

Data Analysis & Visualization

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# DATA VISUALIZATION?



# Why do We Visualize Data?

#### Which MONTH had the HIGHEST sales?

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
\$44,703	\$20,301	\$58,872	\$36,522	\$44,261	\$52,982	\$45,264	\$63,121	\$87,867	\$77,777	\$118,448	\$83,829

3...2...1...



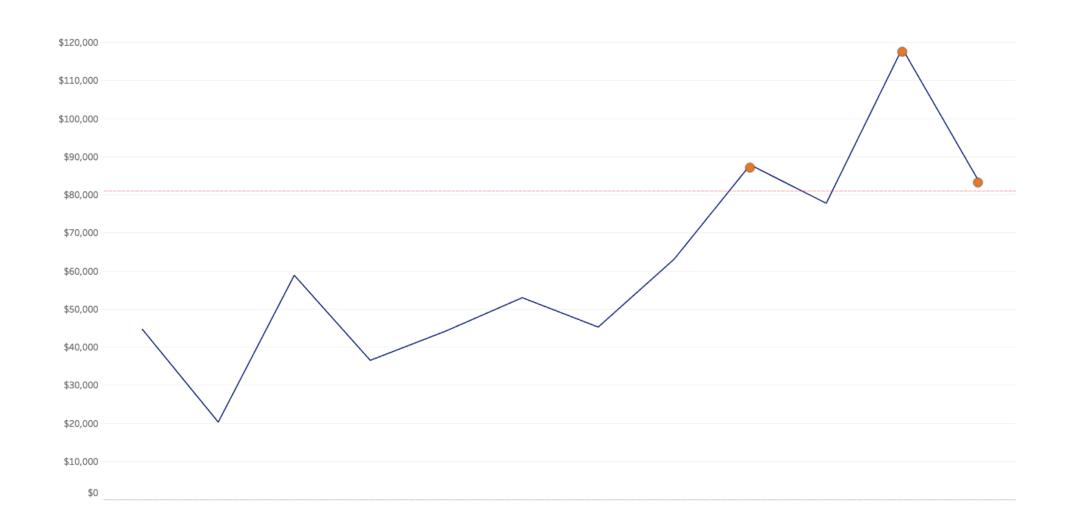
Can you name the **TOP 3** performing months?

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
\$44,703	\$20,301	\$58,872	\$36,522	\$44,261	\$52,982	\$45,264	\$63,121	\$87,867	\$77,777	\$118,448	\$83,829

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#### Data Visualization in Data Science

The First Mile ...

**Data Exploration, Exploratory Data Analysis** 

Making many interactive graphics quickly for:

- 'Getting a sense' of the data.
- Looking for patterns & outliers.
- Validating data quality.

... and the Last Mile.

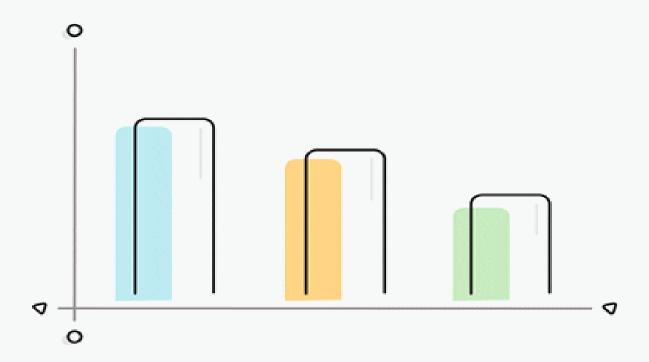
Communication, Explanation, Operationalization

Making fewer, more polished interactive graphics for:

- Publication in articles or on the web.
- Non-data- scientists to interact with outputs.
- Making models actionable.

