

http://127.0.0.1:5500/index.html



72



70



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO

) PWA



# Performance

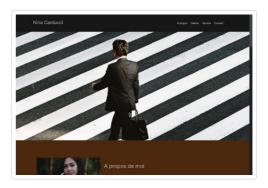
Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>



0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.0 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Speed Index

1.0 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

10.2 s

**Cumulative Layout Shift** 

0







Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

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# OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Serve images that are appropriate	ely-sized to save cellular data and improve load time	e. <u>Learn how to size</u>	images.
	URL	Resource Size	Potentia Saving
0.1 (1st Party)		22,730.4 KiB	22,279.6 KiE
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	mariage/jakob-owens-SiniLJkXhMc- unsplash.jpg (127.0.0.1)	6,129.4 KiB	6,102.4 Kil
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	portraits/nino-vanjpg (127.0.0.1)	2,468.4 KiB	2,454.9 Kil
img	images/nina.png (127.0.0.1)	2,105.8 KiB	1,971.3 Kil
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	entreprise/mateus-cajpg (127.0.0.1)	1,878.9 KiB	1,867.6 Kil
	mariage/hannah-bujpg (127.0.0.1)	1,737.0 KiB	1,722.5 Kil
img.gallery-item.img-fluid			

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17:54	about:blank		
	URL	Resource Size	Poten Savir
img			
img.d-block.w-100	slider/ryoji-iwajpg (127.0.0.1)	1,586.2 KiB	1,446.3 k
	concerts/austin-nejpg (127.0.0.1)	1,437.7 KiB	1,427.2 ł
img.gallery-item.img-fluid img.gallery-item.img-fluid	entreprise/ali-morshjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,073.6 KiB	1,067.7 k
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	concerts/aaron-paujpg (127.0.0.1)	1,011.6 KiB	994.8 F
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	portraits/ade-tunji-rVkhWWZFAtQ- unsplash.jpg (127.0.0.1)	979.0 KiB	961.3 ł
	entreprise/jason-goojpg (127.0.0.1)	697.8 KiB	689.6 F

# ▲ Serve images in next-gen formats

7.84s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

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7.54	about.biank		
	URL	Resource Size	Potenti Savinç
0.1 1st Party		22,483.8 KiB	9,851.3 Ki
img.d-block.w-100	slider/edward-cijpg (127.0.0.1)	5,561.6 KiB	3,157.4 Ki
img	images/nina.png (127.0.0.1)	2,105.8 KiB	1,759.8 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	mariage/jakob-owens-SiniLJkXhMc- unsplash.jpg (127.0.0.1)	6,129.4 KiB	1,229.4 Ki
img.d- block. w-100	slider/nicholasjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,859.8 KiB	970.8 Ki
img	images/camera.png (127.0.0.1)	1,625.1 KiB	959.6 K
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	entreprise/mateus-cajpg (127.0.0.1)	1,878.9 KiB	928.0 Ki
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	mariage/hannah-bujpg (127.0.0.1)	1,737.0 KiB	811.8 Ki

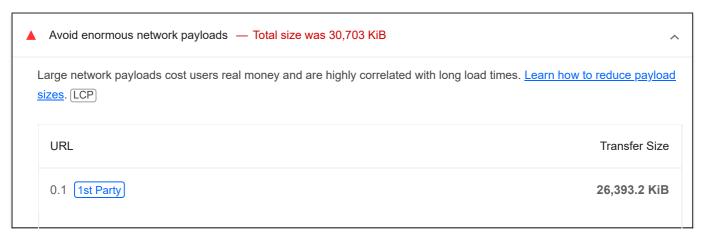
URL	Resource Size	Potenti Saving
0.1 (1st Party)	5,561.6 KiB	1,955.4 Ki
img.d-block.w-100slider/edward-cijpg (127.0.0.1)	5,561.6 KiB	1,955.4 Ki
Eliminate render-blocking resources		0.77s
Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering crit	tical JS/CSS inline and deferring a	ll non-critica
	✓ Show 3rd-par	ty resources
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving
0.1 (1st Party)	439.1 KiB	1,740 m
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (127.0.0.1)	212.0 KiB	720 m
/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1)	5.6 KiB	80 m
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1)	211.8 KiB	720 m
/assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1)	9.0 KiB	120 m
/assets/scripts.js (127.0.0.1)	0.7 KiB	80 m
Google Fonts Cdn	1.2 KiB	270 m
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	1.2 KiB	270 m
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.3 KiB	390 m
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.3 KiB	390 m
Enable text compression		0.40s

