UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

(Mark One)

■ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FORM 10-K

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

OR

■ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File No:.001-14469 (Simon Property Group, Inc.) Commission File No:001-36110 (Simon Property Group, L.P.)

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC. SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (Simon Property Group, Inc.) Delaware (Simon Property Group, L.P.)
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

04-6268599 (Simon Property Group, Inc.) 34-1755769 (Simon Property Group, L.P.) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

225 West Washington Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 (Address of principal executive offices) (ZIP Code) (317) 636-1600 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Name of each exchange on which registered Trading Symbols Common stock, \$0.0001 par value New York Stock Exchange 83/8% Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, **SPGJ** New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Yes ⊠ No □

\$0.0001 par value

Simon Property Group, L.P. Yes ☒ No □

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \boxtimes$

Simon Property Group, L.P. Yes □ No 💢

Simon Property Group, L.P. Yes X No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files).

> Simon Property Group, Inc. Yes ⊠ No □ Simon Property Group, L.P. Yes ☒ No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Simon Property Group, Inc.:

Simon Property Group, Inc.

Simon Property Group, Inc.

Large accelerated filer $\[oxedown$ Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company □ Emerging growth company □

Simon Property Group, L.P.:

Accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company □ Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer ⊠ Emerging growth company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

> Simon Property Group, L.P. Simon Property Group, Inc.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

Simon Property Group, L.P. ⊠ Simon Property Group, Inc. ⊠

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the corrections of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Simon Property Group, Inc.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12-b of the Act).

Simon Property Group, Inc. Yes □ No 💢

Simon Property Group, L.P. $\ \square$

Simon Property Group, L.P. Yes □ No 💢 The aggregate market value of shares of common stock held by non-affiliates of Simon Property Group, Inc. was approximately \$37,467 million based on the closing sale price on the New York Stock Exchange for such stock on June 30, 2023.

As of January 31, 2024, Simon Property Group, Inc. had 325,891,010 and 8,000 shares of common stock and Class B common stock outstanding, respectively.

Simon Property Group, L.P. had no publicly-traded voting equity as of June 30, 2023. Simon Property Group, L.P. has no common stock outstanding.

Documents Incorporated By Reference

Portions of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Proxy Statement in connection with its 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference in Part III.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the annual reports on Form 10-K for the annual period ended December 31, 2023 of Simon Property Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Simon Property Group, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Simon" mean Simon Property Group, Inc. and references to the "Operating Partnership" mean Simon Property Group, L.P. References to "we," "us" and "our" mean collectively Simon, the Operating Partnership and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by Simon and/or the Operating Partnership.

Simon is a real estate investment trust, or REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code. We are structured as an umbrella partnership REIT under which substantially all of our business is conducted through the Operating Partnership, Simon's majority-owned partnership subsidiary, for which Simon is the general partner. As of December 31, 2023, Simon owned an approximate 87.0% ownership interest in the Operating Partnership, with the remaining 13.0% ownership interest owned by limited partners. As the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, Simon has exclusive control of the Operating Partnership's day-to-day management.

We operate Simon and the Operating Partnership as one business. The management of Simon consists of the same members as the management of the Operating Partnership. As general partner with control of the Operating Partnership, Simon consolidates the Operating Partnership for financial reporting purposes, and Simon has no material assets or liabilities other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of Simon and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements.

We believe that combining the annual reports on Form 10-K of Simon and the Operating Partnership into this single report provides the following benefits:

- enhances investors' understanding of Simon and the Operating Partnership by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- eliminates duplicative disclosure and provides a more streamlined presentation since substantially all of the disclosure in this report applies to both Simon and the Operating Partnership; and
- creates time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

We believe it is important for investors to understand the few differences between Simon and the Operating Partnership in the context of how we operate as a consolidated company. The primary difference is that Simon itself does not conduct business, other than acting as the general partner of the Operating Partnership and issuing equity or equity-related instruments from time to time. In addition, Simon itself does not incur any indebtedness, as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership or entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by the Operating Partnership.

The Operating Partnership holds, directly or indirectly, substantially all of our assets, including our ownership interests in our joint ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts substantially all of our business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for the net proceeds from equity issuances by Simon, which are contributed to the capital of the Operating Partnership in exchange for, in the case of common stock issuances by Simon, common units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, or units, or, in the case of preferred stock issuances by Simon, preferred units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, or preferred units, the Operating Partnership, directly or indirectly, generates the capital required by our business through its operations, the incurrence of indebtedness, proceeds received from the disposition of certain properties and joint ventures and the issuance of units or preferred units to third parties.

The presentation of stockholders' equity, partners' equity and noncontrolling interests are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of Simon and those of the Operating Partnership. The differences between stockholders' equity and partners' equity result from differences in the equity issued at the Simon and Operating Partnership levels. The units held by limited partners in the Operating Partnership are accounted for as partners' equity in the Operating Partnership's financial statements and as noncontrolling interests in Simon's financial statements. The noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership's financial statements include the interests of unaffiliated partners in various consolidated partnerships. The noncontrolling interests in Simon's financial statements include the same noncontrolling interests at the Operating Partnership level and, as previously stated, the units held by limited partners of the Operating Partnership. Although classified differently, total equity of Simon and the Operating Partnership is the same.

To help investors understand the differences between Simon and the Operating Partnership, this report provides:

- separate consolidated financial statements for Simon and the Operating Partnership;
- a single set of notes to such consolidated financial statements that includes separate discussions of noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity or partners' equity, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and per share and per unit data, as applicable;
- a combined Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section that also includes discrete information related to each entity; and
- separate Part II, Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities sections related to each entity.

This report also includes separate Part II, Item 9A. Controls and Procedures sections and separate Exhibits 31 and 32 certifications for each of Simon and the Operating Partnership in order to establish that the requisite certifications have been made and that Simon and the Operating Partnership are each compliant with Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. §1350. The separate discussions of Simon and the Operating Partnership in this report should be read in conjunction with each other to understand our results on a consolidated basis and how management operates our business.

In order to highlight the differences between Simon and the Operating Partnership, the separate sections in this report for Simon and the Operating Partnership specifically refer to Simon and the Operating Partnership. In the sections that combine disclosure of Simon and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to actions or holdings of Simon and the Operating Partnership as being "our" actions or holdings. Although the Operating Partnership is generally the entity that directly or indirectly enters into contracts and joint ventures, holds assets and incurs debt, we believe that references to "we," "us" or "our" in this context is appropriate because the business is one enterprise and we operate substantially all of our business through the Operating Partnership.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P. Annual Report on Form 10-K December 31, 2023

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Part I

Item 1. Business

Simon Property Group, Inc. is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code. REITs will generally not be liable for U.S. federal corporate income taxes as long as they distribute not less than 100% of their REIT taxable income. Simon Property Group, L.P. is our majority-owned Delaware partnership subsidiary that owns all of our real estate properties and other assets. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Simon" mean Simon Property Group, Inc. and references to the "Operating Partnership" mean Simon Property Group, L.P. References to "we," "us" and "our" mean collectively Simon, the Operating Partnership and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by Simon and/or the Operating Partnership. According to the Operating Partnership agreement, the Operating Partnership is required to pay all expenses of Simon.

We own, develop and manage premier shopping, dining, entertainment and mixed-use destinations, which consist primarily of malls, Premium Outlets[®], and The Mills[®]. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or held an interest in 195 income-producing properties in the United States, which consisted of 93 malls, 69 Premium Outlets, 14 Mills, six lifestyle centers, and 13 other retail properties in 37 states and Puerto Rico. We also own an 84% noncontrolling interest in The Taubman Realty Group, LLC, or TRG, which has an interest in 24 regional, super-regional, and outlet malls in the U.S. and Asia. Internationally, as of December 31, 2023, we had ownership interests in 35 Premium Outlets and Designer Outlet properties primarily located in Asia, Europe and Canada. As of December 31, 2023, we also owned a 22.4% equity stake in Klépierre SA, or Klépierre, a publicly traded, Paris-based real estate company, which owns, or has an interest in, shopping centers located in 14 countries in Europe. We also own investments in retail operations (J.C. Penney and SPARC Group); an intellectual property and licensing venture (Authentic Brands Group, LLC, or ABG); an ecommerce venture (Rue Gilt Groupe, or RGG), and Jamestown (a global real estate investment and management company), collectively, our other platform investments.

For a description of our operational strategies and developments in our business during 2023, see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of this Form 10-K.

Other Policies

The following is a discussion of our investment policies, financing policies, conflict of interest policies and policies with respect to certain other activities. One or more of these policies may be amended or rescinded from time to time without a stockholder vote.

Investment Policies

While we emphasize equity real estate investments, we may also provide secured financing to or invest in equity or debt securities of other entities engaged in real estate activities or securities of other issuers consistent with Simon's qualification as a REIT. However, any of these investments would be subject to the percentage ownership limitations and gross income tests necessary for REIT qualification. These REIT limitations mean that Simon cannot make an investment that would cause its real estate assets to be less than 75% of its total assets. Simon must also derive at least 75% of its gross income directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property, including "rents from real property," dividends from other REITs and, in certain circumstances, interest from certain types of temporary investments. In addition, Simon must also derive at least 95% of its gross income from such real property investments, and from dividends, interest and gains from the sale or dispositions of stock or securities or from other combinations of the foregoing.

Subject to Simon's REIT limitations, we may invest in the securities of other issuers in connection with acquisitions of indirect interests in real estate. Such an investment would normally be in the form of general or limited partnership or membership interests in special purpose partnerships and limited liability companies that own one or more properties. We may, in the future, acquire all or substantially all of the securities or assets of other REITs, management companies or similar entities where such investments would be consistent with our investment policies. Additionally we have and may in the future make investments in entities engaged in non-real estate activities, primarily through a taxable REIT subsidiary, similar to the investments we currently hold in certain retail operations.

Financing Policies

Because Simon's REIT qualification requires us to distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, we regularly access the debt markets to raise the funds necessary to finance acquisitions, develop and redevelop properties, and refinance maturing debt. We must comply with the covenants contained in our financing agreements that limit our ratio of debt to total assets or market value, as defined. For example, the Operating Partnership's lines of credit and the indentures for the Operating Partnership's debt securities contain covenants that restrict the total amount of debt of the Operating Partnership to 65%, or 60% in relation to certain debt, of total assets, as defined under the related agreements, and secured debt to 50% of total assets. In addition, these agreements contain other covenants requiring compliance with financial ratios. Furthermore, the amount of debt that we may incur is limited as a practical matter by our desire to maintain acceptable ratings for the debt securities of the Operating Partnership. We strive to maintain investment grade ratings at all times for various business reasons, including their effect on our ability to access attractive capital, but we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so in the future.

If Simon's Board of Directors determines to seek additional capital, we may raise such capital by offering equity or incurring debt, creating joint ventures with existing ownership interests in properties, entering into joint venture arrangements for new development projects, retaining cash flows or a combination of these methods. If Simon's Board of Directors determines to raise equity capital, it may, without stockholder approval, issue additional shares of common stock or other capital stock. Simon's Board of Directors may issue a number of shares up to the amount of our authorized capital or may issue units in any manner and on such terms and for such consideration as it deems appropriate. We may also raise additional capital by issuing common units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, or units. Such securities also may include additional classes of Simon's preferred stock or preferred units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, or preferred units, which may be convertible into common stock or units, as the case may be. Existing stockholders and unitholders have no preemptive right to purchase shares or units in any subsequent issuances of securities by us. Any issuance of equity could dilute a stockholder's investment in Simon or a limited partner's investment in the Operating Partnership.

We expect most future borrowings will be made through the Operating Partnership or its subsidiaries. We might, however, incur borrowings through other entities that would be reloaned to the Operating Partnership. Borrowings may be in the form of bank borrowings, publicly and privately placed debt instruments, or purchase money obligations to the sellers of properties. Any such indebtedness may be secured or unsecured. Any such indebtedness may also have full or limited recourse to the borrower or be cross-collateralized with other debt, or may be fully or partially guaranteed by the Operating Partnership. We issue unsecured debt securities through the Operating Partnership, but we may issue other debt securities which may be convertible into common or preferred stock or be accompanied by warrants to purchase common or preferred stock. We also may sell or securitize our lease receivables. Although we may borrow to fund the payment of dividends, we currently have no expectation that we will regularly do so.

The Operating Partnership has a \$5.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or the Credit Facility, and a \$3.5 billion supplemental unsecured revolving credit facility, or Supplemental Facility, or together, the Credit Facilities. The Credit Facility can be increased in the form of additional commitments in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1.0 billion, for a total aggregate size of \$6.0 billion, subject to obtaining additional lender commitments and satisfying certain customary conditions precedent. The initial maturity date of the Credit Facility is June 30, 2027. The Credit Facility can be extended for two additional six-month periods to June 30, 2028, at our sole option, subject to satisfying certain customary conditions precedent.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Credit Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Credit Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Credit Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

The Supplemental Facility's initial borrowing capacity of \$3.5 billion may be increased to \$4.5 billion during its term. The initial maturity date of the Supplemental Facility is January 31, 2026 and can be extended for an additional year to January 31, 2027 at our sole option, subject to our continued compliance with the terms thereof.

Borrowings under the Supplemental Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Supplemental Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Supplemental Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Supplemental Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

The Operating Partnership also has available a global unsecured commercial paper note program, or Commercial Paper program, of \$2.0 billion, or the non-U.S. dollar equivalent thereof. The Operating Partnership may issue unsecured commercial paper notes, denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro and other currencies. Notes issued in non-U.S. currencies may be issued by one or more subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership and are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership. Notes are sold under customary terms in the U.S. and Euro commercial paper note markets and rank (either by themselves or as a result of the guarantee described above) *pari passu* with the Operating Partnership's other unsecured senior indebtedness. The Commercial Paper program is supported by the Credit Facilities and, if necessary or appropriate, we may make one or more draws under the Credit Facilities to pay amounts outstanding from time to time on the Commercial Paper program.

We may also finance our business through the following:

- issuance of shares of common stock or preferred stock or warrants to purchase the same;
- issuance of additional units;
- issuance of preferred units;
- issuance of other securities, including unsecured notes and mortgage debt;
- draws on our Credit Facilities:
- borrowings under the Commercial Paper program; or
- sale or exchange of ownership interests in properties.

The Operating Partnership may also issue units to contributors of properties or other partnership interests which may permit the contributor to defer tax gain recognition under the Internal Revenue Code.

We do not have a policy limiting the number or amount of mortgages that may be placed on any particular property.

Mortgage financing instruments, however, typically limit additional indebtedness on such properties. Additionally, the Credit Facilities, our unsecured note indentures and other contracts may limit our ability to borrow and contain limits on mortgage indebtedness we may incur as well as certain financial covenants we must maintain.

Typically, we invest in or form special purpose entities to assist us in obtaining secured permanent financing at attractive terms. Permanent financing may be structured as a mortgage loan on a single property, or on a group of properties, and generally requires us to provide a mortgage lien on the property or properties in favor of an institutional third party, as a joint venture with a third party, or as a securitized financing. For securitized financings, we create special purpose entities to own the properties. These special purpose entities, which are common in the real estate industry, are structured so that they would not be consolidated in a bankruptcy proceeding involving a parent company. We decide upon the structure of the financing based upon the best terms then available to us and whether the proposed financing is consistent with our other business objectives. For accounting purposes, we include the outstanding securitized debt of special purpose entities owning consolidated properties as part of our consolidated indebtedness.

Conflict of Interest Policies

We maintain policies and have entered into agreements designed to reduce or eliminate potential conflicts of interest. Simon has adopted governance principles governing the function, conduct, selection, orientation and duties of its subsidiaries and Simon's Board of Directors and the Company, as well as written charters for each of the standing

Committees of Simon's Board of Directors. In addition, Simon's Board of Directors has a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which applies to all of its officers, directors, and employees and those of its subsidiaries. At least a majority of the members of Simon's Board of Directors must qualify, and do qualify, as independent under the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, and cannot be affiliated with the Simon family, who are significant stockholders in Simon and/or unitholders in the Operating Partnership. In addition, the Audit and Compensation and Human Capital Committees of Simon's Board of Directors are comprised entirely of independent members who meet the additional independence and financial expert requirements of the NYSE as required.

The sale by the Operating Partnership of any property that it owns may have an adverse tax impact on the Simon family or other limited partners of the Operating Partnership. Any transaction between us and the Simon family, including property acquisitions, service and property management agreements and retail space leases, must be approved by the Company's Audit Committee.

In order to avoid any conflict of interest, the Simon charter requires that at least three-fourths of Simon's independent directors must authorize and require the Operating Partnership to sell any property it owns. Any such sale is subject to applicable agreements with third parties. A noncompetition agreement executed by Herbert Simon, Simon's Chairman Emeritus, and a noncompetition agreement executed by David Simon, Simon's Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, which remains in effect notwithstanding the expiration of David Simon's employment agreement in 2019, contain covenants limiting their ability to participate in certain shopping center activities.

Policies With Respect To Certain Other Activities

We intend to make investments which are consistent with Simon's qualification as a REIT, unless Simon's Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in Simon's best interests to so qualify as a REIT. Simon's Board of Directors may make such a determination because of changing circumstances or changes in the REIT requirements. Simon has authority to issue shares of its capital stock or other securities in exchange for property. We also have authority to repurchase or otherwise reacquire Simon's shares, the Operating Partnership's units, or any other securities. On May 9, 2022, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase plan commencing on May 16, 2022, or the Repurchase Program. Under the program, the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock during the two-year period ending May 16, 2024 in open market or privately negotiated transactions, at prices that the Company deems appropriate and subject to market conditions, applicable law, and other factors deemed relevant in the Company's sole discretion. On February 8 ,2024, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a new common stock repurchase program which replaces the existing Repurchase Program immediately, where the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock over the next 24 months. As Simon repurchases shares under these programs, the Operating Partnership repurchases an equal number of units from Simon. Simon may also issue shares of its common stock, or pay cash at its option, to holders of units in future periods upon exercise of such holders' rights under the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership. Our policy prohibits us from making any loans to the directors or executive officers of Simon for any purpose. We may make loans to the joint ventures in which we participate. Additionally, we may make or buy interests in loans secured by real estate properties owned by others or make investments in companies that own real estate assets.

Competition

The retail real estate industry is dynamic and competitive. We compete with numerous merchandise distribution channels, including malls, outlet centers, community/lifestyle centers, and other shopping centers in the United States and abroad. We also compete with internet retailing sites and catalogs, including our tenants, which provide retailers with distribution options beyond existing brick and mortar retail properties. The existence of competitive alternatives, accelerated by the impact of COVID-19, could have a material adverse effect on our ability to lease space and on the level of rents we can obtain. This results in competition for both the tenants to occupy the properties that we develop and manage as well as for the acquisition of prime sites (including land for development and operating properties). We believe that there are numerous factors that make our properties highly desirable to retailers, including:

- the quality, location and diversity of our properties;
- our management and operational expertise;
- our extensive experience and relationships with retailers, lenders and suppliers;
- our marketing initiatives and consumer focused strategic corporate alliances; and
- the sustainability of physical retail.

Certain Activities

During the past three years, we have:

- issued 61,251 shares of Simon common stock upon the exchange of units in the Operating Partnership;
- issued 579,197 restricted shares of Simon common stock and 72,442 long-term incentive performance units, or LTIP units, net of forfeitures, under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 2019 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2019 Plan;
- purchased 3,103,755 shares of Simon common stock in the open market for \$321.0 million pursuant to our Repurchase Program;
- issued 1,725,000 units in the Operating Partnership as part of the consideration for the acquisition of an additional 4% interest in TRG, bringing our noncontrolling ownership interest in TRG to 84%;
- redeemed 144,686 units in the Operating Partnership at an average price of \$121.61 per unit in cash;
- amended the Credit Facility to transition the borrowing rates from LIBOR to successor benchmark indexes in November 2021;
- amended, restated, extended, and increased our existing \$4.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility on March 14, 2023 with a new \$5.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility.
- amended, restated, and extended the Supplemental Facility in October 2021;
- borrowed a maximum amount of \$3.2 billion under the Credit Facilities; the outstanding amount of borrowings under the Credit Facility was \$305.0 million as of December 31, 2023. There were no borrowings under the Supplemental Facility as of December 31, 2023;
- there were no outstanding borrowings of Commercial Paper notes as of December 31, 2023; and
- provided annual reports containing financial statements audited by our independent registered public accounting firm and quarterly reports containing unaudited financial statements to our security holders.

Human Capital

At December 31, 2023, we and our affiliates employed approximately 3,000 persons at various properties and offices throughout the United States, of which approximately 500 were part-time. Approximately 1,000 of these employees were located at our corporate headquarters in Indianapolis, Indiana.

We believe our employees are the driving force behind our success. To ensure we continue to attract, develop and retain the best talent across the organization, we invest in our employees and provide equal opportunities. We offer a variety of ongoing talent programs that foster continual development, high performance and overall organizational effectiveness, including a series of leadership development programs. We conduct an annual talent-assessment process for selected business functions within our corporate and field organizations that includes plans for individual employee career development and long-term leadership succession, and also conduct an annual performance appraisal process for all regular employees.

We are focused on providing a work environment that is free from any form of discrimination or harassment for any protected class and also embraces principles of inclusiveness. We have implemented a sustainable diversity and inclusion strategy, including an internal policy, targeted solutions for employees and an annual process of assessment, action and evaluation led by our human resources department.

Our compensation program is designed to, among other things, attract, retain and motivate talented and experienced individuals using a mix of competitive salaries, bonuses, equity based awards and other benefits.

Government Regulations Affecting Our Properties

We are subject to federal, state and local environmental regulations that apply generally to the ownership of real property and the operations conducted on real property. As of December 31, 2023, we are not aware of any environmental conditions or material costs of complying with environmental or other regulations that would have a material adverse effect on our overall business, financial condition, or results of operations. However, it is possible that we are not aware of, or may become subject to, potential environmental liabilities or material costs of complying with governmental regulations that could be material. See further discussion in Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Corporate Headquarters

Our corporate headquarters are located at 225 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204, and our telephone number is (317) 636-1600.

Available Information

Simon is a large accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act) and is required, pursuant to Item 101 of Regulation S-K, to provide certain information regarding our website and the availability of certain documents filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. Our Internet website address is www.simon.com. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act are available or may be accessed free of charge through the "About Simon/Investor Relations" section of our Internet website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. Our Internet website and the information contained therein or connected thereto are not, and are not intended to be, incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The following corporate governance documents are also available through the "About Simon/Investor Relations/ Governance" section of our Internet website or may be obtained in print form by request of our Investor Relations Department: Governance Principles, Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Audit Committee Charter, Compensation and Human Capital Committees Charter, and Governance and Nominating Committee Charter.

In addition, we intend to disclose on our Internet website any amendments to, or waivers from, our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that are required to be publicly disclosed pursuant to rules of the SEC and the NYSE.

Information about our Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to Simon's executive officers as of February 22, 2024.

Name	Age	Position	
David Simon	62	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President	
John Rulli	67	Chief Administrative Officer	
Steven E. Fivel	63	General Counsel and Secretary	
Brian J. McDade	44	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	
Adam J. Reuille	49	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer	
Donald G. Frey	48	Treasurer and Executive Vice President	
Kevin M. Kelly	43	Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary	

The executive officers of Simon serve at the pleasure of Simon's Board of Directors.

Mr. Simon has served as the Chairman of Simon's Board of Directors since 2007, Chief Executive Officer of Simon or its predecessor since 1995 and assumed the position of President in 2019. Mr. Simon has also been a director of Simon or its predecessor since its incorporation in 1993. Mr. Simon was the President of Simon's predecessor from 1993 to 1996. He is the nephew of Herbert Simon.

Mr. Rulli serves as Simon's Chief Administrative Officer. Mr. Rulli joined Melvin Simon & Associates, Inc., or MSA, in 1988 and held various positions with MSA and Simon thereafter. Mr. Rulli became Chief Administrative Officer in 2007 and was promoted to Senior Executive Vice President in 2011.

Mr. Fivel serves as Simon's General Counsel and Secretary. Prior to rejoining Simon in 2011 as Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary, Mr. Fivel served as Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Brightpoint, Inc. Mr. Fivel was previously employed by MSA from 1988 until 1993 and then by Simon from 1993 to 1996. Mr. Fivel was promoted to General Counsel and Secretary in 2017.

Mr. McDade serves as Simon's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Mr. McDade joined Simon in 2007 as the Director of Capital Markets and was promoted to Senior Vice President of Capital Markets in 2013 and Treasurer in 2014. He was promoted to Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer in 2018.

Mr. Reuille serves as Simon's Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer and prior to that as Simon's Vice President and Corporate Controller. Mr. Reuille joined Simon in 2009 and was promoted to Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer in 2018.

Mr. Frey serves as Simon's Treasurer and Executive Vice President. Mr. Frey joined Simon in 2010 and most recently served as Simon's Assistant Treasurer and Senior Vice President prior to his current position which he was promoted to in 2022. Before joining Simon, Mr. Frey was an attorney with Alston & Bird LLP and Dechert LLP.

Mr. Kelly serves as Simon's Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. Mr. Kelly joined Simon in 2015 as Senior Finance Counsel and was promoted to Senior Associate, General Counsel in 2020 prior to his current position which he was promoted to in 2022. Prior to joining Simon, Mr. Kelly was an attorney with Sidley Austin, LLP and Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following factors, among others, could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements made in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and presented elsewhere by our management from time to time. These factors may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations, funds from operations, or FFO, and prospects, which we refer to herein as a material adverse effect on us or as materially and adversely affecting us, and you should carefully consider them. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or which are currently not believed to be material may also affect our actual results. We may update these factors in our future periodic reports.

Summary of Risk Factors

The following summarizes our material risk factors. However, this summary is not intended to be a comprehensive and complete list of all risk factors identified by the Company. Refer to the following pages of this section for additional details regarding these summarized risk factors and other additional risk factors identified by the Company.

- Conditions that adversely affect the general retail environment could materially and adversely affect us.
- Some of our properties depend on anchor stores or other large nationally recognized tenants to attract shoppers and we could be materially and adversely affected by the loss of one or more of these anchors or tenants.
- We face potential adverse effects from tenant bankruptcies.
- Vacant space at our properties could materially and adversely affect us.
- We may not be able to lease newly developed properties to or renew leases and relet space at existing properties with an appropriate mix of tenants or at desired rents, if at all.
- Acts of violence, civil unrest or criminal activity, actual or threatened terrorist attacks and inappropriate and unacceptable behavior by consumers at our properties could adversely affect our business operations.
- We face a wide range of competition that could affect our ability to operate profitably, including e-commerce, and the evolution of consumer preferences and purchasing habits.
- Epidemics, pandemics or other public health crisis, and governmental reactions thereto, could have a significant negative impact on our and our tenants' business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and liquidity and our ability to access the capital markets, satisfy our debt service obligations and make distributions to our shareholders.
- Some of our properties are subject to potential natural or other disasters.
- We face risks associated with climate change.
- Some of our potential losses may not be covered by insurance.
- As owners of real estate, we can face liabilities for environmental contamination, and our efforts to identify environmental liabilities may not be successful.
- We face risks associated with the acquisition, development, redevelopment and expansion of properties.
- Real estate investments are relatively illiquid.
- Simon and certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership have elected to be taxed as REITs in the United States. The failure to maintain Simon's or the Subsidiary REITs' qualifications as REITs or changes in applicable tax laws or regulations could result in adverse tax consequences.
- If the Operating Partnership fails to qualify as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, we will cease to qualify as a REIT and suffer other adverse consequences.

- Complying with REIT requirements might cause us to forgo otherwise attractive acquisition opportunities or liquidate otherwise attractive investments.
- Our ownership of TRSs is subject to certain restrictions, and we will be required to pay a 100% penalty tax on certain income or deductions if our transactions with our TRSs are not conducted on arm's-length terms.
- Dividends payable by REITs generally do not qualify for the reduced tax rates available for some dividends, which may negatively affect the value of our shares.
- The tax imposed on REITs engaging in "prohibited transactions" may limit our ability to engage in transactions which would be treated as sales for U.S. federal income tax purposes.
- REIT distribution requirements could adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to execute our business plan.
- Partnership tax audit rules could have a material adverse effect on us.
- Legislative, administrative, regulatory or other actions affecting REITs, including positions taken by the IRS, could have a material adverse effect on us and our investors.
- Provisions in Simon's charter and by-laws and in the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement could prevent a change of control.
- We have a substantial debt burden that could affect our future operations.
- The agreements that govern our indebtedness contain various covenants that impose restrictions on us that might affect our ability to operate freely.
- Disruption in the capital and credit markets may increase the cost of capital and may adversely affect our ability to access external financings for our growth and ongoing debt service requirements.
- Adverse changes in our credit ratings could affect our borrowing capacity and borrowing terms.
- An increase in interest rates would increase our interest costs on variable rate debt and could adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt on attractive terms, or at all; our hedging interest rate protection arrangements may not effectively limit our interest rate risk.
- We have limited control with respect to some properties that are partially owned or managed by third parties, which may adversely affect our ability to sell or refinance them.
- The Operating Partnership guarantees debt or otherwise provides support for a number of joint venture properties.
- An increased focus on metrics and reporting related to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors, may impose additional costs and expose us to new risks.
- Our success depends, in part, on our ability to attract, motivate, retain and develop talented employees, and our failure to do so, including the loss of any one of our key personnel, could adversely impact our business.
- We face risks associated with security breaches through cyber-attacks, cyber intrusions or otherwise, as well as other significant disruptions of our computer systems, hardware, technology infrastructure, online sites and related systems.
- Our international activities may subject us to risks that are different from or greater than those associated with our domestic operations.

Risk Related to Tenant Operations at Our Properties

Conditions that adversely affect the general retail environment could materially and adversely affect us.

Our primary source of revenue is derived from retail tenants which means that we could be materially and adversely affected by conditions that materially and adversely affect the retail environment generally, including, without limitation:

domestic issues, such as government policies and regulations, tariffs, energy prices, market dynamics, rising interest rates, inflation and limited growth in consumer income as well as from actual or perceived changes in economic conditions, which can result from global events such as international trade disputes, a foreign debt crisis, foreign currency volatility, natural disasters, war, such as the war in Ukraine and the conflict in Israel, Gaza and surrounding areas, epidemics and pandemics, the fear of spread of contagious diseases, civil unrest and terrorism;

- levels of consumer spending, changes in consumer confidence, income levels, and fluctuations in seasonal spending in the United States and internationally:
- supply chain disruptions and labor shortages;
- consumers avoiding in-person shopping generally, or at certain properties, due to a heightened level of concern for safety in public places, whether due to consumer perception of increased risk of criminal activity and civil unrest, including acts of terrorism, riots, random acts of violence, mass shootings, organized retail crime or inappropriate or unacceptable behavior of other patrons, or due to heightened sensitivity to risks associated with transmission of disease, as occurred during the COVID-19 pandemic;
- consumer perceptions of the safety, convenience and attractiveness of our properties;
- the impact on our retail tenants and demand for retail space at our properties from the increasing use of the Internet by retailers and consumers:
- the creditworthiness of our retail tenants and the availability of new creditworthy tenants and the related impact on our occupancy levels and lease income;
- local real estate conditions, such as an oversupply of, or reduction in demand for, retail space or retail goods, decreases in rental rates and declines in real estate values;
- the willingness of retailers to lease space in our properties at attractive rents, or at all;
- changes in regional and local economies, which may be affected by increased rates of unemployment, increased foreclosures, higher taxes, decreased tourism, industry slowdowns, adverse weather conditions, and other factors;
- increased operating costs and capital expenditures, whether from acquisitions, developments, redevelopments, replacing tenants or otherwise:
- reductions in international travel and tourism, resulting in fewer international retail consumers;
- changes in government policies and applicable laws and regulations, including tax, environmental, safety and zoning and political inefficiencies; and
- epidemics, pandemics or other public health crises, like the COVID-19 pandemic, and the governmental reaction thereto.

To the extent that any or a portion of these conditions occur, they are likely to impact the retail industry, our retail tenants, the emergence of new tenants, our own investments in certain retailers and brands, the demand for retail space, market rents and rent growth, the vacancy levels at our properties, the value of our properties, which could directly or indirectly materially and adversely affect our financial condition, operating results and overall asset value.

Additionally, a portion of our lease income is derived from overage rents based on sales over a stated base amount that directly depend on the sales volume of our retail tenants. Accordingly, declines in our tenants' sales performance could reduce the income produced by our properties. Over time, declines in our tenants' sales performance can also negatively impact our ability to sign new and renewal leases at desired rents.

Some of our properties depend on anchor stores or other large nationally recognized tenants to attract shoppers and we could be materially and adversely affected by the loss of one or more of these anchors or tenants.

Our properties are typically anchored by department stores and other large nationally recognized tenants. Certain of our anchors and other tenants have ceased their operations, downsized their brick-and-mortar presence or failed to comply with their contractual obligations to us and others.

Sustained adverse pressure on the results of department stores and other national retailers may have a similarly sustained adverse impact upon our own results. Certain department stores and other national retailers have experienced, and may continue to experience for the foreseeable future (given uncertainty with respect to current and future macroeconomic conditions and consumer confidence levels), considerable decreases in customer traffic in their retail stores, increased competition from alternative retail options such as those accessible via the Internet and other forms of pressure on their business models. As pressure on these department stores and other national retailers increases, their ability to maintain their stores, meet their obligations both to us and to their external lenders and suppliers, withstand takeover attempts or avoid bankruptcy and/or liquidation may be impaired and result in closures of their stores or their seeking of a lease modification with us. Any lease modification could be unfavorable to us as the lessor and could decrease

current or future effective rents or expense recovery charges. Certain other tenants are entitled to modify the economic or other terms of, or terminate, their existing leases with us in the event of such closures. Additionally, corporate merger or consolidation activity among department stores and other national retailers typically results in the closure of duplicate or geographically overlapping store locations.

If a department store or large nationally recognized tenant were to close its stores at our properties, we may experience difficulty and delay and incur significant expense in re-tenanting the space, as well as in leasing spaces in areas adjacent to the vacant store, at attractive rates, or at all. Additionally, department store or tenant closures may result in decreased customer traffic, which could lead to decreased sales at our properties. If the sales of stores operating in our properties were to decline significantly due to the closing of anchor stores or other national retailers, adverse economic conditions or other reasons, tenants may be unable to pay their minimum rents or expense recovery charges. In the event of any default by a tenant, we may not be able to fully recover, and/or may experience delays and costs in enforcing our rights as landlord to recover, amounts due to us under the terms of our leases with such parties.

We face potential adverse effects from tenant bankruptcies.

Bankruptcy filings by retailers can occur regularly in the course of our operations. Although we have not seen an increase in tenant bankruptcies in the last few years, in previous years a number of companies in the retail industry, including certain of our tenants, declared bankruptcy. If a tenant files for bankruptcy, the tenant may have the right to reject and terminate one or more of its leases with us, and we cannot be sure that it will affirm one or more of its leases and continue to make rental payments to us in a timely manner. A bankruptcy filing by, or relating to, one of our tenants would generally prohibit us from evicting this tenant, and bar all efforts by us to collect pre-bankruptcy debts from that tenant, or from their property, unless we receive an order permitting us to do so from the bankruptcy court. In addition, we cannot evict a tenant solely because of its bankruptcy. If a lease is assumed by the tenant in bankruptcy, all pre-bankruptcy balances due under the lease must be paid to us in full. If a lease is rejected, the unsecured claim we hold against a bankrupt tenant might be paid only to the extent that funds are available and only in the same percentage as is paid to all other holders of unsecured claims, and there are restrictions under bankruptcy laws that limit the amount of the claim we can make if a lease is rejected. As a result, it is likely that we would recover substantially less than the full value of any unsecured claims we hold. In addition, we may make lease modifications either pre- or post-bankruptcy for certain tenants undergoing significant financial distress in order for them to continue as a going concern. Furthermore, we may be required to incur significant expense in re-tenanting the space formerly leased to the bankrupt tenant. We continually seek to re-lease vacant spaces resulting from tenant terminations. The bankruptcy of a tenant, particularly an anchor tenant or a national tenant with multiple locations, may require a substantial redevelopment of its space, the success of which cannot be assured, and may make the re-tenanting of its space difficult and costly. Any such bankruptcies also make it more difficult to lease the remainder of the space at the affected property or properties. Future tenant bankruptcies may strain our resources and impact our ability to successfully execute our re-leasing strategy and could materially and adversely affect us.