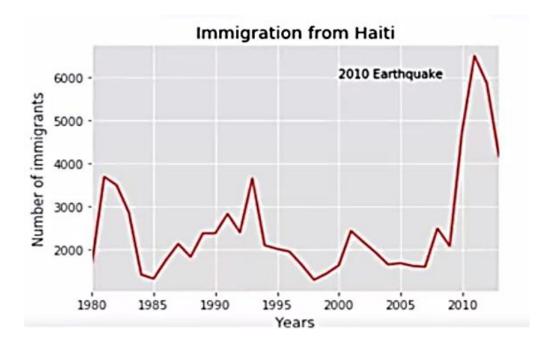


## How to choose the right chart?!



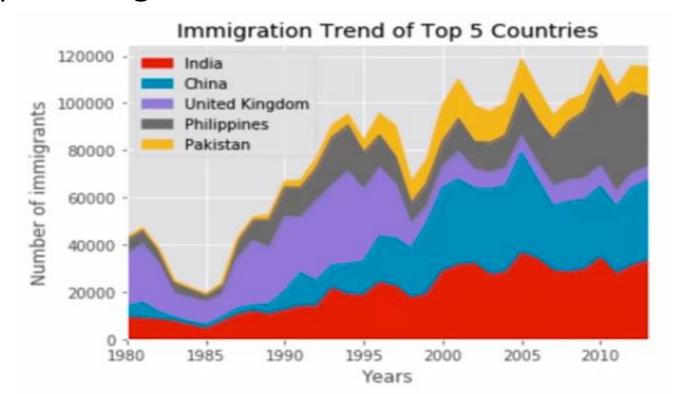
#### Line plots

- A line plot is a type of plot which displays information as a series of data points called 'markers' connected by straight line segments.
- The best use case for line plot is when you have a **continuous** dataset and you are interested in visualizing the data over a period of time.



### Area Plots

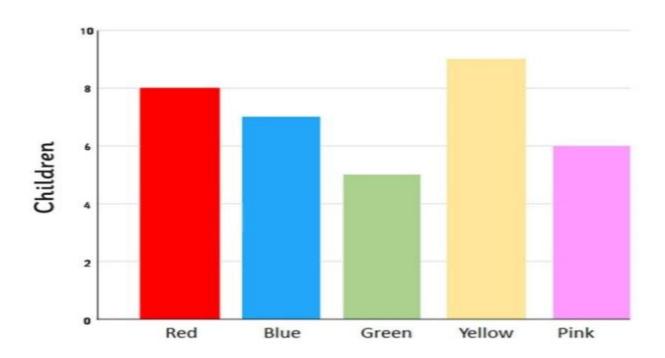
- An extension of line plots.
- Commonly used to represent and Compare cumulated totals using numbers or percentage over time.



#### Bar Charts

• Unlike a histogram, a bar chart is commonly used to compare the values of a variable at a given point in time.

