# Native-like Accent Pronunciation Course

# Lesson 3 Part 1: POT / p / / PART /a:/

Today we're going to begin studying vowels that are followed by the letter R – and we'll start with the words **pot** and **part.** 

We practiced the **/ D /** sound in **pot** in lesson 3 – remember, just open your mouth and say **AHH**:



**AHH - POT** 

To make the <a href="mailto://a:/">[a:/</a> sound in part, begin with AHH and then close your mouth into an R sound. It's exactly like the English word "are." Watch me, listen, and repeat:





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AAAAAARRRRRRR - PART

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Now let's practice the contrast between the two sounds. Repeat after me.

#### AHH - AR - POT - PART

This difference is important, because you don't want to confuse the sentences, "I'm going to the party" and "I'm going to the potty"! (Potty is a slang word for toilet).

Let's review the sound in **pot** with some new practice words:

 $\lambda\lambda$ . bottle

μμ. m**o**dern

vv.  $f_{\underline{\mathbf{o}}}ggy$ 

oo. p**o**pular

 $\pi\pi$ . h**o**bby

 $\theta\theta$ . college

ρρ. b<u>o</u>mb

σσ. t<u>o</u>ddler

ττ. sw<u>a</u>llow

Now practice the sound in **part**:

<u>ar</u>t

<u>ar</u>m

<u>ar</u>gue

c<u>ar</u>

f<u>ar</u>

st<u>ar</u>

ch**ar**ge

m<u>ar</u>ket

d<u>ar</u>k

Time to test your ability to make the difference – listen to and repeat these pairs of words:

υυ. dock / dark

ωω. God / guard

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ωω. hot / heart ξξ.shock / shark

ψψ. hop / harp

 $\zeta \zeta$ .cotton / carton

 $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ . dot / dart

βββ. mock / mark

 $\chi\chi\chi$ . scoff / scarf

δδδ. potty / party

εεε. shop / sharp

φφφ. stock / stark

### **Homework:**

### 3: Part 1: A- Record yourself pronouncing these words:

- $\alpha$ . God / guard
- β. hot / heart
- χ. shock / shark
- $\delta$ . mock / mark
- ε. potty / party
- φ. shop / sharp
- γ. cotton / carton

### **B- Record yourself reading these sentences:**

### Focus on POT:

- $\eta$ . That  $h\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ bby is  $n\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ t  $p\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ pular at  $c\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ lleges.
- ι. Please st**o**p w**a**tching TV and w**a**sh the p**o**ts and b**o**ttles!
- $\varphi$ . My f**a**ther g**o**t a c**o**mmon b**o**x with a l**o**ck.
- $\kappa$ . I was shocked that the modern clocks were out of stock at the shop.

### Focus on PART:

 $\lambda$ . It's h<u>ar</u>d to drive the c<u>ar</u> to the m<u>ar</u>ket.



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- $\mu$ . The movie star and guards stayed far away from the party at the bar.
- v. There's a l<u>ar</u>ge d<u>ar</u>k m<u>ar</u>k on my <u>ar</u>m it's a sc<u>ar</u> from a sh<u>ar</u>k bite.
- o. **Are** the **ar**tists **ar**guing about the ch**ar**ges on the credit c**ar**d?

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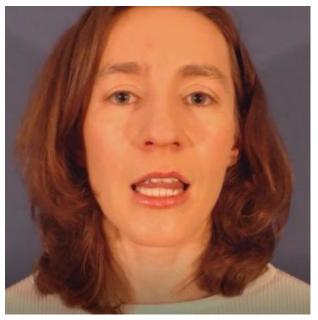
# **Lesson 3**

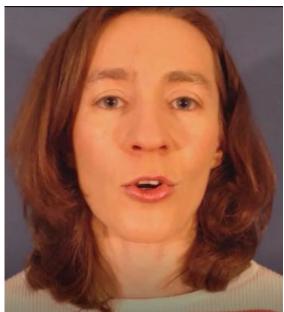
# Part 2: LIGHT / RIGHT

In this part, you're going to practice the L and R sounds in /// light and /r/ right – both individually, and together as in the word world.

We've studied vowels with R in past lessons, but now we're going to focus on the sound itself. This is often one of the most difficult sounds to master in English, especially if the written letter R is pronounced differently in your native language – it can be hard to change your pronunciation habits!

In the L sound, the tip of your tongue touches the roof of your mouth, just behind your front teeth. In the R sound, your tongue is low and does NOT touch the roof of your mouth.