Vacant space at our properties could materially and adversely affect us.

Certain of our properties have had vacant space available for prospective tenants, and those properties may continue to experience, and other properties may commence experiencing, such oversupply in the future. Among other causes, (1) in recent years there had been an increased number of bankruptcies of anchor stores and other national retailers, as well as store closures, and (2) there has been lower demand from retail tenants for space, due to certain retailers increasing their use of e-commerce websites to distribute their merchandise. As a result of the increased bargaining power of creditworthy retail tenants, there is downward pressure on our rental rates and occupancy levels, and this increased bargaining power may also result in us having to increase our spend on tenant improvements and potentially make other lease modifications in order to attract or retain tenants, any of which, in the aggregate, could materially and adversely affect us.

We may not be able to lease newly developed properties to or renew leases and relet space at existing properties with an appropriate mix of tenants or at desired rents, if at all.

We may not be able to lease new properties to an appropriate mix of tenants that generates optimal customer traffic. Also, when leases for our existing properties expire, the premises may not be relet or the terms of reletting, including the cost of allowances and concessions to tenants, may be less favorable than the current lease terms. Tenant preferences for properties may also change over time, like recent trends towards right-sizing portfolios, repositioning space and locations and pursuing new store concepts, and our properties may no longer align with such preferences. If we fail to identify and secure the right blend of tenants at our newly developed and existing properties that offer diversified categories and uses, such as retail, specialty entertainment, restaurants, and health and wellness, and that keep up with evolving customer preferences, our properties may not appeal to the communities they serve. If we elect to pursue a "mixed use"

redevelopment we expose ourselves to risks associated with each non-retail use (e.g., office, residential, hotel and entertainment), and the performance of our retail tenants in such properties may be negatively impacted by delays in opening and/or the performance of such non-retail uses. Additionally, an oversupply of space in the trade areas in which our properties operate could reduce market rents, negatively impacting the terms upon which we lease our properties. To the extent that our leasing goals are not achieved, we could be materially and adversely affected.

Acts of violence, civil unrest or criminal activity, actual or threatened terrorist attacks and inappropriate and unacceptable behavior by consumers at our properties could adversely affect our business operations.

Because our properties are open to the public, they are exposed to risks related to acts of violence, civil unrest and criminal activity as well as actual or threatened terrorist attacks that may be beyond our control or ability to prevent, and recently there has been an increased risk of organized retail crime and physical violence, the severity and frequency of which varies by market and location. If any of these incidents were to occur, the relevant property could face material damage physically and reputationally, and the revenue generated by such property could be negatively impacted. Consumers may also perceive a heightened threat of these risks due to increased crime in certain markets and negative media attention. Concern around safety risk may impact the willingness of consumers, tenants and tenants' employees to shop and/or work at our properties, which could result in decreased consumer foot traffic and decreased sales at our properties, directly and indirectly impacting our revenue and overall asset value.

We face a wide range of competition that could affect our ability to operate profitably, including e-commerce, and the evolution of consumer preferences and purchasing habits.

Our properties compete with other forms of retailing such as pure online retail websites as well as other types of retail properties such as single user freestanding discounters (Costco, Walmart and Target). In addition, many of our tenants are omni-channel retailers who also distribute their products through online sales and provide options to consumers like buy online pick up in store, buy online ship to store or buy online return to store. Our business currently is predominantly reliant on consumer demand for shopping at physical stores, and our business could be materially and adversely affected if we are unsuccessful in adapting our business to evolving consumer purchasing habits. The increased popularity of digital and mobile technologies has accelerated the transition of a percentage of market share from shopping at physical stores to web-based shopping, and the COVID-19 pandemic and restrictions intended to prevent its spread significantly increased the utilization of e-commerce and may, particularly in certain market segments, accelerate the long-term penetration of pure online retail. Although a brick-and-mortar presence may have a positive impact on retailers' online sales, the increased utilization of pure online shopping may lead to the closure of underperforming stores by retailers, which could impact our occupancy levels and the rates that tenants are willing to pay to lease our space. Additionally, the increase in online shopping may result in certain tenants underreporting sales at our properties which may materially and adversely impact our collection of overage rent. Examples may include, retailers and restaurants not reporting curbside pick-up sales or online sales fulfilled with store inventory, and tenants reducing store sales by including online returns processed in the store

Epidemics, pandemics or other public health crisis, and governmental reactions thereto, could have a significant negative impact on our and our tenants' business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and liquidity and our ability to access the capital markets, satisfy our debt service obligations and make distributions to our shareholders.

Epidemics, pandemics or other health crises could have, a material negative impact on economic and market conditions around the world and an adverse impact on economic activity in retail real estate, as occurred during the height of the COVID-19 pandemic. Governments and other authorities could respond to epidemics, pandemics or other health crises, by imposing or re-imposing measures intended to control the spread of disease, including restrictions on freedom of movement, group gatherings and business operations such as travel bans, border closings, business closures, quarantines, stay-at-home, shelter-in-place orders, density limitations and social distancing measures. Although we cannot determine the severity of any such measures in the future, which depend on the government's recognition of the negative impacts on local communities and infrastructure resulting from future mandates and associated government responses, any restrictions could negatively impact us, our tenants and consumer behavior.

Demand for retail space and the profitability of our properties depends, in part, on the ability and willingness of tenants to enter into and perform obligations under leases, and the willingness of customers to visit our properties. Even without strict governmental restrictions, such as those put in place during the COVID-19 pandemic, the willingness of consumers to visit our properties may be reduced and our tenants' businesses adversely affected, based upon many factors, including local transmission rates of disease, the development, availability, distribution, effectiveness and acceptance of existing and new vaccines, the effectiveness and availability of cures or treatments, and overall sensitivity to risks associated with the transmission of diseases. In addition, some of our properties are located at or within a close

proximity to tourist destinations, and these properties and our tenants' businesses may be heavily and adversely impacted by reductions in travel and tourism resulting from travel bans or restrictions and general concern regarding the risk of travel, as was the case during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Additionally, the impact of epidemics, pandemics or other public health crises, and governmental reactions thereto, on our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, liquidity and ability to satisfy our debt service obligations and make distributions to our shareholders could depend on additional factors, including:

- the financial condition and viability of our tenants, and their ability or willingness to pay rent in full;
- state, local, federal and industry-initiated tenant relief efforts that may adversely affect landlords, including us, and their ability to collect rent and/or enforce remedies for the failure to pay rent;
- the increased popularity and further utilization of e-commerce;
- our ability to renew leases or re-lease available space in our properties on favorable terms or at all, including as a result of a deterioration in
 the economic and market conditions in the markets in which we own properties or due to restrictions intended to prevent the spread of
 disease, including any government mandated closures of businesses that frustrate our leasing activities;
- a severe and prolonged disruption and instability in the global financial markets, including the debt and equity capital markets, which may
 affect our or our tenants' ability to access capital necessary to fund our or their respective business operations or repay, refinance or renew
 maturing liabilities on a timely basis, on attractive terms, or at all and may adversely affect the valuation of financial assets and liabilities,
 any of which could affect our and our tenants' ability to meet liquidity and capital expenditure requirements;
- a refusal or failure of one or more lenders under our existing or future credit facilities to fund their respective financing commitment to us
 may affect our ability to access capital necessary to fund our business operations and to meet our liquidity and capital expenditure
 requirements;
- a reduction in the cash flows generated by our properties and the values of our properties that could result in impairments or limit our ability to dispose of them at attractive prices or obtain debt financing secured by our properties;
- the complete or partial closure of one or more of our tenants' manufacturing facilities or distribution centers, temporary or long-term disruption in our tenants' supply chains from local and international suppliers and/or delays in the delivery of our tenants' inventory, any of which could reduce or eliminate our tenants' sales, cause the temporary closure of our tenants' businesses, and/or result in their bankruptcy or insolvency:
- a negative impact on consumer discretionary spending caused by high unemployment levels, reduced economic activity or a severe or prolonged recession;
- our and our tenants' ability to manage our respective businesses to the extent our and their management or personnel (including on-site employees) are impacted in significant numbers or are otherwise not willing, available or allowed to conduct work, including any impact on our tenants' ability to deliver timely information to us that is necessary for us to make effective decisions; and
- our and our tenants' ability to ensure business continuity in the event our or our tenants' continuity of operations plan is (i) not effective or improperly implemented or deployed or (ii) compromised due to increased cyber and remote access activity during such epidemic, pandemic or other public health crisis.

To the extent any of these risks and uncertainties adversely impact us in the ways described above or otherwise, they may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described herein.

Risks Related to Real Estate Holdings and Operations

Some of our properties are subject to potential natural or other disasters.

A material amount of our share of NOI is derived in states such as Florida, California, Texas and New York which are located in areas which may be subject to a higher risk of natural disasters such as tornados, floods, blizzards, hurricanes, heatwaves, fires, drought, earthquakes or tsunamis. The occurrence of natural disasters at any of our properties, which could occur more frequently, increase in intensity and may become more volatile in light of climate change, can adversely impact operations and development/redevelopment projects at our properties, increase investment costs to repair or replace damaged properties, increase future property insurance costs and negatively impact our tenants and the tenant demand for lease space. If insurance is unavailable to us or is unavailable on acceptable terms, or our

insurance is not adequate to cover losses from these events, we could be materially and adversely affected. Additionally, the occurrence of natural disasters at our corporate headquarters or one of our satellite offices could affect our ability to carry on business functions that are critical to our financial and operational viability.

We face risks associated with climate change.

Due to changes in weather patterns caused by climate change, our properties in certain markets including Florida, California, Texas and New York, where we derive a material amount of our share of NOI could experience increases in storm intensity, storm frequency and be impacted by rising sea levels. Over time, climate change could result in population migration or volatile or decreased demand for retail space at certain of our properties or, in extreme cases, our inability to operate the properties at all. Climate change may also have indirect effects on our business by increasing the cost of (or making unavailable) insurance on favorable terms, or at all, increasing the cost of energy at our properties or requiring us to spend funds to repair and protect our properties against such risks.

Some of our potential losses may not be covered by insurance.

We maintain insurance coverage with third-party carriers who provide a portion of the coverage for specific layers of potential losses, including commercial general liability, fire, flood, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on all of our properties in the United States as well as cyber coverage. The initial portion of coverage, excess of policy deductibles, not provided by third-party carriers is either insured through our wholly-owned captive insurance company or other financial arrangements controlled by us. A third party carrier has, in turn, agreed to provide, if required, evidence of coverage for this layer of losses under the terms and conditions of the carrier's policy. A similar policy either written through our captive insurance company or other financial arrangements controlled by us also provides initial coverage for property insurance and certain windstorm risks at the properties located in coastal windstorm locations.

There are some types of losses, including lease and other contract claims, which generally are not insured or are subject to large deductibles. Additionally, insurance costs and availability may be impacted in the future by factors outside of our control, like inflationary pressures or cybersecurity events. If an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occurs, we could lose all or a portion of the capital we have invested in a property, as well as the anticipated future revenue it could generate but may remain obligated for any mortgage debt or other financial obligation related to the property.

We currently maintain insurance coverage against acts of terrorism on all of our properties in the United States on an "all risk" basis in the amount of up to \$1 billion. Despite the existence of this insurance coverage, any threatened or actual terrorist attacks where we operate could materially and adversely affect our property values, revenues, consumer traffic and tenant sales.

As owners of real estate, we can face liabilities for environmental contamination, and our efforts to identify environmental liabilities may not be successful.

Many of our properties contain, or at one time contained, asbestos containing materials or underground storage tanks (primarily related to auto service center establishments or emergency electrical generation equipment), and as a result we may be subject to regulatory action in connection with U.S. federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to hazardous or toxic substances. We may also be held liable to third parties for personal injury or property damage incurred by the parties in connection with any such substances. The costs of investigation, removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances, and related liabilities, may be substantial and could materially and adversely affect us. The presence of hazardous or toxic substances, or the failure to remediate the related contamination, may also adversely affect our ability to sell, lease or redevelop a property or to borrow money using a property as collateral.

Although we believe that our portfolio is in substantial compliance with U.S. federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations regarding hazardous or toxic substances, this belief is based on limited testing. Nearly all of our U.S. properties have been subjected to Phase I or similar environmental audits. These environmental audits have not revealed, nor are we aware of, any environmental liability that we believe is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on us. However, we cannot assure you that:

- previous environmental studies with respect to the portfolio reveal all potential environmental liabilities;
- any previous owner, occupant or tenant of a property did not create any material environmental condition not known to us;
- the current environmental condition of the portfolio will not be affected by tenants and occupants, by the condition of nearby properties, or by other unrelated third parties; or
- future uses or conditions (including, without limitation, changes in applicable environmental laws and regulations or the interpretation thereof) will not result in environmental liabilities.

We face risks associated with the acquisition, development, redevelopment and expansion of properties.

We regularly acquire and develop new properties and redevelop and expand existing properties, and these activities are subject to various risks. Acquisition or construction costs of a project may be higher than projected, potentially making the project unfeasible or unprofitable, and development, redevelopment or expansions may take considerably longer than expected, delaying the commencement and amount of income from the property. These risks, and the potential impact thereof, may be exacerbated by the volume and complexity of such activity, as well as inflationary pressures, rising interest rates, supply chain disruptions and labor shortages. We may not be successful in pursuing acquisition, development or redevelopment/expansion opportunities. In addition, newly acquired, developed or redeveloped/expanded properties may not perform as well as expected, impacting our anticipated return on investment. We are subject to other risks in connection with any acquisition, development and redevelopment/expansion activities, including the following:

- we may not be able to obtain financing or to refinance loans on favorable terms, or at all;
- we may be unable to obtain zoning, occupancy or other governmental approvals;
- occupancy rates and rents may not meet our projections and the project may not be accretive;
- we may need the consent of third parties such as department stores, anchor tenants, mortgage lenders and joint venture partners, and those consents may be withheld;
- development, redevelopment or expansions may fail to appeal to the demographics of the communities they are intended to serve, including a failure to incorporate the appropriate blend of available space for tenants;
- we may not be able to integrate an acquisition into our existing operations successfully; and
- acquisitions of new properties will expose us to the liabilities of those properties, some of which we may not be aware of at the time of the
 acquisition.

If a development or redevelopment/expansion project is unsuccessful, either because it is not meeting our expectations when operational or was not completed according to the project planning, we could lose our investment in the project. Further, if we guarantee the property's financing, our loss could exceed our investment in the project.

In the event that these risks were realized at the same time at multiple properties, we could be materially and adversely affected.

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid.

Our properties represent a substantial portion of our total consolidated assets. These investments are relatively illiquid. As a result, our ability to sell one or more of our properties or investments in real estate in response to any changes in economic, industry, or other conditions may be limited. The real estate market is affected by many factors, such as general economic conditions, availability and terms of financing, interest rates and other factors, including supply and demand for space, that are beyond our control. If we want to sell a property, we cannot assure you that we will be able to dispose of it in the desired time period, or at all, or that the sales price of a property will be attractive at the relevant time or exceed the carrying value of our investment. Moreover, if a property is mortgaged, we may not be able to obtain a release of the lien on that property without the payment of the associated debt and/or a substantial prepayment penalty, which could restrict our ability to dispose of the property, even though the sale might otherwise be desirable.

Risks Relating to Income Taxes and REIT Rules

Simon and certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership have elected to be taxed as REITs in the United States. The failure to maintain Simon's or the Subsidiary REITs' qualifications as REITs or changes in applicable tax laws or regulations could result in adverse tax consequences.

In the United States, Simon and certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership have elected to be taxed as REITs under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code. We believe that Simon and these subsidiaries, or the Subsidiary REITs, have been organized and have operated in a manner which allows them to qualify for taxation as REITs under the Internal Revenue Code. We intend to continue to operate in this manner. However, qualification and taxation as REITs depend upon the ability of Simon and the Subsidiary REITs to satisfy several requirements (some of which are outside our control), including tests related to our annual operating results, asset diversification, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. The various REIT qualification tests required by the Internal Revenue Code are highly technical and complex. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that Simon or any of the Subsidiary REITs has operated in accordance with these requirements or will continue to operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT.

If Simon or any of the Subsidiary REITs fail to comply with those provisions, Simon or any such Subsidiary REIT may be subject to monetary penalties or ultimately to possible disqualification as REITs. If such events occur, and if available relief provisions do not apply:

- Simon or any such subsidiary will not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing taxable income;
- Simon or any such subsidiary will be subject to corporate-level income tax on taxable income at the corporate rate;
- Simon may be subject to the one-percent excise tax on stock repurchases imposed by the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act;
- Simon or any such Subsidiary REIT could be subject to a federal alternative minimum tax for taxable years prior to 2018 or for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2022; and
- unless entitled to relief under relevant statutory provisions, Simon or any such subsidiary will also be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost.

Any such corporate tax liability could be substantial and would reduce the amount of cash available for, among other things, our operations and distributions to stockholders. In addition, if Simon fails to qualify as a REIT, it will not be required to make distributions to our stockholders. Moreover, a failure by any Subsidiary REIT could also cause Simon to fail to qualify as a REIT, and the same adverse consequences would apply to such Subsidiary REIT and its stockholders. Failure by Simon or any of the Subsidiary REITs to qualify as a REIT also could impair our ability to expand our business and raise capital, which could materially and adversely affect us. Additionally, we are subject to certain income-based taxes, both domestically and internationally, and other taxes, including state and local taxes, franchise taxes, and withholding taxes on dividends from certain of our international investments. We currently follow local tax laws and regulations in various domestic and international jurisdictions. Should these laws or regulations change, the amount of taxes we pay may increase accordingly.

If the Operating Partnership fails to qualify as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, we will cease to qualify as a REIT and suffer other adverse consequences.

We believe that the Operating Partnership is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. As a partnership, the Operating Partnership is not subject to federal income tax on its income. Instead, each of its partners, including us, is allocated, and may be required to pay tax with respect to, such partner's share of its income. We cannot assure you that the Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, will not challenge the status of the Operating Partnership, or any other subsidiary partnership or limited liability company in which we own an interest, as a disregarded entity or partnership for federal income tax purposes, or that a court would not sustain such a challenge. If the IRS were successful in treating the Operating Partnership or any such other subsidiary as an entity taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, we would fail to meet the gross income tests and certain of the asset tests applicable to REITs and, accordingly, we would likely cease to qualify as a REIT. Also, the failure of the Operating Partnership or any subsidiary partnerships or limited liability company to qualify as a disregarded entity or partnership for applicable income tax purposes could cause it to become subject to federal and state corporate income tax, which would reduce significantly the amount of cash available for debt service and for distribution to its partners or members, including us.

Complying with REIT requirements might cause us to forgo otherwise attractive acquisition opportunities or liquidate otherwise attractive investments.

To qualify to be taxed as REITs for U.S. federal income tax purposes, Simon and the Subsidiary REITs must ensure that, at the end of each calendar quarter, at least 75% of the value of their respective assets consist of cash, cash items, government securities and "real estate assets" (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code), including certain mortgage loans and securities. The remainder of their respective investments (other than government securities, qualified real estate assets and securities issued by a taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS) generally cannot include more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of any one issuer or more than 10% of the total value of the outstanding securities of any one issuer.

Additionally, in general, no more than 5% of the value of Simon's and the Subsidiary REITs' total assets (other than government securities, qualified real estate assets and securities issued by a TRS) can consist of the securities of any one issuer, and no more than 20% of the value of their respective total assets can be represented by securities of one or more TRSs. If Simon or any of the Subsidiary REITs fails to comply with these requirements at the end of any calendar quarter, Simon or any such Subsidiary REIT must correct the failure within 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter or qualify for certain statutory relief provisions to avoid losing its REIT qualification and suffering adverse tax consequences. As a

result, we might be required to liquidate or forgo otherwise attractive investments. These actions could have the effect of reducing our income and amounts available for distribution to equity holders. Moreover, if Simon or the Subsidiary REITs are compelled to liquidate their investments to meet any of the asset, income or distribution tests, or to repay obligations to lenders, Simon or such subsidiaries may be unable to comply with one or more of the requirements applicable to REITs or may be subject to a 100% tax on any resulting gain if such sales constitute prohibited transactions.

In addition to the asset tests set forth above, to qualify to be taxed as REITs, Simon and the Subsidiary REITs must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of their respective income, the amounts they distribute to equity holders and the ownership of their respective shares. We might be unable to pursue investments that would be otherwise advantageous to us in order to satisfy the source-of-income or asset-diversification requirements for qualifying as REITs. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our ability to make certain attractive investments.

Our ownership of TRSs is subject to certain restrictions, and we will be required to pay a 100% penalty tax on certain income or deductions if our transactions with our TRSs are not conducted on arm's-length terms.

We own securities in TRSs and may acquire securities in additional TRSs in the future. A TRS is a corporation other than a REIT in which a REIT directly or indirectly holds stock, and that has made a joint election with such REIT to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary. If a TRS owns more than 35% of the total voting power or value of the outstanding securities of another corporation, such other corporation will also be treated as a TRS. Other than some activities relating to lodging and health care facilities, a TRS may generally engage in any business, including the provision of customary or non-customary services to tenants of its parent REIT. A TRS is subject to federal income tax as a regular C corporation. In addition, a 100% excise tax will be imposed on certain transactions between a TRS and its parent REIT that are not conducted on an arm's-length basis.

A REIT's ownership of securities of a TRS is not subject to the 5% or 10% asset tests applicable to REITs. Not more than 25% of the value of Simon's or any Subsidiary REIT's total assets may be represented by securities (including securities of TRSs), other than those securities includable in the 75% asset test, and not more than 20% of the value of our total assets or the assets of any Subsidiary REIT may be represented by securities of TRSs. We anticipate that the aggregate value of the stock and securities of any TRS and other nonqualifying assets that Simon or each such Subsidiary REIT owns will be less than 25% (or, in the case of securities of TRSs, 20%) of the value of Simon's or such subsidiary's total assets, and we will monitor the value of these investments to ensure compliance with applicable ownership limitations. In addition, we intend to structure transactions with any TRSs that we own to ensure that they are entered into on arm's-length terms to avoid incurring the 100% excise tax described above. There can be no assurance, however, that we will be able to comply with the above limitations or to avoid application of the 100% excise tax discussed above.

Dividends payable by REITs generally do not qualify for the reduced tax rates available for some dividends, which may negatively affect the value of our shares.

Income from "qualified dividends" payable to U.S. stockholders that are individuals, trusts and estates are generally subject to tax at preferential rates, currently at a maximum federal rate of 20%. Dividends payable by REITs, however, generally are not eligible for the preferential tax rates applicable to qualified dividend income. U.S. stockholders that are individuals, trusts and estates generally may deduct up to 20% of the ordinary dividends (e.g., dividends not designated as capital gain dividends or qualified dividend income) received from a REIT for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026. Although this deduction reduces the effective tax rate applicable to certain dividends paid by REITs (generally to 29.6% assuming the shareholder is subject to the 37% maximum rate), such tax rate is still higher than the tax rate applicable to corporate dividends that constitute qualified dividend income. Accordingly, investors who are individuals, trusts and estates may perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less attractive than investments in the stocks of non-REIT corporations that pay dividends, which could materially and adversely affect the value of the shares of REITs, including the per share trading price of our common stock.

The tax imposed on REITs engaging in "prohibited transactions" may limit our ability to engage in transactions which would be treated as sales for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A REIT's net income from prohibited transactions is subject to a 100% penalty tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property, other than foreclosure property, held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. Although we do not intend to hold any properties that would be characterized as held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our business, such characterization is a factual determination (unless a sale or disposition qualifies under certain statutory safe harbors), and no guarantee can be given that the IRS would agree with our characterization of our properties or that we will always be able to make use of the available safe harbors.

REIT distribution requirements could adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to execute our business plan.

In order for Simon and the Subsidiary REITs to qualify to be taxed as REITs, and assuming that certain other requirements are also satisfied, each generally must distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and excluding any net capital gains, to their respective equity holders each year. To the extent that Simon or any such Subsidiary REIT satisfies this distribution requirement and qualifies for taxation as a REIT, but distributes less than 100% of its REIT taxable income, Simon or such subsidiary will be subject to U.S. federal corporate income tax on its undistributed net taxable income and could be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax if the actual amount that is distributed to equity holders in a calendar year is less than the minimum required distribution amount. We intend to make distributions to the equity holders of Simon and the Subsidiary REITs to comply with the REIT requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

From time to time, Simon and the Subsidiary REITs might generate taxable income greater than their respective cash flow as a result of differences in timing between the recognition of taxable income and the actual receipt of cash or the effect of nondeductible capital expenditures, the creation of reserves, or required debt or amortization payments. If the applicable REIT does not have other funds available in these situations, it could be required to access capital on unfavorable terms (the receipt of which cannot be assured), sell assets at disadvantageous prices, distribute amounts that would otherwise be invested in future acquisitions, capital expenditures or repayment of debt, or make taxable distributions of capital stock or debt securities to make distributions sufficient to enable it to pay out enough of its REIT taxable income to satisfy the REIT distribution requirement and avoid corporate income tax and the 4% excise tax in a particular year. These alternatives could increase costs or reduce our equity. Further, amounts distributed will not be available to fund the growth of our business. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may adversely affect our liquidity and our ability to execute our business plan.

Partnership tax audit rules could have a material adverse effect on us.

Under the rules applicable to U.S. federal income tax audits of partnerships, subject to certain exceptions, any audit adjustment to items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of a partnership (and any partner's distributive share thereof) is determined, and taxes, interest, or penalties attributable thereto could be assessed and collected, at the partnership level. Absent available elections, it is possible that a partnership in which we directly or indirectly invest could be required to pay additional taxes, interest and penalties as a result of an audit adjustment, and we, as a direct or indirect partner of these partnerships, could be required to bear the economic burden of those taxes, interest, and penalties even though Simon and the Subsidiary REITs, as REITs, may not otherwise have been required to pay additional corporate-level taxes had they owned the assets of the partnership directly. The partnership tax audit rules apply to the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries that are classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes. There can be no assurance that these rules will not have a material adverse effect on us.

Legislative, administrative, regulatory or other actions affecting REITs, including positions taken by the IRS, could have a material adverse effect on us and our investors.

The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process, and by the IRS and the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or the Treasury. Changes to the tax laws or interpretations thereof by the IRS and the Treasury, with or without retroactive application, could materially and adversely affect us and our investors. We cannot predict how changes in the tax laws might affect our investors and us. New legislation, Treasury regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions could significantly and negatively affect the ability of Simon and the Subsidiary REITs to qualify to be taxed as REITs and/or the U.S. federal income tax consequences to us and our investors of such qualification. Moreover, the law relating to the tax treatment of other entities, or an investment in other entities, could change, making an investment in such other entities more attractive relative to an investment in a REIT.

Provisions in Simon's charter and by-laws and in the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement could prevent a change of control.

Simon's charter contains a general restriction on the accumulation of shares in excess of 8% of its capital stock. The charter permits the members of the Simon family and related persons to own up to 18% of Simon's capital stock. Ownership for such purpose is determined based on the number of outstanding shares, voting power or value controlled, whichever is most restrictive. Simon's Board of Directors may, by majority vote, permit exceptions to those levels in circumstances where it determines that Simon's ability to qualify as a REIT will not be jeopardized. These restrictions on ownership may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interest of Simon's stockholders or the Operating Partnership's unitholders or preferred unitholders. Other

provisions of Simon's charter and by-laws could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control even if some of Simon's stockholders or the Operating Partnership's unitholders or preferred unitholders deem such a change to be in their best interests. These include provisions preventing holders of Simon's common stock from acting by written consent and requiring that up to four directors in the aggregate may be elected by holders of Class B common stock. In addition, certain provisions of the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control. These include a provision requiring the consent of a majority in interest of units in order for Simon, as general partner of the Operating Partnership, to, among other matters, engage in a merger transaction or sell all or substantially all of its assets.

Risks Related to Indebtedness and the Financial Markets

We have a substantial debt burden that could affect our future operations.

As of December 31, 2023, our consolidated mortgages and unsecured indebtedness, excluding related premium, discount and debt issuance costs, totaled \$26.2 billion. As a result of this indebtedness, we are required to use a substantial portion of our cash flows for debt service, including selected repayment at scheduled maturities, which limits our ability to use those cash flows to fund the growth of our business. We are also subject to the risks normally associated with debt financing, including the risk that our cash flows from operations will be insufficient to meet required debt service or that we will be able to refinance such indebtedness on acceptable terms, or at all. Our debt service costs generally will not be reduced if developments at the applicable property, such as the entry of new competitors or the loss of major tenants, cause a reduction in the income from the property. Our indebtedness could also have other adverse consequences on us, including reducing our access to capital or increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic, industry and market conditions. In addition, if a property is mortgaged to secure payment of indebtedness and income from such property is insufficient to pay that indebtedness, the property could be foreclosed upon by the mortgagee resulting in a loss of income and a decline in our total asset value. If any of the foregoing occurs, we could be materially and adversely affected.

The agreements that govern our indebtedness contain various covenants that impose restrictions on us that might affect our ability to operate freely.

We have a variety of unsecured debt, including the Credit Facilities, senior unsecured notes and commercial paper, and secured property level debt. Certain of the agreements that govern our indebtedness contain covenants, including, among other things, limitations on our ability to incur secured and unsecured indebtedness, sell all or substantially all of our assets and engage in mergers and certain acquisitions. In addition, certain of the agreements that govern our indebtedness contain financial covenants that require us to maintain certain financial ratios, including certain coverage ratios. These covenants may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives or certain transactions that might otherwise be advantageous to us. In addition, our ability to comply with these provisions might be affected by events beyond our control. Failure to comply with any of our financing covenants could result in an event of default, which, if not cured or waived, could accelerate the related indebtedness as well as other of our indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on us.

Disruption in the capital and credit markets may increase the cost of capital and may adversely affect our ability to access external financings for our growth and ongoing debt service requirements.

We depend on external financings, principally debt financings, to fund the growth of our business, execute on our business model, and to ensure that we can meet ongoing maturities of our outstanding debt. Our access to financing depends on our credit ratings, the willingness of lending institutions and other debt investors to grant credit to us and conditions in the capital markets in general, which can impact both our cost of capital and, to a lesser degree, our ability to access capital. An economic recession may cause extreme volatility and disruption in the capital and credit markets. We rely upon the Credit Facilities as sources of funding for numerous transactions. Our access to these funds is dependent upon the ability of each of the participants to the Credit Facilities to meet their funding commitments to us. When markets are volatile, access to capital and credit markets could be disrupted over an extended period of time and one or more financial institutions may not have the available capital to meet their previous commitments to us. The failure of one or more participants to the Credit Facilities to meet their funding commitments to us could have a material adverse effect on us, including as a result of making it difficult to obtain the financing we may need for future growth and/or meeting our debt service requirements. Additionally, a high interest rate environment, as we are currently experiencing, and which the Company believes will continue in 2024, could prevent us from accessing capital at attractive interest rates, which could adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt at maturity as well as our ability to fund development and/or opportunistic acquisition activities. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain the financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all.

Adverse changes in our credit ratings could affect our borrowing capacity and borrowing terms.

The Operating Partnership's outstanding senior unsecured notes, the Credit Facilities, the Commercial Paper program, and Simon's preferred stock are periodically rated by nationally recognized credit rating agencies. The credit ratings are based on our operating performance, liquidity and leverage ratios, financial condition and prospects, and other factors viewed by the credit rating agencies as relevant to us and our industry and the economic outlook in general. Our credit ratings can affect the amount of capital we can access, as well as the terms of any financing we obtain. Since we depend primarily on debt financing to fund the growth of our business, an adverse change in our credit ratings, including actual changes and changes in outlook, or even the initiation of a review of our credit ratings that could result in an adverse change, could have a material adverse effect on us.

An increase in interest rates would increase our interest costs on variable rate debt and could adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt on attractive terms, or at all; our hedging interest rate protection arrangements may not effectively limit our interest rate risk

As of December 31, 2023, we had approximately \$328.0 million of outstanding consolidated indebtedness that bears interest at variable rates, and we may incur more variable rate indebtedness in the future. When interest rates increase, then so does the interest costs on our unhedged variable rate debt, which could adversely affect our cash flows and our ability to pay principal and interest on our debt and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. Further, rising interest rates could limit our ability to refinance existing debt when it matures or significantly increase our future interest expense.

We selectively manage our exposure to interest rate risk by a combination of interest rate protection agreements to effectively fix or cap all or a portion of our variable rate debt. In addition, we refinance fixed rate debt at times when we believe rates and other terms are appropriate. Our efforts to manage these exposures may not be successful.

Our use of interest rate hedging arrangements to manage risk associated with interest rate volatility may expose us to additional risks, including a risk that a counterparty to a hedging arrangement may fail to honor its obligations or that we could be required to fund our contractual payment obligations under such arrangements in relatively large amounts or on short notice. Developing an effective interest rate risk strategy is complex and no strategy can completely insulate us from risks associated with interest rate fluctuations. There can be no assurance that our hedging activities will have the desired beneficial impact on our results of operations, liquidity and financial condition. Termination of these hedging agreements typically involves costs, such as transaction fees or breakage costs.

Risks Related to Joint Ventures

We have limited control with respect to some properties that are partially owned or managed by third parties, which may adversely affect our ability to sell or refinance them.

As of December 31, 2023, we owned interests in 100 income-producing properties with other parties. Of those, 19 properties are included in our consolidated financial statements. We apply the equity method of accounting to the other 81 properties (the joint venture properties) and our investments in Klépierre (a publicly traded, Paris-based real estate company), The Taubman Realty Group, LLC, or TRG, and Jamestown, as well as our investments in certain entities involved in retail operations, such as J.C. Penney and SPARC Group; intellectual property and licensing venture, such as Authentic Brands Group, LLC, or ABG; and an e-commerce venture Rue Gilt Groupe, or RGG, (collectively, our other platform investments). We serve as general partner or property manager for 51 of these 81 joint venture properties; however, certain major decisions, such as approving the operating budget and selling, refinancing, and redeveloping the properties, require the consent of the other owners. Of the joint venture properties for which we do not serve as general partner or property manager, 24 are in our international joint ventures. These international properties are managed locally by joint ventures in which we share control of the properties with our partner. The other owners have participating rights that we consider substantive for purposes of determining control over the joint venture properties' assets. The remaining joint venture properties, Klépierre, TRG, Jamestown, and our joint ventures with ABG, J.C. Penney, RGG, and SPARC Group are managed by third parties.

These investments, and other future similar investments, could involve risks that would not be present were a third party not involved, including the possibility that partners or other owners might become bankrupt, suffer a deterioration in their creditworthiness, or fail to fund their share of required capital contributions. If one of our partners or other owners in these investments were to become bankrupt, we may be precluded from taking certain actions regarding our investments without prior court approval, which at a minimum may delay the actions we would or might want to take. Additionally, partners or other owners could have economic or other business interests or goals that are inconsistent with our own business interests or goals, and could be in a position to take actions contrary to our policies or objectives.

These investments, and other future similar investments, also have the potential risk of creating impasses on decisions, such as a sale, financing or development, because neither we nor our partner or other owner has full control over the partnership or joint venture. Disputes between us and partners or other owners might result in litigation or arbitration that could increase our expenses and prevent Simon's officers and/or directors from focusing their time and efforts on our business. Consequently, actions by, or disputes with, partners or other owners might result in subjecting properties owned by the partnership or joint venture to additional risk. In addition, we risk the possibility of being liable for the actions of our partners or other owners.

The Operating Partnership guarantees debt or otherwise provides support for a number of joint venture properties.

Joint venture debt is the liability of the joint venture and is typically secured by a mortgage on the joint venture property, which is non-recourse to us. Nevertheless, the joint venture's failure to satisfy its debt obligations could result in the loss of our investment therein. As of December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership guaranteed joint venture-related mortgage indebtedness of \$139.2 million. A default by a joint venture under its debt obligations would expose us to liability under a guaranty. We may elect to fund cash needs of a joint venture through equity contributions (generally on a basis proportionate to our ownership interests), advances or partner loans, although such fundings are not typically required contractually or otherwise.

