax}}} b_{21 \times m}$$

$$\rightarrow z_{21 \times m} \rightarrow \hat{y}_{1 \times m}$$

$$\delta_1^{(i)} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \hat{y}^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial L^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial L^{(i)}}{\partial \hat{y}^{(i)}} = -\frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{y^{(i)}}{\hat{y}^{(i)}} + \frac{\hat{y}^{(i)} - 1}{1 - \hat{y}^{(i)}} \right) = \frac{-1}{m} \left(\frac{(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})y^{(i)} + \hat{y}^{(i)}(y^{(i)} - 1)}{\hat{y}^{(i)}(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})} \right) Z$$

$$= \frac{-1}{m} \left(\frac{y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)} + \hat{y}^{(i)} - 1}{\hat{y}^{(i)}(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})} \right) = \frac{-1}{m} \left(\frac{y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)}}{\hat{y}^{(i)}(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})} \right)$$

$$\delta_1 = -\frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{Y - \hat{Y}}{\hat{Y}(1 - \hat{Y})} \right)$$

$$\delta_2^{(i)} = \frac{\partial \delta(z_2)}{\partial z_2} = \delta(z_2)(1 - \delta(z_2)) \quad -3$$

$$\delta_3^{(i)} = \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial a_1} = w_2 \quad -4$$

$$\delta_4^{(i)} = \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} = \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(z_1)}{\partial z_1} = \begin{cases} 1 & z_1 > 0 \\ 0 & z_1 \leq 0 \end{cases} \quad -5$$

$$\delta_5^{(i)} = \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} = X \quad -6$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial z_2} \cdot \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial a_1} \cdot \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial z_1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} = \frac{1}{m} \sum [(w_2^T (\hat{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \odot \text{ReLU}'(z_1^{(i)})) \cdot (z_1^{(i)})]$$

$$z^{(1)} = w^{(1)} z + b^{(1)}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} a & -a \\ b & a \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sigma} h^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{1+e^{-a}} \\ \frac{1}{1+e^{-b}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z^{(2)} = w^{(2)} h^{(1)} + b^{(2)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b & -b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{1+e^{-a}} \\ \frac{1}{1+e^{-b}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{b}{1+e^{-b}} \\ \frac{-b}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{-b}{1+e^{-b}} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sigma} h^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{b}{1+e^{-b}} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z^{(3)} = w^{(3)} h^{(2)} + b^{(3)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ -a & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{b}{1+e^{-b}} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a^2}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{-b^2}{1+e^{-b}} \\ \frac{-a^2}{1+e^{-a}} + \frac{b^2}{1+e^{-b}} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\sigma} h^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{z_1^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \\ \frac{e^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z^{(4)} = w^{(4)} h^{(3)} + b^{(4)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ \frac{1}{2}a & a \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{z_1^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \\ \frac{e^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{ae^{z_1^{(3)}} - be^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \\ \frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^{z_1^{(3)}} + ae^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} \end{bmatrix} = a$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{ae^{z_1^{(3)}} - be^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} - 0 \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^{z_1^{(3)}} + ae^{z_2^{(3)}}}{e^{z_1^{(3)}} + e^{z_2^{(3)}}} - 1 \right)^2 \right)$$

(-)

