

Lab - Determining the IP Address Configuration of a Computer

Objectives

In this lab, you will configure an Ethernet NIC to use DHCP to obtain an IP address and test connectivity between 2 computers.

Required Resources

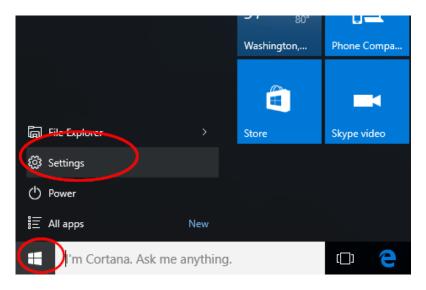
- 1 Wireless router
- 2 PCs (Windows 10)
- Ethernet cables

Step 1: Connect PC-A and PC-B to a home/small business wireless router.

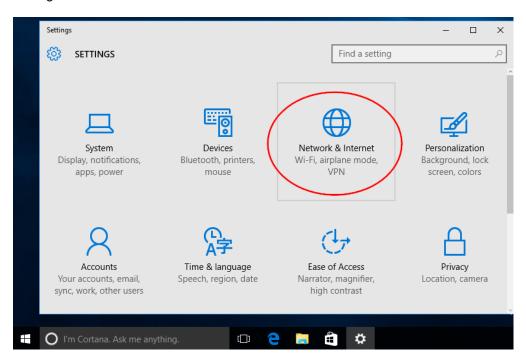
- a. For PC-A, plug one end of the Ethernet cable into "Port 1" on the back of the wireless router.
- b. For PC-A, plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into the network port on the NIC in your computer.
- c. For PC-B, plug one end of the Ethernet cable into "Port 2" on the back of the router.
- d. For PC-B, plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into the network port on the NIC in your computer.
- e. Power on the wireless router.
- f. Turn on both computers and log on to Windows in PC-A using an account with administrative privileges.

Step 2: Set network settings to autoconfigure using DHCP

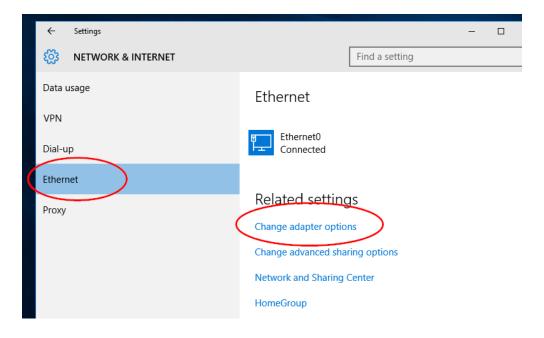
a. Click Start, then click Settings.



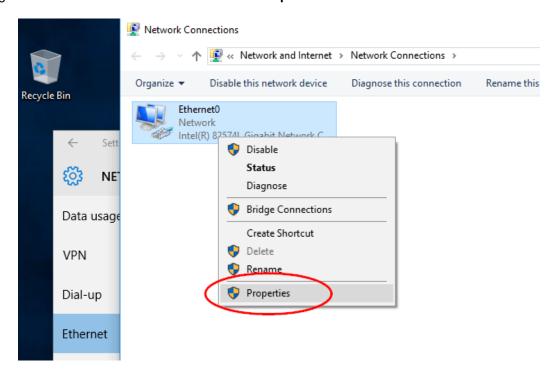
b. In the Settings window click **Network & Internet**.



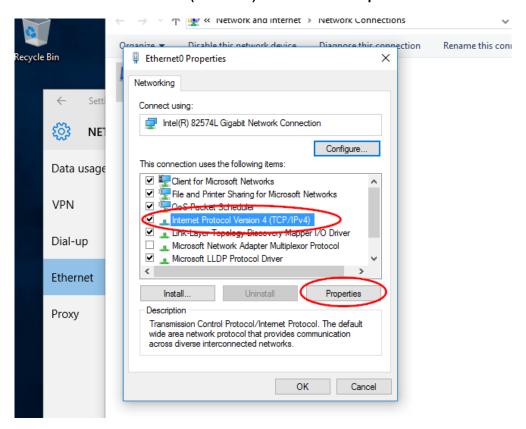
c. In the left pane select **Ethernet**, then click the **Change adapter options** link.



d. The Network Connections window displays the available network interfaces on the PC. In this example, right-click the **Ethernet0** interface and select **Properties**.