General Risk Factors

An increased focus on metrics and reporting related to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors, may impose additional costs and expose us to new risks.

Investors and other stakeholders have become more focused on understanding how companies address a variety of ESG factors. As they evaluate investment decisions, many investors look not only at company disclosures but also to ESG rating systems that have been developed by third parties to allow ESG comparisons among companies. Although we participate in a number of these ratings systems, we do not participate in all such systems. The criteria used in these ratings systems may conflict and change frequently, and we cannot predict how these third parties will score us, nor can we have any assurance that they score us accurately or other companies accurately or that other companies have provided them with accurate data. We supplement our participation in ratings systems with published disclosures of our ESG activities, but some investors may desire other disclosures that we do not provide. In addition, the SEC is currently evaluating potential rule making that could mandate additional ESG disclosure and impose other requirements on us. In addition, some of the domestic and foreign jurisdictions in which we operate could mandate additional ESG disclosure and impose additional requirements on us. For example, in October 2023, California passed two bills that require certain companies that do business in California to disclose their GHG emissions and climate-related financial risks starting in 2026. Failure to participate in certain of the third party ratings systems, failure to score well in those ratings systems, failure to provide certain ESG disclosures, or unfavorable comparisons in these areas to other companies could result in reputational harm when employees, investors, partners and tenants are making employment, investment and business choices, and could cause certain investors to be unwilling to invest in our stock which could adversely impact our stock price.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to attract, motivate, retain and develop talented employees, and our failure to do so, including the loss of any one of our key personnel, could adversely impact our business.

The success of our business depends, in part, on the leadership and performance of our executive management team and key employees, including our CEO, who operate without the existence of employment agreements. Many of our senior executives have extensive experience and strong reputations in the real estate industry, which aid us in identifying opportunities and negotiating with tenants. Our ability to attract, motivate and retain talented employees, and develop talent internally, could significantly impact our future performance. Competition for these individuals is intense, and we cannot assure you that we will retain our executive management team and other key employees or that we will be able to attract, motivate, retain and/or develop other highly qualified individuals for these positions in the future. Additionally, the compensation and benefits packages we may need to offer to remain competitive for these individuals could increase the cost of replacement and retention. Losing any one or more of these persons could adversely affect our business, disrupt short-term operational performance, diminish our opportunities and weaken our relationships with lenders, business partners, existing and prospective tenants and others, which could have a material adverse effect on us.

We face risks associated with security breaches through cyber-attacks, cyber intrusions or otherwise, as well as other significant disruptions of our computer systems, hardware, technology infrastructure, online sites and related systems.

We rely on computer systems, hardware, software, technology infrastructure and online sites for the operation of our business and our ability to perform day-to-day operations (collectively, "IT Systems") and, in some cases, our IT

Systems may be critical to the operations of certain of our tenants. We own and manage some of these IT Systems but also rely on third parties for a range of IT Systems and related products and services. And we collect, maintain and process confidential, sensitive, and proprietary information about investors, tenants, partners, businesses, our employees, and others, including personally identifiable information, as well as confidential, sensitive, and proprietary information belonging to our business such as trade secrets (collectively, "Confidential Information."). We face numerous and evolving cybersecurity risks that threaten the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our IT Systems and Confidential Information. The risk of a cyber incident has generally increased as the number, intensity and sophistication of attempted attacks have increased globally, including by computer hackers, foreign governments, information service interruptions and cyber terrorists, opportunistic hackers and hacktivists, as well as through diverse attack vectors, such as social engineering/phishing, malware (including ransomware), malfeasance by insiders, human or technological error, and as a result of bugs, misconfigurations or exploited vulnerabilities in software or hardware. Techniques used in cyber incidents evolve frequently, may originate from less regulated and remote areas of the world and be difficult to detect and may not be recognized until launched against a target. Accordingly, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate security barriers or other preventative measures, and thus it is impossible for us to entirely mitigate this risk. For example, unauthorized parties, whether within or outside the Company, may disrupt or gain access to our IT Systems, those of other third parties with whom we do business, through human error, misfeasance, fraud, trickery, or other forms of deceit, including break-ins, use of stolen credentials, social engineering, phishing, computer viruses or othe

The risk of a security breach or significant disruption has generally increased due to our increased reliance on technology, a rise in the number, intensity, and sophistication of attempted attacks globally, and the permanent nature of remote work as business travel has resumed and people now routinely work remotely outside of normal business hours. A breach or significant and extended disruption in the functioning of our systems, including our primary website, could damage our reputation and cause us to lose customers, tenants and revenues, generate third party claims, cause operational disruption, result in the unintended and/or unauthorized public disclosure or the misappropriation of Confidential Information, and require us to incur significant expenses to address and remediate or otherwise resolve these kinds of issues. We may not be able to recover these expenses in whole or in any part from our service providers or responsible parties, or their or our insurers.

Additionally, cyber-attacks perpetrated against our tenants, including unauthorized access to customers' credit card data and other confidential information, could diminish consumer confidence and spending at our tenants, or negatively impact consumer perception of shopping at our properties, all of which could materially and adversely affect us.

As have many companies, we and our third party vendors have been impacted by security incidents in the past and will likely continue to experience security incidents of varying degrees. While we do not believe these incidents have had a material impact to date, as our reliance on technology increases, so do the risks of a security incident. The occurrence of any of the foregoing risks could have a material adverse effect on us.

In addition, our processing of Confidential Information, including personally identifiable information, subjects us to various federal, state and local laws, regulations and industry standards governing the collection, use, storage, sharing, transmission and other processing of personal information. The regulatory environment surrounding information security and privacy is increasingly demanding, with frequent imposition of new and changing requirements that are subject to differing interpretations. Any failure or perceived failure by us to comply with laws, regulations, policies or regulatory guidance relating to privacy or data security may result in governmental investigations and enforcement actions, litigation, fines and penalties or adverse publicity and could cause our investors to lose trust in us, which could have an adverse effect on our reputation and business.

There can be no assurance that our cybersecurity risk management program and processes, including our policies, controls or procedures, will be fully implemented, complied with or effective in protecting our systems and information.

Our international activities may subject us to risks that are different from or greater than those associated with our domestic operations.

As of December 31, 2023, we held interests in consolidated and joint venture properties that operate in Austria, Canada, France, Italy, Germany, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, South Korea, Spain, Thailand, and the United Kingdom. We also have an equity stake in Klépierre, a publicly traded European real estate company which operates in 14 countries in Europe, and in TRG, which has an interest in regional, super-regional, and outlet malls in the United States and Asia. Accordingly, our operating results and the value of our international operations may be impacted by any unhedged movements in the foreign currencies in which those operations transact and in which our net investment in those international operations is held. While we occasionally enter into hedging agreements to manage our exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates, these agreements may not eliminate foreign currency risk entirely.

We may pursue additional investment, ownership, development and redevelopment/expansion opportunities outside the United States. Such international activities carry risks that are different from those we face with our domestic properties and operations. These risks include, but are not limited to:

- adverse effects of changes in exchange rates for foreign currencies;
- changes in foreign political and economic environments, regionally, nationally, and locally;
- impact from international trade disputes and the associated impact on our tenants' supply chain and consumer spending levels;
- challenges of complying with a wide variety of foreign laws, including corporate governance, operations, taxes and litigation;
- the risk that we, our employees and/or agents could violate anti-bribery, anti-corruption and international trade laws in the U.S., such as the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, and certain foreign countries, such as the U.K. Bribery Act, which could result in criminal or civil sanctions and/or fines, negatively impact our reputation, or require us to incur significant expenses to investigate;
- differing lending practices;
- differences in cultures and consumer retail behavior;
- changes in applicable laws and regulations in the United States that affect international operations;
- changes in applicable laws and regulations in these foreign jurisdictions;
- difficulties in managing international operations;
- obstacles to the repatriation of earnings and cash; and
- labor discord, political or civil unrest, acts of terrorism, epidemics and pandemics, including COVID-19, the fear of spread of contagious diseases, supply chain disruptions or the threat of international boycotts.

Our international activities represented approximately 6.4% of consolidated net income and 9.4% of our net operating income, or NOI, for the year ended December 31, 2023. To the extent that we expand our international activities, the above risks could increase in significance, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on us.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity Risk Management and Strategy

We have developed and implemented a cybersecurity risk management program intended to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of our critical systems and information. We execute a risk-based approach to identify and assess the cybersecurity threats that could affect our business and information systems. Our cybersecurity risk management program includes a cybersecurity incident response plan and dedicated cybersecurity incident response team ("CSIRT"). We do not have actual or contractual access to the systems or information maintained by our tenants, who maintain their own cybersecurity risk management programs to protect their operations from various risks from cybersecurity threats.

We use the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework and CIS Critical Security Controls as a guide to help us identify, assess, and manage cybersecurity risks relevant to our business. This does not imply that we meet any particular technical standards, specifications, or requirements.

Our cybersecurity risk management program is integrated with our overall enterprise risk management program, and shares common methodologies, reporting channels and governance processes that apply across the enterprise risk management program to other legal, compliance, strategic, operational, public relations and financial risk areas.

Our cybersecurity risk management program includes the following key elements:

 risk assessments designed to help identify material cybersecurity risks to our critical systems, information, services, and our broader enterprise information technology (IT) environment;

- a team comprised of IT security, infrastructure, and compliance personnel principally responsible for directing (1) our cybersecurity risk assessment processes, (2) our security processes, and (3) our response to cybersecurity incidents, supported by legal, human resources, corporate security and other internal resources;
- the use of external cybersecurity service providers, where appropriate, to assess, test or otherwise assist with aspects of our security processes, which enable us to leverage specialized knowledge and insights, with the goal of ensuring our cybersecurity strategies and processes remain at the forefront of industry best practices;
- cybersecurity awareness training of employees with access to our IT systems;
- a cybersecurity incident response plan and Security Operations Center ("SOC") to respond to cybersecurity incidents; and
- a third-party risk management process for service providers.

We have not identified risks from known cybersecurity threats, including as a result of any prior cybersecurity incidents, that have materially affected us, including our operations, business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. We face certain ongoing risks from cybersecurity threats that, if realized, are reasonably likely to materially affect us, including our operations, business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. See further discussion in Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Cybersecurity Governance

Our Board of Directors considers cybersecurity risk as critical to the enterprise and delegates the cybersecurity risk oversight function to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee oversees and is regularly updated on management's design, implementation and enforcement of our cybersecurity risk management program. The Audit Committee is composed of board members with diverse expertise including, risk management, technology, and finance, equipping them to oversee cybersecurity risks.

Our Chief Financial Officer periodically provides reports to the Audit Committee, and, together with our Chief Technology Officer and Director of Cybersecurity, leads the Company's overall cybersecurity function. The Audit Committee receives regular reports on our cybersecurity risks, including briefings on our cyber risk management program and cybersecurity incidents. Audit Committee members also receive periodic presentations on cybersecurity, IT and data protection topics.

Our Chief Financial Officer oversees our CSIRT, whose members have years of experience working in cybersecurity and certifications including CISSP (Certified Information Systems Security Professional), CCSP (Certified Cloud Security Professional), CGRC (Certification in Governance of Enterprise IT), GIAC (Global Information Assurance Certification) and GCED (GIAC Certified Enterprise Defender). Our CSIRT supervises efforts to prevent, detect, mitigate, and remediate cybersecurity risks and incidents through various means, which include briefings from internal security personnel; threat intelligence and other information obtained from governmental, public or private sources, including external cybersecurity service providers; and alerts and reports produced by security tools deployed in the IT environment.

The CSIRT is responsible for assessing and managing our material risks from cybersecurity threats. They have primary responsibility for leading our overall cybersecurity risk management program and supervise both our internal cybersecurity personnel and our external cybersecurity service providers.

Item 2. Properties

United States Properties

Our U.S. properties primarily consist of malls, Premium Outlets, The Mills, lifestyle centers and other retail properties. These properties contain an aggregate of approximately 171.8 million square feet of gross leasable area, or GLA.

Malls typically contain at least one department store anchor or a combination of anchors and big box retailers with a wide variety of smaller stores connecting the anchors. Additional stores are usually located along the perimeter of the parking area. Our 93 malls are generally enclosed centers and range in size from approximately 270,000 to 2.7 million square feet of GLA.

Premium Outlets generally contain a wide variety of designer and manufacturer stores located in open-air centers. Our 69 Premium Outlets range in size from approximately 150,000 to 920,000 square feet of GLA. The Premium Outlets are generally located within a close proximity to major metropolitan areas and/or tourist destinations.

The 14 properties in The Mills generally range in size from 1.2 million to 2.4 million square feet of GLA and are located in major metropolitan areas. They have a combination of traditional mall, outlet center, big box retailers and entertainment uses.

We also have interests in six lifestyle centers and 13 other retail properties. The lifestyle centers range in size from 170,000 to 950,000 square feet of GLA. The other retail properties range in size from approximately 200,000 to 1.2 million square feet of GLA and are considered non-core to our business model.

As of December 31, 2023, approximately 95.8% of the owned GLA in malls and Premium Outlets was leased and approximately 97.8% of the owned GLA for The Mills was leased.

We wholly own 130 of our properties, effectively control 11 properties in which we have a joint venture interest, and hold the remaining 54 properties through unconsolidated joint venture interests. We are the managing or co-managing general partner or member of 188 properties in the United States. Certain of our joint venture properties are subject to various rights of first refusal, buy-sell provisions, put and call rights, or other sale or marketing rights for partners which are customary in real estate partnership agreements and the industry. We and our partners in these joint ventures may initiate these provisions (subject to any applicable lock up or similar restrictions) which may result in either the sale of our interest or the use of available cash or borrowings, or the use of Operating Partnership units, to acquire the joint venture interest from our partner.

We own an 84% noncontrolling interest in TRG, which has an interest in 20 regional, super-regional, and outlet malls in the U.S. Our effective ownership in these properties, through our investment in TRG, ranges from 40.7% to 84%.

The following property table summarizes certain data for our malls, Premium Outlets, The Mills, lifestyle centers and other retail properties located in the United States, including Puerto Rico, as of December 31, 2023.

Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (3)	Legal Ownership	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Larger Retailers and Uses
Malls								
Apple Blossom Mall	VA	Winchester	Fee	49.1 % (4)	Acquired 1999	89.3 %	473,909	Belk, JCPenney, AMC Cinemas
2. Auburn Mall	MA	Auburn	Fee	56.4 % (4)	Acquired 1999	95.7 %	498,585	Macy's, Reliant Medical (15)
3. Aventura Mall (1)	FL	Miami Beach (Miami)	Fee	33.3 % (4)	Built 1983	93.7 %	2,125,039	Bloomingdale's, Macy's (8), JCPenney, Nordstrom, Equinox Fitness Clubs, AMC Theatres
Barton Creek Square	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1981	93.8 %	1,450,120	Nordstrom, Macy's, Dillard's (8), JCPenney, AMC Theatres
Battlefield Mall	MO	Springfield	Fee and Ground Lease (2056)	100.0 %	Built 1970	97.6 %	1,202,894	Macy's, Dillard's (8), JCPenney
6. Bay Park Square	WI	Green Bay	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1980	94.6 %	690,367	Kohl's, Marcus Cinema 16, Dave & Buster's, Steinhafel Furniture, Hy-Vee
7. Brea Mall	CA	Brea (Los Angeles)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	98.7 %	1,312,469	Nordstrom, Macy's (8), JCPenney, Life Time (6), Dick's Sporting Goods (6)
8. Briarwood Mall	MI	Ann Arbor	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2007	94.7 %	978,578	Macy's, JCPenney, Von Maur, Harvest Market (6), Hilton Garden Inn (15), Towne Place Suites by Marriott (15)
9. Brickell City Centre (1)	FL	Miami	Fee	25.0 % (4)	Built 2016	92.7 %	474,976	Saks Fifth Avenue, Cinemex, EAST Miami Hotel (15)
10. Broadway Square	TX	Tyler	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1994	98.3 %	613,188	Dillard's, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, HomeGoods, Party City
11. Burlington Mall	MA	Burlington (Boston)	Fee and Ground Lease (2026) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	93.0 %	1,257,403	Macy's, Nordstrom, Crate & Barrel, Primark, Arhaus Furniture
12. Cape Cod Mall	MA	Hyannis	Fee and Ground Leases (2029- 2073) (7)	56.4 % (4)	Acquired 1999	89.8 %	712,316	Macy's (8), Best Buy, Marshalls, Barnes & Noble, Regal Cinema, Target, Dick's Sporting Goods, Planet Fitness
13. Castleton Square	IN	Indianapolis	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1972	93.1 %	1,378,543	Macy's, Von Maur, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, AMC Theatres
14. Cielo Vista Mall	TX	El Paso	Fee and Ground Lease (2027) (7)	100.0 %	Built 1974	97.4 %	1,244,921	Macy's, Dillard's (8), JCPenney, Sears, Cinemark Theatres
15. Coconut Point	FL	Estero	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 2006	94.6 %	1,122,671	Dillard's, Barnes & Noble (10), Best Buy, DSW, Office Max, PetSmart, Ross, T.J. Maxx, Super Target, Michael's, Total Wine & More, JoAnn Fabrics, Home Centric, PGA TOUR Superstore, Hyatt Place Coconut Point (15), TownePlace Suites by Marriott (15)
16. College Mall	IN	Bloomington	Fee and Ground Lease (2048) (7)	100.0 %	Built 1965	86.0 %	610,243	Target, Dick's Sporting Goods, Fresh Thyme, Dave & Buster's (6)
17. Columbia Center	WA	Kennewick	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1987	95.0 %	763,262	Macy's (8), JCPenney, Barnes & Noble, DSW, Home Goods, Dick's Sporting Goods, JoAnn Fabrics
18. Copley Place	MA	Boston	Fee	94.4 % (11)	Acquired 2002	91.2 %	1,258,499	Neiman Marcus, Saks Fifth Avenue Men's, Boston Marriott Copley Place (15), The Westin Copley Place (15)
19. Coral Square	FL	Coral Springs (Miami)	Fee	97.2 %	Built 1984	94.9 %	944,930	Macy's (8), JCPenney, Kohl's
20. Cordova Mall	FL	Pensacola	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	98.8 %	932,823	Dillard's, Belk, Best Buy, Cost Plus World Market, Ross, Dick's Sporting Goods
21. Dadeland Mall	FL	Miami	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 1997	98.6 %	1,512,286	Saks Fifth Avenue, Macy's (8), JCPenney, AC Hotel by Marriott
22. Del Amo Fashion Center	CA	Torrance (Los	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2007	94.3 %	2,506,375	Nordstrom, Macy's (8), JCPenney, Marshalls, Barnes & Noble,
		Angeles)		5515 75 (1)			_,,_	JoAnn Fabrics, AMC Theatres, Dick's Sporting Goods, Dave & Buster's, Mitsuwa Marketplace
23. Domain, The	TX	Austin	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2006	91.8 %	1,235,864	Neiman Marcus, Macy's, Dillard's, Dick's Sporting Goods, iPic Theaters, Arhaus Furniture, Punch Bowl Social, Westin Austin at The Domain, Lone Star Court (15), (16)
24. Empire Mall	SD	Sioux Falls	Fee and Ground Lease (2033) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	89.4 %	1,168,222	Macy's, JCPenney, Hy-Vee, Dick's Sporting Goods, Crunch Fitness, Dillard's (6)
25. Falls, The	FL	Miami	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2007	97.8 %	708,039	Macy's, Regal Cinema, The Fresh Market, LifeTime Athletic
26. Fashion Centre at Pentagon City, The	VA	Arlington (Washington, DC)	Fee	42.5 % (4)	Built 1989	97.1 %	1,035,830	Nordstrom, Macy's, The Ritz-Carlton (15)

			Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built or			
Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Larger Retailers and Uses
27. Fashion Mall at Keystone, The	IN	Indianapolis	Fee and Ground Lease (2067) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1997	97.2 %	710,416	Saks Fifth Avenue, Crate & Barrel, Nordstrom, Keystone Art Cinema, Sheraton (15)
28. Fashion Valley	CA	San Diego	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2001	97.6 %	1,728,913	Neiman Marcus, Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's, JCPenney, AMC Theatres, Forever 21, The Container Store
29. Firewheel Town Center	TX	Garland (Dallas)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2005	93.7 %	996,102	Dillard's, Macy's, Barnes & Noble, DSW, AMC Theatres, Dick's Sporting Goods, Kids Empire/Hapik, Fairfield Inn by Marriott (14), (16)
30. Florida Mall, The	FL	Orlando	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 1986	99.0 %	1,726,423	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, Sears, H&M, Zara, American Girl, Dick's Sporting Goods, Crayola Experience, Primark (6), The Florida Hotel and Conference Center (15)
31. Forum Shops at Caesars Palace, The	NV	Las Vegas	Ground Lease (2050)	100.0 %	Built 1992	98.7 %	677,254	Caesars Palace Las Vegas Hotel and Casino (15)
32. Galleria, The	TX	Houston	Fee	50.4 % (4)	Acquired 2002	94.8 %	2,006,392	Saks Fifth Avenue, Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Macy's, The Westin Galleria (15), The Westin Oaks (15), Life Time Tennis
33. Greenwood Park Mall	IN	Greenwood (Indianapolis)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1979	98.4 %	1,285,587	Macy's, Von Maur, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, Barnes & Noble, Regal Cinema, Dave & Buster's
34. Haywood Mall	SC	Greenville	Fee and Ground Lease (2067) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	94.9 %	1,251,801	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, Belk
35. King of Prussia	PA	King of Prussia (Philadelphia)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2003	96.2 %	2,669,140	Neiman Marcus, Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's, Arhaus Furniture, Dick's Sporting Goods, Primark
36. La Plaza Mall	TX	McAllen	Fee and Ground Lease (2040) (7)	100.0 %	Built 1976	99.6 %	1,323,670	Macy's (8), Dillard's, JCPenney, Primark (6), Wingate by Wyndham (15)
37. Lakeline Mall	TX	Cedar Park (Austin)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1995	96.2 %	1,098,830	Dillard's (8), Macy's, JCPenney, AMC Theatres
38. Lehigh Valley Mall	PA	Whitehall	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2003	94.4 %	1,197,641	Macy's, JCPenney, Boscov's, Barnes & Noble, Michael's, Dave & Buster's
39. Lenox Square	GA	Atlanta	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	99.5 %	1,561,760	Neiman Marcus, Bloomingdale's, Macy's, JW Marriott (15), Hyatt Centric (14)
40. Mall at Rockingham Park, The	NH	Salem (Boston)	Fee	28.2 % (4)	Acquired 1999	96.9 %	1,063,692	JCPenney, Macy's, Dick's Sporting Goods, Cinemark Theatre
41. Mall of Georgia	GA	Buford (Atlanta)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1999	97.1 %	1,839,287	Dillard's, Macy's, JCPenney, Belk, Dick's Sporting Goods, Barnes & Noble, Havertys Furniture, Regal Cinema, Von Maur
42. Mall of New Hampshire, The	NH	Manchester	Fee and Ground Lease (2027-2029) (7)	56.4 % (4)	Acquired 1999	96.9 %	803,161	Macy's, JCPenney, Best Buy, Dick's Sporting Goods, Dave & Buster's
43. McCain Mall	AR	N. Little Rock	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1973	94.4 %	789,435	Dillard's, JCPenney, Regal Cinema
44. Meadowood Mall	NV	Reno	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2007	99.5 %	927,444	Macy's (8), JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, Crunch Fitness, Round 1
45. Menlo Park Mall	NJ	Edison (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1997	98.2 %	1,275,426	Nordstrom, Macy's, Barnes & Noble, AMC Dine-In Theatre
46. Miami International Mall	FL	Miami	Fee	47.8 % (4)	Built 1982	99.6 %	1,080,615	Macy's (8), JCPenney,
47. Midland Park Mall	TX	Midland	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1980	99.9 %	644,974	Dillard's (8), JCPenney, Ross, Dick's Sporting Goods
48. Miller Hill Mall	MN	Duluth	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1973	96.5 %	833,741	JCPenney, Barnes & Noble, DSW, Dick's Sporting Goods, Essentia Health West, Essentia Health East
49. North East Mall	TX	Hurst (Dallas)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1971	94.7 %	1,644,996	Dillard's, Macy's, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, Cinemark Theatres
50. Northshore Mall	MA	Peabody (Boston)	Fee	56.4 % (4)	Acquired 1999	91.7 %	1,584,045	JCPenney, Nordstrom, Macy's (8), Barnes & Noble, Shaw's Grocery, The Container Store, Tesla Sales and Service, Life Time Athletic, L.L. Bean, Arhaus Furniture
51. Ocean County Mall	NJ	Toms River (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	96.4 %	889,661	Macy's, Boscov's, JCPenney, LA Fitness, HomeSense, Ulta
52. Orland Square	IL	Orland Park (Chicago)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1997	97.7 %	1,230,541	Macy's, JCPenney, Dave & Buster's, Von Maur
53. Penn Square Mall	OK	Oklahoma City	Ground Lease (2060)	94.5 %	Acquired 2002	96.8 %	1,083,361	Macy's, Dillard's (8), JCPenney, AMC Theatres, The Container Store
54. Pheasant Lane Mall	NH	Nashua	-	— % (12)	Acquired 2002	97.3 %	978,753	JCPenney, Target, Macy's, Dick's Sporting Goods

			Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built or			
Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Larger Retailers and Uses
55. Phipps Plaza	GA	Atlanta	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	94.3 %	941,962	Saks Fifth Avenue, Nordstrom, AMC Theatres, Arhaus Furniture, Legoland Discovery Center, AC Hotel by Marriott, Life Time Athletic, Life Time Work, Nobu Hotel and Restaurant, (16)
56. Plaza Carolina	PR	Carolina (San Juan)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	87.3 %	1,156,417	JCPenney, Tiendas Capri, Econo, T.J. Maxx, Caribbean Cinemas, Burlington
57. Prien Lake Mall	LA	Lake Charles	Fee and Ground Lease (2040) (7)	100.0 %	Built 1972	90.0 %	719,289	Dillard's, JCPenney, Cinemark Theatres, Kohl's, Dick's Sporting Goods, T.J. Maxx/HomeGoods
58. Quaker Bridge Mall	NJ	Lawrenceville	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2003	95.4 %	1,080,938	Macy's, JCPenney
59. Rockaway Townsquare	NJ	Rockaway (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	96.3 %	1,243,804	Macy's, JCPenney, Raymour & Flanigan
60. Roosevelt Field	NY	Garden City (New York)	Fee and Ground Lease (2090) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	98.8 %	2,349,859	Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, AMC Entertainment, XSport Fitness, Neiman Marcus, Primark, Residence Inn by Marriott
61. Ross Park Mall	PA	Pittsburgh	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1986	98.9 %	1,233,079	JCPenney, Nordstrom, L.L. Bean, Macy's (8), Crate & Barrel, Dick's House of Sport (6)
62. Santa Rosa Plaza	CA	Santa Rosa	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	96.2 %	698,074	Macy's, Forever 21 (13)
63. Shops at Chestnut Hill, The	MA	Chestnut Hill (Boston)	Fee	94.4 %	Acquired 2002	99.4 %	470,062	Bloomingdale's (8)
64. Shops at Clearfork, The	TX	Fort Worth	Fee	45.0 % (4)	Built 2017	95.1 %	556,703	Neiman Marcus, Arhaus Furniture, AMC Theatres, Pinstripes, (16)
65. Shops at Crystals, The	NV	Las Vegas	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2016	97.4 %	273,171	Aria Resort and Casino (15)
66. Shops at Mission Viejo, The	CA	Mission Viejo (Los Angeles)	Fee	51.0 % (4)	Built 1979	97.5 %	1,260,952	Nordstrom, Macy's (8), Dick's Sporting Goods
67. Shops at Nanuet, The	NY	Nanuet	Fee	100.0 %	Redeveloped 2013	75.5 %	757,652	Regal Cinema, 24 Hour Fitness, At Home, Stop & Shop
68. Shops at Riverside, The	NJ	Hackensack (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	92.3 %	726,132	Bloomingdale's, Barnes & Noble, Arhaus Furniture, AMC Theatres, Life Time Studio
69. Smith Haven Mall	NY	Lake Grove (New York)	Fee	25.0 % (4) (2)	Acquired 1995	97.7 %	1,249,209	Macy's (8), Dick's Sporting Goods, Barnes & Noble, L.L. Bean, Primark (6), Stony Brook Medical (6)
70. South Hills Village	PA	Pittsburgh	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1997	97.1 %	1,123,907	Macy's (8), Barnes & Noble, AMC Cinemas, Dick's Sporting Goods, Target, DSW, Ulta, Von Maur (6), Ashley HomeStore (6)
71. South Shore Plaza	MA	Braintree (Boston)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	94.8 %	1,590,586	Macy's, Sears, Nordstrom, Target, Primark
72. Southdale Center	MN	Edina (Minneapolis)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	86.8 %	1,148,722	Macy's, AMC Theatres, Dave & Buster's, RH Minneapolis, Life Time Athletic, Life Time Work/Sport, Kowalski's Market (6), Homewood Suites by Hilton, (16)
73. SouthPark	NC	Charlotte	Fee and Ground Lease (2040) (9)	100.0 %	Acquired 2002	98.8 %	1,685,220	Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Macy's, Dillard's, Belk, Dick's Sporting Goods, Crate & Barrel, The Container Store, (16)
74. Springfield Mall (1)	PA	Springfield (Philadelphia)	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2005	91.9 %	610,322	Macy's, Target
75. St. Charles Towne Center	MD	Waldorf (Washington, DC)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1990	82.4 %	980,164	Macy's (8), JCPenney, Kohl's, Dick Sporting Goods, AMC Theatres
76. St. Johns Town Center	FL	Jacksonville	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 2005	97.5 %	1,444,638	Nordstrom, Dillard's, Arhaus Furniture, Dick's Sporting Goods, Barnes & Noble, RH Jacksonville, Homewood Suites by Hilton (15), AC Hotel by Marriott (6) Target, Ashley Furniture Home Store, Ross, DSW, JoAnn Fabrics, PetsMart, Marshalls
77. Stanford Shopping Center	CA	Palo Alto (San	Ground Lease (2064)	94.4 % (11)	Acquired 2003	99.0 %	1,291,823	Neiman Marcus, Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's, Crate and
78. Stoneridge Shopping Center	CA	Jose) Pleasanton (San Francisco)	Fee	49.9 % (4)	Acquired 2007	96.5 %	1,299,721	Barrel, The Container Store, Wilkes Bashford, RH Palo Alto (6) Macy's (8), JCPenney, Arhaus Furniture (6)
79. Summit Mall	ОН	Akron	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1965	92.8 %	774.346	Dillard's (8), Macy's, Arhaus Furniture
80. Tacoma Mall	WA	Tacoma (Seattle)		100.0 %	Acquired 1987	90.1 %	1,249,153	Nordstrom, Macy's, JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods,
81. Tippecanoe Mall	IN	Lafayette	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1973	86.5 %	864,759	Nordstrom Rack, Total Wine and More, Ulta, Kohl's Macy's, JCPenney, Kohl's, Dick's Sporting Goods, Malibu Jack's

			Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built or			
Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Larger Retailers and Uses
82. Town Center at Boca Raton	FL	Boca Raton (Miami)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	99.1 %	1,778,036	Saks Fifth Avenue, Neiman Marcus, Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's, Crate & Barrel, The Container Store, Joseph's Classic Market, Arhaus Furniture
83. Towne East Square	KS	Wichita	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1975	99.6 %	1,157,209	Dillard's, Von Maur, JCPenney, Round 1, Scheels
84. Treasure Coast Square	FL	Jensen Beach	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1987	92.1 %	875,028	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, Regal Cinema
85. Tyrone Square	FL	St. Petersburg (Tampa)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1972	89.6 %	960,452	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, DSW, Cobb 10 Luxury Theatres, Dick's Sporting Goods, Hitchcock's Green Market, PetSmart
86. University Park Mall	IN	Mishawaka	Fee	100.0 %	Built 1979	96.9 %	917,498	Macy's, JCPenney, Barnes & Noble
87. Walt Whitman Shops	NY	Huntington Station (New York)	Fee and Ground Lease (2052) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 1998	96.9 %	1,083,139	Saks Fifth Avenue, Bloomingdale's, Macy's
88. West Town Mall	TN	Knoxville	Fee and Ground Lease (2042)	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 1991	97.7 %	1,281,179	Belk (8), Dillard's, JCPenney, Regal Cinebarre Theatre, Dick's House of Sport, Tesla Sales and Service
89. Westchester, The	NY	White Plains (New York)	Fee	40.0 % (4)	Acquired 1997	95.5 %	805,159	Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Crate and Barrel, Arhaus Furniture
90. White Oaks Mall	IL	Springfield	Fee	88.6 %	Built 1977	71.8 %	925,366	Macy's, Dick's Sporting Goods, LA Fitness, Michael's, State of Illinois Department of Central Management Services (6)
91. Wolfchase Galleria	TN	Memphis	Fee	94.5 %	Acquired 2002	97.5 %	1,151,424	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, Malco Theatres, Courtyard by Marriott (14)
92. Woodfield Mall	IL	Schaumburg (Chicago)	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2012	98.3 %	2,151,130	Nordstrom, Macy's, JCPenney, Enterrium, Peppa Pig World of Play, Primark
93. Woodland Hills Mall	OK	Tulsa	Fee	94.5 %	Acquired 2002	96.4 %	1,237,510	Macy's, Dillard's, JCPenney, Scheel's (6), Holiday Inn Express (15), Courtyard by Marriott (15)
Total Mall GLA							106,219,207 (18	

	Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (3)	Legal Ownership	Year Built Or Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Tenants
	Premium Outlets	Otate	Oity (OBOA)	Lease) (0)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (o)	TOTAL OLA	Gelected Terraints
1.	Albertville Premium Outlets	MN	Albertville (Minneapolis)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	98.8 %	309,095	Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Under Armour
2.	Allen Premium Outlets	TX	Allen (Dallas)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	100.0 %	548,455	Adidas, Armani Outlet, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Staybridge Suites (14), The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
3.	Aurora Farms Premium Outlets	ОН	Aurora (Cleveland)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	86.3 %	265,970	Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
4.	Birch Run Premium Outlets	MI	Birch Run (Detroit)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	98.0 %	593,316	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Pottery Barn/Williams-Sonoma Outlet, Tommy Hilfiger, The North Face, Under Armour
5.	Camarillo Premium Outlets	CA	Camarillo (Los Angeles)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.7 %	691,550	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Giorgio Armani, H&M, Kate Spade New York, Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, The North
6.	Carlsbad Premium Outlets	CA	Carlsbad (San Diego)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	100.0 %	288,893	Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Factory, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike Unite, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tory Burch, Under Armour
7.	Carolina Premium Outlets	NC	Smithfield (Raleigh)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.5 %	438,713	Adidas, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
8.	Charlotte Premium Outlets	NC	Charlotte	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 2014	99.1 %	398,656	Adidas, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
9.	Chicago Premium Outlets	IL	Aurora (Chicago)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2004	99.1 %	687,048	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Pottery Barn Outlet, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Under Armour
10.	Cincinnati Premium Outlets	ОН	Monroe (Cincinnati)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2009	98.3 %	398,986	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
11.	Clarksburg Premium Outlets	MD	Clarksburg (Washington, DC)	Fee	66.0 % (4)	Built 2016	93.8 %	389,983	Armani Outlet, A/X Armani Exchange, Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Express, Kate Spade New York, Lafayette 148 New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Salvatore Ferragamo, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vince
12.	Clinton Premium Outlets	СТ	Clinton	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.6 %	276,225	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
13.	Denver Premium Outlets	СО	Thornton (Denver)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2018	100.0 %	328,101	Adidas, A/X Armani Exchange, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, H&M, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vineyard Vines, Staybridge Suites (15)
14.	Desert Hills Premium Outlets	CA	Cabazon (Palm Springs)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.8 %	656,108	Alexander McQueen, Armani Outlet, Balenciaga, Bottega Veneta, Brunello Cucinelli, Burberry, Coach, Fendi, Ferragamo, Gucci, Jimmy Choo, Loro Piana, Marc Jacobs, Moncler, Neiman Marcus Last Call, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Saint Laurent, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Stuart Weitzman, Tory Burch, Valentino, Zegna
15.	Ellenton Premium Outlets	FL	Ellenton (Tampa)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	98.0 %	477,158	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
16.	Finger Lakes Premium Outlets	NY	Waterloo	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	78.6 %	422,403	American Eagle Outfitters, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Chico's, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, H&M, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Skechers, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour

				Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built Or			
	Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Tenants
17.	Folsom Premium Outlets	CA	Folsom (Sacramento)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	89.4 %	298,818	Adidas, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Tomm Armour
18.	Gilroy Premium Outlets	CA	Gilroy (San Jose)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	84.3 %	578,478	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportsw Spade New York, Lululemon, Michael Kors, N Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger
19.	Gloucester Premium Outlets	NJ	Blackwood (Philadelphia)	Fee	66.7 %	Built 2015	95.9 %	378,518	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, Guess, Lev Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, I Lauren, Skechers, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armou
20.	Grand Prairie Premium Outlets	TX	Grand Prairie (Dallas)		100.0 %	Built 2012	98.5 %	423,465	Banana Republic, Bloomingdale's The Outle Columbia Sportswear, Kate Spade New York, Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Tommy Bahama, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
21.	Grove City Premium Outlets	PA	Grove City (Pittsburgh)		100.0 %	Acquired 2010	86.3 %	531,156	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Klein, Coach, Guess (13), J.Crew, Kate Sp Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The No Hilfiger, Under Armour
22.	Gulfport Premium Outlets	MS	Gulfport	Ground Lease (2059)	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	94.4 %	300,213	Banana Republic, Chico's, Coach, Gap Outle Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Po Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
23.	Hagerstown Premium Outlets	MD	Hagerstown (Baltimore/Washington, DC)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	67.9 %	485,646	Adidas, American Eagle Outfitters, Brooks Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Out Spade New York, Loft Outlet, The North Face, U
24.	Houston Premium Outlets	TX	Cypress (Houston)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2008	100.0 %	548,311	Ann Taylor, Armani Outlet, A/X Armani Exc Republic, Brooks Brothers, Burberry, Calvin KI Outlet, Holiday Inn Express (15), Kate Sp Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph La Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Vict
25.	Indiana Premium Outlets	IN	Edinburgh (Indianapolis)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.2 %	378,015	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportsv Guess, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
26.	Jackson Premium Outlets	NJ	Jackson (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	92.1 %	285,595	Adidas, American Eagle Outfitters, Banana F Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J.C Kate Spade New York, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren Under Armour
27.	Jersey Shore Premium Outlets	NJ	Tinton Falls (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2008	99.0 %	434,644	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, J.Crew, k York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Pol Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, Vineyard Vines
28.	Johnson Creek Premium Outlets	WI	Johnson Creek	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	89.1 %	277,663	Adidas, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Gap O Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under
29.	Kittery Premium Outlets	ME	Kittery	Fee and Ground Lease (2049) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	84.1 %	259,448	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Calvi Columbia Sportswear, Express Factory Outl J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, New Balance, L Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Tumi
30.	Las Americas Premium Outlets	CA	San Diego	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	96.7 %	689,339	Adidas, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, C Sportswear, Gap Outlet, Giorgio Armani, Gue New York, Lacoste, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo R North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
31.	Las Vegas North Premium Outlets	NV	Las Vegas	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2003	99.5 %	675,814	All Saints, Armani Outlet, A/X Armani Exc Republic, Burberry, Canali, CH Carolina Herre Factory, Coach, David Yurman, Dolce & Gabba Choo, John Varvatos, Lululemon, Kate Spade

ch, Gap Outlet, Kate mmy Hilfiger, Under

tswear, J.Crew, Kate s, Nike, Polo Ralph

thers, Calvin Klein, Levi's, J. Crew, Loft Irs, Nike, Polo Ralph Imour, Vera Bradley Outlet Store, Coach, ork, J.Crew, Michael fth Avenue Off 5th, nour

oks Brothers, Calvin Spade New York, North Face, Tommy

outlet, H&M, J.Crew, Polo Ralph Lauren,

ks Brothers, Calvin Outlet, Guess, Kate e, Under Armour Exchange, Banana n Klein, Coach, Gap Spade New York, h Lauren, Saks Fifth Victoria's Secret

ortswear, Gap Outlet, nael Kors, Nike, Polo na Republic, Brooks J.Crew, Loft Outlet, uren, Tommy Hilfiger,

oks Brothers, Calvin w, Kate Spade New Polo Ralph Lauren, Outlet, Loft Outlet,

p Outlet, Lott Outlet, nder Armour calvin Klein, Coach, Outlet, Gap Outlet, ce, Nike, Polo Ralph

Coach, Columbia Guess, Kate Spade o Ralph Lauren, The

Exchange, Banana Ierrera, Cheesecake abbana, Etro, Jimmy Choo, John Varvatos, Lululemon, Kate Spade New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Roberto Cavalli, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Salvatore Ferragamo, Shake Shack,

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32.	Las Vegas South Premium Outlets	NV	Las Vegas	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.6 %	535,669	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
33.	Lee Premium Outlets	MA	Lee	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	93.0 %	224,753	Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Polo Ralph Lauren, Skechers, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
34.	Leesburg Premium Outlets	VA	Leesburg (Washington, DC)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.1 %	478,218	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Armani Outlet, A/X Armani Exchange, Brooks Brothers, Burberry, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, RH Outlet (13), Salvatore Ferragamo, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vineyard Vines, Williams-Sonoma
35.	Lighthouse Place Premium Outlets	IN	Michigan City (Chicago, IL)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	88.2 %	454,790	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Guess, H&M, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
36.	Merrimack Premium Outlets	NH	Merrimack	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2012	99.7 %	408,849	Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Barbour, Bloomingdale's The Outlet Store, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vineyard Vines
37.	Napa Premium Outlets	CA	Napa	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	92.8 %	178,899	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger
38.	Norfolk Premium Outlets	VA	Norfolk	Fee	65.0 % (4)	Built 2017	94.0 %	332,284	A/X Armani Exchange, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, H&M, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
39.	North Bend Premium Outlets	WA	North Bend (Seattle)		100.0 %	Acquired 2004	84.9 %	189,132	Banana Republic, Coach, Gap Outlet, Levi's, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Skechers, Under Armour
40.	North Georgia Premium Outlets	GA	Dawsonville (Atlanta)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	96.9 %	540,672	Ann Taylor, Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Pottery Barn, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, West Elm, Williams-Sonoma
41.	Orlando International Premium Outlets	FL	Orlando	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	100.0 %	774,234	Adidas, Armani Outlet, Calvin Klein, Carhartt, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, H&M, J.Crew, Karl Lagerfeld, Kate Spade New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, St. John, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
42.	Orlando Vineland Premium Outlets	FL	Orlando	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	98.4 %	657,454	Adidas, All Saints, Armani Outlet, Bally, Bottega Veneta, Brunello Cucinelli, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Carolina Herrera, Coach, Ermenegildo Zegna, Jimmy Choo, Kate Spade New York, Lacoste, Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Prada, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Salvatore Ferragamo, TAG Heuer, The North Face, Tod's, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Versace
43.	Petaluma Village Premium Outlets	CA	Petaluma (San Francisco)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	92.2 %	201,656	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger
44.	Philadelphia Premium Outlets	PA	Limerick (Philadelphia)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2007	96.6 %	549,092	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Guess, H&M, J.Crew, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, RH Outlet (13), The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour

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45.	Phoenix Premium Outlets	AZ	Chandler (Phoenix)	Ground Lease (2077)	100.0 %	Built 2013	99.8 %	356,511	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Factory Store, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Bahama, Tommy Hilfiger, Tumi, Under Armour
46.	Pismo Beach Premium Outlets	CA	Pismo Beach	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	100.0 %	147,603	Calvin Klein, Coach, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Skechers, Tommy Hilfiger
47.	Pleasant Prairie Premium Outlets	WI	Pleasant Prairie (Chicago, IL/Milwaukee)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	94.1 %	402,524	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, J.Crew, Lacoste, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
48.	Pocono Premium Outlets	PA	Tannersville	Fee and Ground Lease (2029) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	100.0 %	411,901	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Johnny Rockets, Kate Spade New York, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, Vera Bradley
49.	Puerto Rico Premium Outlets	PR	Barceloneta	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	99.6 %	353,166	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Invicta, Lacoste, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Tommy Hilfiger
50.	Queenstown Premium Outlets	MD	Queenstown (Baltimore)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	89.4 %	289,748	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, St. John, Tommy Bahama, Under Armour
51.	Rio Grande Valley Premium Outlets	TX	Mercedes (McAllen)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2006	92.9 %	603,987	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Armani Outlet, A/X Armani Exchange, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, H&M, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Michael Kors, Nike, Pandora, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
52.	Round Rock Premium Outlets	TX	Round Rock (Austin)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2006	99.4 %	498,431	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Duluth Trading Company, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, Embassy Suites (15), (16)
53.	San Francisco Premium Outlets	CA	Livermore (San Francisco)	Fee and Ground Lease (2026) (9)	100.0 %	Built 2012	99.3 %	697,173	All Saints, Arc'teryx, A/X Armani Exchange, Bloomingdale's The Outlet Store, Bottega Veneta, Brunello Cucinelli, Burberry, CH Carolina Herrera, Coach, Ermenegildo Zegna, Etro, Furla, Gucci, H&M, Jimmy Choo, John Varvatos, Kate Spade New York, Lacoste, Longchamp, MaxMara, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Roger Vivier, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Sandro & Maje, Salvatore Ferragamo, Stuart Weitzman, The North Face, Tod's, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Versace, Zadig et Voltaire
54.	San Marcos Premium Outlets	TX	San Marcos (Austin/San Antonio)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	95.4 %	737,818	Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, Burberry, CH Carolina Herrera, Gucci, J. Crew, Jimmy Choo, Kate Spade New York, Lacoste, Lululemon, Neiman Marcus Last Call, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Pandora, Polo Ralph Lauren, Pottery Barn, Prada, Saint Laurent Paris, Salvatore Ferragamo, Stuart Weitzman, The North Face, Tommy Bahama, Tory Burch, Versace, Vineyard Vines
55.	Seattle Premium Outlets	WA	Tulalip (Seattle)	Ground Lease (2079)	100.0 %	Built 2005	99.3 %	554,521	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Arc'teryx, Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Kate Spade New York, Lululemon, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Stuart Weitzman, The North Face, Tommy Bahama, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
56.	Silver Sands Premium Outlets	FL	Destin	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2012	91.1 %	448,412	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vera Bradley
57.	St. Augustine Premium Outlets	FL	St. Augustine (Jacksonville)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	100.0 %	327,894	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Lucky Brand, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, St. John, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour

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58.	St. Louis Premium Outlets	MO	St. Louis (Chesterfield)	Fee	60.0 %	Built 2013	97.9 %	351,174	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Brooks Brothers, Coach, Gap Outlet, H&M, J. Crew, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Tommy Hilfiger, Ugg, Under Armour, Vera Bradley
59.	Tampa Premium Outlets	FL	Lutz (Tampa)	Fee	100.0 %	Built 2015	100.0 %	460,387	Adidas, A/X Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, BJ's Restaurant and Brewhouse, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J. Crew, Kate Spade New York, Lucky Brand, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Saks 5th Avenue Off 5th, Tommy Hilfiger, Tumi, Under Armour
60.	Tanger Outlets - Columbus (1)	ОН	Sunbury (Columbus)	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 2016	98.6 %	355,282	Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Coach, Kate Spade New York, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Under Armour
61.	Tanger Outlets - Galveston/Houston (1)	TX	Texas City	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Built 2012	94.5 %	352,706	Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Tommy Hilfiger
62.	Tucson Premium Outlets	AZ	Marana (Tucson)	Fee	100.0 %′	Built 2015	86.0 %	367,200	Adidas, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Guess, Johnny Rockets, Levi's, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks 5th Avenue Off 5th, Skechers, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
63.	Twin Cities Premium Outlets	MN	Eagan	Fee	35.0 % (4)	Built 2014	97.4 %	409,125	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, J. Crew, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Talbots, Under Armour
64.	Vacaville Premium Outlets	CA	Vacaville	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	95.9 %	447,309	Adidas, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Columbia Sportswear, Gap Outlet, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Lacoste, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Skechers, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, West Elm Outlet
65.	Waikele Premium Outlets	HI	Waipahu (Honolulu)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	96.4 %	219,375	Adidas, Armani Outlet, Calvin Klein, Coach, Furla, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Swarovski, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch
66.	Williamsburg Premium Outlets	VA	Williamsburg	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2010	93.8 %	518,964	Adidas, American Eagle Outfitters, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Brooks Brothers, Calvin Klein, Coach, J.Crew, Kate Spade New York, Levi's, Loft Outlet, Michael Kors, New Balance, Nike, Pandora, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, The North Face, Timberland, Tommy Bahama, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, Vera Bradley, Vineyard Vines
67.	Woodburn Premium Outlets	OR	Woodburn (Portland)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2013	100.0 %	389,414	Adidas, Ann Taylor, Banana Republic, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Outlet, Levi's, Michael Kors, Nike, The North Face, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
68.	Woodbury Common Premium Outlets	NY	Central Valley (New York)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	99.2 %	915,673	Arc'teryx, Armani Outlet, Balenciaga, Balmain, Bottega Veneta, Breitling, Brioni, Brunello Cucinelli, Burberry, Canali, Celine, Chloe, Coach, Dior, Dolce & Gabbana, Dunhill, Fendi, Givenchy, Golden Goose, Gucci, Jimmy Choo, Lacoste, Loewe, Longchamp, Loro Piana, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Moncler, Mulberry, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Saint Laurent, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Salvatore Ferragamo, Santoni, Shake Shack, Stone Island, Stuart Weitzman, Theory, Tod's, Tom Ford, Tory Burch, Valentino, Versace, Zegna
69.	.	MA	Wrentham (Boston)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2004	98.5 %	672,939	Adidas, All Saints, Armani Outlet, Banana Republic, Bloomingdale's The Outlet Store, Brooks Brothers, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, David Yurman, Gucci, Karl Lagerfeld, Kate Spade New York, Lacoste, Lululemon, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, RH Outlet (13), Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Salvatore Ferragamo, Theory, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vineyard Vines
	Total U.S. Premium Outlets GLA							30,530,722	

			Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built or			
Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Tenants
The Mills 1. Arizona Mills	AZ	Tempe (Phoenix)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	99.6 %	1,221,034	Marshalls, Burlington, Ross, Harkins Cinemas & IMAX, Sea Life Center, Conn's, Legoland, Forever 21, dd's Discounts, Going, Going, Gone by Dick's Sporting Goods, Rainforest Café
2. Arundel Mills	MD	Hanover (Baltimore)	Fee	59.3 % (4)	Acquired 2007	100.0 %	1,950,996	Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World, Burlington, Dave & Buster's, Medieval Times, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Off Broadway Shoe Warehouse, T.J. Maxx, Cinemark Egyptian 24 Theatres, Live! Casino Hotel, Forever 21, Ulta, Sun & Ski, Primark
3. Colorado Mills	СО	Lakewood (Denver)	Fee	37.5 % (4)	Acquired 2007	98.3 %	1,365,975	Forever 21, Off Broadway Shoe Warehouse, Super Target, United Artists Theatre, Burlington, H&M, Dick's Sporting Goods, Rodz & Bodz Museum Movie Cars & More, Slick City Action Park, 2nd & Charles, Springhill Suites (15)
4. Concord Mills	NC	Concord (Charlotte)	Fee	59.3 % (4)	Acquired 2007	99.8 %	1,367,028	Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World, Burlington, Dave & Buster's, Nike Factory Store, Off Broadway Shoes, AMC Theatres, Best Buy, Forever 21, Sea Life Center, H&M, Dick's Sporting Goods, Alex Baby & Toy, Primark (6)
5. Grapevine Mills	TX	Grapevine (Dallas)	Fee	59.3 % (4)	Acquired 2007	97.8 %	1,781,167	Burlington, Marshalls, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, AMC Theatres, Sun & Ski Sports, Neiman Marcus Last Call, Legoland Discovery Center, Sea Life Center, Ross, H&M, Round 1 Entertainment, Fieldhouse USA, Rainforest Café, Meow Wolf, Macy's Backstage, Springhill Suites (15), Hyatt Place (15), Hawthorn (15)
6. Great Mall	CA	Milpitas (San Jose)	Fee and Ground Lease (2049) (7)	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	100.0 %	1,364,646	Camille La Vie, Kohl's, Dave & Buster's, Burlington, Marshalls, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Nike Factory Store, Century Theatres, Dick's Sporting Goods, Legoland Discovery Center
7. Gurnee Mills	IL	Gurnee (Chicago)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	92.2 %	1,863,441	Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World, Burlington, Kohl's, Marshalls Home Goods, Marcus Cinemas, Value City Furniture, Off Broadway Shoe Warehouse, Macy's, Floor & Decor, Dick's Sporting Goods, Rainforest Café, The Room Place, 2nd & Charles, Hobby Lobby, Round 1 (6)
8. Katy Mills	TX	Katy (Houston)	Fee	62.5 % (4) (2)	Acquired 2007	99.8 %	1,681,020	Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World, Books-A-Million, Burlington, Marshalls, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Sun & Ski Sports, AMC Theatres, Tilt, Ross, H&M, RH Outlet, Rainforest Café, Slick City (6)
9. Mills at Jersey Gardens, The	NJ	Elizabeth	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2015	100.0 %	1,304,813	Burlington, Cohoes, Forever 21, AMC Theatres, Marshalls, Nike Factory Store, Saks 5th Avenue Off 5th, H&M, Tommy Hilfiger, Bloomingdale's Outlet, Potterty Barn Outlet, Primark, Residence Inn (15), Courtyard by Marriott (15), Embassy Suites (15), Country Inn & Suites (15)
10. Ontario Mills	CA	Ontario (Riverside)	Fee	50.0 % (4)	Acquired 2007	99.9 %	1,419,968	Burlington, Nike Factory Store, Marshalls, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Nordstrom Rack, Dave & Buster's, Camille La Vie, Sam Ash Music, AMC Theatres, Forever 21, Uniqlo, Skechers Superstore, Rainforest Café, Nitori, Pottery Barn + West Elm Outlet
11. Opry Mills	TN	Nashville	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	99.3 %	1,174,624	Regal Cinema & IMAX, Dave & Buster's, Sun & Ski, Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World, Forever 21, H&M, Madame Tussauds, TJ Maxx, Rainforest Café, Aquarium Restaurant
12. Outlets at Orange, The	CA	Orange (Los Angeles)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	99.3 %	867,118	Dave & Buster's, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, AMC Theatres, Neiman Marcus Last Call, Nordstrom Rack, Bloomingdale's the Outlet Store, Guitar Center, Nike Factory Store
13. Potomac Mills	VA	Woodbridge (Washington, DC)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	92.8 %	1,553,466	Marshalls, T.J. Maxx, JCPenney, Burlington, Nordstrom Rack, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th Outlet, Costco Warehouse, AMC Theatres, Bloomingdale's Outlet, Buy Buy Baby/and That!, Round 1
14. Sawgrass Mills	FL	Sunrise (Miami)	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2007	94.8 %	2,367,433	BrandsMart USA, Burlington, Marshalls, Neiman Marcus Last Call, Nordstrom Rack, Saks Fifth Avenue Off 5th, Super Target, T.J. Maxx, Regal Cinema, Bloomingdale's Outlet, Dick's Sporting Goods, Primark, HomeSense, AC Hotel by Marriott
Total Mills Properties GLA						=	21,282,729	

Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Ownership Interest (Expiration if Lease) (3)	Legal Ownership	Year Built or Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Tenants
Lifestyle Centers						. , ,		
1. ABQ Uptown	NM	Albuquerque	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2011	96.2 %	228,751	Anthropologie, Apple, Pottery Barn
Hamilton Town Center	IN	Noblesville	Fee	50.0 %	Built 2008	100 %	675,606	JCPenney, Dick's Sporting Goods, DSW, Emagine Noblesville,
		(Indianapolis)		(4)				Total Wine & More, BJ's Wholesale, Big Blue Swim School, Ross Dress for Less, Nordstrom Rack (6)
3. Liberty Tree Mall	MA	Danvers (Boston)	Fee	49.1 %	Acquired 1999	87.1 %	861,456	Marshalls, Target, Kohl's, Best Buy, Staples, AMC Theatres,
•		,		(4)	·			Nordstrom Rack, Off Broadway Shoes, Sky Zone, Total Wine & More, Aldi
Northgate Station	WA	Seattle	Fee	100.0 %	Redeveloped 2021	N/A (17)	416,622 (17)	Kraken Community Iceplex, Barnes & Noble, Nordstrom Rack, Residence Inn by Marriott (6)
5. Pier Park	FL	Panama City Beach	Fee	65.6 % (4)	Built 2008	98.8 %	946,945	Dillard's, JCPenney, Target, Grand Theatres, Ron Jon Surf Shop, Margaritaville, Marshalls, Dave & Buster's, Skywheel
University Park Village Total Lifestyle Centers GLA	TX	Fort Worth	Fee	100.0 %	Acquired 2015	96.4 %	170,740 3,300,120	Anthropologie, Apple, Pottery Barn
Other Properties 1 - 11. Other Properties 12 - TMLP					Acquired 2007		7,662,259 2,774,661	
12 - TMLP 13.					Acquired 2007		2,774,001	
Total Other GLA							10,436,920 (18)	
Total U.S. Properties GLA							171,769,698	

			Ownership Interest (Expiration if	Legal	Year Built or			
Property Name	State	City (CBSA)	Lease) (3)	Ownership	Acquired	Occupancy (5)	Total GLA	Selected Tenants
Domestic Taubman 1. Beverly Center	CA	Los Angeles	Ground Lease (2054)	84.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	85.0 %	780,000	Bloomingdale's, Macy's
2. Cherry Creek Shopping Center	CO	Denver	Ground Lease (2083)	42.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	95.4 %	1,038,000	Macy's, Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom
3. City Creek Center	UT	Salt Lake City	Ground Lease (2082)	84.0 %	Acquired 2020	96.6 %	623,000	Macy's, Nordstrom
4. Country Club Plaza	MO	Kansas City	Fee	42.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	80.3 %	971,000	Barnes & Noble, Brio Italian, Banana Republic
5. Dolphin Mall	FL	Miami	Fee	84.0 %	Acquired 2020	97.1 %	1,436,000	Bass Pro Shops, Cobb Theatres, Burlington, Dave & Busters, Vivol
6. Fair Oaks Mall	VA	Fairfax	Fee	42.0 %	Acquired 2020	95.0 %	1,560,000	JC Penney, Macy's (8), Dicks Sporting Goods
7. Gardens Mall, The	FL	Palm Beach Gardens	Fee	42.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	95.9 %	1,383,000	Bloomingdale's, Macy's, Nordstrom, Saks Fifth Avenue, Sears
8. Gardens on El Paseo, The	CA	Palm Desert	Fee	84.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	94.6 %	237,000	Saks Fifth Avenue
9. Great Lakes Crossing Outlets	MI	Auburn Hills	Fee	84.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	98.3 %	1,356,000	AMC Theatre, Bass Pro Shops, Burlington, Round 1, Nordstrom Rack
10. International Market Place	HI	Waikiki (Honolulu)	Ground Lease (2091)	78.5 % (4)	Acquired 2020	91.5 %	341,000	Anthropologie, Balenciaga, Burberry, StripSteak
11. International Plaza	FL	Tampa	Ground Lease (2080)	42.1 %	Acquired 2020	95.5 %	1,177,000	Dillard's, Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, LifeTime Fitness
12. Mall at Green Hills, The	TN	Nashville	Fee	(4) 84.0 %	Acquired 2020	95.9 %	1,036,000	Dillard's, Macy's, Nordstrom
13. Mall at Millenia, The	FL	Orlando	Fee	(4) 42.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	97.5 %	1,113,000	Bloomingdale's, Macy's, Neiman Marcus
14. Mall at Short Hills, The	NJ	Short Hills	Fee	84.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	96.4 %	1,411,000	Bloomingdale's, Macy's, Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Industrious
15. Mall at University Town Center, The	FL	Sarasota	Fee	42.0 % (4)	Acquired 2020	97.1 %	867,000	Dillard's, Macy's, Saks Fifth Avenue
16. Mall of San Juan, The	PR	San Juan	Fee	79.8 %	Acquired 2020	90.5 %	628,000	H&M, Zara, Pottery Barn, Urban Outfitters, Anthropologie
17. Sunvalley	CA	Concord	Ground Lease (2061)	(4) 42.0 %	Acquired 2020	98.3 %	1,324,000	JC Penney, Macy's (8), Sears
18. Twelve Oaks Mall	MI	Novi	Fee	(4) 84.0 %	Acquired 2020	95.8 %	1,517,000	JC Penney, Macy's, Nordstrom
19. Waterside Shops	FL	Naples	Fee	(4) 42.0 %	Acquired 2020	96.3 %	335,000	Saks Fifth Avenue
20. Westfarms	СТ	West Hartford	Fee	(4) 66.3 %	Acquired 2020	95.9 %	1,268,000	JC Penney, Macy's (8), Nordstrom
Total Domestic Taubman Properties GLA				(4)			20,401,000	

FOOTNOTES:

- (1) This property is managed by a third party.
- (2) Our direct and indirect interests in some of the properties held as joint venture interests are subject to preferences on distributions in favor of other partners or us.
- (3) The date listed is the expiration date of the last renewal option available to the operating entity under the ground lease. In a majority of the ground leases, we have a right to purchase the lessor's interest under an option, right of first refusal or other provision. Unless otherwise indicated, each ground lease listed in this column covers at least 50% of its respective property.
- (4) Joint venture properties accounted for under the equity method.
- (5) Malls Executed leases for all company-owned GLA in mall stores, excluding majors and anchors. Premium Outlets and The Mills Executed leases for all company-owned GLA (or total center GLA).
- (6) Indicates box, anchor, major or project currently under development/construction or has announced plans for development.
- (7) Indicates ground lease covers less than 50% of the acreage of this property.
- (8) Tenant has multiple locations at this center.
- (9) Indicates ground lease covers outparcel only.
- (10) Tenant has an existing store at this center but will move to a new location.
- (11) We receive substantially all the economic benefit of the property due to a preference or advance.
- (12) We own a mortgage note that encumbers Pheasant Lane Mall that entitles us to 100% of the economics of this property.
- (13) Indicates anchor has announced its intent to close this location.
- (14) Indicates box, anchor, major or project currently under development/construction by a third party.
- (15) Owned by a third party.
- (16) Includes multi-family tenant on-site.
- (17) This property is undergoing significant renovation.
- (18) GLA includes office space.

United States Lease Expirations

The following table summarizes lease expiration data for our U.S. malls and Premium Outlets, including Puerto Rico, as of December 31, 2023. The data presented does not consider the impact of renewal options that may be contained in leases and excludes data related to TRG.

U.S. MALLS AND PREMIUM OUTLETS LEASE EXPIRATIONS (1)

Vacu	Number of	Courses Foot	-	Avg. Base Minimum Rent	Percentage of Gross Annual Rental
Year	Leases Expiring	Square Feet		PSF at 12/31/2023	Revenues (2)
Inline Stores and Freestanding	4 444	4 000 000	•	00.44	5.0.0/
Month to Month Leases	1,411	4,689,200	\$	63.14	5.2 %
2024	3,138	11,781,465	\$	54.56	11.5 %
2025	2,577	9,630,540	\$	60.72	10.4 %
2026	2,243	9,209,816	\$	58.29	8.4 %
2027	1,667	6,621,308	\$	65.39	7.7 %
2028	1,403	6,387,151	\$	66.90	7.5 %
2029	966	4,428,365	\$	71.40	5.4 %
2030	608	2,760,369	\$	82.26	3.9 %
2031	345	1,853,682	\$	72.84	2.3 %
2032	456	1,699,419	\$	94.63	2.9 %
2033	504	1,919,460	\$	90.27	3.1 %
2034 and Thereafter	605	2,653,437	\$	58.21	2.5 %
Specialty Leasing Agreements w/ terms in excess of					
12 months	2,313	6,194,556	\$	16.98	1.9 %
Anchors					
Month to Month Leases	2	263,650	\$	2.52	0.0 %
2024	7	842,303	\$	5.63	0.1 %
2025	17	1,641,383	\$	6.49	0.2 %
2026	17	1,765,292	\$	5.52	0.2 %
2027	13	1,765,268	\$	5.32	0.2 %
2028	16	1,986,210	\$	5.73	0.2 %
2029	12	1,021,244	\$	8.10	0.2 %
2030	9	865,476	\$	11.00	0.1 %
2031	5	427,004	\$	14.53	0.0 %
2032	4	282,245	\$	25.21	0.1 %
2033	7	1,028,383	\$	8.48	0.2 %
2034 and Thereafter	28	2,621,296	\$	16.39	0.6 %

⁽¹⁾ Does not consider the impact of renewal options that may be contained in leases. Average Base Minimum Rent psf reflects base minimum rent in the respective year of expiration.

International Properties

Our ownership interests in properties outside the United States are primarily owned through joint venture arrangements. With the exception of our Premium Outlets in Canada, all of our international properties are managed by related parties.

European Investments

At December 31, 2023, we owned 63,924,148 shares, or approximately 22.4%, of Klépierre, which had a quoted market price of \$27.24 per share. Klépierre is a publicly traded, Paris-based real estate company, which owns, or has an interest in shopping centers located in 14 countries.

As of December 31, 2023, we had a controlling interest in a European investee with interests in 12 Designer Outlet properties. 11 of the outlet properties are located in Europe and one outlet property is located in Canada. Of the 11 properties in Europe, two are in Italy, two are in the Netherlands, two are in the United Kingdom, two are in France and one each is in Austria, Germany, and Spain. As of December 31, 2023, our legal percentage ownership interests in these entities ranged from 23% to 94%.

⁽²⁾ Annual rental revenues represent domestic 2023 consolidated and joint venture combined base rental revenue.

We own a 14.6% interest in Value Retail PLC and affiliated entities, which own and operate nine luxury outlets throughout Europe. We also have a minority direct ownership in three of those outlets.

Other International Investments

We hold a 40% interest in ten operating joint venture properties in Japan, a 50% interest in five operating joint venture properties in South Korea, a 50% interest in two operating joint venture properties in Mexico, a 50% interest in two operating joint venture properties in Malaysia, a 50% interest in one operating joint venture in Thailand, and a 50% interest in three Premium Outlet operating joint venture properties in Canada. The ten Japanese Premium Outlets operate in various cities throughout Japan and comprise over 3.9 million square feet of GLA and were 99.7% leased as of December 31, 2023.

Our investment in TRG includes an interest in four operating joint venture properties located outside of the U.S.; two located in the People's Republic of China and two located in South Korea. Our effective ownership in these centers, through our investment in TRG, ranges from 14.4% to 41.2%.

The following property tables summarize certain data for our international properties as of December 31, 2023 and do not include our equity investments in Klépierre, or our investment in Value Retail PLC and affiliated entities.

