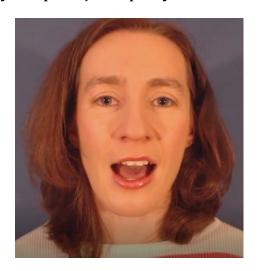
# **Lesson 3: NOT / NOTE**

Today we're going to work on two new vowel sounds: the / D / sound in **not** and the /əu/ sound in **note**.

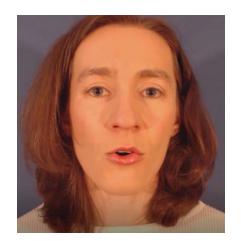
The sound in **not** is very simple – just open your mouth and say **AHH**:



AHHH - NOT

The sound in **note** is another diphthong – remember, that means your mouth moves as you say it. Your mouth starts semi-open, and then your lips come together.





**OHHH - NOTE** 

These two sounds are pretty different – and it's not so difficult to distinguish them. The problems and confusion come from the fact that both of them are spelled with the letter "o" – so when you're reading a word in English, it's hard to know which way to pronounce it.

(	$C \alpha_1$	mm	on	wor	·ds i	like	NOT:



As you can see, this sound is often spelled with the letter O. But there are some words that have the **not** sound spelled with the letter A. These include:

father
want
wash
watch

As well as some words where the letter A is followed by R, like **car** and **bar** – but we'll focus on vowels with the R sound in a later lesson.

The sound in **note** can be spelled in various ways:

?	g <u>o</u>
?	<u>o</u> ver
?	ph <u>o</u> ne
?	sn <u>ow</u>
?	<u>ow</u> ner
?	gr <b>ow</b>

- 2 b<u>oa</u>t
- 2 r**oa**d
- 2 g<u>oa</u>l
- 2 s**ou**l
- 2 although

OK, let's do some practice. Listen to and repeat these pairs of words:

- 2 got / goat
- 2 on / own
- 2 sock / soak
- want / won't
- 2 hop / hope
- 2 fox / folks
- 1 rob / robe
- 2 clock / cloak
- fond / phoned
- mop / mope
- polish / Polish

Here's a new exercise: you're going to see four words. Three of them have the same sound, and one of them has a different sound. You'll have 7 seconds to say the words yourself and identify the word with a different sound – then the answer will appear.

Here's an example: rock / stop / stole / pot

The different word is **stole**, because all the other words have the sound in **not**, but **stole** has the sound in **note**.

- honor / home / lock / forgot
- ② open / monster / opportunity / closet
- frozen / know / shoulders / drop
- ② operate / soap / toes / notebook

Answers at the end of this lesson.

## **Practice Sentences**

### Focus on NOT:

- $\square$  Bob paid top dollar for that clock.
- $\square$  The doctor forgot to lock up the documents.
- It's  $n\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ t  $p\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ ssible for  $R\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ b to go to the  $r\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ ck  $c\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ ncert and the  $c\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ nference.

### Focus on NOTE:

- I don't know if there's snow where we're going.
- The only hotel is on a road close to the ocean.
- My coach won't notice that I broke my toe.
- $\square$  The soldier told me that the old yellow boat is slow.

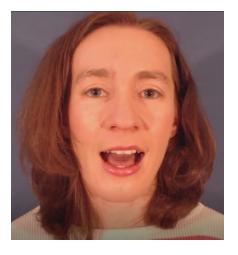
Answers to "Which word is different?" - home, open, drop, operate

## Lesson 4: LOW / LAW

Welcome to Lesson 4 of the American English Pronunciation Course!

Today we're going to continue working with the **/əu/** sound in **note** and **low,** and compare it to the **/ ɔ: /**sound in **law.** 

To make the **aw** sound in **law**, a good exercise is to start with the "**AHH**" sound that we learned in the last lesson, and make your mouth more round. Watch me alternate these two sounds:







**AW** 

Remember that to make the sound in **low**, start with your mouth a little bit open, and bring your lips together as you pronounce it.







Let's practice all three sounds - ah / aw / ow.

So to make the difference between **law** and **low**, remember that at the end of **law** your mouth stays open; and at the end of **low** your mouth is almost closed. Watch me, listen, and repeat.



**End of LAW** 



**End of LOW** 

Common words like LAW:

- 2 s**aw**
- 2 fl<u>aw</u>
- ② boss
- 2 t<u>al</u>k
- 2 s<u>au</u>ce
- 2 **o**ff
- 2 c<u>o</u>st
- 2 <u>au</u>dio
- 2 caught
- 2 taught
- 2 b<u>ough</u>t
- 2 thought

As you can see, there are many different spellings for this sound.

Let's practice some more words with the sound in low:

2 ag<u>o</u>

- 2 radi<u>o</u>
- 2 potato
- 2 sh<u>ow</u>
- 2 b**ow**l
- d<u>o</u>n't
- 2 c<u>oa</u>t
- 2 poetry
- 2 follow

Ready to practice? Try to make the difference between these pairs of words:

- 2 bald / bold
- 2 flaw / flow
- ② cost / coast
- pause / pose
- 2 saw/so
- Dought / boat
- 2 hall / hole
- vault / volt
- caught / coat
- lawn / loan
- chalk / choke

Good job! Now let's do the "Which word has a different sound?" exercise. Again, you're going to see four words on the screen. You need to say them and identify the word with a different sound. After 7 seconds, I will say the words and the answer will appear.

- ② <u>au</u>tumn / <u>o</u>nly / s<u>o</u>ft / p<u>au</u>se
- 2 ball / walk / dog / coach
- ② told/hotel/shoes/rose

Answers at the end of this lesson.

## **Practice Sentences**

### Focus on LOW:

- I suppose most poets are lonely.
- I'm throwing away most of the bowls that I own.
- My co-workers don't focus on the goals.
- $\square$  The remote control is next to the phone.

### Focus on LAW:

- The coffee at the office is always awful.
- I thought you taught your daughter to draw.
- My boss paused awkwardly while talking to the audience.
- They caught the guy who called the author a fraud and ran off.

Answers to "Which word is different?" - only, coach, how, shoes