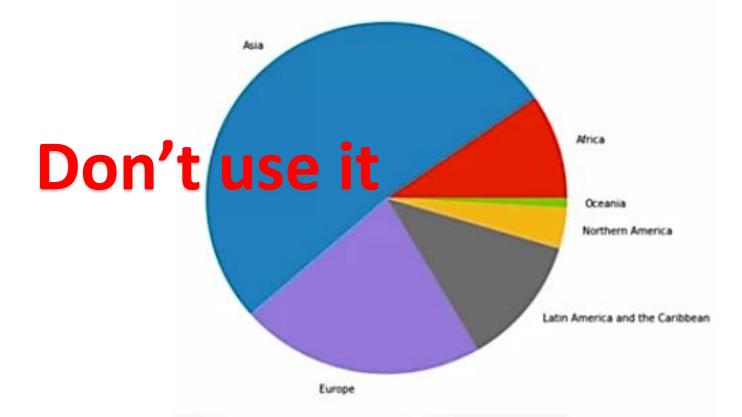
#### Favourite Colour



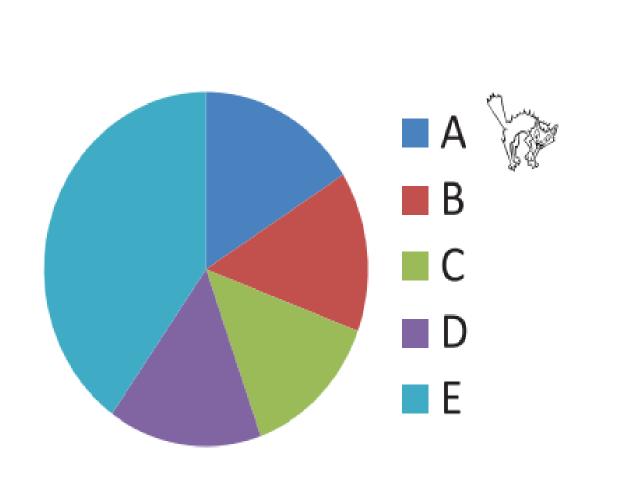
#### Pie Charts

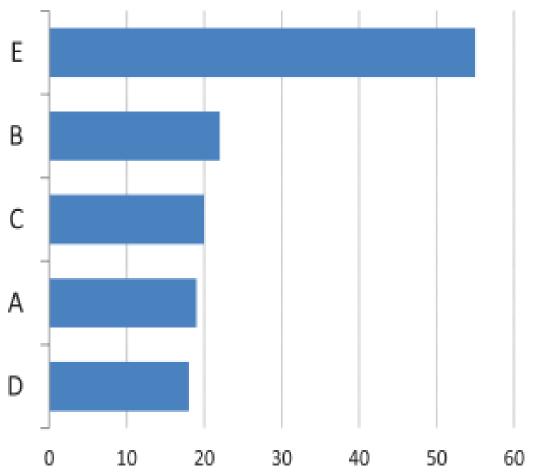
• Is a circular statistical graphic divided into slices to illustrate numerical proportion.

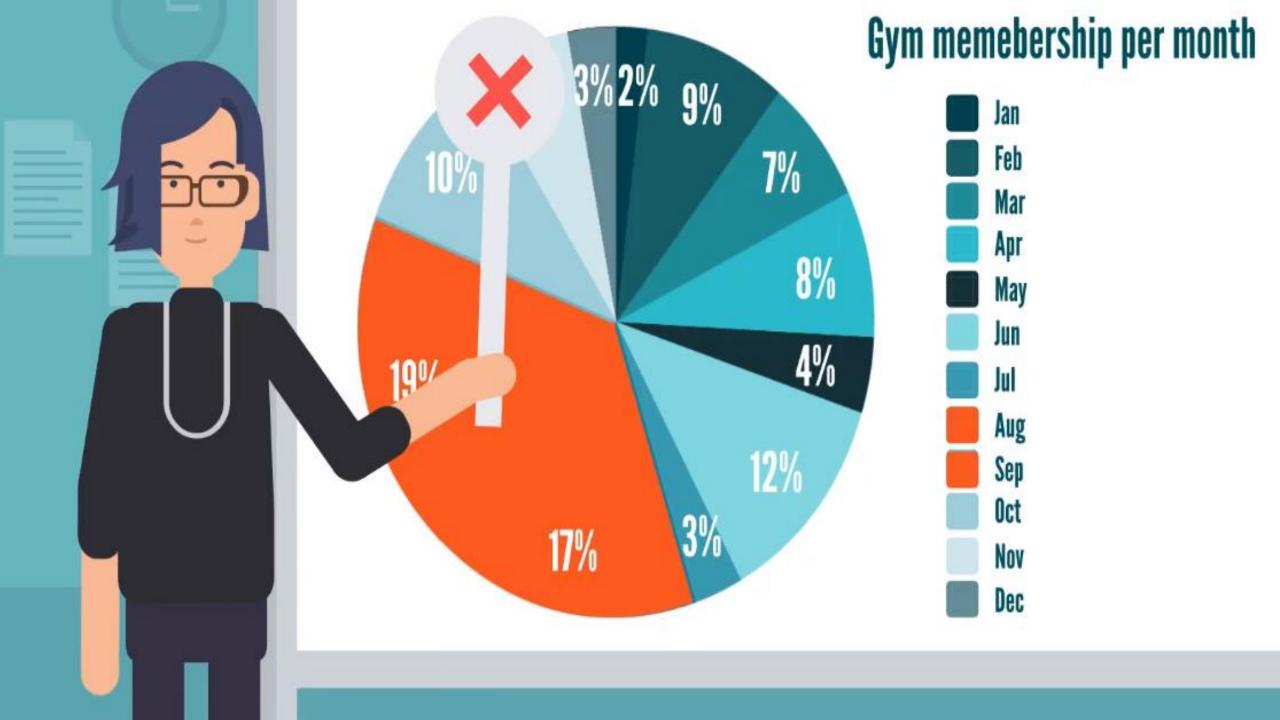
[Immigration to Canada by Continent [1980-2013]]