	COUNTRY/Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	SPG Effective Ownership	Year Built	Total Gross Leasable Area (1)	Selected Tenants
	INTERNATIONAL PREMIUM OUTLETS	(33)					_
	JAPAN						
1.	Ami Premium Outlets	Ami (Tokyo)	Fee	40.0 %	2009	315,000	Adidas, Beams, Coach, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Polo Ralph
0	Fulleria Hannana Bransium Outlata	Fullana City (Caitana)	O(2040)	40.0.0/	2022	200 200	Lauren, Puma, TaylorMade, Tommy Hilfiger
۷.	Fukaya-Hanazono Premium Outlets	Fukaya City (Saitama)	Ground Lease (2042)	40.0 %	2022	296,300	Adidas, Armani, Bally, Coach, Dsquared2, Furla, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, New Balance, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Theory, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Vans
3.	Gotemba Premium Outlets	Gotemba City (Tokyo)	Fee	40.0 %	2000	659.500	Adidas, Armani, Balenciaga, Bally, Beams, Bottega Veneta, Burberry, Coach, Dolce &
		, . ,				,	Gabbana, Dunhill, Gap Outlet, Gucci, Loro Piana, Michael Kors, Moncler, Nike, Polo
							Ralph Lauren, Prada/Miu Miu, Puma, Tod's, Tory Burch, United Arrows
4.	Kobe-Sanda Premium Outlets	Hyougo-ken (Osaka)	Ground Lease (2026)	40.0 %	2007	441,000	Adidas, Armani, Bally, Beams, Coach, Dolce & Gabbana, Gap Outlet, Gucci, Kate Spade
							New York, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Prada/Miu Miu, Tod's, Tommy Hilfiger,
							United Arrows, Valentino
5.	Rinku Premium Outlets	Izumisano (Osaka)	Ground Lease (2031)	40.0 %	2000	512,500	Adidas, Armani, Bally, Beams, Brooks Brothers, Burberry, Coach, Dunhill, Furla, Gap
							Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Lanvin Collection, Michael Kors, Nike, Olive des Olive,
							Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, TaylorMade, Tommy Hilfiger, United Arrows, Zara
6.	Sano Premium Outlets	Sano (Tokyo)	Fee	40.0 %	2003	390,800	Adidas, Beams, Coach, Dunhill, Etro, Furla, Gap Outlet, Gucci, Kate Spade New York,
							Michael Kors, Nike, TaylorMade
	Sendai-Izumi Premium Outlets	Izumi Park Town (Sendai)	Ground Lease (2027)	40.0 %	2008	164,200	Adidas, Beams, Coach, Gap, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, United Arrows
8.	Shisui Premium Outlets	Shisui (Chiba)	Ground Lease (2033)	40.0 %	2013	434,600	Adidas, Beams, Citizen, Coach, Furla, Gap, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike,
_	Talli Barrai and Outline	Tall (Name and	0	40.0.0/	0005	007 700	Polo Ralph Lauren, Samsonite, Tommy Hilfiger, United Arrows
9.	Toki Premium Outlets	Toki (Nagoya)	Ground Lease (2033)	40.0 %	2005	367,700	Adidas, Beams, Coach, Furla, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Nike, Olive des Olive,
10	Toou Promism Outlete	Fukuska (Kuushu)	F00	40.0.0/	2004	220 400	Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Timberland, Tommy Hilfiger, United Arrows
10.	Tosu Premium Outlets	Fukuoka (Kyushu)	Fee	40.0 %	2004	328,400	Adidas, Beams, Coach, Furla, Gap Outlet, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike,
	Subtotal Japan					3,910,000	Olive des Olive, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Tommy Hilfiger, United Arrows

COUNTRY/Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	SPG Effective Ownership	Year Built	Total Gross Leasable Area (1)	Selected Tenants
MEXICO						
11. Punta Norte Premium Outlets	Mexico City	Fee	50.0 %	2004	333,000	Adidas, Calvin Klein, CH Carolina Herrera, Coach, Dolce & Gabbana, Nautica, Nike, Salvatore Ferragamo, Zegna
12. Premium Outlets Querétaro	Querétaro	Fee	50.0 %	2019	274,800	Adidas, Adrianna Papell, Calvin Klein, Guess, Levi's, Nike, Tommy Hilfiger, True Religion, Under Armour
Subtotal Mexico SOUTH KOREA					607,800	, which
13. Yeoju Premium Outlets	Yeoju (Seoul)	Fee	50.0 %	2007	551,600	Adidas, Armani, Burberry, Chloe, Coach, Fendi, Gucci, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Salvatore Ferragamo, Tod's, Under Armour, Valentino, Vivienne Westwood
14. Paju Premium Outlets	Paju (Seoul)	Ground Lease (2040)	50.0 %	2011	558,900	Adidas, Armani, Bean Pole, Calvin Klein, Coach, Jill Stuart, Lanvin Collection, Marc Jacobs, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Tory Burch, Under Armour, Vivienne Westwood
15. Busan Premium Outlets (2)	Busan	Fee	50.0 %	2013	360,200	Adidas, Armani, Bean Pole, Calvin Klein, Coach, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger
16. Siehung Premium Outlets	Siehung	Fee	50.0 %	2017	444,400	Adidas, Armani, Bean Pole, Calvin Klein, Coach, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Salvatore Ferragamo, The North Face, Under Armour
17. Jeju Premium Outlets Subtotal South Korea	Jeju Province	Ground Lease (2041)	50.0 %	2021	92,000 2,007,100	Arcteryx, Coach, Golden Goose, Hugo Boss, J. Lindeberg, Moncler
MALAYSIA 18. Johor Premium Outlets	Johor (Singapore)	Fee	50.0 %	2011	309,400	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, DKNY, Furla, Gucci, Guess, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Puma, Salvatore Ferragamo, Timberland, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Zegna
19. Genting Highlands Premium Outlets Subtotal Malaysia THAILAND	Kuala Lumpur	Fee	50.0 %	2017	277,500 586,900	Adidas, Coach, Furla, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma
20. Siam Premium Outlets Bangkok	Bangkok	Fee	50.0 %	2020	264,000	Adidas, Balenciage, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Furla, Kate Spade New York, Nike, Skechers, Under Armour
Subtotal Thailand CANADA					264,000	
21. Toronto Premium Outlets	Toronto (Ontario)	Fee	50.0 %	2013	504,900	Adidas, Armani, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Eddie Bauer, Gap, Gucci, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Saks Fifth Avenue, Tommy Hilfiger, Tory Burch, Under Armour
22. Premium Outlets Montreal	Montreal (Quebec)	Fee	50.0 %	2014	367,400	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, The North Face, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
23. Premium Outlet Collection Edmonton International Airport Subtotal Canada	Edmonton (Alberta)	Ground Lease (2072)	50.0 %	2018	422,500 1,294,800	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap Factory, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL PREMIUM	OUTLETS				8,670,600	

	COUNTRY/Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	SPG Effective Ownership	Year Built	Total Gross Leasable Area (1)	Selected Tenants
	INTERNATIONAL DESIGNER OUTLETS AUSTRIA						
1.	Parndorf Designer Outlet	Vienna	Fee	90.0 %	2005	118,000	Adidas, Armani, Bally, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Dolce & Gabbana, Furla, Geox, Gucci, Guess, Michael Kors, Moncler, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Porsche Design, Prada, Puma, Tommy Hilfiger, Zegna
	Subtotal Austria ITALY					118,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.	La Reggia Designer Outlet	Marcianise (Naples)	Fee	90.0 %	2010	344,000	Adidas, Armani, Calvin Klein, Coach, Guess, Liu Jo, Michael Kors, Nike, Pinko, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Timberland, Tommy Hilfiger
3.	Noventa Di Piave Designer Outlet	Venice	Fee	90.0 %	2008	353,000	Adidas, Armani, Bally, Bottega Veneta, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Dolce & Gabanna, Fendi, Furla, Gucci, Loro Piana, Michael Kors, Nike, Pinko, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Salvatore Ferragamo, Sergio Rossi, Tommy Hilfiger, Valentino, Versace, Zegna
	Subtotal Italy NETHERLANDS					697,000	
	Roermond Designer Outlet Phases 2 & 3	Roermond	Fee	90.0 %	2005	173,000	Armani, Bally, Burberry, Calvin Klein, Coach, Furla, Gucci, Michael Kors, Moncler, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Swarovski, Tod's, Tommy Hilfiger, UGG, Zegna
4.	Roermond Designer Outlet Phase 4 Subtotal Roermond	Roermond	Fee	46.1 %	2017	125,000 298,000	Adidas, Karl Lagerfield, Liu Jo, Longchamp, Tag Heuer, Tom Tailor, Woolrich
5.	Designer Outlet Roosendaal Subtotal Netherlands UNITED KINGDOM	Roosendaal	Fee	94.0 %	2017	247,500 545,500	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Esprit, Guess, Nike, Puma, S. Oliver, Tommy Hilfiger
6.	Ashford Designer Outlet	Kent	Fee	45.0 %	2000	281,000	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Clarks, Fossil, French Connection, Guess, Kate Spade New York, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Superdry, Tommy Hilfiger
7.	West Midlands Designer Outlet	Cannock (West Midlands)	Fee	23.2 %	2021	197,000	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Clarks, Coach, Guess, Kate Spade, Nike, Puma, Superdry, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
	Subtotal England CANADA					478,000	
8.	Vancouver Designer Outlets	Vancouver	Ground Lease (2072)	45.0 %	2015	326,000	Adidas, Armani, Calvin Klein, Coach, Gap, Kate Spade New York, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
	Subtotal Canada GERMANY					326,000	
9.	Ochtrup Designer Outlets	Ochtrup	Fee	70.5 %	2016	191,500	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Guess, Lindt, Nike, Puma, Samsonite, Schiesser, Seidensticker, Tom Tailor, Vero Moda
	Subtotal Germany FRANCE					191,500	
10.	Paris-Giverny Designer Outlet	Vernon (Normandy)	Fee	73.8 %	2023	228,000	Adidas, Calvin Klein, Coach, Dolce & Gabana, Guess, Moncler, Nike, Puma, Superdry, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour, Woolrich
11.	Provence Designer Outlet	Miramas	Fee	90.0 %	2017	269,000	Armani, Calvin Klein, Guess, Michael Kors, Nike, Polo Ralph Lauren, Puma, Timberland, Tommy Hilfiger
	Subtotal France SPAIN					497,000	
12.	Málaga Designer Outlet	Málaga	Fee	46.1 %	2020	191,000	Adidas, Armani, Calvin Klein, Furla, Guess, Polo Ralph Lauren, Prada, Tommy Hilfiger, Under Armour
	Subtotal Spain Total International Designer Outlets					191,000 3,044,000	

	COUNTRY/Property Name	City (Metropolitan area)	Ownership Interest	SPG Effective Ownership	Year Built or Acquired	Total Gross Leasable Area (1)	Selected Tenants	
	International Taubman	(mon oponium unou)			0.7.04404			_
	China							
1.	CityOn.Xian	Xi'an	Ground Lease (2051)	20.0 %	Acquired 2020	995,000	Wangfujing	
2.	CityOn.Zhengzhou	Zhengzhou	Ground Lease (2051)	19.6 %	Acquired 2020	919,000	G-Super, Wangfujing	
	Subtotal China					1,914,000		
	South Korea							
3.	Starfield Anseong	Anseong	Fee	39.2 %	Acquired 2020	1,068,000	Shinsegae, E-Mart Traders	
4.	Starfield Hanam	Hanam	Fee	13.7 %	Acquired 2020	1,709,000	Shinsegae, E-Mart Traders	
	Subtotal South Korea					2,777,000		
	Total International Taubman	n				4,691,000		

FOOTNOTES:

- (1) All gross leasable area listed in square feet.(2) Property is undergoing an expansion.

Land

We have direct or indirect ownership interests in approximately 70 acres of land held in the United States and Canada for future development.

Sustainability

Simon has integrated sustainability initiatives into our business operations: how we plan, develop, and operate our properties.

Reducing our energy consumption is a central commitment to reducing our environmental impact. In 2020, we announced the adoption of 2035 greenhouse gas emissions targets approved by the Science Based Target Initiative ("SBTi"). Our target is to reduce scope 1 and scope 2 emissions by 68% (2019 baseline), and scope 3 emissions by 20.9% (2018 baseline). We believe that our climate related risk disclosures are aligned with the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosures established by the Financial Stability Board.

Reducing water consumption and landfill waste are also components of reducing our carbon and environmental footprint. We have already achieved our initial target of reducing water usage by 20% (2013 baseline), and we set a new target to reduce water for comparable centers by 15% by 2030, base year 2022.

The Governance and Nominating Committee of our Board of Directors ("Board") has been allocated the oversight of our sustainability policies, including environmental, social, and governance matters. Additionally, the Board has delegated to the Audit Committee the oversight and the annual disclosure of our sustainability programs in the form of an annual sustainability report.

In 2023, we were once again awarded a Green Star rating (2014-2023) - the highest designation awarded for leadership in sustainability performance by the Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark.

To learn more about our sustainability initiatives and detailed reporting please access our latest Sustainability Report at investors.simon.com. Information in the Sustainability Report and our Company website is not incorporated herein by reference and should not be considered part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Mortgages and Unsecured Debt

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the mortgages encumbering our properties, and the properties held by our domestic and international joint venture arrangements, and also our unsecured corporate debt. Substantially all of the mortgage and property related debt is nonrecourse to us.

Property Name	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Annual Debt Service (1)	Maturity Date
Consolidated Indebtedness:		_		
Secured Indebtedness:				
Arizona Mills	3.80 %	\$ 95,919	\$ 5,566	09/01/26
Birch Run Premium Outlets	4.21 %	123,000	5,177 (2)	02/06/26
Calhoun Outlet Marketplace	4.17 %	16,722 (19)	1,138	06/01/26
Domain, The	3.09 %	210,000	6,497 (2)	07/01/31
Ellenton Premium Outlets	4.30 %	178,000	7,651 (2)	12/01/25
Empire Mall	4.31 %	173,340	11,252	12/01/25
Florida Keys Outlet Marketplace	4.17 %	17,000	709 (2)	12/01/25
Gaffney Outlet Marketplace	4.17 %	27,012 (19)	1,839	06/01/26
Gloucester Premium Outlets	6.12 %	75,000	4,593 (2)	03/01/33
Grove City Premium Outlets	4.31 %	140,000	6,032 (2)	12/01/25
Gulfport Premium Outlets	4.35 %	50,000	2,174 (2)	12/01/25
Gurnee Mills	3.99 %	257,710	10,283 (2)	10/01/26
Hagerstown Premium Outlets	4.26 %	69,532	4,560	02/06/26
La Reggia Designer Outlets Phases 1 & 2	4.68 % (25)	176,595 (30)	10,033	03/31/27
Lee Premium Outlets	4.17 %	46,307 (19)	3,152	06/01/26
Noventa Di Piave Designer Outlet Phases 1, 2, 3, 4	2.00 %	306,384 (30)	6,118 (2)	07/25/25
Ochtrup Designer Outlet	2.10 %	55,186 (30)	1,159 (2)	06/30/26
Opry Mills	4.09 %	375,000	15,345 (2)	07/01/26
Outlets at Orange, The	4.22 %	215,000	9,067 (2)	04/01/24
Paris-Giverny Designer Outlet	5.38 % (16)	110,373 (30)	5,940 (2)	06/11/25
Parndorf Designer Outlet	2.00 %	199,594 (30)	3,992 (2)	07/04/29
Penn Square Mall	3.84 %	310,000	11,910 (2)	01/01/26
Pismo Beach Premium Outlets	3.33 %	31,242 (20)	1,949	09/06/26
Pleasant Prairie Premium Outlets	4.00 %	145,000	5,793 (2)	09/01/27
Potomac Mills	3.46 %	416,000	14,383 (2)	11/01/26
Provence Designer Outlet	4.92 %	104,898 (30)	6,225	07/27/27 (3)
Queenstown Premium Outlets	3.33 %	54,885 (20)	3,425	09/06/26
Roermond Designer Outlet	3.90 %	309,042 (30)	12,046 (2)	06/06/29
Roosendaal Designer Outlets	3.35 % (24)	63,908 (30)	2,140	02/23/24
Shops at Chestnut Hill, The	6.66 %	94,621	7,843	08/31/33
Syosset Park	4.76 %	15,152	1,116	02/01/31
Southridge Mall	3.85 %	112,087	4,320 (2)	06/06/23 (8)
Summit Mall	3.31 %	85,000	2,817 (2)	10/01/26
Syosset Park	7.47 % (1)	84,047	6,278 (2)	05/12/26 (3)
University Park Village	3.85 %	51,254	3,114	05/01/28
White Oaks Mall	7.76 % (4)	38,857	4,017	06/01/24
Williamsburg Premium Outlets	4.23 %	185,000	7,824 (2)	02/06/26
Wolfchase Galleria	4.15 %	155,152	6,433 (2)	11/01/26
Total Consolidated Secured Indebtedness		\$ 5,173,819		
Unsecured Indebtedness:				
Simon Property Group, L.P.				
Revolving Credit Facility - USD	5.22 % (15)	\$ 305,000	\$ 15,918 (2)	06/30/28 (3)

Property Name	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Annual Debt Service (1)	Maturity Date
Unsecured Notes - 22C	6.75 %	\$ 600,000	\$ 40,500 (14)	02/01/40
Unsecured Notes - 25C	4.75 %	550,000	26,125 (14)	03/15/42
Unsecured Notes - 27B	3.75 %	600,000	22,500 (14)	02/01/24
Unsecured Notes - 28A	3.38 %	900,000	30,375 (14)	10/01/24
Unsecured Notes - 28B	4.25 %	400,000	17,000 (14)	10/01/44
Unsecured Notes - 29B	3.50 %	1,100,000	38,500 (14)	09/01/25
Unsecured Notes - 30B	3.30 %	800,000	26,400 (14)	01/15/26
Unsecured Notes - 31B	3.25 %	750,000	24,375 (14)	11/30/26
Unsecured Notes - 31C	4.25 %	550,000	23,375 (14)	11/30/46
Unsecured Notes - 32B	3.38 %	750,000	25,313 (14)	06/15/27
Unsecured Notes - 33B	3.38 %	750,000	25,313 (14)	12/01/27
Unsecured Notes - 34A	2.00 %	1,000,000	20,000 (14)	09/13/24
Unsecured Notes - 34B	2.45 %	1,250,000	30,625 (14)	09/13/29
Unsecured Notes - 34C	3.25 %	1,250,000	40,625 (14)	09/13/49
Unsecured Notes - 35A	2.65 %	750,000	19,875 (14)	07/15/30
Unsecured Notes - 35B	3.80 %	750,000	28,500 (14)	07/15/50
Unsecured Notes - 36A	1.75 %	800,000	14,000 (14)	02/01/28
Unsecured Notes - 36B	2.20 %	700,000	15,400 (14)	02/01/31
Unsecured Notes - 37A	1.38 %	550,000	7,563 (14)	01/15/27
Unsecured Notes - 37B	2.25 %	700,000	15,750 (14)	01/15/32
Unsecured Notes - 38B	2.65 %	700,000	18,550 (14)	02/01/32
Unsecured Notes - 39A	5.50 %	650,000	35,750 (14)	03/08/33
Unsecured Notes - 39B	5.85 %	650,000	38,025 (14)	03/08/53
Unsecured Notes - 40A	6.25 %	500,000	31,250 (14)	01/15/34
Unsecured Notes - 40B	6.65 %	500,000	33,250 (14)	01/15/54
Unsecured Notes - Euro 3	1.25 %	551,860 (10)	6,898 (6)	05/13/25
Unsecured Notes - Euro 4	1.13 %	827,791 (13)	9,313 (6)	03/19/33
Unsecured Bonds - Exchangable Euro 5	3.50 % (47)	827,791 (13)	28,973 (14)	11/14/26
Total Consolidated Unsecured Indebtedness		\$ 21,012,442		
Total Consolidated Indebtedness at Face Amounts		\$ 26,186,261		
Premium on Indebtedness		13,635		
Discount on Indebtedness		(86,626)		
Debt Issuance Costs		(140,442)		
Other Debt Obligations		60,595 (18)		
Total Consolidated Indebtedness		\$ 26,033,423		
Our Share of Consolidated Indebtedness		\$ 25,807,249		
Joint Venture Indebtedness:				
Secured Indebtedness:				
Arundel Mills	7.70 %	\$ 360,000	\$ 27,724 (2)	11/01/33
Ashford Designer Outlet	4.90 % (35)	131,770 (21)	6,451 (2)	05/23/27
Aventura Mall	4.12 %	1,750,000	72,122 (2)	07/01/28
Avenues, The	3.60 %	110,000	3,960 (2)	02/06/26

Property Name	Interes Rate	st	Face Amount	Annual Debt Service (1)	Maturity Date
Briarwood Mall	3.29 %		165,000	5,432 (2)	09/01/26
Busan Premium Outlets	4.40 %		84,822 (17)	3,729 (2)	11/23/25
Cape Cod Mall	7.65 %	(1)	\$ 52,000	\$ 3,980 (2)	07/30/26 (3)
Charlotte Premium Outlets	4.27 %		99,309	5,950	07/01/28
Clarksburg Premium Outlets	3.95 %		157,399	9,164	01/01/28
Coconut Point	3.95 %		171,638	10,797	10/01/26
Colorado Mills - 1	4.28 %		121,038	7,933	11/01/24
Colorado Mills - 2	2.80 %		30,000	840 (2)	07/01/31
Concord Mills	6.55 %		232,391	17,736	11/01/32
Coral Square Residential	7.40 %	(1)	22,192	1,643 (2)	05/04/27 (3)
Dadeland Mall	3.11 %	, ,	369,656	19,872	01/05/27
Dadeland Mall Hotel	7.70 %	(1)	27,345	2,570	09/01/24 (3)
Del Amo Fashion Center	3.66 %	, ,	585,000	21,396 (2)	06/01/27
Domain Westin	4.12 %		58,786	5,708	09/01/25
Dover Mall	5.57 %		77,929	4,341 (2)	08/06/26
Falls, The	3.45 %		150,000	5,175 (2)	09/01/26
Fashion Centre Pentagon	6.94 %	(38)	455,000	31,573 (2)	05/09/26 (3)
Fashion Valley	5.73 %	` ,	450,000	25,785 (2)	06/01/33
Florida Mall, The	6.30 %	(36)	600,000	37,800 (2)	02/09/27 (3)
Fukaya-Hanazono Premium Outlets	0.76 %	` ,	75,867 (26)	575 (2)	09/30/32
Galleria, The	3.55 %		1,200,000	42,598 (2)	03/01/25
Gotemba Premium Outlets	0.31 %		92,176 (26)	285 (2)	04/08/27
Grapevine Mills	3.83 %		268,000	10,272 (2)	10/01/24
Hamilton Town Center	7.70 %	(1)	79,077	7,201	02/24/27 (3)
Johor Premium Outlet	5.95 %		4,430 (9)	264 (2)	01/31/24
Katy Mills	5.77 %		127,906	9,042	08/01/32
Lehigh Valley Mall	4.06 %		177,171	11,512	11/01/27
Liberty Tree Mall	6.18 %	(27)	28,311	2,070	05/03/28
Malaga Designer Outlet	5.54 %	(22)	70,086 (30)	3,883 (2)	05/05/28 (3)
Mall at Rockingham Park, The	4.04 %		262,000	10,585 (2)	06/01/26
Mall of New Hampshire, The	4.11 %		150,000	6,162 (2)	07/01/25
Meadowood Mall	5.74 %		103,768	8,211	12/01/26
Miami International Mall	4.42 %		160,000	7,072 (2)	02/06/24
Norfolk Premium Outlets	4.50 %		75,000	4,138	04/01/32
Northshore Mall	8.02 %		190,083	19,390	07/05/25
Paju Premium Outlets	3.06 %		47,125 (17)	1,443 (2)	03/13/25
Premium Outlet Collection Edmonton IA	6.76 %	(37)	102,990 (5)	6,957 (2)	11/30/25
Premium Outlets Montréal	3.08 %		90,554 (5)	2,789 (2)	06/01/24
Quaker Bridge Mall	4.20 %		180,000	7,560 (2)	05/01/26
Queretaro Premium Outlets - Fixed	12.21 %		23,644 (32)	4,106	12/20/33
Queretaro Premium Outlets - Variable	15.25 %		1,169 (32)	178 (2)	06/20/28
Rinku Premium Outlets	0.30 %		41,834 (26)	126 (2)	07/31/27
Roermond 4 Designer Outlet	4.55 %	(23)	185,425 (30)	8,437 (2)	08/18/25
Roosevelt Field Hotel	8.09 %	(34)	48,800	3,950 (2)	06/29/27 (3)

Taubman Realty Group Indebtedness:

Secured Indebtedness:

Mortgage and Unsecured Debt As of December 31, 2023 (Dollars in thousands)

Property Name	Interest Rate			Face Amount	Annual Debt Service (1)	Maturity Date	
Round Rock Residential	7.45 % (1)		29,918	2,230	08/26/26 (
Sano Premium Outlets	0.28 %			32,261 (26)	91 (2)	02/28/25	
Sawgrass Mills Hotel	8.29 % (3	3)		27,700	2,297 (2)	06/07/24	
Shisui Premium Outlets Phase 2	0.37 %			35,452 (26)	129 (2)	05/31/29	
Shisui Premium Outlets Phase 3	0.37 % (1	2)	\$	18,435 (26)	\$ 67 (2)	11/30/28	
Shops at Clearfork, The	2.81 % (2	27)		145,000	4,072 (2)	03/11/30	
Shops at Crystals, The	3.74 %			550,000	20,592 (2)	07/01/26	
Shops at Mission Viejo, The	3.61 %			289,240	10,442 (2)	02/01/25 (3	
Siam Premium Outlets Bangkok	4.69 %			64,490 (11)	3,025 (2)	06/05/31	
Siheung Premium Outlets	2.51 %			115,878 (17)	2,909 (2)	03/15/24	
Silver Sands Premium Outlets	3.96 %			140,000	5,543 (2)	03/01/32	
Smith Haven Mall	8.45 % (1)		171,750	14,521 (2)	03/31/24	
Solomon Pond Mall	4.01 %			91,178	3,656	11/01/22 (8	
Southdale Hotel	7.70 % (1)		16,197	1,815	06/01/25	
Southdale Residential	4.46 %			35,265	2,550	10/15/35	
Springfield Mall	4.45 %			55,203	3,918	10/06/25	
Square One Mall	5.47 %			79,050	4,326 (2)	01/06/27	
St. Johns Town Center	3.82 %			350,000	13,367 (2)	09/11/24	
St. Johns Hotel	8.15 % (1)		16,036	1,308 (2)	05/16/27 (3	
St. Louis Premium Outlets	4.06 %			87,886	5,399	10/06/24	
Stoneridge Shopping Center	3.50 %			330,000	11,550 (2)	09/05/26	
Tanger Outlets Columbus	6.25 %			71,000	4,439 (2)	10/01/32 (3	
Tanger Outlets - Galveston/Houston	7.90 % (4	-0)		58,000	4,581 (2)	06/16/28 (3	
Toki Premium Outlets - Fixed	0.21 %			18,789 (26)	39 (2)	11/30/24	
Toki Premium Outlets - Variable	0.31 % (1	2)		2,482 (26)	8 (2)	11/30/24	
Tosu Premium Outlets	0.30 % (1	2)		43,961 (26)	130 (2)	10/31/26	
Twin Cities Premium Outlets	4.32 %			115,000	4,968 (2)	11/06/24	
Vancouver Designer Outlet	5.67 % (3	9)		124,512 (5)	7,064 (2)	12/01/27 (3	
West Midlands Designer Outlets	7.49 % (2	(8)		82,754 (21)	6,198 (2)	06/06/26	
Westchester, The	3.25 %			400,000	13,000 (2)	02/01/30	
Woodfield Mall	6.71 %			294,000	19,730 (2)	12/01/33	
Yeoju Premium Outlets	3.53 %			47,897 (17)	1,692 (2)	09/28/24	
Total Joint Venture Secured Indebtedness at Face Amount			\$ 13	3,986,025			
TMLP Indebtedness at Face Amount				328,199 (29)			
Total Joint Venture and TMLP Indebtedness at Face Amount			14	1,314,224			
Debt Issuance Costs				(31,385)			
Total Joint Venture Indebtedness			\$ 14	1,282,839			
Our Share of Joint Venture Indebtedness			\$ 6	5,688,169 (31)			

TRG Share

of Face Amount

Property Name	Interest Rate		Face Amount	Annual Debt Service (1)	Maturity Date
Cherry Creek Shopping Center	3.85 %	\$	275,000	\$ 10,588 (2)	06/01/28
City Creek Center	9.37 %		68,284	8,046	04/01/24
Country Club Plaza	3.85 %		147,735	7,055	04/01/26
Dolphin Mall	6.87 % (44))	1,000,000	68,700 (2)	05/09/27 (3)
Fair Oaks Mall	5.32 %		119,387	8,530	11/10/23 (8)
Gardens Mall, The	4.41 %		98,532	7,584	07/15/25
Great Lakes Crossing Outlets	6.52 %	\$	180,000	\$ 11,736 (2)	02/01/33
International Plaza	5.57 % (43))	238,977	13,311 (2)	10/09/26 (3)
Mall at Green Hills, The	8.06 % (42))	150,000	12,090 (2)	01/01/27 (3)
Mall at Millenia, The	3.94 %		225,000	8,865 (2)	10/15/24
Mall at Short Hills, The	3.48 %		1,000,000	34,800 (2)	10/01/27
Mall at University Town Center, The	3.40 %		137,267	7,400	11/01/26
Sunvalley	4.44 %		73,200	6,306	09/01/25 (3)
Twelve Oaks Mall	4.85 %		272,445	18,670	03/06/28
Waterside Shops	3.86 %		78,534	4,613	04/15/26
Westfarms	7.80 %		191,035	14,901 (2)	09/06/28
CityOn.Xian	5.00 %		31,025 (46)	4,354	03/14/29
CityOn.Zhengzhou	4.95 %		32,852 (46)	4,080	03/22/32
Starfield Anseong	2.17 %		113,817 (45)	2,470 (2)	02/27/25
Starfield Hanam	2.38 %	_	79,672 (45)	1,896 (2)	10/26/25
Total TRG Secured Indebtedness at TRG Share of Face Amount		\$	4,512,762		
Corporate and Other Indebtedness:					
TRG U.S. Headquarters	3.49 %	\$	12,000	\$ 419 (2)	03/01/24
TRG - \$650M Revolving Credit Facility	6.65 % (48))	125,000	8,313 (2)	03/31/27 (3)
TRG - \$65M Revolving Credit Facility	6.84 % (49))	30,000	2,052 (2)	04/20/24
Other Total TRG Corporate and Other Indebtedness at TRG Share of Face Amount	7.69 %	\$	12,000 179,000	923 (2)	11/01/27 (3)
Total TRG Indebtedness at TRG Share		\$	4,691,762		
Our Share of TRG Indebtedness		\$	3,941,080		

- (1) Variable rate loans based on one-month (1M) SOFR plus interest rate spreads ranging from 110 bps to 310 bps. 1M SOFR as of December 31, 2023 was
- (2) Requires monthly payment of interest only.
- (3) Includes applicable extension available at the Applicable Borrower's option.
- (4) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 299bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 1M SOFR is currently fixed at 4.76% on a portion of the balance.
- (5) Amount shown in USD equivalent. CAD Equivalent is 421.5 million.
- (6) Requires annual payment of interest only.
- (7) Variable rate loans based on Cost of Fund plus an interest rate spreads ranging from 125bps to 175 bps. Cost of Fund as of December 31, 2023 was 4.3378%.

- (8) Mortgage is outstanding as of 12/31/2023.
- (9) Amount shown in USD Equivalent. Ringgit equivalent is 20.3 million.
- (10) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Euro equivalent is 500.0 million.
- (11) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Baht equivalent is 2.2 billion.
- (12) Variable rate loans based on six-month (6M) TIBOR plus interest rate spreads ranging from 15 bps to 35 bps. As of December 31, 2023, 6M TIBOR was 0.16%.
- (13) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Euro equivalent is 750.0 million.
- (14) Requires semi-annual payments of interest only.
- (15) Credit Facilities. As of December 31, 2023, the Credit Facilities bear interest at a SOFR index subject to a 10 bps adjustment plus 72.5 bps credit spread. The credit facilities provide for different pricing based upon our investment grade rating. Through an interest rate swap agreement, the SOFR index is currently fixed at 4.394%. As of December 31, 2023, \$8.1 billion was available after outstanding borrowings and letters of credit under our Credit Facilities.
- (16) Variable rate loan based on 3M EURIBOR plus an interest rate spread of 380bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 3M Euribor is currently fixed at 1.00% on a portion of the balance.
- (17) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Won Equivalent is 382.8 billion.
- (18) City of Sunrise Bond Liability (Sawgrass Mills).
- (19) Loans secured by these three properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (20) Loans secured by these two properties are cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted.
- (21) Amount shown in USD equivalent. GBP equivalent is 168.5 million.
- (22) Variable rate loan based on 3M EURIBOR plus interest rate spread of 225 bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement 3M EURIBOR is capped at 3.29%.
- (23) Variable rate loan based on 3M EURIBOR plus interest rate spread of 130 bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement 3M EURIBOR is fixed at 3.25%.
- (24) Variable rate loan based on 3M EURIBOR, which is subject to a floor of 0.00%, plus an interest rate spread of 185 bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 3M EURIBOR is currently fixed at 1.00% on a portion of the balance.
- (25) Variable rate loan based on 3M EURIBOR plus an interest rate spread of 250bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement, 3M Euribor is currently fixed at 1.75% on a portion of the balance.
- (26) Amount shown in USD Equivalent. Yen equivalent is 50.9 billion.
- (27) Associated with this loan is an interest rate swap agreement that effectively fixes the interest rate on this loan at the all-in rate presented.
- (28) Variable rate loan based on Overnight SONIA plus an interest rate spread of 250bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement, Overnight SONIA is fixed at 4.99%
- (29) Consists of two properties with interest rates ranging from 5.65% to 7.32% and maturities in 2024.
- (30) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Euro equivalent is 1.4 billion.
- (31) Our share of total indebtedness includes a pro rata share of the mortgage debt on joint venture properties, including The Mills Limited Partnership. To the extent total indebtedness is secured by a property, it is non-recourse to us, with the exception of approximately \$139.2 million of payment guarantees provided by the Operating Partnership.
- (32) Amount shown in USD equivalent. Peso equivalent is 421.2 million.
- (33) Variable rate loan based on 30 day Average SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 295 bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 30 day Average SOFR is currently fixed at 5.34%.
- (34) Variable rate loan based on 30 day Average SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 275 bps. 30 day Average SOFR, as of December 31, 2023 was 5.34%.

- (35) Variable rate loan based on Overnight SONIA plus an interest rate spread of 215bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement, Overnight SONIA is fixed at 2.14% for a portion of the balance.
- (36) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 230 bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 1M SOFR is currently fixed at 4.00%.
- (37) Variable rate loan based on one-month (1M) CDOR plus an interest rate spread of 130bps. 1M CDOR as of December 31, 2023 was 5.46%.
- (38) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 305 bps. Through an interest rate cap agreement, 1M SOFR is currently fixed at 3.89%
- (39) Variable rate loan based on CDOR plus an interest rate spread of 185 bps. Through an interest rate swap agreements, CDOR is currently fixed at rates ranging from 3.66% to 3.99% for a portion of the balance.
- (40) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR plus an interest rate spread of 300 bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement, 1M SOFR is currently fixed at 4.44%.
- (41) Variable rate loan based on Overnight SONIA plus an interest rate spread of 215bps. Through an interest rate swap agreement, Overnight SONIA is fixed at 2.14% for a portion of the balance.
- (42) Variable rate loan based on 30 day Average SOFR, which is subject to a floor of 0.035%, plus an interest rate spread of 272 bps. 30 day Average SOFR, as of December 31, 2023 was 5.34%.
- (43) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR, which is subject to a floor of 0.00% plus an interest rate spread of 207bps. Through interest rate cap agreements, 1M SOFR is currently fixed at 3.50%.
- (44) Variable rate loan based on 1M Term SOFR, which is subject to a floor of 0.00% plus an interest rate spread of 310bps. Through interest rate swap agreements, 1M Term SOFR is currently fixed at 3.77%.
- (45) Amounts shown in USD Equivalent. KRW Equivalent is 902.0 billion.
- (46) Amounts shown in USD Equivalent. CNY Equivalent is 1.8 billion.
- (47) Notes exchangeable into ordinary shares of Klépierre S.A. at a common price of €27.2092.
- (48) Variable rate loan based on 1M SOFR, which is subject to a floor of 0.00% plus an interest rate spread ranging from 115bps to 170bps. 1M SOFR, as of December 31, 2023 was 5.35%.
- (49) Variable rate loan based on one-month (1M) BSBY, which is subject to a floor of 0.00% plus an interest rate spread of 140bps. 1M BSBY, as of December 31, 2023 was 5.44%.

The changes in consolidated mortgages and unsecured indebtedness for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	2023			2022	2021	
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	24,960,286	\$	25,321,022	\$	26,723,361
Additions during period:						
New Loan Originations		3,610,389		3,443,739		9,255,220
Loans assumed in acquisitions and consolidation		_		85,689		46,263
Net (Discount)/Premium		(43,438)		(1,922)		(9,118)
Net Debt Issuance Costs		(60,891)		(10,166)		(35,818)
Deductions during period:						
Loan Retirements		(2,559,276)		(3,687,330)		(10,386,133)
Amortization of Net Discounts/(Premiums)		432		7		168
Debt Issuance Cost Amortization		28,660		26,113		24,794
Scheduled Principal Amortization		(16,455)		(22,446)		(48,386)
Foreign Currency Translation		113,716		(194,420)		(249,329)
Balance, Close of Year	\$	26,033,423	\$	24,960,286	\$	25,321,022

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are involved from time-to-time in various legal and regulatory proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business, including, but not limited to, commercial disputes, environmental matters, and litigation in connection with transactions such as acquisitions and divestitures. We believe that current proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. We record a liability when a loss is considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Part II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Simon

Market Information

Simon's common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "SPG".

Holders

The number of holders of record of common stock outstanding was 1,080 as of January 31, 2024. The Class B common stock is subject to two voting trusts as to which Herbert Simon and David Simon are the trustees. Shares of Class B common stock convert automatically into an equal number of shares of common stock upon the occurrence of certain events and can be converted into shares of common stock at the option of the holders.

Dividends

We must pay a minimum amount of dividends to maintain Simon's status as a REIT. Simon's future dividends and future distributions of the Operating Partnership will be determined by Simon's Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, based on actual and projected financial condition, liquidity and results of operations, cash available for dividends and limited partner distributions, cash reserves as deemed necessary for capital and operating expenditures, financing covenants, if any, and the amount required to maintain Simon's status as a REIT.

Common stock cash dividends paid during 2023 aggregated \$7.45 per share. Common stock cash dividends during 2022 aggregated \$6.90 per share. On February 5, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend for the first quarter of 2024 of \$1.95 per share, payable on March 29, 2024 to shareholders of record on March 8, 2024.

We offer a dividend reinvestment plan that allows Simon's stockholders to acquire additional shares by automatically reinvesting cash dividends. Shares are acquired pursuant to the plan at a price equal to the prevailing market price of such shares, without payment of any brokerage commission or service charge.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities made by Simon during the quarter ended December 31, 2023.

Issuances Under Equity Compensation Plans

For information regarding the securities authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans, see Item 12 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share		of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans	Approximate value of shares that may yet be purchased under plans (1)
October 1, 2023 - October 31, 2023	316,368	\$	108.32	316,368	\$ 1,679,728,717
November 1, 2023 - November 30, 2023	_	\$	_	_	\$ 1,679,728,717
December 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023	5,738	\$	123.46	5,738	\$ 1,679,020,324
	322,106	\$	108.59	322,106	

(1) On May 9, 2022, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase plan commencing on May 16, 2022, or the Repurchase Program. Under the program, the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock during the two-year period ending May 16, 2024 in open market or privately negotiated transactions, at prices that the Company deems appropriate and subject to market conditions, applicable law, and other factors deemed relevant in the Company's sole discretion. On February 8, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a new common stock repurchase program which replaces the existing Repurchase Program immediately, where the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock over the next 24 months. As Simon repurchases shares under these programs, the Operating Partnership repurchases an equal number of units from Simon.

The Operating Partnership

Market Information

There is no established trading market for units or preferred units.

Holders

The number of holders of record of units was 230 as of January 31, 2024.

Distributions

The Operating Partnership makes distributions on its units in amounts sufficient to maintain Simon's qualification as a REIT. Simon is required each year to distribute to its stockholders at least 90% of its REIT taxable income after certain adjustments. Future distributions will be determined by Simon's Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, based on actual and projected financial condition, liquidity and results of operations, cash available for distributions, cash reserves as deemed necessary for capital and operating expenditures, financing covenants, if any, and the distributions that may be required to maintain Simon's status as a REIT.