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(4)}} = \text{(")} - t = \begin{bmatrix} z_1^{(4)} \\ z_2^{(4)} - 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.4)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{(4)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(4)}} \frac{\partial z^{(4)}}{\partial w^{(4)}} = \begin{bmatrix} z_1^{(4)} \\ z_2^{(4)} - 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h_1^{(3)} \\ h_2^{(3)} \end{bmatrix}^T, \frac{\partial L}{\partial b^{(4)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(4)}} \frac{\partial z^{(4)}}{\partial b^{(4)}} = \begin{bmatrix} z_1^{(4)} \\ z_2^{(4)} - 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(4)}} \frac{\partial z^{(4)}}{\partial h^{(3)}} = \begin{bmatrix} z_1^{(4)} \\ z_2^{(4)} - 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ \frac{1}{2}a & a \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} az_1^{(4)} - b(z_2^{(4)} - 1) \\ \frac{1}{2}az_1^{(4)} + a(z_2^{(4)} - 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(3)}}{\partial z^{(3)}} = \left[(a(z_1^{(4)}) + \frac{a}{2}(z_2^{(4)} - 1)) \times h_1^{(3)} \times (1 - h_1^{(3)}) \right] \\ \left[-b(z_1^{(4)}) + a(z_2^{(4)} - 1) \right] \times h_2^{(3)} \times (1 - h_2^{(3)})$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_3} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}}\right)_1 \\ \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}}\right)_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h_1^{(2)} & h_2^{(2)} \end{bmatrix} \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial b^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}} \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial h^{(2)}} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}}\right)_1 \\ \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(3)}}\right)_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ -a & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(2)}} \times (z^{(2)} s_0) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}} \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial w^{(2)}} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}}\right)_1 \\ \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}}\right)_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h_1^{(1)} & h_2^{(1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}} \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial h^{(1)}} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}}\right)_1 \\ \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}}\right)_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b & -b \end{bmatrix} = \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial h^{(2)}} \cdot 6(X)(1 - 6(X)) \rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(2)}} \times (X)^T, \frac{\partial L}{\partial b^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^{(1)}}$$

$$w^{(i)} = w^{(i)} - \eta \delta w^{(i)}$$

$$b^{(i)} = b^{(i)} - \eta \delta b^{(i)}$$

(2f)

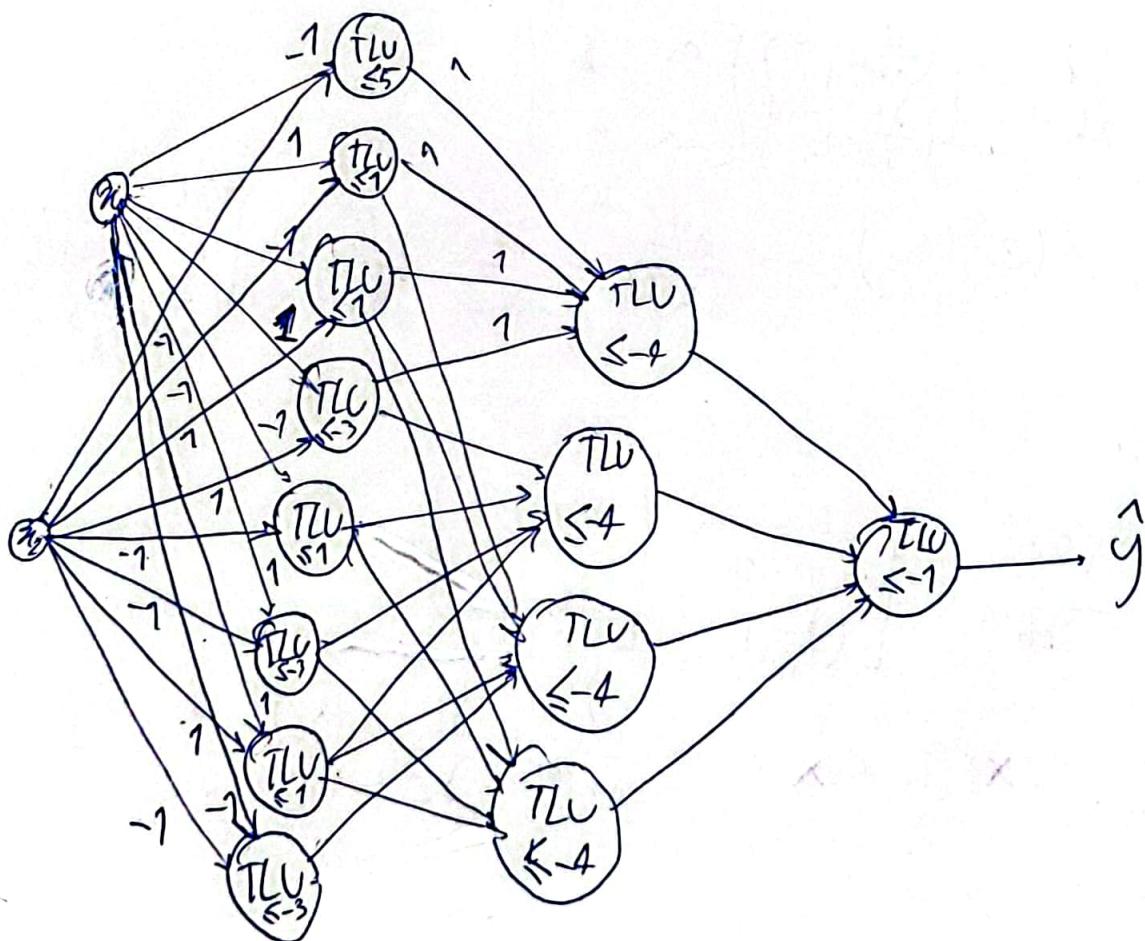
$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 \leq 5 \\ -x_1 + x_2 \leq 1 \\ -x_2 + x_1 \leq -3 \\ -x_2 - x_1 \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2 + x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_2 - x_1 \leq 5 \\ -x_2 + x_1 \leq -3 \\ -x_1 - x_2 \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