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URL	Transfer Size	Potenti Savin
0.1 (1st Party)	446.4 KiB	370.8 Ki
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (127.0.0.1)	211.7 KiB	185.6 K
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1)	211.5 KiB	168.6 K
/assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1)	8.6 KiB	6.7 K
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	9.3 KiB	5.9 K
/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1)	5.3 KiB	3.9 K
	la da una di t	
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	to decrease bytes	
	Transfer	consumed
network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP		consumed
network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	Transfer	consumed Potenti Savinç
network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP  URL	Transfer Size	O.20s consumed l Potenti Saving 203.2 Ki
URL  0.1 1st Party	Transfer Size 212.0 KiB	Potenti Savino 203.2 Ki

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

## DIAGNOSTICS



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Image elements do not have explicit width and height

URL	Transfer Size
mariage/jakob-owens-SiniLJkXhMc-unsplash.jpg (127.0.0.1)	6,129.7 KiB
slider/edward-cijpg (127.0.0.1)	5,562.0 KiB
portraits/nino-vanjpg (127.0.0.1)	2,468.7 KiB
images/nina.png (127.0.0.1)	2,106.1 KiB
entreprise/mateus-cajpg (127.0.0.1)	1,879.3 KiB
slider/nicholasjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,860.1 KiB
mariage/hannah-bujpg (127.0.0.1)	1,737.3 KiB
images/camera.png (127.0.0.1)	1,625.4 KiB
slider/ryoji-iwajpg (127.0.0.1)	1,586.5 KiB
concerts/austin-nejpg (127.0.0.1)	1,438.0 KiB

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn how to set image dimensions (CLS)

URL

0.1 [st Party]

img.d-block.w-100 ....slider/ryoji-iwa....jpg (127.0.0.1)

img

...images/camera.png (127.0.0.1)

img

...images/nina.png (127.0.0.1)

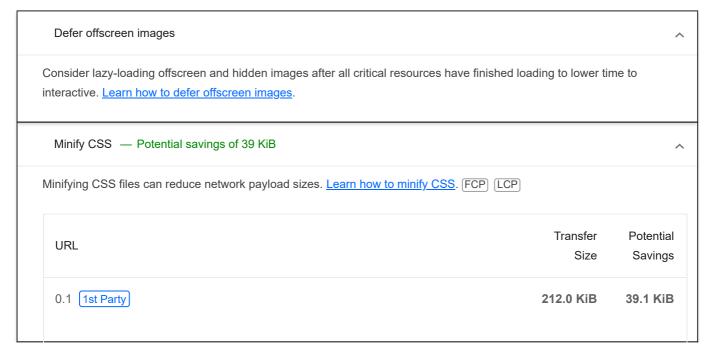
URL Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. Learn more about the bfcache Failure reason Failure type Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache. Pending browser support /index.html (127.0.0.1) Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP [LCP] Maximum critical path latency: 425.274 ms Initial Navigation /index.html (127.0.0.1) ...bootstrap/bootstrap.css (127.0.0.1) - 11.846 ms, 212.01 KiB /assets/style.css (127.0.0.1) - 9.294 ms, 5.65 KiB /css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com) ...v13/UcCO3FwrK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 96.575 ms, 21.24 KiB ...v13/rnCu-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 102.24 ms, 15.38 KiB ...v13/rnCr-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 108.096 ms, 13.57 KiB ...v13/rnCu-xNNw....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 74.159 ms, 14.98 KiB ...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1) - 14.306 ms, 211.81 KiB /jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 116.715 ms, 30.25 KiB /assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1) - 11.443 ms, 8.98 KiB /assets/scripts.js (127.0.0.1) - 10.912 ms, 0.67 KiB Largest Contentful Paint element — 10,170 ms This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element [LCP]

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12/2023 17.54	about.biank	
Element		
img.d-block.w-100		
Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	1%	120 ms
Load Delay	5%	490 ms
Load Time	11%	1,100 ms
Render Delay	83%	8,460 ms
Avoid large layout shifts — 1 ele	ement found	^
These DOM elements contribute m	ost to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve (</u>	CLS CLS
Element		CLS Contribution
d	iv.nav	
		0.000