Distributions during 2023 aggregated \$7.45 per unit. Distributions during 2022 aggregated \$6.90 per unit. On February 5, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend for the first quarter of 2024 of \$1.95 per share, payable on March 29, 2024 to shareholders of record on March 8, 2024. The distribution rate on the Operating Partnership's units is equal to the dividend rate on Simon's common stock.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities made by the Operating Partnership during the quarter ended December 31, 2023.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the quarter ended December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership redeemed 18,919 units from four limited partners for \$2.6 million in cash.

Item 6. Reserved

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto that are included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Overview

Simon Property Group, Inc. is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code. REITs will generally not be liable for U.S. federal corporate income taxes as long as they distribute not less than 100% of their REIT taxable income. Simon Property Group, L.P. is our majority-owned Delaware partnership subsidiary that owns all of our real estate properties and other assets. In this discussion, unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Simon" mean Simon Property Group, Inc. and references to the "Operating Partnership" mean Simon Property Group, L.P. References to "we," "us" and "our" mean collectively Simon, the Operating Partnership and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by Simon and/or the Operating Partnership. According to the Operating Partnership agreement, the Operating Partnership is required to pay all expenses of Simon.

We own, develop and manage premier shopping, dining, entertainment and mixed-use destinations, which consist primarily of malls, Premium Outlets®, and The Mills®. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or held an interest in 195 income-producing properties in the United States, which consisted of 93 malls, 69 Premium Outlets, 14 Mills, six lifestyle centers, and 13 other retail properties in 37 states and Puerto Rico. We also own an 84% noncontrolling interest in The Taubman Realty Group, LLC, or TRG, which has an interest in 24 regional, super-regional, and outlet malls in the U.S. and Asia. In addition, we have redevelopment and expansion projects, including the addition of anchors, big box tenants, and restaurants, underway at several properties in the North America, Europe and Asia. Internationally, as of December 31, 2023, we had ownership in 35 Premium Outlets and Designer Outlet properties primarily located in Asia, Europe, and Canada. As of December 31, 2023, we also owned a 22.4% equity stake in Klépierre SA, or Klépierre, a publicly traded, Paris-based real estate company, which owns, or has an interest in, shopping centers located in 14 countries in Europe. We also own investments in retail operations (J.C. Penney and SPARC Group); an intellectual property and licensing venture (Authentic Brands Group, LLC, or ABG); an e-commerce venture (Rue Gilt Groupe, or RGG), and Jamestown (a global real estate investment and management company), collectively, our other platform investments.

We generate the majority of our lease income from retail, dining, entertainment, and other tenants including consideration received from:

- fixed minimum lease consideration and fixed common area maintenance (CAM) reimbursements, and
- variable lease consideration primarily based on tenants' sales, as well as reimbursements for real estate taxes, utilities, marketing and certain other items.

Revenues of our management company, after intercompany eliminations, consist primarily of management fees that are typically based upon the revenues of the property being managed.

We invest in real estate properties to maximize total financial return which includes both operating cash flows and capital appreciation. We seek growth in earnings, funds from operations, or FFO, and cash flows by enhancing the profitability and operation of our properties and investments. We seek to accomplish this growth through the following:

- attracting and retaining high quality tenants and utilizing economies of scale to reduce operating expenses,
- expanding and re-tenanting existing highly productive locations at competitive rental rates,
- selectively acquiring or increasing our interests in high quality real estate assets or portfolios of assets,
- generating consumer traffic in our retail properties through marketing initiatives and strategic corporate alliances, and
- selling selective non-core assets.

We also grow by generating supplemental revenues from the following activities:

- establishing our malls as leading market resource providers for retailers and other businesses and consumer-focused corporate alliances, including payment systems (such as handling fees relating to the sales of bank-issued prepaid cards), national marketing alliances, static and digital media initiatives, business development, sponsorship, and events,
- offering property operating services to our tenants and others, including waste handling and facility services, and the provision of energy services,
- selling or leasing land adjacent to our properties, commonly referred to as "outlots" or "outparcels," and
- generating interest income on cash deposits and investments in loans, including those made to related entities.

We focus on high quality real estate across the retail real estate spectrum. We expand or redevelop properties to enhance profitability and market share of existing assets when we believe the investment of our capital meets our risk-reward criteria. We selectively develop new properties in markets we believe are not adequately served by existing retail outlet properties.

We routinely review and evaluate acquisition opportunities based on their ability to enhance our portfolio. Our international strategy includes partnering with established real estate companies and financing international investments with local currency to minimize foreign exchange risk.

To support our growth, we employ a three-fold capital strategy:

- provide the capital necessary to fund growth,
- maintain sufficient flexibility to access capital in many forms, both public and private, including but not limited to, having in place, the
 Operating Partnership's \$5.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or the Credit Facility, its \$3.5 billion supplemental unsecured revolving
 credit facility, or its Supplemental Facility, together, the Credit Facilities and its global unsecured commercial paper note program, or the
 Commercial Paper program, of \$2.0 billion, or the non-U.S. dollar equivalent thereof, and
- manage our overall financial structure in a fashion that preserves our investment grade credit ratings.

We consider FFO, net operating income, or NOI, and portfolio NOI to be key measures of operating performance that are not specifically defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. We use these measures internally to evaluate the operating performance of our portfolio and provide a basis for comparison with other real estate companies. Reconciliations of these measures to the most comparable GAAP measures are included below in this discussion.

Results Overview

Diluted earnings per share and diluted earnings per unit increased \$0.46 during 2023 to \$6.98 as compared to \$6.52 in 2022. The increase in diluted earnings per share and diluted earnings per unit was primarily attributable to:

- improved operating performance and solid core business fundamentals in 2023, as discussed below,
- pre-tax gains in 2023 on the disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests of \$362.0 million, or \$0.97 per diluted share/unit, of which \$204.9 million, or \$0.55 per diluted share/unit, was non-cash,
- increased lease income in 2023 of \$259.2 million, or \$0.69 per diluted share/unit,
- increased other income of \$99.1 million, or \$0.26 per diluted share/unit, primarily due to a \$59.5 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share/unit, increase in distributions and other income and a \$56.6 million, or \$0.15 per diluted share/unit, increase in interest income, partially offset by a decrease in lease settlement income of \$17.0 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share/unit,
- an unrealized favorable change in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net of \$73.1 million, or \$0.20 per diluted share/unit, partially offset by
- decreased income from unconsolidated entities of \$272.3 million, or \$0.73 per diluted share/unit, the majority of which is due to unfavorable year-over-year operations from other platform investments,

- a non-cash gain in 2022 on the disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net of \$121.2 million, or \$0.32 per diluted share/unit,
- increased interest expense in 2023 of \$93.4 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share/unit, primarily due to new USD and EUR bond issuances as well as increases to rates on variable rate mortgages,
- increased other expenses in 2023 of \$35.6 million, or \$0.10 per diluted share/unit,
- increased depreciation and amortization in 2023 of \$34.7 million, or \$0.09 per diluted share/unit, and
- increased property operating expenses in 2023 of \$25.2 million, or \$0.07 per diluted share/unit.

Portfolio NOI increased 4.9% in 2023 as compared to 2022. Average base minimum rent for U.S. Malls and Premium Outlets increased 3.1% to \$56.82 psf as of December 31, 2023, from \$55.13 psf as of December 31, 2022. Ending occupancy for our U.S. Malls and Premium Outlets increased 0.9% to 95.8% as of December 31, 2023, from 94.9% as of December 31, 2022, primarily due to strong leasing demand.

Our effective overall borrowing rate at December 31, 2023 on our consolidated indebtedness increased 27 basis points to 3.49% as compared to 3.22% at December 31, 2022. This increase was primarily due to an increase in the effective overall borrowing rate on variable rate debt of 198 basis points (5.91% at December 31, 2023 as compared to 3.93% at December 31, 2022) due to increasing benchmark rates, partially offset by a decrease in the amount of our variable rate debt and an increase in fixed rate debt. The weighted average years to maturity of our consolidated indebtedness was 8.1 years and 7.5 years at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Our financing activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 included:

- the Operating Partnership completing on November 14, 2023, the issuance of €750.0 million senior unsecured bonds (\$808.0 million U.S. dollar equivalent) with a maturity date of November 14, 2026 and a fixed interest rate of 3.50%. The bonds are exchangeable into shares of Klépierre at the option of the holder of the bond at an initial common price of €27.2092. We may elect to settle the exchange with cash instead of shares. Proceeds were used to repay €750.0 million (\$815.4 million U.S. dollar equivalent) outstanding under the Supplemental Facility on November 17, 2023.
- the Operating Partnership completing on November 9, 2023, the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.25% and \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.65%, with maturity dates of January 15, 2034 and January 15, 2054, respectively.
- borrowing \$180.0 million under the Credit Facility and subsequently unencumbering two properties,
- completing, on June 1, 2023 the redemption at par of the Operating Partnership's \$600 million 2.75% notes at maturity,
- the Operating Partnership completing on March 8, 2023, the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$650 million with a fixed interest rate of 5.5% and \$650 million with a fixed interest rate of 5.85%, with maturity dates of March 8, 2033 and March 8, 2053, respectively. A portion of the net proceeds were used to fund the optional redemption at par of the Operating Partnerships \$500 million floating interest rate notes due January 2024 on March 13, 2023, and
- Amending, restating, extending, and increasing our existing \$4.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility on March 14, 2023 with a new \$5.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility.

United States Portfolio Data

The portfolio data discussed in this overview includes the following key operating statistics: ending occupancy, and average base minimum rent per square foot. We include acquired properties in this data beginning in the year of acquisition and remove disposed properties in the year of disposition. For comparative information purposes, we separate the information related to The Mills and TRG from our other U.S. operations. We also do not include any information for properties located outside the United States.

The following table sets forth these key operating statistics for the combined U.S. Malls and Premium Outlets:

- properties that are consolidated in our consolidated financial statements,
- properties we account for under the equity method of accounting as joint ventures, and
- the foregoing two categories of properties on a total portfolio basis.

			%/Basis Point			%/Basis Point		
		2023	Change (1)	2022		Change (1)		2021
U.S. Malls and Premium Outlets:	·						·	
Ending Occupancy								
Consolidated		95.7%	80 bps		94.9%	140 bps		93.5%
Unconsolidated		96.1%	120 bps		94.9%	180 bps		93.1%
Total Portfolio		95.8%	90 bps		94.9%	150 bps		93.4%
Average Base Minimum Rent per Square Foot								
Consolidated	\$	55.47	2.8%	\$	53.95	2.6%	\$	52.59
Unconsolidated	\$	60.59	3.8%	\$	58.36	1.4%	\$	57.55
Total Portfolio	\$	56.82	3.1%	\$	55.13	2.3%	\$	53.91
U.S. TRG:								
Ending Occupancy		95.7%	120 bps		94.5%	330 bps		91.2%
Average Base Minimum Rent per Square Foot	\$	65.01	5.3%	\$	61.76	5.2%	\$	58.69
The Mills:								
Ending Occupancy		97.8%	-40 bps		98.2%	60 bps		97.6%
Average Base Minimum Rent per Square Foot	\$	36.38	4.3%	\$	34.89	3.2%	\$	33.80

(1) Percentages may not recalculate due to rounding. Percentage and basis point changes are representative of the change from the comparable prior period.

Ending Occupancy Levels and Average Base Minimum Rent per Square Foot. Ending occupancy is the percentage of gross leasable area, or GLA, which is leased as of the last day of the reporting period. We include all company owned space except for mall anchors, mall majors, mall freestanding and mall outlots in the calculation. Base minimum rent per square foot is the average base minimum rent charge in effect for the reporting period for all tenants that would qualify to be included in ending occupancy.

Current Leasing Activities

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, we signed 1,185 new leases and 1,841 renewal leases (excluding mall anchors and majors, new development, redevelopment and leases with terms of one year or less) with a fixed minimum rent across our U.S. Malls and Premium Outlets portfolio, comprising approximately 10.9 million square feet, of which 8.3 million square feet related to consolidated properties. During 2022, we signed 1,262 new leases and 1,517 renewal leases with a fixed minimum rent, comprising approximately 9.1 million square feet, of which 7.0 million square feet related to consolidated properties. The average annual initial base minimum rent for new leases was \$66.39 per square foot in 2023 and \$55.41 per square foot in 2022 with an average tenant allowance on new leases of \$64.31 per square foot and \$53.01 per square foot, respectively.

Japan Data

The following are selected key operating statistics for our Premium Outlets in Japan. The information used to prepare these statistics has been supplied by the managing venture partner.

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	1, %/basis point Change		cember 31, 2022	%/basis point Change	De	cember 31, 2021
Ending Occupancy Average Base Minimum Rent per Square		99.7%	-10 bps		99.8%	0 bps		99.8%
Foot	¥	5,494	-4.93%	¥	5.779	4.90%	¥	5.509

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. From time to time, we reevaluate our estimates and assumptions. In the event estimates or assumptions prove to be different from actual results, adjustments are made in subsequent periods to reflect more current information. Below is a discussion of accounting policies that we consider critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. For a summary of our significant accounting policies, see Note 3 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

- We, as a lessor, primarily under long-term leases, retain substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the investment properties and account for our leases as operating leases. We accrue fixed lease income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases, when we believe substantially all lease income, including the related straight-line rent receivable, is probable of collection. Our assessment of collectability, primarily under long-term leases, incorporates available operational performance measures such as sales and the aging of billed amounts as well as other publicly available information with respect to our tenant's financial condition, liquidity and capital resources. When a tenant seeks to reorganize its operations through bankruptcy proceedings, we assess the collectability of receivable balances including, among other things, the timing of a tenant's bankruptcy filing and our expectations of the assumption by the tenant in bankruptcy proceeding of leases at the Company's properties on substantially similar terms. In the event that we determine accrued receivables are not probable of collection, lease income will be recorded on a cash basis, with the corresponding tenant receivable and straight-line rent receivable charged as a direct write-off against lease income in the period of the change in our collectability determination.
- We review investment properties for impairment on a property-by-property basis to identify and evaluate events or changes in circumstances which indicate that the carrying value of investment properties may not be recoverable. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, changes in a property's operational performance such as declining cash flows, occupancy or total sales per square foot, the Company's intent and ability to hold the related asset, and, if applicable, the remaining time to maturity of underlying financing arrangements. We measure any impairment of investment property when the estimated undiscounted operating income before depreciation and amortization during the anticipated holding period plus its residual value is less than the carrying value of the property. To the extent impairment has occurred, we charge to income the excess of carrying value of the property over our estimate of its fair value. We also review our investments, including investments in unconsolidated entities, to identify and evaluate whether events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of our investments may not be recoverable. We will record an impairment charge if we determine the fair value of the investments are less than their carrying value and such impairment is other-than-temporary. Our evaluation of changes in economic or operating conditions and whether an impairment is other-than-temporary may include developing estimates of fair value, forecasted cash flows or operating income before depreciation and amortization. We estimate undiscounted cash flows and fair value using observable and unobservable data such as operating income, hold periods, estimated capitalization and discount rates, or relevant market multiples, leasing prospects and local market information and whether certain impairments are other-than-temporary. Changes in economic and operating conditions, including changes in the financial condition of our tenants, and changes to our intent and ability to hold the related asset, that occur subsequent to our review of recoverability of investment property and other investments could impact the assumptions used in that assessment and could result in future charges to earnings if assumptions regarding those investments differ from actual results.
- To maintain Simon's status as a REIT, we must distribute at least 90% of REIT taxable income in any given year and meet certain asset and income tests. We monitor our business and transactions that may potentially impact Simon's REIT status. In the unlikely event that we fail to maintain Simon's REIT status, and available relief provisions do not apply, we would be required to pay U.S. federal income taxes at regular corporate income tax rates during the period Simon did not qualify as a REIT. If Simon lost its REIT status, it could not elect to be taxed as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost unless its failure was due

to reasonable cause and certain other conditions were met. As a result, failing to maintain REIT status would result in a significant increase in the income tax expense recorded and paid during those periods.

• In the period of a significant acquisition of real estate, we make estimates as part of our valuation of the purchase price of asset acquisitions (including the components of excess investment in joint ventures) to the various components of the acquisition based upon the relative fair value of each component. The most significant components of our real estate valuations are typically the determination of relative fair value to the buildings as-if-vacant, land and market value of in-place leases. In the case of the fair value of buildings and fair value of land and other intangibles, our estimates of the values of these components will affect the amount of depreciation or amortization we record over the estimated useful life of the property acquired or the remaining lease term. In the case of the market value of in-place leases, we make our best estimates of the tenants' ability to pay rents based upon the tenants' operating performance at the property, including the competitive position of the property in its market as well as sales psf, rents psf, and overall occupancy cost for the tenants in place at the acquisition date. Our assumptions affect the amount of future revenue that we will recognize over the remaining lease term for the acquired in-place leases.

Results of Operations

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings of consolidated properties affected our consolidated results in the comparative periods:

- On April 27, 2023, we opened Paris-Giverny Designer Outlet, a 228,000 square foot center in Vernon, France. We own a 74% interest in this center.
- On June 17, 2022, we acquired an additional interest in Gloucester Premium Outlets from a joint venture, resulting in the consolidation of this property.
- During the second quarter of 2022, we disposed of one retail property.
- During 2021, we disposed of three retail properties.
- During the first quarter of 2021, we consolidated one Designer Outlet property in Europe that had previously been accounted for under the equity method.

The following acquisitions, dispositions, and openings of noncontrolling interests in joint venture entities affected our income from unconsolidated entities in the comparative periods:

- During 2023, ABG completed multiple capital transactions which resulted in the dilution of our ownership and multiple deemed disposals of a proportional interest of our investment. In addition, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG on November 29, 2023. These transactions reduced our ownership from 12.3% to 9.6%.
- During the third quarter of 2023, we disposed of our interest in one unconsolidated retail property through foreclosure in satisfaction of its \$114.8 million non-recourse loan. We recognized no gain or loss in connection with this disposal.
- On September 7, 2023, we acquired an additional 4% ownership in TRG for approximately \$199.6 million by issuing 1,725,000 units in the Operating Partnership, bringing our noncontrolling ownership interest in TRG to 84%.
- During the third quarter of 2023, SPARC Group issued equity to a third party resulting in the dilution of our ownership to 33.3% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$145.8 million
- During the fourth quarter of 2022, we disposed of one retail property.
- During the fourth quarter of 2022, we sold to ABG all of our interests in the licensing venture of Eddie Bauer for additional interests in ABG. Our noncontrolling interest in ABG was approximately 12.3% after this transaction.
- On December 19, 2022, we completed the acquisition of a 50% noncontrolling legal ownership interest in Jamestown, a global real estate investment and asset management company, as well as separate interests in certain real estate and working capital, for total cash consideration of \$173.4 million.
- On November 3, 2022, we opened Fukaya-Hanazono Premium Outlets, a 296,300 square foot center in Fukaya City, Japan. We own a 40% interest in this center.

- During the third quarter of 2022, we disposed of one retail property.
- During the fourth quarter of 2021, we disposed of our noncontrolling interest in one retail property.
- On December 20, 2021, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG for cash consideration of \$65.5 million and purchased additional interests in ABG for cash consideration of \$100.0 million.
- On October 15, 2021, we opened Jeju Premium Outlets, a 92,000 square foot center in Jeju Province, South Korea. We own a 50% interest in this center.
- On July 1, 2021, we sold to ABG all of our interests in the licensing ventures of Forever 21 and Brooks Brothers for additional interests in ABG
- On June 1, 2021, we and our partner, ABG, acquired the licensing rights of Eddie Bauer. Our noncontrolling interest in the licensing venture is 49% and was acquired for cash consideration of \$100.8 million.
- On April 12, 2021, we opened West Midlands Designer Outlet, a 197,000 square foot center in Cannock, United Kingdom. We own a 23.2% interest in this center.
- In the first quarter of 2021, we and our partner, ABG, both acquired additional 12.5% interests in the licensing and operations of Forever 21 for \$56.3 million bringing our interest to 50%. Subsequently the Forever 21 operations were merged into SPARC Group.

For the purposes of the following comparisons between the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the above transactions are referred to as the property transactions. In the following discussions of our results of operations, "comparable" refers to properties we owned and operated in both years in the year to year comparisons.

Year Ended December 31, 2023 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2022

Lease income increased \$259.2 million, due to an increase in fixed lease income of \$286.7 million primarily due to an increase in fixed minimum lease consideration and higher occupancy, partially offset by a decrease in variable lease income based on tenant sales of \$27.5 million.

Total other income increased \$99.1 million, primarily due to a \$56.6 million increase in interest income, a \$52.0 million increase in mixed use and franchise operations income, a \$13.1 million increase in dividend and distribution income and a \$3.7 million increase in Simon Brand Ventures, fee and other income, partially offset by a \$17.0 million decrease in lease settlement income and a \$9.3 million decrease in land sale activity.

Home and regional office costs increased \$23.0 million primarily due to increased personnel and compensation costs.

Other expense increased \$35.6 million primarily due to increased mixed use and franchise operations expenses of \$50.8 million, partially offset by the 2022 write-off of \$13.4 million in development costs related to an international development project in Germany we no longer intended to pursue.

Interest expense increased \$93.4 million primarily related to new USD bond issuances during 2023 of \$69.5 million, activity with regards to the Credit Facilities of \$24.5 million and \$8.8 million from increased variable rates, partially offset by a USD bond payoff during 2023 of \$14.7 million and a Euro bond payoff during 2022 of \$9.8 million.

During 2023, SPARC Group issued equity to a third party resulting in the dilution of our ownership to 33.3% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$145.8 million. During 2023, ABG completed multiple capital transactions which resulted in the dilution of our ownership and multiple deemed disposals of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized non-cash pre-tax gains on the deemed disposals of \$59.1 million. During 2023, we also recorded our share of the gain on the sale of a portion of our ABG interests of \$157.1 million. During 2022, we recorded a \$159.0 million non-cash gain as a result of the sale to ABG of all of our interests in the Eddie Bauer licensing venture for additional interests in ABG, partially offset by a loss of \$37.8 million on the revaluation or disposal of other investments.

Income and other tax expense decreased \$1.6 million primarily related to the 2022 Eddie Bauer licensing transaction noted above of \$39.7 million and an overall lower tax expense on our share of operating results from our other platform investments of approximately \$27.2 million, partially offset by the tax impact of the SPARC and ABG transactions in 2023 noted above of \$69.3 million.

Income from unconsolidated entities decreased \$272.3 million primarily due to lower results of operations from our other platform investments.

During 2023, we recorded an \$11.2 million loss on the disposition of certain assets by Klépierre and an impairment on a joint venture property, our share of which was \$8.6 million, partially offset by an \$8.7 million gain on the disposition of certain assets by a joint venture investment and an \$8.1 million gain on excess insurance proceeds. During 2022, we recorded a \$19.9 million gain on the disposition of one unconsolidated property, a \$2.1 million gain related to excess insurance proceeds and a \$1.3 million gain on the disposition of certain assets by Klépierre, partially offset by a \$17.7 million loss primarily related to the disposition of one consolidated property.

Simon's net income attributable to noncontrolling interests increased \$21.0 million due to an increase in the net income of the Operating Partnership.

Year Ended December 31, 2022 vs. Year Ended December 31, 2021

Lease income increased \$168.5 million, of which the property transactions accounted for a \$23.2 million decrease. Comparable lease income increased \$191.7 million, or 4.1%. Total lease income increased primarily due to an increase in fixed lease income of \$156.6 million primarily due to an increase in fixed minimum lease consideration, higher occupancy, and an increase in variable lease income of \$11.9 million primarily related to higher consideration based on tenant sales.

Total other income decreased \$4.2 million, primarily due to a decrease in lease settlement income of \$38.8 million, a \$14.9 million gain from the sale of our interest in a multi-family residential property in 2021, and a \$6.8 million non-cash dilution gain on a non-retail investment in 2021, partially offset by an \$20.8 million increase in fee and other income, a \$17.9 million increase related to Simon Brand Ventures and gift card revenues, a \$9.8 million increase related to land sale activity and a \$7.8 million increase in interest income.

Property operating expenses increased \$48.4 million primarily due to the return to a more normalized operating environment following the peak of the COVID pandemic.

Other expense increased \$11.7 million primarily due to an increase in legal fees and foreign currency revaluations.

Interest expense decreased \$34.5 million primarily related to the early extinguishment of nine secured loans, the disposition of three retail properties, and the refinancing of two retail properties at lower interest rates in 2021, partially offset by the issuances of Euro and USD bonds and interest increases due to variable rates in 2022.

During 2021, we recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$51.8 million as a result of the early redemption of unsecured notes and the payoff of mortgages at nine properties.

During 2022, we recorded a \$159.0 million non-cash gain as a result of the sale to ABG of all of our interests in the Eddie Bauer licensing venture for additional interests in ABG, partially offset by a loss of \$37.8 million on the revaluation or disposal of other investments. During 2021, we recorded a non-cash gain of \$159.8 million as a result of the sale to ABG of all of our interests in the licensing ventures of Forever 21 and Brooks Brothers for additional interests in ABG and a gain on the sale of a portion of our interest in ABG of \$18.8 million, as discussed further in Note 6.

Income and other tax expense decreased \$73.7 million due to the impact in 2021 on deferred tax expense as a result of the ABG transaction noted above, which had a non-cash tax impact of \$55.9 million, offset by the impact in 2022 on deferred tax expense of the 2022 ABG transaction noted above, which had a non-cash tax impact of \$39.7 million, and lower tax expense in 2022 on our share of operating results from our other platform investments.

Income from unconsolidated entities decreased \$134.9 million primarily due to unfavorable results of operations year over year from our other platform investments of \$216.1 million, as well as the reversal in 2021 of a previously established deferred tax liability at Klépierre resulting in a non-cash gain, of which our share was \$118.4 million, partially offset by favorable year over year results of operations across the properties and TRG in 2022

During 2022, we recorded a \$19.9 million gain on the disposition of one unconsolidated property, a \$2.1 million gain related to excess insurance proceeds and a \$1.3 million gain on the disposition of certain assets by Klépierre, partially offset by a \$17.7 million loss primarily related to the disposition of one consolidated property. During 2021, we recorded gains of \$184.0 million related to the disposition of three consolidated properties, our interest in one unconsolidated property and the impact from the consolidation of one property that was previously unconsolidated, and gains of \$21.2 million related to property insurance recoveries of previously depreciated assets.

Simon's net income attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased \$6.2 million due to a decrease in the net income of the Operating Partnership.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Because we own long-lived income-producing assets, our financing strategy relies primarily on long-term fixed rate debt. Floating rate debt comprised 1.1% of our total consolidated debt at December 31, 2023. We also enter into interest rate protection agreements from time to time to manage our interest rate risk. We derive most of our liquidity from positive net cash flow from operations and distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities that totaled \$4.2 billion in the aggregate during 2023. The Credit Facilities and the Commercial Paper program provide alternative sources of liquidity as our cash needs vary from time to time. Borrowing capacity under these sources may be increased as discussed further below.

Our balance of cash and cash equivalents increased \$547.4 million during 2023 to \$1.2 billion as of December 31, 2023 as further discussed below.

On December 31, 2023, we had an aggregate available borrowing capacity of approximately \$8.1 billion under the Facilities, net of letters of credit of \$58.6 million. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the maximum aggregate outstanding balance under the Credit Facilities was \$1.1 billion and the weighted average outstanding balance was \$962.6 million. The weighted average interest rate was 4.36% for the year ended December 31, 2023

Simon has historically had access to public equity markets and the Operating Partnership has historically had access to private and public, short and long-term unsecured debt markets and access to secured debt and private equity from institutional investors at the property level.

Our business model and Simon's status as a REIT require us to regularly access the debt markets to raise funds for acquisition, development and redevelopment activity, and to refinance maturing debt. Simon may also, from time to time, access the equity capital markets to accomplish our business objectives. We believe we have sufficient cash on hand and availability under the Credit Facilities and the Commercial Paper program to address our debt maturities and capital needs through 2024.

Cash Flows

Our net cash flow from operating activities and distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities totaled \$4.2 billion during 2023. In addition, we had net proceeds of debt from our debt financing and repayment activities of \$971.3 million in 2023. These activities are further discussed below under "Financing and Debt." During 2023, we also:

- paid stockholder dividends and unitholder distributions totaling approximately \$2.8 billion and preferred unit distributions totaling \$5.2 million,
- funded consolidated capital expenditures of \$793.3 million (including development and other costs of \$156.0 million, redevelopment and expansion costs of \$328.8 million, and tenant costs and other operational capital expenditures of \$308.5 million),
- funded investments in unconsolidated entities of \$84.0 million,
- funded the purchase of \$1.0 billion of short-term investments,
- funded the repurchase of \$140.6 million of Simon's common stock, and
- received proceeds from the sale of equity instruments of \$304.1 million.

In general, we anticipate that cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet operating expenses, monthly debt service, recurring capital expenditures, and dividends to stockholders and/or distributions to partners necessary to maintain Simon's REIT qualification on a long-term basis. In addition, we expect to be able to generate or obtain capital for nonrecurring capital expenditures, such as acquisitions, major building redevelopments and expansions, as well as for scheduled principal maturities on outstanding indebtedness, from the following, however a severe and prolonged disruption and instability in the global financial markets, including the debt and equity capital markets, may affect our ability to access necessary capital:

- excess cash generated from operating performance and working capital reserves,
- borrowings on the Credit Facilities and Commercial Paper program,
- additional secured or unsecured debt financing, or
- additional equity raised in the public or private markets.

We expect to generate positive cash flow from operations in 2024, and we consider these projected cash flows in our sources and uses of cash. These cash flows are principally derived from rents paid by our tenants. A significant deterioration in projected cash flows from operations, could cause us to increase our reliance on available funds from the Credit Facilities and Commercial Paper program, further curtail planned capital expenditures, or seek other additional sources of financing.

Financing and Debt

Unsecured Debt

At December 31, 2023, our unsecured debt consisted of \$20.7 billion of senior unsecured notes of the Operating Partnership, \$305.0 million outstanding under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility can be increased in the form of additional commitments in an aggregate not to exceed \$1.0 billion, for a total aggregate size of \$6.0 billion, subject to obtaining additional lender commitments and satisfying certain customary conditions precedent. Borrowings may be denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro, Yen, Pounds, Sterling, Canadian dollars and Australian dollars. Borrowings in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are limited to 97% of the maximum revolving credit amount, as defined. The initial maturity date of the Credit Facility is June 30, 2027. The Credit Facility can be extended for two additional six-month periods to June 30, 2028, at our sole option, subject to satisfying certain customary conditions precedent.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Credit Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Credit Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Credit Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

The Supplemental Facility, has a borrowing capacity of \$3.5 to \$4.5 billion during its term and provides for borrowings denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro, Yen, Pounds, Sterling, Canadian dollars and Australian dollars. Borrowings in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are limited to 100% of the maximum revolving credit amount, as defined. The initial maturity date of the Supplemental Facility is January 31, 2026 and can be extended for an additional year to January 31, 2027 at our sole option, subject to satisfying certain customary conditions precedent.

Borrowings under the Supplemental Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Supplemental Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Supplemental Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Supplemental Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

On December 31, 2023 we had an aggregate available borrowing capacity of \$8.1 billion under the Credit Facilities. The maximum aggregate outstanding balance under the Facilities during the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$1.1 billion and the weighted average outstanding balance was \$962.6 million. Letters of credit of \$58.6 million were outstanding under the Facilities as of December 31, 2023.

Under the Commercial Paper program, the Operating Partnership may issue unsecured commercial paper notes, denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro and other currencies. Notes issued in non-U.S. currencies may be issued by one or more subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership and are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership. Notes will be sold under customary terms in the U.S. and Euro commercial paper note markets and rank (either by themselves or as a result of the guarantee described above) *pari passu* with the Operating Partnership's other unsecured senior indebtedness. The

Commercial Paper program is supported by the Credit Facilities, and if necessary or appropriate, we may make one or more draws under either of the Credit Facilities to pay amounts outstanding from time to time on the Commercial Paper program. On December 31, 2023, we had no outstanding balance under the Commercial Paper program. Borrowings under the Commercial Paper program reduce amounts otherwise available under the Credit Facilities

On January 11, 2022, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$500 million with a floating interest rate of SOFR plus 43 basis points, and \$700 million with a fixed interest rate of 2.650%, with maturity dates of January 11, 2024 and February 1, 2032, respectively. The proceeds were used to repay \$1.05 billion outstanding under the Supplemental Facility on January 12, 2022.

On November 16, 2022, the Operating Partnership drew €750.0 million (\$779.0 million U.S. dollar equivalent) under the Supplemental Facility and used the proceeds on November 17, 2022 to repay €750.0 million (\$777.1 million U.S. dollar equivalent) of senior unsecured notes at maturity.

On January 10, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed interest rate swap agreements with a combined notional value at €750.0 million to swap the interest rate of the Euro denominated borrowings outstanding under the Supplemental Facility to an all-in fixed rate of 3.81%. These interest rate swaps were terminated in connection with the repayment of these borrowings on November 14, 2023.

On March 8, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$650 million with a fixed interest rate 5.50%, and \$650 million with a fixed interest rate of 5.85%, with maturity dates of March 8, 2033 and March 8, 2053, respectively. The Operating Partnership used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to fund the optional redemption of its \$500 million floating rate notes due January 2024 on March 13, 2023.

On April 28, 2023 the Operating Partnership completed a borrowing of \$180.0 million under the Credit Facility and subsequently unencumbered two properties.

On June 1, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the redemption, at par, of its \$600 million 2.75% notes at maturity.

On November 9, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.25% and \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.65%, with maturity dates of January 15, 2034 and January 15, 2054, respectively. The proceeds were used to redeem, at par, its \$600 million 3.75% notes at maturity on February 1, 2024.

On November 14, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of €750.0 million senior unsecured bonds (\$808.0 million U.S. dollar equivalent) with a maturity date of November 14, 2026 and a fixed interest rate of 3.50%. The bonds are exchangeable into shares of Klépierre at the option of the holder of the bond at an initial common price of €27.2092. We may elect to settle the exchange with cash instead of shares. The proceeds were used to repay €750.0 million (\$815.4 million U.S. dollar equivalent) outstanding under the Supplemental Facility on November 17, 2023. The exchangeable option within the bonds has been determined to meet the criteria for bifurcation.

Mortgage Debt

Total mortgage indebtedness was \$5.2 billion and \$5.5 billion at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Covenants

Our unsecured debt agreements contain financial covenants and other non-financial covenants. If we were to fail to comply with these covenants, after the expiration of the applicable cure periods, the debt maturity could be accelerated or other remedies could be sought by the lender, including adjustments to the applicable interest rate. As of December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all covenants of our unsecured debt.

At December 31, 2023, our consolidated subsidiaries were the borrowers under 35 non-recourse mortgage notes secured by mortgages on 38 properties and other assets, including two separate pools of cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized mortgages encumbering a total of five properties. Under these cross-default provisions, a default under any mortgage included in the cross-defaulted pool may constitute a default under all mortgages within that pool and may lead to acceleration of the indebtedness due on each property within the pool. Certain of our secured debt instruments contain financial and other non-financial covenants which are specific to the properties that serve as collateral for that debt. If the applicable borrower under these non-recourse mortgage notes were to fail to comply with these covenants, the lender could accelerate the debt and enforce its rights against their collateral. At December 31, 2023, the applicable borrowers under these non-recourse mortgage notes were in compliance with all covenants where non-compliance could individually

or in the aggregate, giving effect to applicable cross-default provisions, have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

Summary of Financing

Our consolidated debt, adjusted to reflect outstanding derivative instruments, and the effective weighted average interest rates as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

Debt Subject to		ljusted Balance as of cember 31, 2023	Effective Weighted Average Interest Rate(1)	Adjusted Balance as of cember 31, 2022	Effective Weighted Average Interest Rate(1)		
Fixed Rate	\$	25,705,396	3.47%	\$ 22,673,703	3.15%		
Variable Rate		328,027	5.91%	2,286,583	3.93%		
	\$	26,033,423	3.49%	\$ 24,960,286	3.22%		

(1) Effective weighted average interest rate excludes the impact of net discounts and debt issuance costs.

