

**Exercise 1.**

We have  $R(A,B,C)$  and  $S(C,D)$  relations. Rewrite the following extended relational algebra expressions into SQL.

$\gamma_{A,AVG(D)}(\sigma_{B \geq 2}(R \times S))$

$\Pi_A (\sigma_{AV > 10}(\gamma_{A,AVG(D) \rightarrow AV}(R \bowtie S)))$

$\delta (\Pi_A (\sigma_{R.C = S.C}(R \times S)))$

$\tau_A(\Pi_{A,C}(\sigma_{B=2}(R)))$

$\delta (\Pi_{A,B} (\sigma_{R.C = S.C \text{ AND } D=1} (R \times S)))$

$\Pi_A (R \bowtie (\Pi_C R - \Pi_C S))$

**Solution**

You can find the equivalent SQL queries in Exercise 2. The last relational algebra expression is equivalent to the last two SQL queries.

**Exercise 2.**

Rewrite the following SQL queries into extended relational algebra.

SELECT A, AVG(D) FROM R, S WHERE R.B >=2 GROUP BY A;

SELECT A FROM R NATURAL JOIN S GROUP BY A HAVING AVG(S.D)>10;

SELECT DISTINCT A FROM R, S WHERE R.C = S.C;

SELECT A, C FROM R WHERE B = 2 ORDER BY A;

SELECT DISTINCT A, B FROM R WHERE C IN (SELECT C FROM S WHERE D=1);

SELECT A FROM R WHERE C NOT IN (SELECT C FROM S);

SELECT A FROM R WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT \* FROM S WHERE R.C = S.C);

**Exercise 3.**

We have the following relation:  $R(A,B,C)$ .

$R(A, B, C)$

A	B	C
X	1	2
Y	2	3
Y	3	4
X	1	5
Y	3	5
X	4	2
X	4	4

Compute the results of the following expressions, without rewriting them into SQL. You can check yourself with SQL, but SQL statements are not required.

a)  $\gamma_{A,AVG(C)}(\sigma_{B \geq 2}R)$        $\{(X,3), (Y,4)\}$

b)  $\gamma_{A,B,SUM(C)}(R)$        $\{(X,1,7), (Y,2,3), (Y,3,9), (X,4,6)\}$

c)  $\gamma_{A,SUM(B),SUM(C)}(R)$        $\{(X,10,13), (Y,8,12)\}$

d)  $\tau_{B,A} \Pi_{A,B}(\sigma_{C \geq 4} R)$        $\{(X,1), (Y,3), (Y,3), (X,4)\}$

e)  $\delta(\Pi_{A,B}(\sigma_{B \geq 2} R))$        $\{(Y,2), (Y,3), (X,4)\}$

f)  $\gamma_{A,SUM(E)}(\Pi_{A,B \rightarrow E} R)$        $\{(X,31), (Y,33)\}$

**Exercise 4.**

We have the following two relations:

R(A,B)		S(B,C)	
A	B	B	C
0	1	0	1
2	3	2	4
0	1	2	5
2	4	3	4
3	4	0	2
		3	4

Compute the results of the following expressions, without rewriting them into SQL. You can check yourself with SQL, but SQL statements are not required.

- a)  $\pi_{A+B, A*A, B*B}(R)$   $\{(1,0,1), (5,4,9), (1,0,1), (6,4,16), (7,9,16)\}$   
b)  $\pi_{B+I, C-I}(S)$   $\{(1,0), (3,3), (3,4), (4,3), (1,1), (4,3)\}$   
c)  $\tau_{B,A}(R)$   $\{(0,1), (0,1), (2,3), (2,4), (3,4)\}$   
d)  $\tau_{B,C}(S)$   $\{(0,1), (0,2), (2,4), (2,5), (3,4), (3,4)\}$   
e)  $\delta(R)$   $\{(0,1), (2,3), (2,4), (3,4)\}$   
f)  $\gamma_{\text{sum}(B)}(R)$   $\{(13)\}$   
g)  $\gamma_{A, \text{sum}(B)}(R)$   $\{(0,2), (2,7), (3,4)\}$   
h)  $\gamma_{B, \text{avg}(C)}(S)$   $\{(0,1.5), (2,4.5), (3,4)\}$   
i)  $\gamma_A(R)$   $\{(0), (2), (3)\}$   
j)  $\gamma_{A, \text{max}(C)}(R \bowtie S)$   $\{(2,4)\}$   
k)  $\gamma_{\text{sum}(E)}(\pi_{A+B \rightarrow E, A*A \rightarrow F, B*B \rightarrow G}(R))$   $\{(20)\}$   
l)  $\gamma_{G, \text{sum}(E)}(\pi_{A+B \rightarrow E, A*A \rightarrow F, B*B \rightarrow G}(R))$   $\{(1,2), (9,5), (16,13)\}$

**Exercise 5.**

Give the following result for which you can use views, or you can use the WITH statement.

Compute the average salary by departments (**deptno**, **dept\_avg**), then compute the general average salary (**gen\_avg**), finally give the department name, average salary on that department, the general average and the difference between the department average and the general average. (**dname**, **dept\_avg**, **gen\_avg**, **diff**)

```
WITH
tmp1 AS (
    SELECT deptno, AVG(sal) dept_avg FROM emp GROUP BY deptno),
tmp2 AS (
    SELECT AVG(sal) gen_avg FROM emp)
SELECT dname, round(dept_avg), round(gen_avg),
       round(dept_avg-gen_avg) diff
FROM tmp1, tmp2, dept
WHERE tmp1.deptno = dept.deptno;
```

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Tmp1 =  $\gamma_{\text{deptno}; \text{avg}(\text{sal}) \rightarrow \text{dept\_avg}}(\text{Emp})$ 
Tmp2 =  $\gamma_{\text{avg}(\text{sal}) \rightarrow \text{gen\_avg}}(\text{Emp})$ 
 $\pi_{\text{dname}, \text{round}(\text{dept\_avg}) \rightarrow \text{av}, \text{round}(\text{gen\_avg}) \rightarrow \text{gen}, \text{round}(\text{dept\_avg} - \text{gen\_avg}) \rightarrow \text{diff}}$ 
 $((\text{Tmp1} \bowtie \text{Dept}) \times \text{Tmp2})$ 
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