

1. Review the following terms.

Functional dependency, Holds, Trivial
Armstrong's axioms
 Reflexive rule
 Augmentation rule
 Transitivity rule
Additional rules
 Union rule
 Decomposition rule
 Pseudotransitivity rule
Closure of Attribute Sets
Decomposition, Lossless decompositions
Third normal form (3NF)
Boyce–Codd normal form (BCNF)

2. List all nontrivial functional dependencies satisfied by the relation of Figure 1.

<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>
<i>a</i> ₁	<i>b</i> ₁	<i>c</i> ₁
<i>a</i> ₁	<i>b</i> ₁	<i>c</i> ₂
<i>a</i> ₂	<i>b</i> ₁	<i>c</i> ₁
<i>a</i> ₂	<i>b</i> ₁	<i>c</i> ₃

Figure 1: Relation of Exercise 2.

3. Given the following relational schema $R = (A, B, C, D, E, F, G)$ and the following set F of functional dependencies (FDs):

$A \rightarrow BC$
 $E \rightarrow CGA$
 $C \rightarrow DA$
 $CA \rightarrow F$
 $F \rightarrow CDGB$
 $CD \rightarrow BF$

1) Use Armstrong's axioms as well as the additional rules introduced in the lecture to show that the following rule (we name it pseudo II) is correct:

$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta\gamma \wedge \beta \rightarrow \delta \Rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow \beta\delta\gamma$$

2) Please use all Armstrong's axioms, the additional rules introduced in the lecture, and the just derived rule (pseudo II) to derive the following FDs from the FDs given above:

- a) $C \rightarrow D$
- b) $F \rightarrow A$
- c) $E \rightarrow ABCDEFG$

Please state for each step the rule you applied.

3) Compute the attribute closures $(C)^+$ and $(E)^+$ with respect to the above given set F of functional dependencies.

4. Given a relational schema $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ and the following set F of functional dependencies (FDs):

$$\begin{aligned}A &\rightarrow BC \\ CD &\rightarrow E \\ B &\rightarrow D \\ E &\rightarrow A\end{aligned}$$

- 1) List the candidate keys for R .
- 2) Is this relation in BCNF? Why or why not?
- 3) Suppose that we decompose the schema $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ into

$$\begin{aligned}(A, B, C) \\ (A, D, E).\end{aligned}$$

Is the decomposition lossless? Please explain your answer.