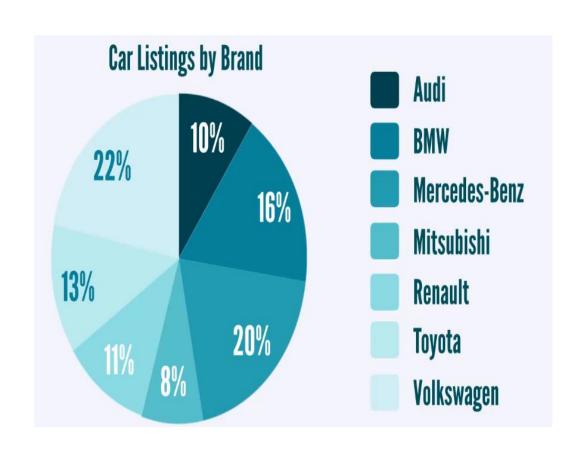
## Can you order the slices from biggest to smallest?

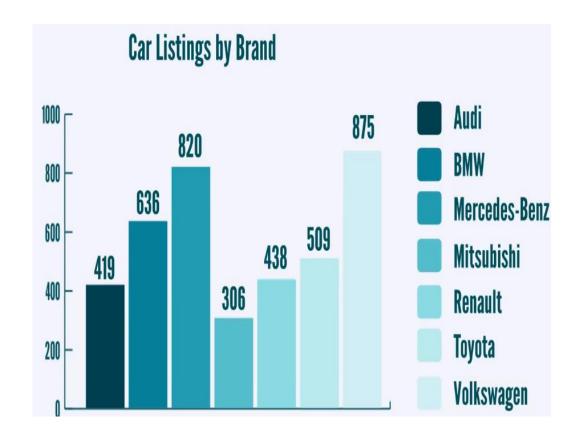




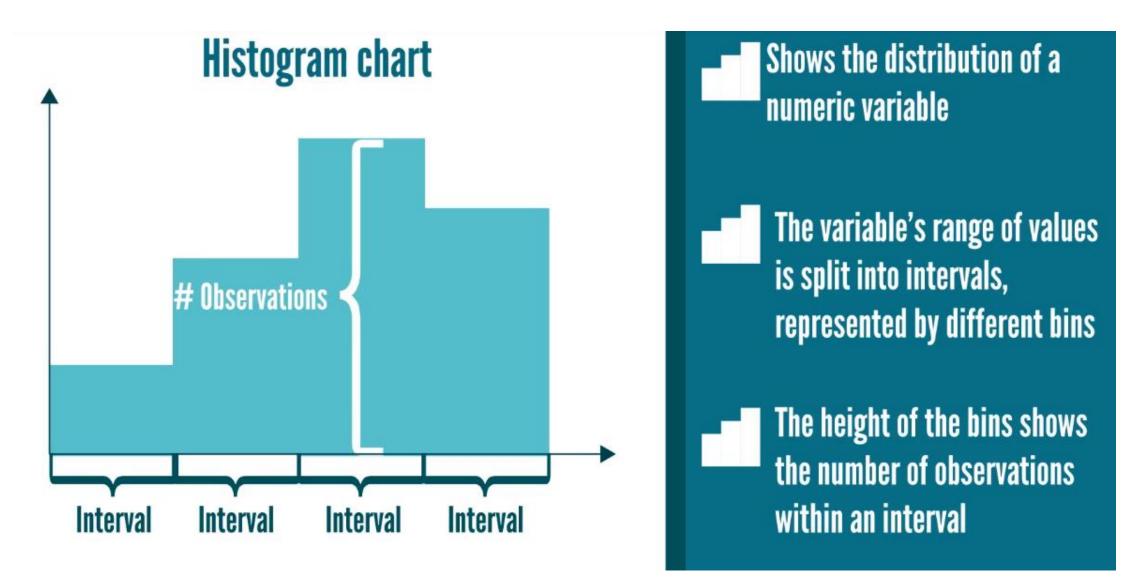


