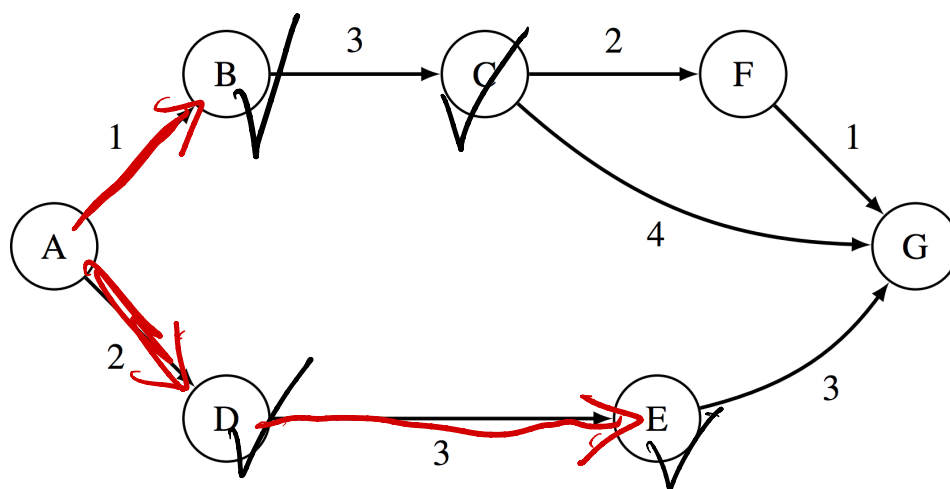


1 Dijkstra's Algorithm

For the graph below, let $g(u, v)$ be the weight of the edge between any nodes u and v . Let $h(u, v)$ be the value returned by the heuristic for any nodes u and v .



Edge weights	Heuristics
$g(A, B) = 1$	$h(A, G) = 8$
$g(B, C) = 3$	$h(B, G) = 6$
$g(C, F) = 4$	$h(C, G) = 5$ X
$g(C, G) = 4$	$h(F, G) = 1$
$g(F, G) = 1$	$h(D, G) = 6$
$g(A, D) = 2$	$h(E, G) = 3$
$g(D, E) = 3$	
$g(E, G) = 3$	

- 1.1 Run Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest paths from A to every other vertex. You may find it helpful to keep track of the priority queue and make a table of current distances.

$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow G$
 $\rightarrow D \rightarrow E$

- 1.2 Given the weights and heuristic values for the graph below, what path would A^* search return, starting from A and with G as a goal?

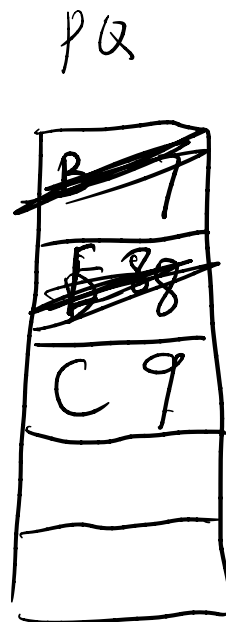
$A \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow G$

- 1.3 Is the heuristic admissible? Why or why not?

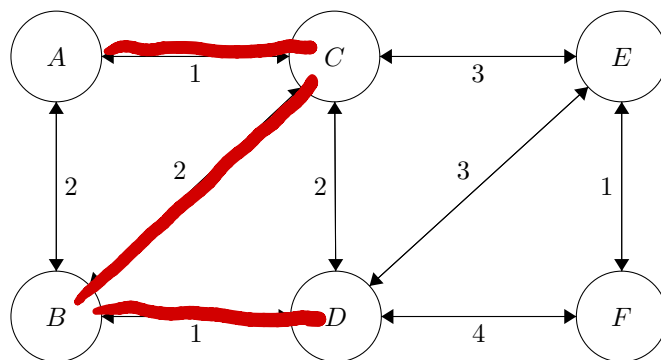
No,

$$d(s, w) + h(w) \leq d(s, g)$$

	EdgeTo	distance
A		
B	A	1
C	B	4
D	A	2
E	D	5
F		
G	E	8



2 Minimum Spanning Trees



- 2.1 Perform Prim's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree. Pick A as the initial node. Whenever there is more than one node with the same cost, process them in alphabetical order.

A - C - E
 |
 B - D
 |
 F

- 2.2 Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree.

A - C - E
 |
 B - D
 |
 F

- 2.3 There are quite a few MSTs here. How many can you find?

6
 A - C
 |
 B - D
 |
 E
 |
 F

A - C - E
 |
 B - D
 |
 F

A - C
 |
 B - D
 |
 E
 |
 F

A - C - E
 |
 B - D
 |
 F

A - C - E
 |
 B - D
 |
 F

A - C
 |
 B - D
 |
 E
 |
 F

3 Mechanical Sorting

3.1 Show the steps taken by each sort on the following unordered list:

0, 4, 2, 7, 6, 1, 3, 5

(a) Insertion sort

0, 4, 2, 7, 6, 1, 3, 5

0, 2, 4, 7, 6, 1, 3, 5

0, 2, 4, 6, 7, 1, 3, 5

0, 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 3, 5

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 5

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

(b) Selection sort

0 | 4 2 7 6 1 3 5

0 1 | 2 7 6 4 3 5

0 1 2 | 7 6 4 3 5

0 1 2 3 | 6 4 7 5

0 1 2 3 4 | 6 7 5

0 1 2 3 4 5 | 7 6

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 | 7

(c) Merge sort

0, 4, 2, 7, 1, 6, 3, 5

0, 2, 4, 7, 1, 3, 5, 6

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

(d) Use heapsort to sort the following array (hint: draw out the heap). Draw out the array at each step:

0, 6, 2, 7, 4

7, 6, 2, 0, 4

6, 4, 2, 0, 7

4, 0, 2, 6, 7

2, 0, 4, 6, 7

0, 2, 4, 6, 7

