



UNIVERSIDAD AUTÓNOMA DE NUEVO LEÓN
FACULTAD DE CIENCIAS FORESTALES



LABORATORIO SEIS

VARIABLES Y DATOS EN R

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```
# nba datos

nba <- matrix(0,15,8)

colnames(nba) <- c("Western Conference", "W", "L", "W/L%", "GB", "PS/G", "PA/G",
,"SRS")

rownames(nba)<- c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9", "10", "11", "12", "13",
,"14", "15")

teams <- c("UJ", "PS", "DN", "LAC", "DM", "PTB", "LAL", "MG", "GSW", "SAS", "NOP", "
SK", "MT", "OCT", "HR")

nba [, 1] <- teams

w <- c(52,51,47,47,42,42,42,38,39,33,31,31,23,22,17)
nba [,2] <- w

l <- c(20,21,25,25,30,30,30,34,33,39,41,41,49,50,55)
nba [,3] <- l

wl <- w / (w + l)
nba [,4] <- wl

gb <- c(0,1,5,5,10,10,10,14,13,19,21,21,29,30,35)
nba [,5] <- gb

psg <- c(116.4,115.3,115.1,114,112.4,116.1,109.5,113.3,113.7,111.1,114.6,
113.7,
112.1,105,108.8)
nba [,6] <- psg

pag <- c(107.2,109.5,110.1,107.8,110.2,114.3,106.8,112.3,112.7,112.8,114.
9,
117.4,117.7,115.6,116.7)
nba [,7] <- pag

srs <- c(8.97,5.67,4.82,6.02,2.26,1.81,2.77,1.07,1.10,-1.58,-0.20,-3.45,-
5.25,
-10.13,-7.50)
nba [,8] <- srs
```

nba

##	Western Conference	W	L	W/L%	GB	PS/G	PA/G
## 1	"UJ"	"52"	"20"	"0.7222222222222222"	"0"	"116.4"	"107.2"
## 2	"PS"	"51"	"21"	"0.7083333333333333"	"1"	"115.3"	"109.5"
## 3	"DN"	"47"	"25"	"0.6527777777777778"	"5"	"115.1"	"110.1"
## 4	"LAC"	"47"	"25"	"0.6527777777777778"	"5"	"114"	"107.8"
## 5	"DM"	"42"	"30"	"0.5833333333333333"	"10"	"112.4"	"110.2"
## 6	"PTB"	"42"	"30"	"0.5833333333333333"	"10"	"116.1"	"114.3"
## 7	"LAL"	"42"	"30"	"0.5833333333333333"	"10"	"109.5"	"106.8"
## 8	"MG"	"38"	"34"	"0.5277777777777778"	"14"	"113.3"	"112.3"
## 9	"GSW"	"39"	"33"	"0.5416666666666667"	"13"	"113.7"	"112.7"
## 10	"SAS"	"33"	"39"	"0.4583333333333333"	"19"	"111.1"	"112.8"
## 11	"NOP"	"31"	"41"	"0.4305555555555556"	"21"	"114.6"	"114.9"
## 12	"SK"	"31"	"41"	"0.4305555555555556"	"21"	"113.7"	"117.4"
## 13	"MT"	"23"	"49"	"0.3194444444444444"	"29"	"112.1"	"117.7"
## 14	"OCT"	"22"	"50"	"0.3055555555555556"	"30"	"105"	"115.6"
## 15	"HR"	"17"	"55"	"0.2361111111111111"	"35"	"108.8"	"116.7"
##	SRS						
## 1	"8.97"						
## 2	"5.67"						
## 3	"4.82"						
## 4	"6.02"						
## 5	"2.26"						
## 6	"1.81"						
## 7	"2.77"						
## 8	"1.07"						
## 9	"1.1"						
## 10	"-1.58"						
## 11	"-0.2"						
## 12	"-3.45"						
## 13	"-5.25"						
## 14	"-10.13"						
## 15	"-7.5"						

```

# Manipular datos

# 1er elemento de "wins"
w[1]

## [1] 52

# 3er elemento de "loss"
l[3]

## [1] 25

# ultimo nombre en "teams"
teams[15]

## [1] "HR"

length(teams)

## [1] 15

#cantidad de datos

sort(w, decreasing = TRUE)

## [1] 52 51 47 47 42 42 42 39 38 33 31 31 23 22 17

#ordenacion creciente o decreciente

rev(w) #invierte los valores

## [1] 17 22 23 31 31 33 39 38 42 42 42 47 47 51 52

# subconjunto de indices logicos

#victorias de Utah Jazz
w[teams == 'UJ']

## [1] 52

#equipos con victorias > 40
teams[w > 40]

## [1] "UJ" "PS" "DN" "LAC" "DM" "PTB" "LAL"

#nombre de los equipos con derrotas entre 10 y 29
teams[l >= 10 & l <= 29]

## [1] "UJ" "PS" "DN" "LAC"

# facores y variables cualitativas

#vector numerico

```

```

num_vector <- c(1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2)

#crear un factor a partir de num_vector
first_factor <- factor(num_vector)
first_factor

## [1] 1 2 3 1 2 3 2
## Levels: 1 2 3

#factor de teams
teams = factor(teams)
teams

## [1] UJ PS DN LAC DM PTB LAL MG GSW SAS NOP SK MT OCT HR
## Levels: DM DN GSW HR LAC LAL MG MT NOP OCT PS PTB SAS SK UJ