#### Which is better?

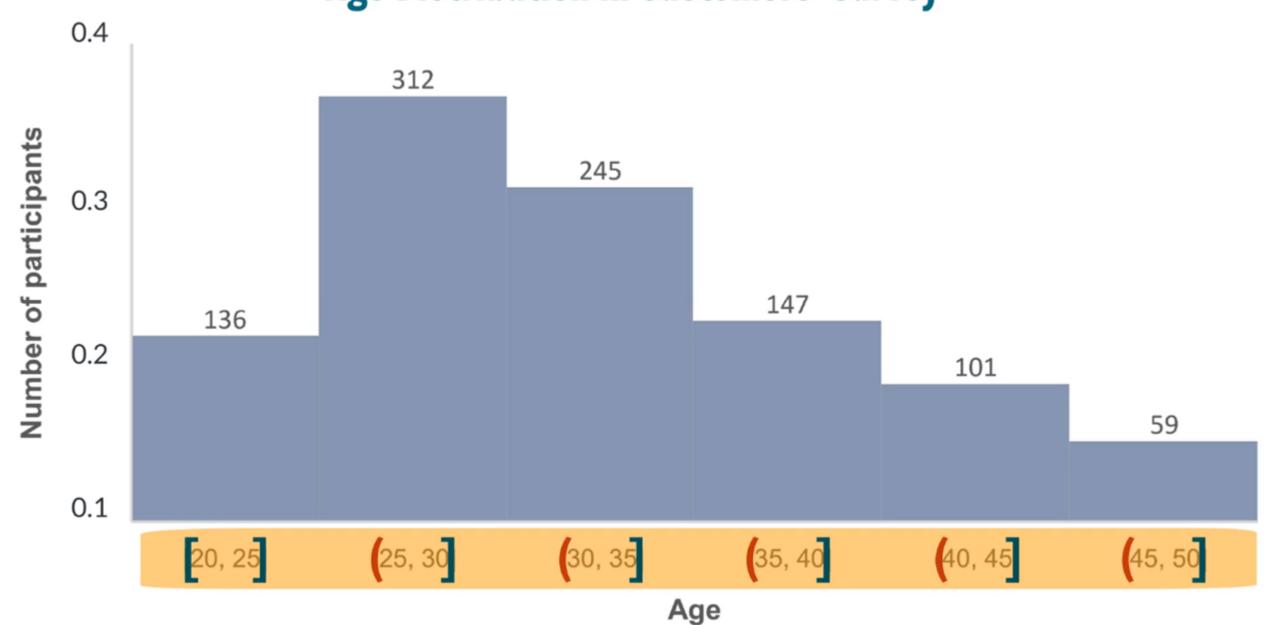




#### Histograms



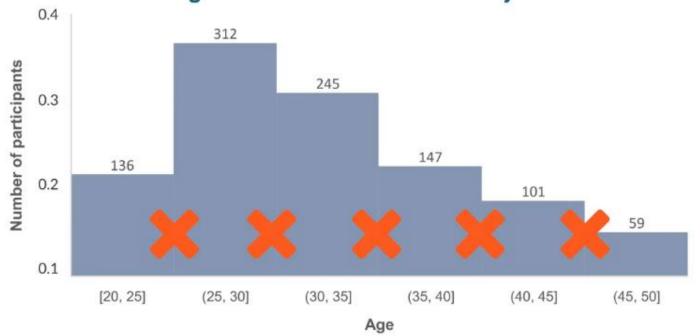
## **Age Distribution in Customers' Survey**