L SOUND

**R SOUND** 

A good exercise is to practice exaggerating and prolonging the L and R sounds at the beginning of the word. Listen, and then try it yourself:

LLLLLIGHT / RRRRRRIGHT

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### Practice these words with R:

- $\pi$ . <u>r</u>ed
- **θ**. <u>r</u>ea<u>r</u>
- ρ. <u>r</u>at
- σ. **r**un
- $\tau$ . **r**aise
- υ. **round**
- σ. ca<u>rr</u>y
- ω. sto<u>r</u>y
- ξ. so<u>**rr**</u>y
- ψ. hu<u>rr</u>y
- $\zeta$ . a<u>rr</u>ange
- $\alpha\alpha$ . hard
- ββ. ea**r**n
- $\chi\chi$ . mo<u>r</u>e
- δδ.ca**r**e
- εε. we<u>r</u>e
- **φφ.** fa**r**

This sound is spelled R or RR. In words beginning with WR, the W is silent and it sounds like R:

**wr**ite = **r**ight

wrong, wrist, wrap, wrestle

#### Practice these words with L:

γγ. **l**ast

ηη. **l**ock

ıı. <u>l</u>ady

 $\varphi \varphi$ . <u>l</u>oya<u>l</u>

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```
<u>l</u>oud
KK.
λλ.
            silly
            lonely
μμ.
νν.
            alive
            building
00.
            a<u>ll</u>
ππ.
            wi<u>ll</u>
\theta\theta.
            coo<u>l</u>
ρρ.
            bottle
σσ.
ττ. miracle
            terrible
υυ.
```

This sound is spelled with L or LL.

We're going to do two "practice the difference" exercises – one with a simple R and L, and the other with R and L in combination with other consonants.

#### **Practice the difference**

```
late / rate
\omega\omega.
         law / raw
ωω.
ξξ.lip / rip
         lead / read
ψψ.
ζζ.lock / rock
         load / road
ααα.
βββ.
         loot / root
         lust / rust
χχχ.
δδδ.
         belly / berry
         alive / arrive
.333
         collect / correct
φφφ.
```

Both R and L very commonly appear in combination with other consonants – especially:

```
γγγ. B – blink, brink
```

# ~ Be Huent ~

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```
ηηη. C – clap, crap

ιιι.F – fly, fry

φφφ. G – glass, grass

κκκ. P – play, pray
```

### Practice the difference (R and L in combination)

λλλ. bland / brand blush / brush μμμ. climb / crime ννν. cloud / crowd 000. flee / free πππ. flute / fruit  $\theta\theta\theta$ . glow / grow ρρρ. glue / grew σσσ. pleasant / present τττ. supplies / surprise υυυ.

It's common for students to have difficulty pronouncing R and L together as in **world.** We're going to take on this challenge in two steps. First, pronouncing RL in separate syllables and then pronouncing RL in a single syllable.

Here are some words with R and L together, but in separate syllables. For example, **airline.** Try to pronounce each syllable with a pause between them, and then decrease the pause until you can say it together:

ωωω. air line ωωω. air line ξξξ. air line ψψψ. airline

Repeat these words after me – I'll say it once with the syllables separated, and once normally:

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ζζζ. barley garlic αααα. ββββ. nearly earlobe χχχχ. δδδδ. scarlet overlook .3333 cheerleader φφφφ. sugarless γγγγ. underline ηηηη. waterlogged 1111.

Let's move on to R and L in the same syllable. To really perfect this sound, you can do the exercise of prolonging both the R and the L, so that you can "feel" the transition from one to another. Remember that when you transition to L, the tip of your tongue goes up to touch the roof of your mouth:

φφφφ. worrrrrlllllllld – world

Here are more words for you to practice:

κκκκ. girl λλλλ. pearl μμμμ. curl

nnnn. twirl

Fortunately, there aren't very many of these in the English language!

## **Practice Sentences**

#### Focus on **R**:

- 1. **R**andy **r**owed the **r**ed **r**aft down the **r**aging **r**ive**r** rapids.
- 2. The **r**usty **r**ail**r**oad **r**a**r**ely **r**eceives **r**ain.

Focus on L:

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Larry lost the last letter from the lonely old lady.

#### Mixed **R** and **L**:

1. I regularly read large books when I arrive at the bar for lunch.

### **Homework:**

### 3: Part 2- Record yourself reading these sentences:

#### Focus on **R**:

- 3. **R**andy **r**owed the **r**ed **r**aft down the **r**aging **r**ive**r** rapids.
- 4. Ou<u>r</u> mothe<u>r</u> hu<u>rr</u>ied to pa<u>r</u>k the ca<u>r</u> in the ya<u>r</u>d when she a<u>rr</u>ived.
- 5. The **r**usty **r**ail**r**oad **r**arely **r**eceives **r**ain.

#### Focus on L:

- 1. Larry lost the last letter from the lonely old lady.
- 2. Lily slowly licked the lime lollipop while laughing lightly.
- 3. Te<u>ll Jill to put all the apples and a couple small bottles of liquor on the table.</u>

#### Mixed **R** and **L**:

- 2. The red and yellow parrots love riding the trolley.
- 3. I regularly read large books when I arrive at the bar for lunch.
- 4. That lovely mirror on the wall is really very narrow.

Here's an extra challenge sentence for you:

Every girl in the world loves pearls!



### **Native-like Accent Course**



### **References:**

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