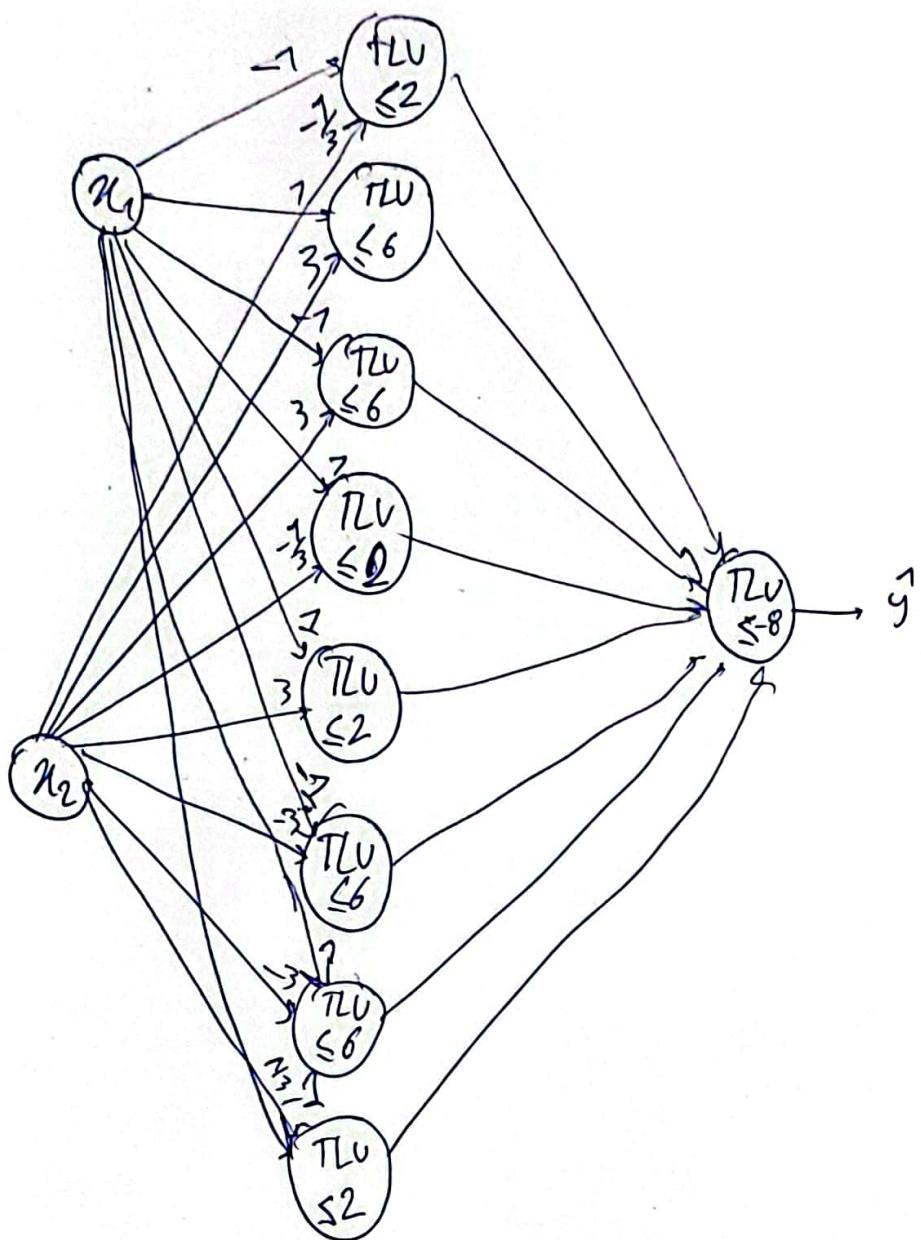
$$\begin{cases} x_3 + x_4 \leq -3 \\ x_2 - x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_1 - x_2 \leq 1 \\ -x_2 - x_1 \leq 5 \end{cases}$$