## Histogram chart

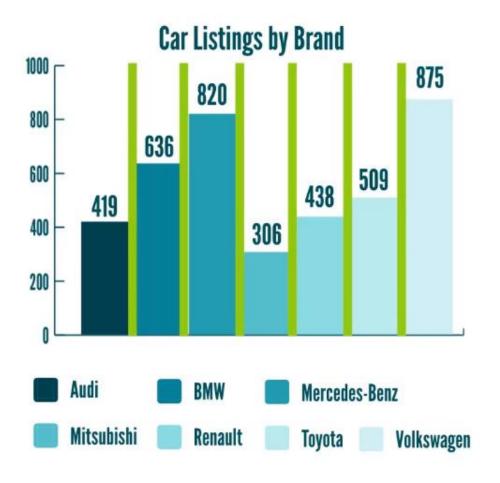
- Represents bins (intervals)
  - Bars are not separated

#### **Age Distribution in Customers' Survey**



### **Bar chart**

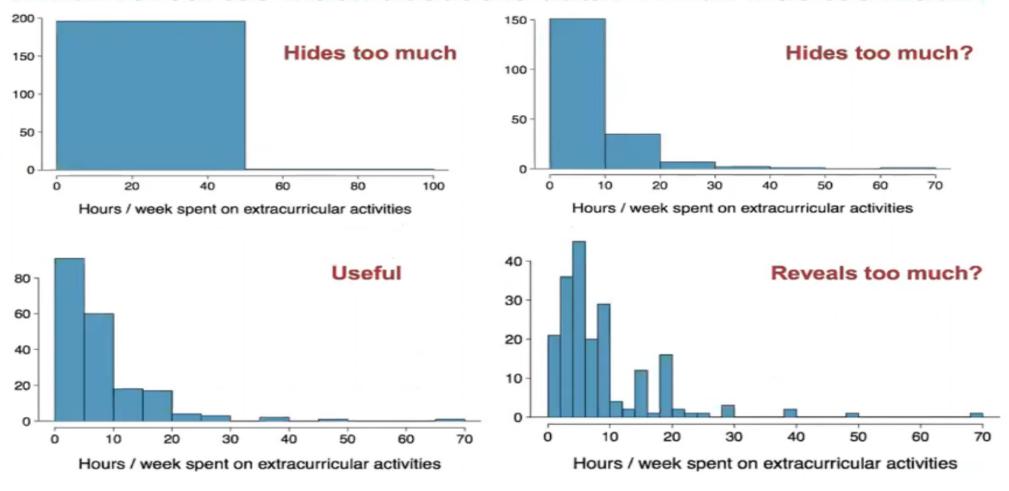
- Represents different categories
  - Bars are separated



#### **Bin Width**

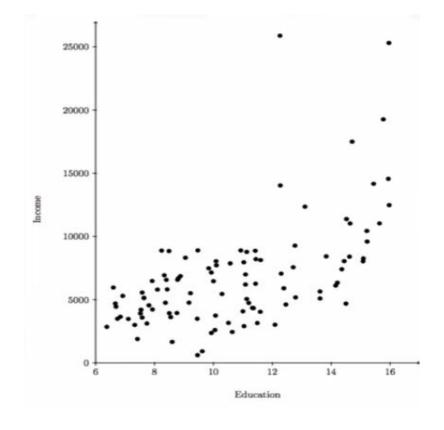
Which one(s) of these histograms are useful?