Contractual Obligations and Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

In regards to long-term debt arrangements, the following table summarizes the material aspects of these future obligations on our consolidated indebtedness as of December 31, 2023, and subsequent years thereafter (dollars in thousands) assuming the obligations remain outstanding through initial maturities:

	 2024	2025-2026		2027-2028		After 2028		Total
Long Term Debt (1)	\$ 2,946,165	\$	7,399,732	\$	3,620,285	\$	12,220,079	\$ 26,186,261
Interest Payments (2)	889,753		1,491,379		1,030,652		5,374,793	8,786,577
Lease Commitments (3)	33,822		72,730		72,828		959,496	1,138,876

- (1) Represents principal maturities only and, therefore, excludes net discounts and debt issuance costs.
- (2) Variable rate interest payments are estimated based on the SOFR or other applicable rate at December 31, 2023.
- (3) Represents only the minimum non-cancellable lease period, excluding applicable lease extension and renewal options, unless reasonably certain of exercise.

Our off-balance sheet arrangements consist primarily of our investments in joint ventures which are common in the real estate industry and are described in Note 6 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Our joint ventures typically fund their cash needs through secured non-recourse debt financings obtained by and in the name of the joint venture entity. The joint venture debt is secured by a first mortgage, is without recourse to the joint venture partners, and does not represent a liability of the partners, except to the extent the partners or their affiliates expressly guarantee the joint venture debt. As of December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership guaranteed joint venture-related mortgage indebtedness of \$139.2 million. Mortgages guaranteed by the Operating Partnership are secured by the property of the joint venture which could be sold in order to satisfy the outstanding obligation and which has an estimated fair value in excess of the guaranteed amount. We may elect to fund cash needs of a joint venture through equity contributions (generally on a basis proportionate to our ownership interests), advances or partner loans, although such fundings are not required contractually or otherwise.

Hurricane Impacts

During the year ended December 31, 2021, we recorded \$2.1 million as business interruption income, which was recorded in other income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. During the year ended December 31, 2021, we also recorded a \$21.0 million gain related to property insurance recovery of previously depreciated assets. This amount was recorded in (loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Acquisitions and Dispositions

Buy-sell, marketing rights, and other exit mechanisms are common in real estate partnership agreements. Most of our partners are institutional investors who have a history of direct investment in retail real estate. We and our partners in

our joint venture properties may initiate these provisions (subject to any applicable lock up or similar restrictions). If we determine it is in our best interests for us to purchase the joint venture interest and we believe we have adequate liquidity to execute the purchase without hindering our cash flows, then we may initiate these provisions or elect to buy our partner's interest. If we decide to sell any of our joint venture interests, we expect to use the net proceeds to reduce outstanding indebtedness or to reinvest in development, redevelopment, or expansion opportunities.

Acquisitions

On June 17, 2022, we acquired an additional interest in Gloucester Premium Outlets from a joint venture partner for \$14.0 million in cash consideration, including a pro-rata share of working capital, resulting in the consolidation of this property. The property is subject to an \$85.7 million 3.29% variable rate mortgage loan. We accounted for this transaction as an asset acquisition and substantially all of our investment has been determined to relate to investment property.

The Company sponsored, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, a special purpose acquisition corporation, or SPAC, named Simon Property Group Acquisition Holdings, Inc. On February 18, 2021 the SPAC announced the pricing of its initial public offering, which was consummated on February 23, 2021, and generated gross proceeds of \$345.0 million. The SPAC was a consolidated VIE which was formed for the purpose of effecting a business combination and was targeting innovative businesses that operate within Simon's "Live, Work, Play, Stay, Shop" ecosystem.

Dispositions. We may continue to pursue the disposition of properties that no longer meet our strategic criteria or that are not a primary retail venue within their trade area.

During 2023, we disposed of our interest in one unconsolidated retail property through foreclosure in satisfaction of the \$114.8 million non-recourse mortgage loan. We recognized no gain or loss in connection with this disposal.

In December 2022, the SPAC was liquidated and dissolved. In connection with this event, we recorded a loss of \$10.2 million, representing our sponsor investment in the SPAC.

During 2022, we disposed of our interest in one consolidated retail property. The proceeds from this transaction were \$59.0 million, resulting in a loss of \$15.6 million. We also recorded a non-cash gain of \$19.9 million related to the disposition of one unconsolidated retail property in satisfaction of its \$99.6 million non-recourse mortgage loan. These are included in (loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interest in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During 2021, we recorded net gains of \$176.8 million primarily related to disposition activity which included the foreclosure of three consolidated retail properties in satisfaction of their respective \$180.0 million, \$120.9 million and \$100.0 million non-recourse mortgage loans. We also disposed of our interest in an unconsolidated property resulting in a gain of \$3.4 million.

Joint Venture Formation Activity and Other Investment Activity

During the fourth quarter of 2023, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$157.1 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net, in the consolidated statement of operations. In connection with this transaction, we recorded tax expense of \$39.3 million which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. Concurrently, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in the dilution of our ownership to approximately 9.6% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$10.3 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$2.6 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

On September 7, 2023, we acquired an additional 4% ownership in TRG for approximately \$199.6 million by issuing 1,725,000 units in the Operating Partnership, bringing our noncontrolling ownership interest in TRG to 84%.

During the third quarter of 2023, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in the dilution of our ownership from approximately 11.8% to approximately 11.7% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$12.4 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this

transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$3.1 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During the second quarter of 2023, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in a dilution of our ownership and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$36.4 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$9.1 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During the third quarter of 2023, SPARC Group issued equity to a third party resulting in the dilution of our ownership to 33.3% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$145.8 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$36.9 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

On December 19, 2022, we completed the acquisition of a 50% noncontrolling legal ownership interest in Jamestown, a global real estate investment and asset management company, as well as separate interests in certain real estate and working capital, for total cash consideration of \$173.4 million.

During the fourth quarter of 2022, we sold to ABG our interests in the licensing venture of Eddie Bauer for additional interests in ABG. As a result, in the fourth quarter of 2022, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain of \$159.0 million, representing the difference between the fair value of the interests received and the \$98.8 million carrying value of the intellectual property licensing venture less costs to sell. On July 1, 2021, we sold to ABG all of our interests in both the Forever 21 and Brooks Brothers licensing ventures for additional interests in ABG. As a result, in the third quarter of 2021, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain of \$159.8 million, representing the difference between the fair value of the interests received and the \$102.7 million carrying value of the intellectual property licensing ventures less costs to sell. On December 20, 2021, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$18.8 million. In connection with this transaction, we recorded tax expense of \$8.0 million which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. Subsequently, we acquired additional interests in ABG for cash consideration of \$100.0 million.

During the first quarter of 2022, SPARC Group acquired certain assets and operations of Reebok and entered into a long-term strategic partnership with ABG to become the core licensee and operating partner for Reebok in the United States.

Development Activity

We routinely incur costs related to construction for significant redevelopment and expansion projects at our properties. Redevelopment and expansion projects, including the addition of anchors, big box tenants, and restaurants are underway at several properties in North America, Europe, and Asia.

Construction continues on certain redevelopment and new development projects in the U.S. and internationally that are nearing completion. Our share of the costs of all new development, redevelopment and expansion projects currently under construction is approximately \$1,344 million. Simon's share of remaining net cash funding required to complete the new development and redevelopment projects currently under construction is approximately \$498 million. We expect to fund these capital projects with cash flows from operations. We seek a stabilized return on invested capital in the range of 7-10% for all of our new development, expansion and redevelopment projects.

Summary of Capital Expenditures. The following table summarizes total capital expenditures on consolidated properties on a cash basis (in millions):

	 2023	2	2022	 2021
New Developments	\$ 156	\$	108	\$ 96
Redevelopments and Expansions	328		283	300
Tenant Allowances	209		207	127
Operational Capital Expenditures	 100		52	 5
Total	\$ 793	\$	650	\$ 528

International Development Activity

We typically reinvest net cash flow from our international joint ventures to fund future international development activity. We believe this strategy mitigates some of the risk of our initial investment and our exposure to changes in foreign currencies. We have also funded most of our foreign investments with local currency-denominated borrowings that act as a natural hedge against fluctuations in exchange rates. Our consolidated net income exposure to changes in the volatility of the Euro, Yen, Peso, Won, and other foreign currencies is not material. We expect our share of estimated committed capital for international development projects to be completed with projected delivery in 2024 or 2025 is \$94 million, primarily funded through reinvested joint venture cash flow and construction loans.

The following table describes recently completed and new development and expansion projects as well as our share of the estimated total cost as of December 31, 2023 (in millions):

Property	Location	Gross Leasable Area (sgft)	Our Ownership Percentage	Project	Share of ed Net Cost al Currency)	Proje	ur Share of ected Net Cost in USD) (1)	Projected/Actual Opening Date
New Development Projects:	20041011	71100 (0411)	rorountago	(111 200	ar carroney,		665) (1)	Dato
Paris-Giverny Designer Outlet	Vernon, France	228.000	74%	EUR	136.8	Q	151.0	Opened Apr 2023
, ,	•	-,				φ		
Jakarta Premium Outlets	Jakarta, Indonesia	300,000	50%	IDR	931,782	\$	60.5	Feb 2025
Expansion:								
Busan Premium Outlet Phase 2	Busan, South Korea	194,000	50%	KRW	72,933	\$	56.3	Oct 2024

(1) USD equivalent based upon December 31, 2023 foreign currency exchange rates.

Dividends, Distributions and Stock Repurchase Program

Simon paid a common stock dividend of \$1.90 per share in the fourth quarter of 2023 and \$7.45 per share for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Operating Partnership paid distributions per unit for the same amounts. In 2022, Simon paid dividends of \$1.80 and \$6.90 per share for the three and twelve month periods ended December 31, 2022, respectively. The Operating Partnership paid distributions per unit for the same amounts. On February 5, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend for the first quarter of 2024 of \$1.95 per share, payable on March 29, 2024 to shareholders of record on March 8, 2024. The distribution rate on units is equal to the dividend rate on common stock. In order to maintain its status as a REIT, Simon must pay a minimum amount of dividends. Simon's future dividends and the Operating Partnership's future distributions will be determined by Simon's Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, based on actual and projected financial condition, liquidity and results of operations, cash available for dividends and limited partner distributions, cash reserves as deemed necessary for capital and operating expenditures, financing covenants, if any, and the amount required to maintain Simon's status as a REIT.

On May 9, 2022, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase plan commencing on May 16, 2022, or the Repurchase Program. Under the program, the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock during the two-year period ending May 16, 2024 in open market or privately negotiated transactions, at prices that the Company deems appropriate and subject to market conditions, applicable law, and other factors deemed relevant in the Company's sole discretion. On February 8, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a new common stock repurchase program which replaces the existing Repurchase Program immediately where, the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock over the next 24 months. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Simon purchased 1,273,733 shares at an average price of \$110.38 per share. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Simon purchased 1,830,022 shares at an average price of \$98.57 per share. As Simon repurchases shares under this program, the Operating Partnership repurchases an equal number of units from Simon.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements made in this press release may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in any forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, the Company can give no assurance that its expectations will be attained, and it is possible that the Company's actual results may differ materially from those indicated by these forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties, and other factors. Such factors include, but are not limited to: changes in economic and market conditions that may adversely affect the general retail environment, including but not limited to those caused by inflation, recessionary pressures, wars, escalating geopolitical tensions as a result of the war in Ukraine and the conflicts in the Middle East, and supply chain disruptions; the inability to renew leases and relet vacant space at existing properties on favorable terms; the potential loss of anchor stores or major tenants; the inability to collect rent due to the bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants or otherwise; an increase in vacant space at our properties; the potential for violence, civil unrest, criminal activity or terrorist activities at our properties; natural disasters; the availability of comprehensive insurance coverage; the intensely competitive market environment in the retail industry, including e-commerce; security breaches that could compromise our information technology or infrastructure; reducing emissions of greenhouse gases; environmental liabilities; our international activities subjecting us to risks that are different from or greater than those associated with our domestic operations, including changes in foreign exchange rates; our continued ability to maintain our status as a REIT; changes in tax laws or regulations that result in adverse tax consequences; risks associated with the acquisition, development, redevelopment, expansion, leasing and management of properties; the inability to lease newly developed properties on favorable terms; the loss of key management personnel; uncertainties regarding the impact of pandemics, epidemics or public health crises, and the associated governmental restrictions on our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and liquidity; changes in market rates of interest; the impact of our substantial indebtedness on our future operations, including covenants in the governing agreements that impose restrictions on us that may affect our ability to operate freely; any disruption in the financial markets that may adversely affect our ability to access capital for growth and satisfy our ongoing debt service requirements; any change in our credit rating; risks relating to our joint venture properties, including guarantees of certain joint venture indebtedness; and general risks related to real estate investments, including the illiquidity of real estate investments. The Company discusses these and other risks and uncertainties under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part 1, Item 1A of the Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Company may update that discussion in subsequent other periodic reports, but except as required by law, the Company undertakes no duty or obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Industry practice is to evaluate real estate properties in part based on performance measures such as FFO, diluted FFO per share, NOI, and portfolio NOI. We believe that these non-GAAP measures are helpful to investors because they are widely recognized measures of the performance of REITs and provide a relevant basis for comparison among REITs. We also use these measures internally to measure the operating performance of our portfolio.

We determine FFO based upon the definition set forth by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. Our main business includes acquiring, owning, operating, developing, and redeveloping real estate in conjunction with the rental of real estate. Gains and losses of assets incidental to our main business are included in FFO. We determine FFO to be our share of consolidated net income computed in accordance with GAAP:

- excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization,
- · excluding gains and losses from extraordinary items,
- excluding gains and losses from the sale, disposal or property insurance recoveries of, or any impairment related to, depreciable retail operating properties,
- plus the allocable portion of FFO of unconsolidated joint ventures based upon economic ownership interest, and
- all determined on a consistent basis in accordance with GAAP.

You should understand that our computations of these non-GAAP measures might not be comparable to similar measures reported by other REITs and that these non-GAAP measures:

do not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP,

- should not be considered as an alternative to net income determined in accordance with GAAP as a measure of operating performance, and
- are not an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity.

The following schedule reconciles total FFO to consolidated net income and, for Simon, diluted net income per share to diluted FFO per share.

	2023			2022		2021
			(in	thousands)		
Consolidated Net Income	\$	2,617,018	\$	2,452,385	\$	2,568,707
Adjustments to Arrive at FFO:						
Depreciation and amortization from consolidated properties		1,250,550		1,214,441		1,254,039
Our share of depreciation and amortization from unconsolidated entities, including Klépierre, TRG and						
other corporate investments		841,862		845,784		887,390
Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests				(5.0.47)		(000 055)
in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net		3,056		(5,647)		(206,855)
Unrealized losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments, net, excluded from FFO (A)		_		(0.700)		3,177
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest holders in properties		1,336		(2,738)		6,053
Noncontrolling interests portion of depreciation and amortization, gain on consolidation of properties, and gain on disposal of properties		(22,719)		(18,234)		(20,295)
Preferred distributions and dividends		(5,237)		(5,252)		(5,252)
FFO of the Operating Partnership	¢	4,685,866	\$	4,480,739	\$	4,486,964
FFO allocable to limited partners	Ψ	597,727	Ψ	564,946	Ψ	564,407
Dilutive FFO allocable to common stockholders	\$	4,088,139	\$	3,915,793	\$	3,922,557
Diluted net income per share to diluted FFO per share reconciliation:	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Diluted net income per share	\$	6.98	\$	6.52	\$	6.84
Depreciation and amortization from consolidated properties and our share of depreciation and	•	0.00	Ψ.	0.02	Ψ	0.0 .
amortization from unconsolidated entities, including Klépierre, TRG and other corporate investments,						
net of noncontrolling interests portion of depreciation and amortization		5.52		5.44		5.64
Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests						
in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net		0.01		(0.01)		(0.55)
Unrealized losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments, net, excluded from FFO (A)		_		_		0.01
Diluted FFO per share	\$	12.51	\$	11.95	\$	11.94
Basic and Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		326,808		327,817		328,587
Weighted average limited partnership units outstanding		47,782		47,295		47,280
Basic and Diluted weighted average shares and units outstanding		374,590		375,112		375,867

⁽A) Unrealized losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments, net, excluded from FFO relate to mark-to-market adjustments of retail real estate. Unrealized losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments, net, included in FFO relate to mark-to-market adjustments of non-retail real estate.

The following schedule reconciles consolidated net income to our beneficial share of NOI.

		For th		
		Ended Dec	embe	er 31, 2022
		(in thou	sand	
Reconciliation of NOI of consolidated entities:		(,
Consolidated Net Income	\$	2,617,018	\$	2,452,385
Income and other tax expense	•	81,874	·	83,512
Gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net		(362,019)		(121,177)
Interest expense		854,648		761,253
Income from unconsolidated entities		(375,663)		(647,977)
Unrealized (gains) losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net		(11,892) 3,056		61,204 (5,647)
Operating Income Before Other Items		2,807,022		2,583,553
Depreciation and amortization		1,262,107		1,227,371
Home and regional office costs		207,618		184,592
General and administrative		38,513		34,971
Other expenses (1)		320		13,413
NOI of consolidated entities	\$	4,315,580	\$	4,043,900
Less: Noncontrolling interest partners share of NOI	<u></u>	(30,918)	<u> </u>	(27,685)
Beneficial NOI of consolidated entities	\$	4,284,662	\$	4,016,215
Reconciliation of NOI of unconsolidated entities:				
Net Income	\$	853,986	\$	807,435
Interest expense		685,193		599,245
Gain on sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities, net		(20,529)		(50,336)
Operating Income Before Other Items		1,518,650		1,356,344
Depreciation and amortization		656,089		666,762
Other expenses (1)		143		1,309
NOI of unconsolidated entities	\$	2,174,882	\$	2,024,415
Less: Joint Venture partners share of NOI		(1,132,334)		(1,059,095)
Beneficial NOI of unconsolidated entities	\$	1,042,548	\$	965,320
Add: Beneficial interest of NOI from TRG		503,858		474,214
Add: Beneficial interest of NOI from Other Platform Investments and Investments		399,341		604,750
Beneficial interest of Combined NOI	\$	6,230,409	\$	6,060,499
Less: Beneficial interest of Corporate and Other NOI Sources (2)		287,231		154,309
Less: Beneficial interest of NOI from Other Platform Investments (3)		138,686		355,019
Less: Beneficial interest of NOI from Investments (4)		233,562		238,695
Beneficial interest of Portfolio NOI	\$	5,570,930	\$	5,312,476
Beneficial interest of Portfolio NOI Change		4.9 %		

⁽¹⁾ Represents the write-off of pre-development costs, our beneficial interest of which was \$0.3 million and \$11.4 million with respect to consolidated entities and \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million with respect to our share of unconsolidated entities, for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Includes income components excluded from portfolio NOI and domestic property NOI (domestic lease termination income, interest income, land sale gains, straight line lease income, above/below market lease adjustments), Simon management company revenues, foreign exchange impact, and other assets.

- (3) Other Platform Investments include J.C. Penney, SPARC Group, ABG, RGG, and Jamestown.
- (4) Includes our share of NOI of Klépierre (at constant currency) and other corporate investments.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk due to changes in interest rates primarily relates to our long-term debt obligations. We manage exposure to interest rate market risk through our risk management strategy by a combination of interest rate protection agreements to effectively fix or cap a portion of variable rate debt. We are also exposed to foreign currency risk on financings of certain foreign operations. Our intent is to offset gains and losses that occur on the underlying exposures, with gains and losses on the derivative contracts hedging these exposures. We do not enter into either interest rate protection or foreign currency rate protection agreements for speculative purposes.

We may enter into treasury lock agreements as part of anticipated issuances of senior notes. Upon completion of the debt issuance, the cost of these instruments is recorded as part of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and is amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt agreement.

Our future earnings, cash flows and fair values relating to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market rates of interest, primarily SOFR. Based upon consolidated indebtedness and interest rates at December 31, 2023, a 50 basis point increase in the market rates of interest would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$0.8 million, and would decrease the fair value of debt by approximately \$823.4 million.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Simon Property Group, Inc.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited Simon Property Group, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control–Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Simon Property Group, Inc. (the Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) and our report dated February 22, 2024, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ ERNST & Young LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana February 22, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Simon Property Group, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Simon Property Group, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) and our report dated February 22, 2024, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Evaluation of Investment Properties for Impairment

Description of the Matter

At December 31, 2023, the Company's consolidated net investment properties totaled \$21.6 billion. As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company reviews investment properties for impairment on a property-by-property basis to identify and evaluate events or changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying value of an investment property may not be recoverable. The Company estimates undiscounted cash flows of an investment property using observable and unobservable inputs such as forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization, estimated capitalization rates, leasing prospects and local market information.

Auditing management's evaluation of investment properties for impairment was complex due to the estimation uncertainty in determining the undiscounted cash flows of an investment property. In particular, the impairment evaluation for investment properties was sensitive to significant assumptions such as forecasted cash flows which incorporate operating income before depreciation and amortization, and capitalization rates, all of which can be affected by expectations about future market or economic conditions, demand, and competition.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Company's process for evaluating investment properties for impairment, including controls over management's review of the significant assumptions described above.

To test the Company's evaluation of investment properties for impairment, we performed audit procedures that included, among others, assessing the methodologies applied, evaluating the significant assumptions discussed above and testing the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data used by management in its analysis. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current industry and economic trends, relevant market information, and other applicable sources. We also involved a valuation specialist to assist in evaluating certain assumptions. In addition, we compared the forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization to historical actual results and evaluated significant variances, including consideration of the current economic environment. As part of our evaluation, we assessed the historical accuracy of management's estimates and performed sensitivity analyses of significant assumptions to evaluate the changes in the undiscounted cash flows of the related investment property that would result from changes in the assumptions.

Evaluation of Investments in Unconsolidated Entities for Impairment

Description of the Matter

At December 31, 2023, the carrying value of the Company's investments in unconsolidated entities and its investments in Klépierre and TRG totaled \$8.1 billion. As explained in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company reviews investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an investment in an unconsolidated entity may not be recoverable. To identify and evaluate whether an other-than-temporary decline in the fair value of an investment below its carrying value has occurred, the Company assesses economic and operating conditions that may affect the fair value of the investment. The evaluation of operating conditions may include developing estimates of forecasted cash flows or operating income before depreciation and amortization to support the recoverability of the carrying amount of the investment. When required, the Company estimates the fair value of an investment and assesses whether any impairment is other than temporary using observable and unobservable inputs such as forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization, estimated capitalization and discount rates, or relevant market multiples, leasing prospects and local market information.

Auditing management's evaluation of investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment was complex due to the estimation uncertainty in determining the forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization, estimated fair value of each investment and whether any decline in fair value below the related investment's carrying amount is other-than-temporary. In particular, the impairment evaluation for these investments was sensitive to significant assumptions such as forecasted cash flows, which incorporate operating income before depreciation and amortization, relevant market multiples, and capitalization and discount rates, all of which can be affected by expectations about future market or economic conditions, demand, and competition.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Company's process for evaluating investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment, including controls over management's review of the significant assumptions described above.

To test the Company's evaluation of investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment, we performed audit procedures that included, among others, assessing the methodologies applied, evaluating the significant assumptions discussed above and testing the completeness and accuracy of data used by management in its analysis. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current industry and economic trends, relevant market information, and other applicable sources. We also involved a valuation specialist to assist in evaluating certain assumptions. In addition, we compared the forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization to historical actual results and evaluated significant variances, including consideration of the current economic environment. As part of our evaluation, we assessed the historical accuracy of management's estimates and performed sensitivity analyses of significant assumptions to evaluate the changes in the cash flows and the fair value of the related investment that would result from changes in the assumptions, and we evaluated whether a decline in fair value below the related investment's carrying value was other-than-temporary.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

Indianapolis, Indiana February 22, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Partners of Simon Property Group, L.P. and the Board of Directors of Simon Property Group, Inc.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited Simon Property Group, L.P.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Simon Property Group, L.P. (the Partnership) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Partnership as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) and our report dated February 22, 2024, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Partnership's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana February 22, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Partners of Simon Property Group, L.P. and the Board of Directors of Simon Property Group, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Simon Property Group, L.P. (the Partnership) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Partnership at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) and our report dated February 22, 2024, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Partnership's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

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Description of the Matter

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Auditing management's evaluation of investment properties for impairment was complex due to the estimation uncertainty in determining the undiscounted cash flows of an investment property. In particular, the impairment evaluation for investment properties was sensitive to significant assumptions such as forecasted cash flows, which incorporate operating income before depreciation and amortization, and capitalization rates, all of which can be affected by expectations about future market or economic conditions, demand, and competition.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Partnership's process for evaluating investment properties for impairment, including controls over management's review of the significant assumptions described above.

To test the Partnership's evaluation of investment properties for impairment, we performed audit procedures that included, among others, assessing the methodologies applied, evaluating the significant assumptions discussed above and testing the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data used by management in its analysis. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current industry and economic trends, relevant market information, and other applicable sources. We also involved a valuation specialist to assist in evaluating certain assumptions. In addition, we compared the forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization to historical actual results and evaluated significant variances, including consideration of the current economic environment. As part of our evaluation, we assessed the historical accuracy of management's estimates and performed sensitivity analyses of significant assumptions to evaluate the changes in the undiscounted cash flows of the related investment property that would result from changes in the assumptions.

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How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Partnership's process for evaluating investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment, including controls over management's review of the significant assumptions described above. To test the Partnership's evaluation of investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment, we performed audit procedures that included, among others, assessing the methodologies applied, evaluating the significant assumptions discussed above and testing the completeness and accuracy of data used by management in its analysis. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current industry and economic trends, relevant market information, and other applicable sources. We also involved a valuation specialist to assist in evaluating certain assumptions. In addition, we compared the forecasted operating income before depreciation and amortization to historical actual results and evaluated significant variances, including consideration of the current economic environment. As part of our evaluation, we assessed the historical accuracy of management's estimates and performed sensitivity analyses of significant assumptions to evaluate the changes in the cash flows and the fair value of the related investment that would result from changes in the assumptions, and we evaluated whether a decline in fair value below the related investment's carrying value was other-than-temporary

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

We have served as the Partnership's auditor since 2002.

Indianapolis, Indiana February 22, 2024

Simon Property Group, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in thousands, except share amounts)

	De	ecember 31, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
ASSETS:				
Investment properties, at cost	\$	39,285,138	\$	38,326,912
Less - accumulated depreciation		17,716,788		16,563,749
		21,568,350		21,763,163
Cash and cash equivalents		1,168,991		621,628
Short-term investments		1,000,000		_
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net		826,126		823,540
Investment in TRG, at equity		3,049,719		3,074,345
Investment in Klépierre, at equity		1,527,872		1,561,112
Investment in other unconsolidated entities, at equity		3,540,648		3,511,263
Right-of-use assets, net		484,073		496,930
Deferred costs and other assets		1,117,716		1,159,293
Total assets	\$	34,283,495	\$	33,011,274
LIABILITIES:				
Mortgages and unsecured indebtedness	\$	26,033,423	\$	24,960,286
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles, and deferred revenues		1,693,248		1,491,583
Cash distributions and losses in unconsolidated entities, at equity		1,760,922		1,699,828
Dividend payable		1,842		1,997
Lease liabilities		484,861		497,953
Other liabilities		621,601		535,736
Total liabilities		30,595,897		29,187,383
Commitments and contingencies				
Limited partners' preferred interest in the Operating Partnership and noncontrolling redeemable interests		195,949		212,239
EQUITY:				
Stockholders' Equity Capital stock (850,000,000 total shares authorized, \$0.0001 par value, 238,000,000 shares of excess common stock, 100,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock): Series J 8 ^{3/8} % cumulative redeemable preferred stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 796,948 issued and				
outstanding with a liquidation value of \$39,847 Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 511,990,000 shares authorized, 342,895,886 and 342,905,419 issued and outstanding, respectively		41,106 33		41,435 34
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 8,000 issued and outstanding		_		_
Capital in excess of par value		11,406,236		11,232,881
Accumulated deficit		(6,095,576)		(5,926,974)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(172,787)		(164,873)
Common stock held in treasury, at cost, 16,983,364 and 15,959,628 shares, respectively		(2,156,178)		(2,043,979)
Total stockholders' equity		3,022,834		3,138,524
Noncontrolling interests		468,815		473,128
Total equity		3,491,649		3,611,652
Total liabilities and equity	\$	34,283,495	\$	33,011,274
Total habilities and equity	*	.,,,	<u>~</u>	00,0.1,211

Simon Property Group, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

For the Year **Ended December 31**, 2023 2021 2022 **REVENUE:** 4,905,175 Lease income 5,164,335 \$ 4,736,719 125,995 Management fees and other revenues 116,904 106,483 Other income 368,506 269,368 273,587 5,658,836 5,291,447 5,116,789 Total revenue **EXPENSES:** Property operating 489,346 464,135 415,720 1,262,107 Depreciation and amortization 1,227,371 1,262,715 441,783 443,224 458,953 Real estate taxes Repairs and maintenance 97,257 93,595 96,391 Advertising and promotion 114,303 127,346 107,793 Home and regional office costs 207,618 184,592 184,660 General and administrative 38,513 34,971 30,339 Other 187,844 152,213 140,518 **Total operating expenses** 2,851,814 2,707,894 2,703,599 **OPERATING INCOME BEFORE OTHER ITEMS** 2,807,022 2,583,553 2,413,190 (854,648) Interest expense (761,253)(795,712)Loss on extinguishment of debt (51,841)362,019 Gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net (Notes 3 and 6) 121,177 178,672 Income and other tax expense (81,874)(83,512)(157, 199)375,663 Income from unconsolidated entities 647,977 782,837 Unrealized gains (losses) in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net 11,892 (61,204)(8,095)(Loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net (3,056)5,647 206,855 2,617,018 2,452,385 **CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME** 2,568,707 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 333,892 312,850 319,076 3,337 3,337 Preferred dividends 3,337 2,279,789 2,136,198 2.246.294 NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS **BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:** 6.98 6.52 6.84 Net income attributable to common stockholders **Consolidated Net Income** 2,617,018 2,452,385 2,568,707 Unrealized gain on derivative hedge agreements 18,350 54,808 51,114 Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings (4,084)(1,595)(7,285)Currency translation adjustments (26,513)(28,119)(38,772)Changes in available-for-sale securities and other 2,254 (2,009)(1,014)Comprehensive income 2,607,025 2,475,470 2,572,750 Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests 331,814 315,622 319,629 2,275,211 2,159,848 2,253,121 Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders

Simon Property Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands)

				or the Year		
		2023		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Consolidated Net Income	\$	2,617,018	\$	2,452,385	\$	2,568,707
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash provided by operating activities		4 000 504		4 000 440		4 005 005
Depreciation and amortization		1,333,584		1,292,113		1,325,895
Loss on debt extinguishment Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interests, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and		_		_		51,841
interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net		3,056		(5,647)		(206,855)
Gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net		(362,019)		(121,177)		(178,672)
Unrealized (gains) losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument,		(002,010)		(121,111)		(110,012)
net		(11,892)		61,204		8,095
Straight-line lease loss		9,866		25,234		22,619
Income from unconsolidated entities		(375,663)		(647,977)		(782,837)
Distributions of income from unconsolidated entities		458,709		561,583		436,881
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net		(11,802)		63,350		265,352
Deferred costs and other assets		24,423		(104,567)		(77,592)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles, deferred revenues and other		245,513		190,103		203,968
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,930,793		3,766,604		3,637,402
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisitions		(65,829)		(203,364)		(257,080)
Funding of loans to related parties		(15,250)		(132,857)		(15,848)
Repayments of loans to related parties		16,188		82,371		14,027
Capital expenditures, net		(793,283)		(650,024)		(527,935)
Cash impact from the consolidation of properties		_		20,988		5,595
Net proceeds from sale of assets		(00.004)		59,658		3,000
Investments in unconsolidated entities		(83,961)		(235,792)		(56,901)
Purchase of short-term investments		(1,000,000)		(66 140)		(33,605)
Purchase of equity instruments Proceeds from sales of equity instruments		(31,742) 304,129		(66,140) 26,086		(33,605) 65,504
Insurance proceeds for property restoration		7,427		20,000		7,200
Distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities and other		299,140		472,510		243,279
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,363,181)		(626,564)		(552,764)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(1,303,101)		(020,304)		(552,754)
Proceeds from sales of common stock and other, net of transaction costs		(328)		(328)		(328)
Purchase of shares related to stock grant recipients' tax withholdings		(5,795)		(6,788)		(2,318)
Redemption of limited partner units		(13,524)		(1,852)		(2,220)
Purchase of treasury stock		(140,593)		(180,387)		
Preferred unit redemptions		(2,500)				_
Proceeds from the special purpose acquisition company IPO, net of transaction costs		_		_		338,121
Proceeds from (establishment of) trust account for special purpose acquisition company		_		345,000		(345,000)
Liquidation of special purpose acquisition company		_		(345,000)		_
Distributions to noncontrolling interest holders in properties		(41,956)		(27,741)		(5,024)
Contributions from noncontrolling interest holders in properties		9,813		29,681		20,902
Preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership		(1,900)		(1,915)		(1,915)
Distributions to stockholders and preferred dividends		(2,439,233)		(2,264,007)		(2,351,764)
Distributions to limited partners		(355,548)		(326,550)		(337,021)
Cash paid to extinguish debt		2 620 040		2 440 402		(50,156)
Proceeds from issuance of debt, net of transaction costs		3,629,840		3,449,403		9,251,217
Repayments of debt		(2,658,525)		(3,721,864)		(10,076,809)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,020,249)		(3,052,348)		(3,562,315)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		547,363		87,692		(477,677)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	¢	621,628	•	533,936	¢	1,011,613
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	Ф	1,168,991	Φ	621,628	\$	533,936

Simon Property Group, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Equity (Dollars in thousands)

		eferred Stock		nmon ock	Com	nulated Other aprehensive Income (Loss)	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Co	mmon Stock Held in Treasury		controlling nterests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	42,091	\$	34	\$	(188,675)	\$ 11,179,688	\$ (6,102,314)	\$	(1,891,352)	\$	432,874	\$ 3,472,346
Exchange of limited partner units (58,571 common shares, Note 8)							539					(539)	
Series J preferred stock premium amortization Stock incentive program (80,012 common shares, net)		(328)					(9,229)			9,229			(328)
Redemption of limited partner units (15,705 units)							(2,061)			0,220		(159)	(2,220)
Amortization of stock incentive							19,673						19,673
Long-term incentive performance units Issuance of unit equivalents and other (20,374 common shares repurchased)							5,760	(44,319)		(2,318)		17,755 18,494	17,755 (22,383)
Unrealized gain on hedging activities						44,676	3,700	(44,010)		(2,510)		6,438	51,114
Currency translation adjustments						(33,932)						(4,840)	(38,772)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings						(886) (6,369)						(128) (916)	(1,014) (7,285)
Other comprehensive income						3,489					-	554	4,043
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating							40.000						
Partnership Distributions to common stockholders and limited partners, excluding Operating							18,620					(18,620)	_
Partnership preferred interests								(1,926,706)				(276,698)	(2,203,404)
Distribution to other noncontrolling interest partners												(2,708)	(2,708)
Net income, excluding \$1,915 attributable to preferred interests in the Operating Partnership and a \$3,419 loss attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in								0.040.004				000 500	0.570.044
properties	¢	41,763	\$	34	\$	(185,186)	\$ 11,212,990	2,249,631 \$ (5,823,708)	•	(1,884,441)	¢	320,580 491,533	2,570,211 \$ 3,852,985
Balance at December 31, 2021 Exchange of limited partner units (2,680 common shares, Note 8)	Ψ	41,703	Ψ	34	Ψ	(103,100)	27	φ (3,023,700)	Ψ	(1,004,441)	Ψ	(27)	φ 3,032,303
Series J preferred stock premium amortization		(328)					21					(21)	(328)
Stock incentive program (208,063 common shares, net)		, ,					(27,637)			27,637			`
Redemption of limited partner units (14,740 units)							(1,708)					(144)	(1,852)
Amortization of stock incentive Treasury stock purchase (1,830,022 shares)							23,670			(180,387)			23,670 (180,387)
Long-term incentive performance units										(100,001)		14,845	14,845
Issuance of unit equivalents and other (46,555 common shares repurchased)						47.000	(2,769)	21,206		(6,788)		10,600	22,249
Unrealized gain on hedging activities Currency translation adjustments						47,888 (24,427)						6,920 (3,692)	54,808 (28,119)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other						(1,755)						(254)	(2,009)
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings						(1,393)						(202)	(1,595)
Other comprehensive income						20,313						2,772	23,085
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating Partnership							28.308					(28,308)	
Distributions to common stockholders and limited partners, excluding Operating							20,300					(20,300)	_
Partnership preferred interests								(2,264,007)				(326,550)	(2,590,557)
Distribution to other noncontrolling interest partners												(1,362)	(1,362)
Net income, excluding \$1,915 attributable to preferred interests in the Operating Partnership and \$1,166 attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in													
properties								2,139,535				309,769	2,449,304
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	41,435	\$	34	\$	(164,873)	\$ 11,232,881	\$ (5,926,974)	\$	(2,043,979)	\$	473,128	\$ 3,611,652