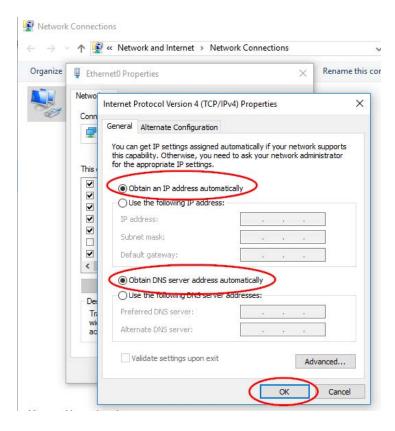


e. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and then click Properties.



Note: You can also double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) to display the Properties window.

f. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically. Select the Obtain DNS server address automatically. Click OK.



g. Before clicking **Close** on the Ethernet0 Properties window answer the following questions:

What is the name and model number of the NIC in the "Connect using:" field?

What are the first three items listed in the "This connection uses the following items:" field?

h. Repeat the previous steps to configure network address settings on PC-B.

Step 3: Document PC-A networking address settings.

- a. Check the lights on the back of the NIC of PC-A. These lights will blink when there is network activity.
- b. Use **Command Prompt** to verify the PC settings and connectivity. From PC-A, right-click **Start** and select **Command Prompt**.

c. At the prompt, enter **ipconfig /all** command to view IP configuration on PC-A.

```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.10586]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Bob>ipconfig /all
Windows IP Configuration
  Host Name . . . . . . . . . : PC-A
  Primary Dns Suffix ....:
  Node Type . . . . . . . . . : Hybrid
  IP Routing Enabled. . . . . . : No
  WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . . : No
Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:

Description . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection
  Description .
  Physical Address. . . . . . . : 00-0C-29-EB-1F-2D
  DHCP Enabled. . . . . . . . . Yes
  Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
  Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::4d86:3d:47b:b083%4(Preferred)
  IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . : 10.11.3.146(Preferred)
  Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.0.0
  Lease Obtained. . . . . . . : Sunday, July 24, 2016 4:58:26 PM Lease Expires . . . . . . : Monday, July 25, 2016 4:58:12 AM
  Default Gateway . . . . . . . : 10.11.1.1
  DNS Servers . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8.8.8.8
                                     8.8.4.4
  NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . . : Enabled
```

What is the IPv4 address of the computer?

What is the subnet mask of the computer?

What is the default gateway of the computer?

What are the DNS servers for the computer?

What is the MAC address (physical address) of the computer?

Is DHCP enabled?

What is the IP address of the DHCP server?

On what date was the Lease Obtained?

On what date does the Lease Expire?

Step 4: Test the PC-A network interface TCP/IP stack.

a. To verify that the TCP/IP protocol is functioning, pinging your loopback address (127.0.0.1). Enter the **ping 127.0.0.1** command at the prompt.

```
C:\Users\Bob> ping 127.0.0.1
```

b. You can also ping your IP address. In this example, enter the ping 10.11.3.146 command at the prompt.

```
C:\Users\Bob>ping 10.11.3.146

Pinging 10.11.3.146 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 10.11.3.146: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.11.3.146:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\Bob>
```

c. Record one of the replies from your ping command.

If the ping was not successful, ask your instructor for assistance.

Step 5: Document PC-B network address settings.

- a. Log in to PC-B using an account with administrative privileges.
- b. Verify that PC-B uses DHCP for the network address settings. Click Start > Settings > Change adapter options. Right-click the desired network adapter and select Properties. Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and ensure the Obtain an IP address automatically and the Obtain DNS server address automatically are selected. Click OK > Close.
- c. Open a command prompt window enter ipconfig /all at the prompt.

What is the IP address of the computer?

What is the subnet mask of the computer?

What is the subhet mask of the compater.

What is the default gateway of the computer?

What are the DNS servers for the computer?

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	What is the IP address of the DHCP server?
	From PC-B, ping the IP address of PC-A. Was the ping successful?
	Note: If you cannot ping the other PC, the firewall maybe blocking the ICMP echo.
	To turn off the firewall, click Start > Settings > Network & Internet > Ethernet > Windows Firewall > Select Turn Windows Firewall on or off . Be sure to turn on the firewall when finished.
Step 6: Change PC-B's network addressing from automatic to manual.	
a.	Repeat Step 2 on PC-B, Use the following IP address and Use the following DNS server address .
b.	Enter in the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server information that you recorded in the previous step. Click OK and Close .
C.	Open a command prompt window and ping the PC-B IP address you just configured. Was the ping successful?
Step 7: Test network connectivity with ICMP echo requests.	
a.	From PC-B, ping the IP address of PC-A. Was the ping successful?
b.	From PC-A, ping, the IP address of PC-B. Was the ping successful?
Step 8: Return PC-B network address settings to autoconfigure with DHCP.	

Return PC-Bs network address settings on Ethernet0 to Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Click OK > Close.