Which reveal too much about the data? Which hide too much?



#### Scatter Plots

- Displays values pertaining to typically two variables against each other.
- Usually it is a dependent variable to be plotted against independent variable in order to determine if any correlation between the two variables exists.

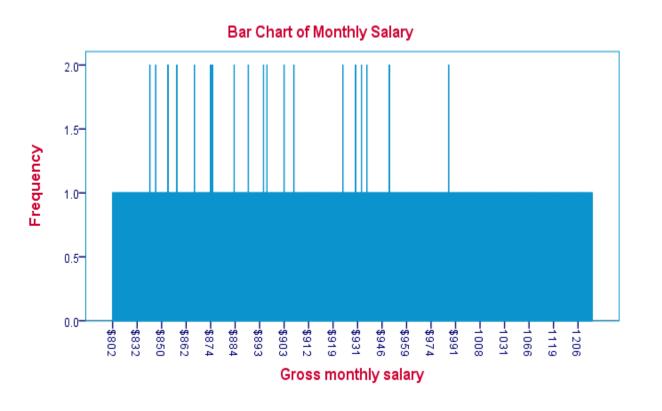


## What is a good visualization?

 A company wants to know how monthly salaries are distributed over 1,110 employees having operational, middle or higher management level jobs. The screenshot below shows what their raw data look like.

	first_name	gender	level	salary
1	Charlotte	female	Operational	\$802.29
2	Eli	male	Operational	\$804.73
3	Angel	male	Operational	\$806.44
1	luan	female	Operational	<b>\$207.66</b>

