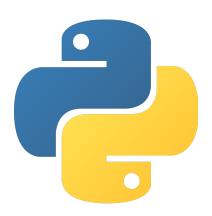
Introduction



Who am I?

- Senior Research Fellow at MPI for Innovation and Competition
- Economics PhD from University of Cape Town
- Writing code since 8th grade
- ► Taught "Python for Financial Econometrics" in Cape Town, "Computational Mathematics" (Matlab, SQL, VBA) in Cape Town, "Data acquisition for Python" at GeorgiaTech and "Introduction to Machine Learning" at GeorgiaTech
- ► Michael.Ernst.Rose@gmail.com

Who are you?

- Name, Affiliation, Status
- Which languages, how long?
- Which operating system?
- ▶ Is the computer your slave, or are you your computer's slave?

Time to download and install Python

https://www.python.org/downloads/



Course content

Timetable

Course content

Timetable

- 1. Using python, plotting and exploring data
- 2. Getting data
- 3. Managing a collaborative project
- 4. Supervised Machine Learning
- 5. Unsupervised Machine Learning
- 6. Natural Language Processing

Course Content, cont. Random Forests Neural Networks Decision Trees **Supervised Learning** k-Nearest Neighbor/ **LASSO** Linear Models Ridge Principal Component **Machine Learning** Analysis k-Means Clustering **Unsupervised Learning** Agglomerative Clustering

Course Design

- ▶ Lecture in the morning, group exercises in the afternoon
- ► Each exercise session starts with a Monty Python sketch
- ▶ 10 Minutes breaks after 50 Minutes of Teaching

Aim of the course

- Take away eventual fear of diving into Python
- Save you time finding the right tools
- Accustom you with Coding Principles
- Inform you about machine learning techniques and how to use them

Why Python?

- Interpreted, high-level, general-purpose programming language
- ▶ Can be object-oriented, imperative, functional and procedural
- Free (= no licenses)
- Large (= support and many packages)
- Centralized development
- Very good first language

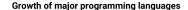
Why Python?

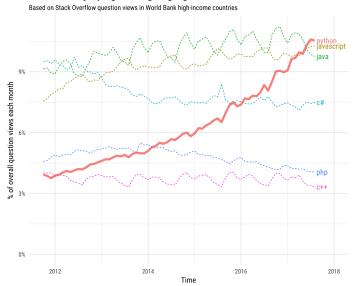
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There should be one— and preferably only one —obvious way to do it.

Although that way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch. (Tim Peters - The Zen of Python)

Python is popular and increasing in popularity





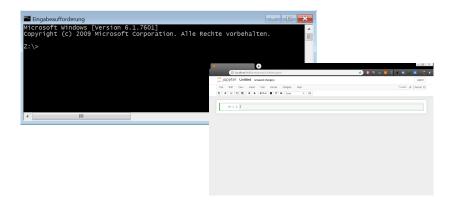
Dave Robinson, "The Incredible Growth of Python", Sep 6th 2017

How to use Python?

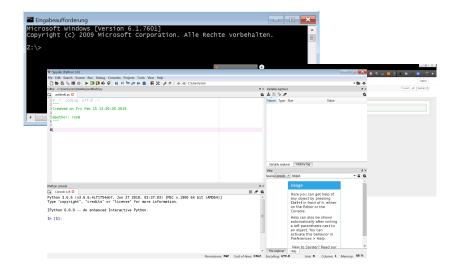
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Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. Alle Rechte vorbehalten.

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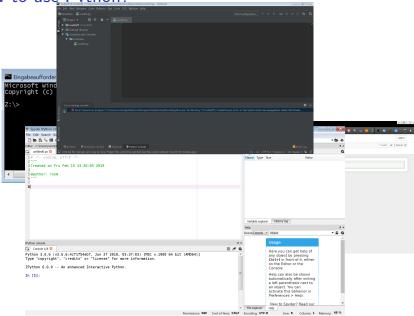
How to use Python?



How to use Python?



How to use Pvthon?



Terminal/Console

- Console uses DOS language (Windows) or shell and bash
- ► Starts python environment, Jupyter, spyder · · · ¹
- Install packages here using pip²
- Execute scripts: ./<scriptname> (unless you're on Windows)
- Get a proper text editor (Sublime 2, Notepad ++, NOT WordPad)

¹Windows users: make sure Python is the environment paths

²Windows users: make sure pip is the environment paths

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```
pip install pandas
pip install matplotlib
pip install numpy
pip install pandas --upgrade
```

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²Windows users: make sure pip is the environment paths

Jupyter Notebook

 Create a folder for this course and navigate there in your terminal

Jupyter Notebook

- Create a folder for this course and navigate there in your terminal
- ► Type pip install --upgrade pip pip install jupyter jupyter notebook
- Your browser will fire up, with cells for either text or code

Jupyter Notebook, cont.

Type in cell

```
1 %matplotlib inline
2 import numpy as np
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
5 y = np.sin(x)
6 plt.plot(x, y, marker="x")
```

Recap Python basics

Recap Python basics

What matters in Python?

- Indentation is key (convention: four spaces)
- Case-sensitive
- Variables must not start with numbers
- ▶ It's a language, not a program