(5)

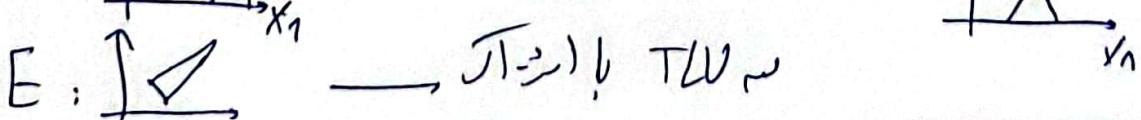
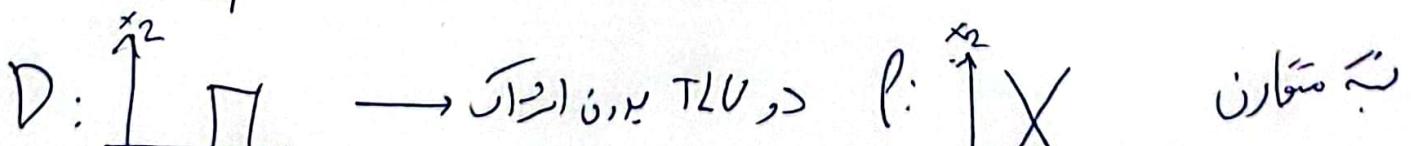
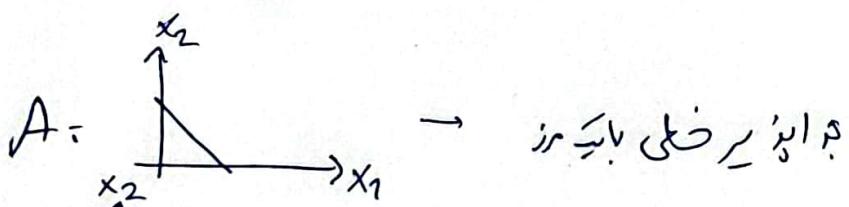
$$\begin{cases} x_2 - x_1 \leq -3 \\ x_2 + x_1 \leq 1 \\ -x_2 - x_1 \leq 1 \\ -x_2 - x_1 \leq -1 \end{cases}$$



۱۶ (۵)



(۲)



ب) مسازن