## What is a good visualization?





- 1.0

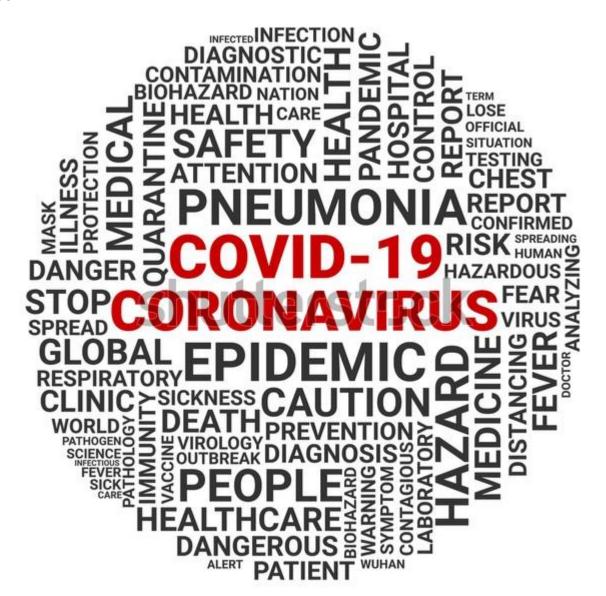
- 0.8

- 0.6

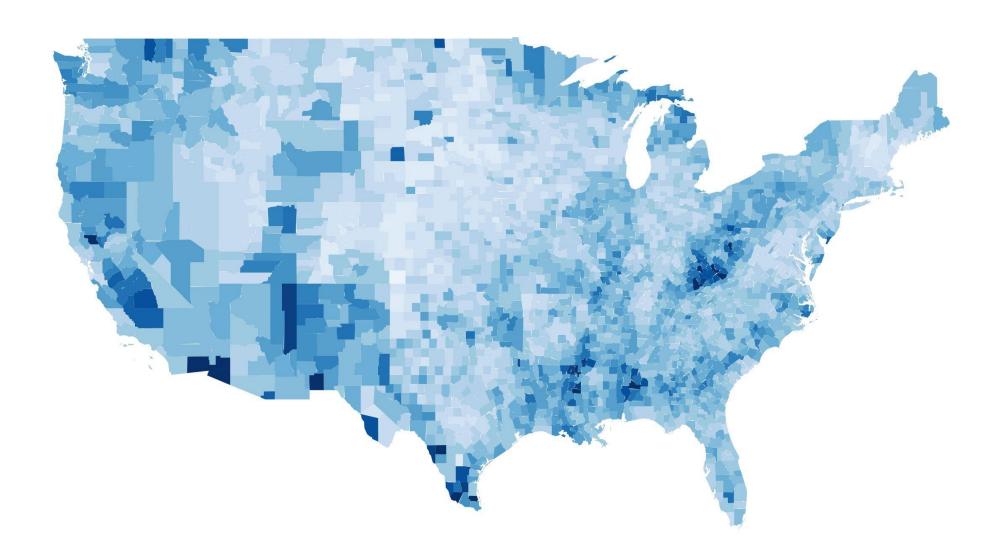
- 0.4

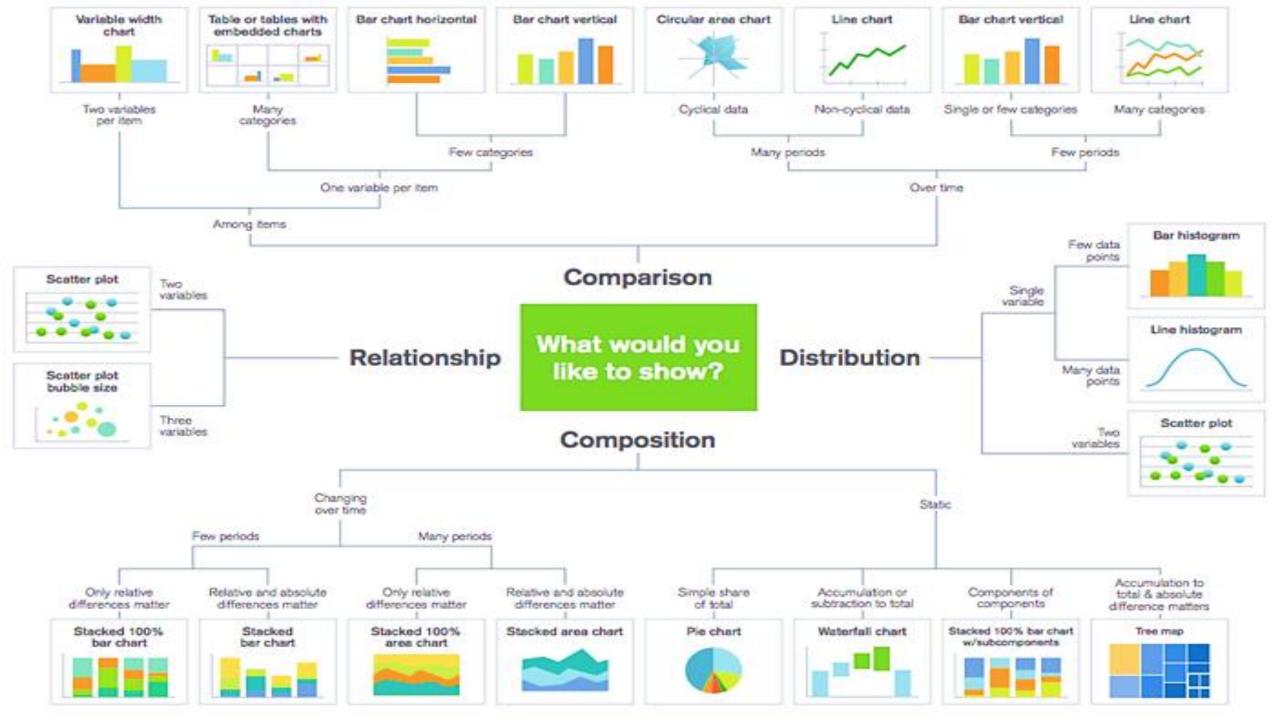
- 0.2

#### Word Cloud



## Choropleth Maps





## Data Visualization in Python



## Data Visualization Library







## THANK YOU