## L3: MAP Functions in LISP programming

Solve the following problems using MAP functions.

- 1. Write a function to check if an atom is member of a list (the list is non-liniar)
- 2. Write a function that returns the sum of numeric atoms in a list, at any level.
- Define a function to tests the membership of a node in a n-tree represented as (root list\_of\_nodes\_subtree1 ... list\_of\_nodes\_subtreen)
   Eg. tree is (a (b (c)) (d) (E (f))) and the node is "b" => true
- 4. Write a function that returns the product of numeric atoms in a list, at any level.
- 5. Write a function that computes the sum of even numbers and the decrease the sum of odd numbers, at any level of a list.
- 6. Write a function that returns the maximum of numeric atoms in a list, at any level.
- Write a function that substitutes an element E with all elements of a list L1 at all levels of a given list L.
- 8. Write a function to determine the number of nodes on the level k from a n-tree represented as follows: (root list\_nodes\_subtree1 ... list\_nodes\_subtreen)

  Eg: tree is (a (b (c)) (d) (e (f))) and k=1 => 3 nodes
- 9. Write a function that removes all occurrences of an atom from any level of a list.
- 10. Define a function that replaces one node with another one in a n-tree represented as: root list\_of\_nodes\_subtree1... list\_of\_nodes\_subtreen)

  Eg: tree is (a (b (c)) (d) (e (f))) and node 'b' will be replace with node 'g' => tree (a (g (c)) (d) (e (f)))}
- 11. Write a function to determine the depth of a list.
- 12. Write a function that substitutes an element through another one at all levels of a given list.
- 13. Define a function that returns the depth of a tree represented as (root list\_of\_nodes\_subtree1 ... list\_of\_nodes\_subtreen)
  Eg. the depth of the tree (a (b (c)) (d) (e (f))) is 3
- 14. Write a function that returns the number of atoms in a list, at any level.
- 15. Write a function that reverses a list together with all its sublists elements, at any level.
- 16. Write a function that produces the linear list of all atoms of a given list, from all levels, and written in the same order. Eg.: (((A B) C) (D E)) --> (A B C D E)