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (27)



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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
bootstrap/bootstrap.css (127.0.0.1)	212.0 KiB	39.1 KiB

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 218 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	224.2 KiB	138.6 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/vendor/@eyeo/webext- sdk/content.js</pre>	101.7 KiB	83.8 KiB
chrome-extension://eimadpbcbfnmbkopoojfekhnkhdbieeh/inject/index.js	86.2 KiB	35.9 KiB
chrome-extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/polyfill.js	14.0 KiB	8.9 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://cjpalhdlnbpafiamejdnhcphjbkeiagm/js/contentscript.js</pre>	15.2 KiB	8.0 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/composer.preload.js</pre>	7.2 KiB	2.1 KiB
0.1 1st Party	220.8 KiB	79.3 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1)	211.8 KiB	76.8 KiB
/assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1)	9.0 KiB	2.5 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 149 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
0.1 1st Party	211.8 KiB	148.5 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1)	211.8 KiB	148.5 KiB
js/src/tooltip.js	19.0 KiB	15.4 KiB
js/src/dropdown.js	13.9 KiB	10.1 KiB

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UR	RL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
	js/src/carousel.js	16.1 KiB	8.9 KiE
	js/src/modal.js	11.3 KiB	8.4 KiE
	js/src/collapse.js	8.8 KiB	6.5 KiE
	econnect to required origins  nings: A ` <link rel="preconnect"/> ` was found for "https://fonts.gstatic.or	com" but was not used by the browse	r. Check tha
	are using the `crossorigin` attribute properly.		
	ider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to estants. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP	ablish early connections to important t	hird-party
Initi	ial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms		
	the server response time for the main document short because all to First Byte metric. FCP LCP	other requests depend on it. <u>Learn m</u>	ore about th
UR	RL		Time Spen
0.1	1st Party		0 ms
/ir	ndex.html (127.0.0.1)		0 m
Avo	oid multiple page redirects		
Redir	rects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Le</u>	arn how to avoid page redirects. (FCP	LCP
Pre	eload key requests		
	ider using <link rel="preload"/> to prioritize fetching resources to preload key requests. FCP (LCP)	hat are currently requested later in pa	age load. <u>Le</u>
Use	e HTTP/2		
HTTP	P/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers ar	nd multiplexing. <u>Learn more about HT</u>	<u>TP/2</u> .
Use	e video formats for animated content		

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Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT) Preload Largest Contentful Paint image If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. [LCP] Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies. Avoids an excessive DOM size — 132 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size. [TBT] Statistic Element Value **Total DOM Elements** 132 Maximum DOM Depth 9 div.mg-prev div.gallery-itemsrow.row Maximum Child Elements 9 User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more about User Timing marks. JavaScript execution time - 0.2 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps

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with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
0.1 (1st Party)	328 ms	116 ms	20 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	328 ms	116 ms	20 ms
Unattributable	102 ms	1 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	102 ms	1 ms	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	79 ms	37 ms	1 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	79 ms	37 ms	1 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.6 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	243 ms
Script Evaluation	180 ms
Style & Layout	75 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	29 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	17 ms
Rendering	10 ms
Garbage Collection	3 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

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Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. [TBT]

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts Cdn	66 KiB	0 ms
v13/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	21 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCr-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u>. [LCP]

Element

img.d-block.w-100

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

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O Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

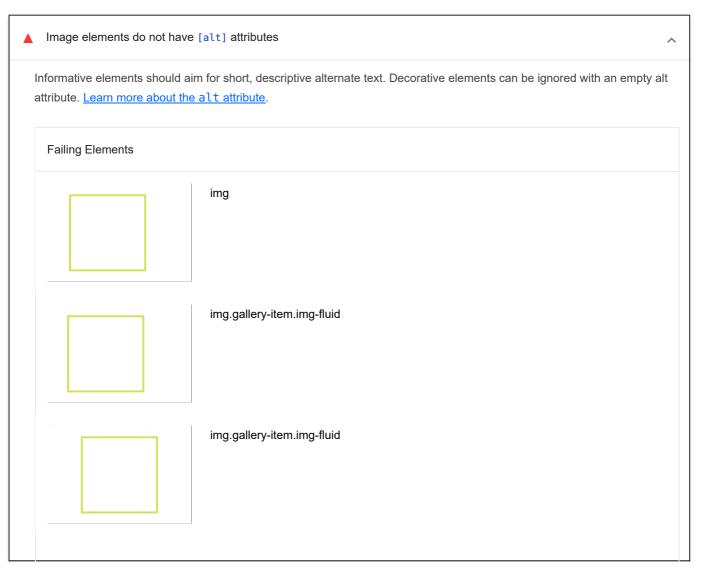
A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT



# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

#### NAMES AND LABELS



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Failing Elements	
	img.gallery-item.img-fluid
	img

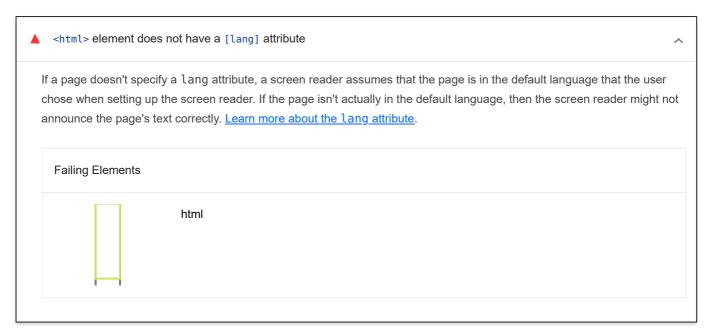
▲ Document doesn't have a <title> element&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Failing Elements&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;html&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Form elements do not have associated labels&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. &lt;u&gt;Learn more about form element labels&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Failing Elements&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;input#nom&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;input#email&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;textarea#message&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links do not have a discernible name&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Failing Elements&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;a.social-link&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>
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These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

#### INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION



These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

#### NAVIGATION



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Failing Elements	
	h3

These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hid
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>aps</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	,
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	

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review.

Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
Those items address gross which an automated testing test cannot sover. Learn more in our guide an conducting an accessiti	hilit.

SSED AUDITS (14)		ŀ
[aria-*] attributes	match their roles	
	ports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes to their roles.	utes.
[aria-hidden="tru	e"] is not present on the document <body></body>	
_	s, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the documria-hidden affects the document body.	ent
[aria-*] attributes	have valid values	
Assistive technologies for ARIA attributes.	s, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about val</u>	id value
[aria-*] attributes	are valid and not misspelled	
Assistive technologies attributes.	s, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about va</u>	lid ARIA
Buttons have an ac	cessible name	
	t have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for use. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.	sers wh
	discernible text.	

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Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix duplicate ids</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more about proper list structure</u>.

List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly.
Learn more about proper list structure.

Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles.

ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles</u>.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. <u>Learn more about the alt attribute</u>.

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NOT APPLICABLE (40)

O [accesskey] values are unique
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u> .
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .
O Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. <u>Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible</u> .
O ARIA input fields have accessible names
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .
O ARIA meter elements have accessible names
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .
O ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more about roles</u> and required attributes.
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about roles and required children elements</u> .

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O [role] values are valid
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA roles</u> .
<ul> <li>Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.</li> </ul>
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.
O ARIA toggle fields have accessible names
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .
<ul> <li>ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names</li> </ul>
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .
O ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass blocks</u> .
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td></tr><tr><td>O ARIA IDs are unique</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>

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0 1	No form fields have multiple labels	^
	rm fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eit first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	her
0 <	cframe> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Sci	reen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .	
0 <	chtml> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute	^
Sp	ecifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u> .	
0 <	chtml> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.	^
	ne webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text corrected in more about the lang attribute.	tly.
0 <	rinput type="image"> elements have [alt] text	^
	nen an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	
O E	Elements with visible text labels have matching accessible names.	^
Vis	Elements with visible text labels have matching accessible names.  ible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users.  arn more about accessible names.	^
Vis <u>Lea</u>	ible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users.	^
Vis Les	ible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users.  arn more about accessible names.	^
Vis Les	ible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users.  arn more about accessible names.  Links are distinguishable without relying on color.  w-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for	^ ^
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Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.	<u>1e</u>
O Skip links are focusable.	^
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	
<ul> <li>Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption></li> </ul>	^
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>	table
Tables use <caption> instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute to indicate a caption.</caption>	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element insof cells with the <code>[colspan]</code> attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about captions	
elements in a large  have one or more table headers.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that  elements in a large table (3 or mor cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. <a href="Learn about table headers"><u>Learn about table headers</u></a> .	
Cells in a  element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring  cells using the [headers] attribute or refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the header attribute.	-
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cel may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	ils
[lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Le how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>arn</u>
<pre><video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video></pre>	^

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When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more about video captions.