# secuencias

#operador dos puntos :
1:5

## [1] 1 2 3 4 5

1:10

## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

-3:7

## [1] -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

10:1

## [1] 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

#funcion secuencia
seq(from = 1, to = 10)

## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

seq(from = 1, to = 10, by = 1)

## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

seq(from = 1, to = 10, by = 2)

## [1] 1 3 5 7 9

seq(from = -5, to = 5, by = 1)

## [1] -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5

```

vectores repetidos

```
rep(1, times = 5)
```

```
## [1] 1 1 1 1 1
```

#repetir 1 cinco veces

```
rep(c(1, 2), times = 3)
```

```
## [1] 1 2 1 2 1 2
```

#repetir 1 y 2 tres veces

```
rep(c(1, 2), each = 2)
```

```
## [1] 1 1 2 2
```

#repetir 1 y 2 dos veces cada uno

```
rep(c(1, 2), length.out = 5)
```

```
## [1] 1 2 1 2 1
```

#repite 1 y 2 hasta 5 veces

```
rep(c(3, 2, 1), times = 3, each = 2)
```

```
## [1] 3 3 2 2 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 1
```

repite 3, 2 y 1 cada uno 2 veces, en 3 ocaciones

de vectores a estructura tabular - data frame

```
dat = data.frame(Teams = teams, #con esta funcion se cre aun data frame  
                 w = w, l = l, WLperc = wl)
```

funcion para crear un data frame

```
dat
```

```
##   Teams  w  l   WLperc  
## 1    UJ 52 20 0.7222222  
## 2    PS 51 21 0.7083333  
## 3    DN 47 25 0.6527778  
## 4    LAC 47 25 0.6527778  
## 5    DM 42 30 0.5833333  
## 6    PTB 42 30 0.5833333  
## 7    LAL 42 30 0.5833333  
## 8    MG 38 34 0.5277778  
## 9    GSW 39 33 0.5416667  
## 10   SAS 33 39 0.4583333
```

```
## 11    NOP 31 41 0.4305556
## 12     SK 31 41 0.4305556
## 13     MT 23 49 0.3194444
## 14    OCT 22 50 0.3055556
## 15     HR 17 55 0.2361111
```

```
dat$Teams
```

```
## [1] UJ  PS  DN  LAC DM  PTB LAL MG  GSW SAS NOP SK  MT  OCT HR
## Levels: DM DN GSW HR LAC LAL MG MT NOP OCT PS PTB SAS SK UJ
```

\$ se utiliza para extraer datos de una columna de un dataset

se pueden utilizar notaciones de corchetes en la columna, como se hace con los vectores

```
dat$Wins[1]
```

```
## NULL
```

#para extraer el primer valor de "Wins"

```
dat$Wins[5]
```

```
## NULL
```

#para extraer el quinto valor de "Wins"

#subconjuntos logicos

```
dat$Wins[dat$Teams == 'UJ']
```

```
## NULL
```

#extrae las victorias

#dentro del data frame

```
dat$Teams[dat$Wins > 40]
```

```
## factor(0)
```

```
## Levels: DM DN GSW HR LAC LAL MG MT NOP OCT PS PTB SAS SK UJ
```

#extraer valores con victorias mayores a 40

```
dat$Teams[dat$Losses >= 10 & dat$Losses <= 29]
```

```
## factor(0)
```

```
## Levels: DM DN GSW HR LAC LAL MG MT NOP OCT PS PTB SAS SK UJ
```

#extraer equipos entre 10 y 29 derrotas

```

w[1] - w
## [1] 0 1 5 5 10 10 10 14 13 19 21 21 29 30 35

posiciones <- data.frame(Teams = teams, w = w, Losses = l, WLporc = wl,
                          GamesBehind = gb, PointsScored = psg,
                          PointsAgainst = pag, Rating = srs)

posiciones

##      Teams  w Losses    WLporc GamesBehind PointsScored PointsAgainst Ra
ting
## 1      UJ 52     20 0.7222222         0         116.4         107.2
8.97
## 2      PS 51     21 0.7083333         1         115.3         109.5
5.67
## 3      DN 47     25 0.6527778         5         115.1         110.1
4.82
## 4      LAC 47     25 0.6527778         5         114.0         107.8
6.02
## 5      DM 42     30 0.5833333        10         112.4         110.2
2.26
## 6      PTB 42     30 0.5833333        10         116.1         114.3
1.81
## 7      LAL 42     30 0.5833333        10         109.5         106.8
2.77
## 8      MG 38     34 0.5277778        14         113.3         112.3
1.07
## 9      GSW 39     33 0.5416667        13         113.7         112.7
1.10
## 10     SAS 33     39 0.4583333        19         111.1         112.8 -
1.58
## 11     NOP 31     41 0.4305556        21         114.6         114.9 -
0.20
## 12     SK 31     41 0.4305556        21         113.7         117.4 -
3.45
## 13     MT 23     49 0.3194444        29         112.1         117.7 -
5.25
## 14     OCT 22     50 0.3055556        30         105.0         115.6 -1
0.13
## 15     HR 17     55 0.2361111        35         108.8         116.7 -
7.50

sort(posiciones$PointsScored, decreasing = FALSE)

## [1] 105.0 108.8 109.5 111.1 112.1 112.4 113.3 113.7 113.7 114.0 114.6
115.1
## [13] 115.3 116.1 116.4

sort(posiciones$PointsScored, decreasing = TRUE)

```



```
## [1] 116.4 116.1 115.3 115.1 114.6 114.0 113.7 113.7 113.3 112.4 112.1  
111.1  
## [13] 109.5 108.8 105.0
```