All heading elements contain content.

A heading with no content or inaccessible text prevent screen reader users from accessing information on the page's structure. <u>Learn more about headings</u>.

Identical links have the same purpose.

Links with the same destination should have the same description, to help users understand the link's purpose and decide whether to follow it. <u>Learn more about identical links</u>.

Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing.

Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. <u>Learn more about touch targets</u>.



# **Best Practices**

# TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a CSP to prevent XSS

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

#### **GENERAL**

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

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Name	Version	
Bootstrap	5.1.3	
jQuery	3.4.1	

# PASSED AUDITS (13) Hide **Uses HTTPS** All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more about HTTPS. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Page has the HTML doctype

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Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.

#### Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

#### Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>

#### No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

#### No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

### Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL Map URL

0.1 [1st Party]

...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js (127.0.0.1)

bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.js.map (127.0.0.1

Unattributable

chrome-

extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/vendor/@eyeo/we

bext-sdk/content.js

NOT APPLICABLE (1) Hide

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O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

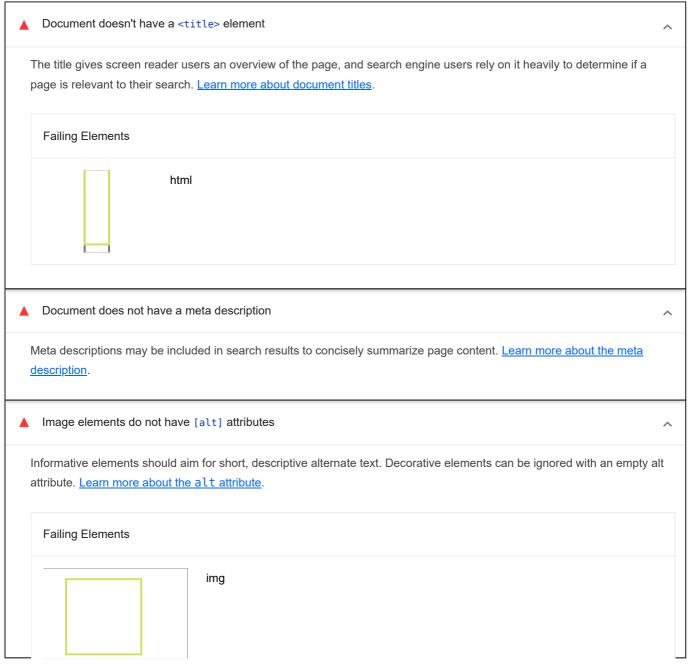
Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts



# SFO

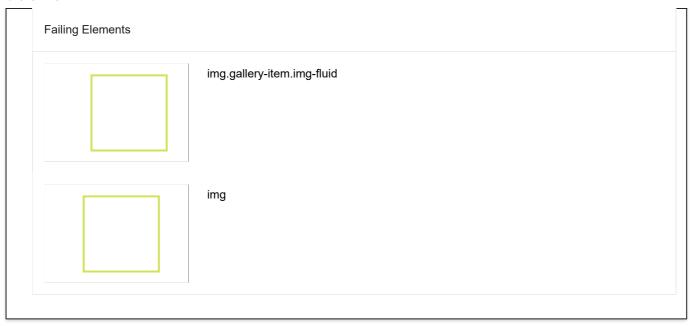
These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <a href="Core Web Vitals">Core Web Vitals</a>. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

#### CONTENT BEST PRACTICES



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Failing Elements	
	img.gallery-item.img-fluid



Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Structured data is valid

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Hide

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (7)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable

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Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (4)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.



#### PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App.</u>

INSTALLABLE

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Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

Failure reason

#### PWA OPTIMIZED

Page has no manifest <link> URL

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more about splash screens.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No '<meta name="theme-color"> 'tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay, to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. (TBT)

Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons.

# ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Site works cross-browser

Hide

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility.

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Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception performance. Learn more about page transitions.	n of
O Each page has a URL	^
Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social mages are deep links.	nedia.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.



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