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Common Stock Held in Treasury	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Issuance of limited partner units (1,725,000 units)							197,426	197,426
Series J preferred stock premium amortization	(329)							(329)
Stock incentive program (291,122 common shares, net)				(34,189)		34,189		_
Redemption of limited partner units (114,241 units)				(12,483)			(1,041)	(13,524)
Amortization of stock incentive				32,468				32,468
Treasury stock purchase (1,273,733 shares)						(140,593)		(140,593)
Long-term incentive performance units							14,739	14,739
Issuance of unit equivalents and other (50,658 common shares repurchased)		(1)		146	(12,495)	(5,795)	2,026	(16,119)
Unrealized gain on hedging activities			15,784				2,566	18,350
Currency translation adjustments			(22,116)				(4,397)	(26,513)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other			1,969				285	2,254
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings			(3,551)				(533)	(4,084)
Other comprehensive income			(7,914)				(2,079)	(9,993)
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating								
Partnership				187,413			(187,413)	_
Distributions to common stockholders and limited partners, excluding Operating								
Partnership preferred interests					(2,439,233)		(355,548)	(2,794,781)
Distribution to other noncontrolling interest partners							(6,361)	(6,361)
Net income, excluding \$1,900 attributable to preferred interests in the Operating								
Partnership and a \$1,946 loss attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in								
properties					2,283,126		333,938	2,617,064
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 41,106	\$ 33	\$ (172,787)	\$ 11,406,236	\$ (6,095,576)	\$ (2,156,178)	\$ 468,815	\$ 3,491,649

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Simon Property Group, L.P. Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in thousands, except unit amounts)

	December 31, 2023		De	ecember 31, 2022
ASSETS:				
Investment properties, at cost	\$	39,285,138	\$	38,326,912
Less — accumulated depreciation		17,716,788		16,563,749
		21,568,350		21,763,163
Cash and cash equivalents		1,168,991		621,628
Short-term investments		1,000,000		_
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net		826,126		823,540
Investment in TRG, at equity		3,049,719		3,074,345
Investment in Klépierre, at equity		1,527,872		1,561,112
Investment in other unconsolidated entities, at equity		3,540,648		3,511,263
Right-of-use assets, net		484,073		496,930
Deferred costs and other assets		1,117,716		1,159,293
Total assets	\$	34,283,495	\$	33,011,274
LIABILITIES:				
Mortgages and unsecured indebtedness	\$	26,033,423	\$	24,960,286
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles, and deferred revenues		1,693,248		1,491,583
Cash distributions and losses in unconsolidated entities, at equity		1,760,922		1,699,828
Distribution payable		1,842		1,997
Lease liabilities		484,861		497,953
Other liabilities		621,601		535,736
Total liabilities		30,595,897		29,187,383
Commitments and contingencies				
Preferred units, various series, at liquidation value, and noncontrolling redeemable interests		195,949		212,239
EQUITY:				
Partners' Equity				
Preferred units, 796,948 units outstanding. Liquidation value of \$39,847		41,106		41,435
General Partner, 325,920,522 and 326,953,791 units outstanding, respectively		2,981,728		3,097,089
Limited Partners, 48,913,717 and 47,302,958 units outstanding, respectively		447,494		448,076
Total partners' equity		3,470,328		3,586,600
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests in properties, net		21,321		25,052
Total equity		3,491,649		3,611,652
Total liabilities and equity	\$	34,283,495	\$	33,011,274

Simon Property Group, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Dollars in thousands, except per unit amounts)

		_	-	or the Year I December 3	1	
	_	2023	iiuec	2022	1,	2021
REVENUE:						
Lease income	\$	5,164,335	\$	4,905,175	\$	4,736,719
Management fees and other revenues		125,995		116,904		106,483
Other income	_	368,506 5,658,836	_	269,368 5,291,447		273,587 5,116,789
Total revenue EXPENSES:		5,656,636	_	5,291,447		5,110,769
Property operating		489,346		464,135		415,720
Depreciation and amortization		1,262,107		1,227,371		1,262,715
Real estate taxes		441,783		443,224		458,953
Repairs and maintenance		97,257		93,595		96,391
Advertising and promotion		127,346		107,793		114,303
Home and regional office costs		207,618		184,592		184,660
General and administrative		38,513		34,971		30,339
Other		187,844		152,213		140,518
Total operating expenses		2,851,814		2,707,894	_	2,703,599
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		2,807,022		2,583,553		2,413,190
Interest expense Loss on extinguishment of debt		(854,648)		(761,253)		(795,712) (51,841)
Gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net (Notes 3 and 6)		362,019		 121,177		178,672
Income and other tax expense		(81,874)		(83,512)		(157,199)
Income from unconsolidated entities		375,663		647,977		782,837
Unrealized gains (losses) in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net		11,892		(61,204)		(8,095)
(Loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in						
unconsolidated entities and impairment, net		(3,056)		5,647		206,855
CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME		2,617,018		2,452,385		2,568,707
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1,336)		2,738		(6,053)
Preferred unit requirements	_	5,237	_	5,252	_	5,252
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	\$	2,613,117	\$	2,444,395	\$	2,569,508
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	_			0.400.400	_	
General Partner	\$	2,279,789	\$	2,136,198	\$	2,246,294
Limited Partners	<u></u>	333,328	\$	308,197	Φ.	323,214
Net income attributable to unitholders	Þ	2,613,117	Ф	2,444,395	Ф	2,569,508
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER UNIT:	_	0.00	•	0.50	•	0.04
Net income attributable to unitholders	\$	6.98	\$	6.52	\$	6.84
Consolidated Net Income	\$	2,617,018	\$	2,452,385	\$	2,568,707
Unrealized gain on derivative hedge agreements		18,350		54,808		51,114
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings		(4,084)		(1,595)		(7,285)
Currency translation adjustments		(26,513)		(28,119)		(38,772)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other		2,254		(2,009)	_	(1,014)
Comprehensive income		2,607,025		2,475,470		2,572,750
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	610	_	1,572	_	(2,634)
Comprehensive income attributable to unitholders	\$	2,606,415	\$	2,473,898	\$	2,575,384

Simon Property Group, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands)

For the Year **Ended December 31** 2023 2022 2021 **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Consolidated Net Income** 2,617,018 2,452,385 2,568,707 Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash provided by operating activities 1,333,584 1,292,113 1,325,895 Depreciation and amortization Loss on debt extinguishment 51,841 Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interests, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and 3,056 interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net (5,647)(206,855)Gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net (362,019) (121,177)(178,672) Unrealized (gains) losses in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, (11,892)61,204 8,095 Straight-line lease loss 9.866 25.234 22,619 Income from unconsolidated entities (375,663)(647,977)(782,837)Distributions of income from unconsolidated entities 458,709 561,583 436,881 Changes in assets and liabilities Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net (11,802)63,350 265,352 Deferred costs and other assets 24,423 (104,567)(77,592)203,968 Accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles, deferred revenues and other 245,513 190,103 Net cash provided by operating activities 3,930,793 3,766,604 3,637,402 **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:** Acquisitions (65,829)(203,364)(257,080)(132,857)Funding of loans to related parties (15,250)(15,848)Repayments of loans to related parties 16,188 82,371 14,027 (793,283) (650,024) Capital expenditures, net (527,935)Cash impact from the consolidation of properties 20,988 5,595 Net proceeds from sale of assets 59,658 3,000 Investments in unconsolidated entities (83,961) (235,792)(56,901)Purchase of short-term investments (1,000,000)Purchase of equity instruments (31,742)(66,140)(33,605)Proceeds from sale of equity instruments 304,129 26,086 65,504 Insurance proceeds for property restoration 7,427 7,200 Distributions of capital from unconsolidated entities and other 299,140 472,510 243,279 Net cash used in investing activities (1,363,181)(626,564)(552,764) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Issuance of units and other (328)(328)(328)(5,795) Purchase of units related to stock grant recipients' tax withholdings (6,788)(2,318)Redemption of limited partner units (13,524)(1,852)(2,220)Purchase of general partner units (140,593)(180,387)Preferred unit redemptions (2,500)Proceeds from the special purpose acquisition company IPO, net of transaction costs 338,121 Proceeds from (establishment of) trust account for special purpose acquisition company 345,000 (345,000)Liquidation of special purpose acquisition company (345,000) Distributions to noncontrolling interest holders in properties (41,956)(27,741)(5,024)Contributions from noncontrolling interest holders in properties 9,813 29,681 20,902 Partnership distributions (2,796,681) (2,592,472)(2,690,700)Cash paid to extinguish debt (50, 156)9,251,217 Mortgage and unsecured indebtedness proceeds, net of transaction costs 3,629,840 3,449,403 (10,076,809)Mortgage and unsecured indebtedness principal payments (2,658,525)(3,721,864)Net cash used in financing activities (2,020,249)(3,052,348)(3,562,315)INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 547,363 87,692 (477,677)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period 621,628 533,936 1,011,613 1,168,991 621,628 533,936 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period

Simon Property Group, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Equity (Dollars in thousands)

	P	referred Units	on (Managing neral Partner)	Limited Partners	controlling iterests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	42,091	\$ 2,997,381	\$ 431,784	\$ 1,090	\$ 3,472,346
Series J preferred stock premium and amortization		(328)	_			(328)
Limited partner units exchanged to common units (58,571 units)		, ,	539	(539)		`
Stock incentive program (80,012 common units, net)			_	, ,		_
Amortization of stock incentive			19,673			19,673
Redemption of limited partner units (15,705 units)			(2,061)	(159)		(2,220)
Long-term incentive performance units				17,755		17,755
Issuance of unit equivalents and other (20,374 common units)			(40,877)	1	18,493	(22,383)
Unrealized gain on hedging activities			44,676	6,438		51,114
Currency translation adjustments			(33,932)	(4,840)		(38,772)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other			(886)	(128)		(1,014)
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings			 (6,369)	 (916)		 (7,285)
Other comprehensive income			3,489	554		4,043
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating Partnership			18,620	 (18,620)		
Distributions, excluding distributions on preferred interests classified as temporary equity		(3,337)	(1,923,369)	(276,698)	(2,708)	(2,206,112)
Net income, excluding preferred distributions on temporary equity preferred units of \$1,915 and a \$3,419						
loss attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties		3,337	2,246,294	323,214	 (2,634)	 2,570,211
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	41,763	\$ 3,319,689	\$ 477,292	\$ 14,241	\$ 3,852,985
Series J preferred stock premium and amortization		(328)				 (328)
Limited partner units exchanged to common units (2,680 units)			27	(27)		
Stock incentive program (208,063 common units, net)			_			_
Amortization of stock incentive			23,670			23,670
Redemption of limited partner units (14,740 units)			(1,708)	(144)		(1,852)
Treasury unit purchase (1,830,022 units)			(180,387)			(180,387)
Long-term incentive performance units				14,845		14,845
Issuance of unit equivalents and other (72,442 LTIP units and 46,555 common units)			11,649	(1)	10,601	22,249
Unrealized gain on hedging activities			47,888	6,920		54,808
Currency translation adjustments			(24,427)	(3,692)		(28,119)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other			(1,755)	(254)		(2,009)
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings			(1,393)	(202)		 (1,595)
Other comprehensive income			 20,313	 2,772		 23,085
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating Partnership			 28,308	(28,308)		
Distributions, excluding distributions on preferred interests classified as temporary equity		(3,337)	(2,260,670)	(326,550)	(1,362)	(2,591,919)
Net income, excluding preferred distributions on temporary equity preferred units of \$1,915 and \$1,166						
attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties		3,337	2,136,198	308,197	 1,572	 2,449,304
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	41,435	\$ 3,097,089	\$ 448,076	\$ 25,052	\$ 3,611,652

	Preferred Units	Simon (Managing General Partner)	Limited Partners	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Issuance of limited partner units (1,725,000 units)			197,426		197,426
Series J preferred stock premium and amortization	(329)				(329)
Stock incentive program (291,122 common units, net)		_			_
Amortization of stock incentive		32,468			32,468
Redemption of limited partner units (114,241 units)		(12,483)	(1,041)		(13,524)
Treasury unit purchase (1,273,733 units)		(140,593)			(140,593)
Long-term incentive performance units			14,739		14,739
Issuance of unit equivalents and other (50,658 common units)		(18,145)	6	2,020	(16,119)
Unrealized gain on hedging activities		15,784	2,566		18,350
Currency translation adjustments		(22,116)	(4,397)		(26,513)
Changes in available-for-sale securities and other		1,969	285		2,254
Net gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into earnings		(3,551)	(533)		(4,084)
Other comprehensive income		(7,914)	(2,079)		(9,993)
Adjustment to limited partners' interest from change in ownership in the Operating Partnership		187,413	(187,413)		_
Distributions, excluding distributions on preferred interests classified as temporary equity	(3,337)	(2,435,896)	(355,548)	(6,361)	(2,801,142)
Net income, excluding preferred distributions on temporary equity preferred units of \$1,900 and a \$1,946					
loss attributable to noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties	3,337	2,279,789	333,328	610	2,617,064
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 41,106	\$ 2,981,728	\$ 447,494	\$ 21,321	\$ 3,491,649

1. Organization

Simon Property Group, Inc. is a Delaware corporation that operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Internal Revenue Code. REITs will generally not be liable for U.S. federal corporate income taxes as long as they distribute not less than 100% of their REIT taxable income. Simon Property Group, L.P. is our majority-owned Delaware partnership subsidiary that owns all of our real estate properties and other assets. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "Simon" mean Simon Property Group, Inc. and references to the "Operating Partnership" mean Simon Property Group, L.P. References to "we," "us" and "our" mean collectively Simon, the Operating Partnership and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by Simon and/or the Operating Partnership. Unless otherwise indicated, these notes to consolidated financial statements apply to both Simon and the Operating Partnership. According to the Operating Partnership agreement, the Operating Partnership is required to pay all expenses of Simon.

We own, develop and manage premier shopping, dining, entertainment and mixed-use destinations, which consist primarily of malls, Premium Outlets®, and The Mills®. As of December 31, 2023, we owned or held an interest in 195 income-producing properties in the United States, which consisted of 93 malls, 69 Premium Outlets, 14 Mills, six lifestyle centers, and 13 other retail properties in 37 states and Puerto Rico. We also own an 84% noncontrolling interest in the Taubman Realty Group, LLC, or TRG, which has an interest in 24 regional, super-regional, and outlet malls in the U.S. and Asia. Internationally, as of December 31, 2023, we had ownership interests in 35 Premium Outlets and Designer Outlet properties primarily located in Asia, Europe, and Canada. As of December 31, 2023, we also owned a 22.4% equity stake in Klépierre SA, or Klépierre, a publicly traded, Paris-based real estate company which owns, or has an interest in, shopping centers located in 14 countries in Europe. We also own investments in retail operations (J.C. Penney and SPARC Group); an intellectual property and licensing venture (Authentic Brands Group, LLC, or ABG); an ecommerce venture (Rue Gilt Groupe, or RGG), and Jamestown (a global real estate investment and management company), collectively, our other platform investments.

We generate the majority of our lease income from retail, dining, entertainment and other tenants including consideration received from:

- Fixed minimum lease consideration and fixed common area maintenance (CAM) reimbursements and,
- Variable lease consideration primarily based on tenants' sales, as well as reimbursements for real estate taxes, utilities, marketing, and certain other items.

Revenues of our management company, after intercompany eliminations, consist primarily of management fees that are typically based upon the revenues of the property being managed.

We also grow by generating supplemental revenues from the following activities:

- establishing our properties as leading market resource providers for retailers and other businesses and consumer-focused corporate alliances, including payment systems (such as handling fees relating to the sales of bank-issued prepaid cards), national marketing alliances, static and digital media initiatives, business development, sponsorship, and events,
- offering property operating services to our tenants and others, including waste handling and facility services, and the provision of energy services
- selling or leasing land adjacent to our properties, commonly referred to as "outlots" or "outparcels," and
- generating interest income on cash deposits and investments in loans, including those made to related entities.

2. Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all controlled subsidiaries, and all significant intercompany amounts have been eliminated.

We consolidate properties that are wholly-owned or properties where we own less than 100% but we control. Control of a property is demonstrated by, among other factors, our ability to refinance debt and sell the property without the consent of any other partner or owner and the inability of any other partner or owner to replace us.

We also consolidate a variable interest entity, or VIE, when we are determined to be the primary beneficiary. Determination of the primary beneficiary of a VIE is based on whether an entity has (1) the power to direct activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the VIE and (2) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Our determination of the primary beneficiary of a VIE considers all relationships between us and the VIE, including management agreements and other contractual arrangements. There have been no changes during 2023 in previous conclusions about whether an entity qualifies as a VIE or whether we are the primary beneficiary of any previously identified VIE. During the periods presented, we did not provide financial or other support to any identified VIE that we were not contractually obligated to provide.

Investments in partnerships and joint ventures represent our noncontrolling ownership interests. We account for these unconsolidated entities using the equity method of accounting. We initially record these investments at cost and we subsequently adjust for net equity in income or loss, which we allocate in accordance with the provisions of the applicable partnership or joint venture agreement, cash contributions and distributions, and foreign currency fluctuations, if applicable. The allocation provisions in the partnership or joint venture agreements are not always consistent with the legal ownership interests held by each general or limited partner or joint venture investee primarily due to partner preferences. We separately report investments in partnerships and joint ventures for which accumulated distributions have exceeded investments in and our share of net income of the partnerships and joint ventures within cash distributions and losses in partnerships and joint ventures, at equity in the consolidated balance sheets. The net equity of certain partnerships and joint ventures is less than zero because of financing or operating distributions that are usually greater than net income, as net income includes non-cash charges for depreciation and amortization.

As of December 31, 2023, we consolidated 130 wholly-owned properties and 19 additional properties that are less than wholly-owned, but which we control or for which we are the primary beneficiary. We apply the equity method of accounting to the other 81 properties (the joint venture properties) and our investments in Klépierre, TRG, and Jamestown, as well as our investments in retail operations (J.C. Penney and SPARC Group); an intellectual property and licensing venture (ABG); and an e-commerce venture (RGG). We manage the day-to-day operations of 51 of the 81 joint venture properties, but have determined that our partner or partners have substantive participating rights with respect to the assets and operations of these joint venture properties. Our investments in joint ventures in Japan, South Korea, Mexico, Malaysia, Canada, Spain, Thailand, and the United Kingdom comprise 24 of the remaining 30 properties. These international properties and TRG are managed by joint ventures in which we share control.

Preferred distributions of the Operating Partnership are accrued at declaration and represent distributions on outstanding preferred units of partnership interests, or preferred units, and are included in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests. We allocate net operating results of the Operating Partnership after preferred distributions to limited partners and to us based on the partners' respective weighted average ownership interests in the Operating Partnership. Net operating results of the Operating Partnership attributable to limited partners are reflected in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

Our weighted average ownership interest in the Operating Partnership was as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,

2023 2022 2021

87.2 % 87.4 % 87.4 %

Weighted average ownership interest

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our ownership interest in the Operating Partnership was 87.0% and 87.4%, respectively. We adjust the noncontrolling limited partners' interest at the end of each period to reflect their interest in the net assets of the Operating Partnership.

Preferred unit requirements in the Operating Partnership's accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income represent distributions on outstanding preferred units and are recorded when declared.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Investment Properties

Investment properties consist of the following as of December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Land	\$ 3,643,432	\$ 3,632,943
Buildings and improvements	 35,141,486	34,246,835
Total land, buildings and improvements	 38,784,918	 37,879,778
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	 500,220	447,134
Investment properties at cost	 39,285,138	 38,326,912
Less — accumulated depreciation	17,716,788	16,563,749
Investment properties at cost, net	\$ 21,568,350	\$ 21,763,163
Construction in progress included above	\$ 760,175	\$ 587,644

We record investment properties at cost. Investment properties include costs of acquisitions; development, predevelopment, and construction (including allocable salaries and related benefits); tenant allowances and improvements; and interest and real estate taxes incurred during construction. We capitalize improvements and replacements from repair and maintenance when the repair and maintenance extends the useful life, increases capacity, or improves the efficiency of the asset. All other repair and maintenance items are expensed as incurred. We capitalize interest on projects during periods of construction until the projects are ready for their intended purpose based on interest rates in place during the construction period. The amount of interest capitalized during each year is as follows:

		For tr	ne Year Endo	ed	
		De	cember 31,		
	2023		2022		2021
\$	39,906	\$	35,482	\$	31,204

We record depreciation on buildings and improvements utilizing the straight-line method over an estimated original useful life, which is generally 10 to 35 years. We review depreciable lives of investment properties periodically and we make adjustments when necessary to reflect a shorter economic life. We amortize tenant allowances and tenant improvements utilizing the straight-line method over the term of the related lease or occupancy term of the tenant, if shorter. We record depreciation on equipment and fixtures utilizing the straight-line method over seven to ten years.

We review investment properties for impairment on a property-by-property basis to identify and evaluate events or changes in circumstances which indicate that the carrying value of investment properties may not be recoverable. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, declines in a property's operational performance, such as declining cash flows, occupancy or total sales per square foot, the Company's intent and ability to hold the related asset, and, if applicable, the remaining time to maturity of underlying financing arrangements. We measure any impairment of investment property when the estimated undiscounted operating income before depreciation and amortization during the anticipated holding period plus its residual value, and, if applicable, on a probability weighted basis, is less than the carrying value of the

property. To the extent impairment has occurred, we charge to income the excess of carrying value of the property over our estimate of fair value.

We also review our investments, including investments in unconsolidated entities, to identify and evaluate whether events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of our investments may not be recoverable. We will record an impairment charge if we determine the fair value of the investment is less than its carrying value and such impairment is other-than-temporary. Our evaluation of changes in economic or operating conditions and whether an impairment is other-than-temporary may include developing estimates of fair value, forecasted cash flows or operating income before depreciation and amortization.

We estimate undiscounted cash flows and fair value using observable and unobservable data such as operating income before depreciation and amortization, hold periods, estimated capitalization and discount rates, or relevant market multiples, leasing prospects and local market information, expected probabilities of outcomes, if applicable, and whether an impairment is other-than-temporary. Changes in economic and operating conditions including, changes in the financial condition of our tenants and changes to our intent and ability to hold the related asset, that occur subsequent to our review of recoverability of investment property and other investments could impact the assumptions used in that assessment and could result in future charges to earnings if assumptions regarding those investments differ from actual results.

Purchase Accounting

We allocate the purchase price of asset acquisitions and any excess investment in unconsolidated entities to the various components of the acquisition based upon the relative fair value of each component which may be derived from various observable or unobservable inputs and assumptions. Also, we may utilize third party valuation specialists. These components typically include buildings, land and intangibles related to inplace leases and we estimate:

- the relative fair value of land and related improvements and buildings on an as-if-vacant basis,
- the market value of in-place leases based upon our best estimate of current market rents and amortize the resulting market rent adjustment into lease income,
- the value of costs to obtain tenants, including tenant allowances and improvements and leasing commissions, and
- the value of lease income and recovery of costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period, as if the space was vacant.

The relative fair value of buildings is depreciated over the estimated remaining life of the acquired building or related improvements. We amortize tenant improvements, in-place lease assets and other lease-related intangibles over the remaining life of the underlying leases. We also estimate the value of other acquired intangible assets, if any, which are amortized over the remaining life of the underlying related intangibles.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Short-term investments

We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash equivalents generally consist of commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, Eurodollars, repurchase agreements, and money market deposits or securities. Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk include our cash and cash equivalents and our trade accounts receivable. We place our cash and cash equivalents with institutions of high credit quality. However, at certain times, such cash and cash equivalents are in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and Securities Investor Protection Corporation insurance limits. See Notes 4 and 8 for disclosures about non-cash investing and financing transactions.

We classify short-term investments, which consist of time-deposits with original maturities in excess of 90 days as available-for-sale. Short-term investments are reported at fair value and reviewed periodically for allowances for credit losses and impairment. When evaluating the investments, we review factors such as the extent to which the fair value of

the security is less than the amortized cost basis, adverse conditions specifically related to the security, the financial condition of the issuer, the Company's intent to sell, and whether it would be more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the investments before the recovery of their amortized cost basis.

Equity Instruments and Debt Securities

Equity instruments and debt securities consist primarily of equity instruments, our deferred compensation plan investments, the debt securities of our captive insurance subsidiary, and certain investments held to fund the debt service requirements of debt previously secured by investment properties. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had equity instruments with readily determinable fair values of \$97.7 million and \$73.0 million, respectively. Changes in the fair value of these equity instruments are recorded in unrealized gains (losses) in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had equity instruments without readily determinable fair values of \$240.2 million and \$236.2 million, respectively, for which we have elected the measurement alternative. We regularly evaluate these investments for any impairment in their estimated fair value, as well as any observable price changes for an identical or similar equity instrument of the same issuer. We recorded a reduction in the carrying value of these investments of nil and \$27.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Changes in the fair value of these equity instruments are recorded in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Our deferred compensation plan equity instruments are valued based upon quoted market prices. The investments have a matching liability as the amounts are fully payable to the employees that earned the compensation. Changes in value of these securities and changes to the matching liability to employees are both recognized in earnings and, as a result, there is no impact to consolidated net income.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, we held debt securities of \$79.7 million and \$52.3 million, respectively, in our captive insurance subsidiary. The types of securities included in the investment portfolio of our captive insurance subsidiary are typically U.S. Treasury or other U.S. government securities as well as corporate debt securities with maturities ranging from less than one year to ten years. These securities are classified as available-for-sale and are valued based upon quoted market prices or other observable inputs when quoted market prices are not available. The amortized cost of debt securities, which approximates fair value, held by our captive insurance subsidiary is adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts to maturity. Changes in the values of these securities are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until the gain or loss is realized or until any unrealized loss is deemed to be other-than-temporary. We review any declines in value of these securities for other-than-temporary impairment and consider the severity and duration of any decline in value. To the extent an other-than-temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred, an impairment is recorded and a new cost basis is established.

Our captive insurance subsidiary is required to maintain statutory minimum capital and surplus as well as maintain a minimum liquidity ratio. Therefore, our access to these securities may be limited.

Fair Value Measurements

Level 1 fair value inputs are quoted prices for identical items in active, liquid and visible markets such as stock exchanges. Level 2 fair value inputs are observable information for similar items in active or inactive markets, and appropriately consider counterparty creditworthiness in the valuations. Level 3 fair value inputs reflect our best estimate of inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability at the measurement date. The inputs are unobservable in the market and significant to the valuation estimate.

We have equity instruments with readily determinable fair values that are valued using Level 1 inputs. We have foreign currency forward contracts, interest rate cap and swap agreements, and time-deposits that mature within one-year that are valued using Level 2 inputs. The notional value of our time-deposits approximate fair value given the relatively short-term nature of the instrument. We also have a bifurcated embedded derivative option that was a component of the

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

€750.0 million exchangeable bonds issued in November 2023. This instrument is classified as primarily having Level 3 inputs and is further discussed in Note 3, within the Derivative Financial Instruments subsection and Note 7.

Description		Decem	ber 31, 2023		ed Prices in Markets (Level 1)	Obser	ficant Other vable Inputs Level 2)	_	nificant Other servable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:									
Short-term investments		\$	1,000,000	\$		\$	1,000,000	\$	
Deferred costs and other assets			113,779		97,696		16,083		_
Total		\$	1,113,779	\$	97,696	\$	1,016,083	\$	_
Liabilities: Other Liabilities Description	Dec	\$ sember 31, 2022	38,146 Quoted Prices i Markets (Let		Ot Obse	\$ ificant her rvable (Level 2)	9,774	O Unob	28,372 dificant ther servable (Level 3)
Assets: Other Assets Liabilities:	\$	88,805	\$	73,020	\$	1	5,785 \$		-
Other Liabilities	\$	8,605	\$	-	\$	8	8,605 \$		-

Note 7 includes a discussion of the fair value of debt measured using Level 2 inputs. Notes 3, 4, and 6 include discussions of the fair values recorded in purchase accounting using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs. Level 3 inputs to our purchase accounting and impairment analyses include our estimations of fair value, net operating results of the property, capitalization rates and discount rates.

Gains or losses on Issuances of Stock by Equity Method Investees

When one of our equity method investees issues additional shares to third parties, our percentage ownership interest in the investee may decrease. In the event the issuance price per share is higher or lower than our average carrying amount per share, we recognize a noncash gain or loss on the issuance, when appropriate. This noncash gain or loss is recognized in our net income in the period the change of ownership interest occurs.

Use of Estimates

We prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reported period. Our actual results could differ from these estimates.

Segment and Geographic Locations

Our primary business is the ownership, development, and management of premier shopping, dining, entertainment and mixed use real estate. We have aggregated our retail operations, including malls, Premium Outlets, The Mills, and our international investments into one reportable segment because they have similar economic characteristics and we provide similar products and services to similar types of, and in many cases, the same, tenants. As of December 31, 2023, approximately 7.3% of our consolidated long-lived assets and 4.2% of our consolidated total revenues were derived from assets located outside the United States. As of December 31, 2022, approximately 6.9% of our consolidated long-lived assets and 3.5% of our consolidated total revenues were derived from assets located outside the United States.

Deferred Costs and Other Assets

Deferred costs and other assets include the following as of December 31:

	2023		2022	
Deferred lease costs, net	\$	77,811	\$	97,553
In-place lease intangibles, net		3,085		7,076
Acquired above market lease intangibles, net		5,629		10,696
Marketable securities of our captive insurance companies		79,716		52,325
Goodwill		20,098		20,098
Other marketable and non-marketable securities		338,120		309,212
Prepaids, notes receivable and other assets, net		593,257		662,333
	\$	1,117,716	\$	1,159,293

Deferred Lease Costs

Our deferred leasing costs consist primarily of initial direct costs and, prior to the adoption of ASC 842, capitalized salaries and related benefits, in connection with lease originations. We record amortization of deferred leasing costs on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. Details of these deferred costs as of December 31 are as follows:

	 2023		2022	
Deferred lease costs	\$ 273,010	\$	312,464	
Accumulated amortization	(195,199)		(214,911)	
Deferred lease costs, net	\$ 77,811	\$	97,553	

Amortization of deferred leasing costs is a component of depreciation and amortization expense. The accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income include amortization of deferred leasing costs as follows:

		For the	e Year	Ended Decem	ber 31,	
	<u> </u>	2023		2022		2021
f deferred leasing costs	\$	34,119	\$	39,606	\$	43,028

Intangibles

The average remaining life of in-place lease intangibles is approximately 2.4 years and is being amortized on a straight-line basis and is included with depreciation and amortization in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. The fair market value of above and below market leases is amortized into lease income over the remaining lease life as a component of reported lease income. The weighted average remaining life of these intangibles is approximately 2.9 years. The unamortized amount of below market leases is included in accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles and deferred revenues in the consolidated balance sheets and was \$11.1 million and \$15.3 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The amount of amortization of above and below market leases, net, which increased lease income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, was \$0.9 million, \$1.7 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. If a lease is terminated prior to the original lease termination, any remaining unamortized intangible is written off to earnings.

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Details of intangible assets as of December 31 are as follows:

	 2023	2022
In-place lease intangibles	\$ 52,138	\$ 67,935
Accumulated amortization	 (49,054)	(60,859)
In-place lease intangibles, net	\$ 3,084	\$ 7,076
	 2023	 2022
Acquired above market lease intangibles	\$ 119,985	\$ 130,556
Accumulated amortization	 (114,356)	 (119,860)

Estimated future amortization and the increasing (decreasing) effect on lease income for our above and below market leases as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	ı	Below Market Leases		Above Market Leases		Impact to Lease ncome, Net
2024	\$	3,467	\$	(3,634)	\$	(167)
2025		2,347		(1,522)		825
2026		1,568		(446)		1,122
2027		1,252		(27)		1,225
2028		1,212		_		1,212
Thereafter		1,246				1,246
	\$	11,092	\$	(5,629)	\$	5,463

Derivative Financial Instruments

We record all derivatives on our consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether we have designated a derivative as a hedge and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. We may use a variety of derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to selectively manage or hedge a portion of the risks associated with our indebtedness and interest payments. Our objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage our exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, we primarily use interest rate swaps and caps. We require that hedging derivative instruments be highly effective in reducing the risk exposure that they are designated to hedge. We generally formally designate instruments that meets these hedging criteria as a hedge at the inception of the derivative contract. We have no credit-risk-related hedging or derivative activities.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

As of December 31, 2023, we had the following outstanding interest rate derivatives related to managing our interest rate risk:

Interest Rate Derivative	Number of Instruments		Notional Amount
Interest Rate Swaps	5	\$	805.0 million
Interest Rate Caps	1	\$	38.0 million
Interest Rate Swaps	1	€	128.0 million
Interest Rate Caps	3	€	129.0 million

As of December 31, 2022, we had the following outstanding interest rate derivatives related to managing our interest rate risk:

Interest Rate Derivative	Number of Instrument	=	Notional Amount
Interest Rate Swaps	1	€	128.0 million
Interest Rate Caps	5	€	319.0 million

The carrying value of our interest rate cap and swap agreements, at fair value, as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was a net asset balance of \$11.6 million and \$13.1 million, respectively, and is included in deferred costs and other assets.

Our exposure to market risk due to changes in interest rates primarily relates to our long-term debt obligations. We manage exposure to interest rate market risk through our risk management strategy by a combination of interest rate protection agreements to effectively fix or cap a portion of variable rate debt.

We may enter into treasury lock agreements as part of an anticipated debt issuance. Upon completion of the debt issuance, the fair value of these instruments is recorded as part of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and is amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt agreement.

The unamortized gain on our treasury locks and terminated hedges recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income was \$41.9 million and \$10.9 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Within the next year, we expect to reclassify to earnings approximately \$3.1 million of gains related to terminated interest rate swaps from the current balance held in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

We are also exposed to foreign currency risk on financings of certain foreign operations. Our intent is to offset gains and losses that occur on the underlying exposers, with gains and losses on the derivative contracts hedging these exposers. We do not enter into either interest rate protection or foreign currency rate protection agreements for speculative purposes.

We are also exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on financial instruments which are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Yen and Euro. We use currency forward contracts, cross currency swap contracts, and nonderivative instruments such as foreign currency denominated debt to manage our exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates on certain Yen and Euro-denominated receivables and net investments. Currency forward contracts involve fixing the Yen:USD or Euro:USD exchange rate for delivery of a specified amount of foreign currency on a specified date. The currency forward contracts are typically cash settled in U.S. dollars for their fair value at or close to their settlement date.

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We had the following Euro: USD forward contracts designated as net investment hedges at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

			Asset (Liability) Value as of					
	Notional Value	Maturity Date	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022				
€ 50.0		January 13, 2023		(2.9)				
€ 15.0		March 15, 2023	_	0.7				
€ 15.0		March 15, 2023	_	0.7				
€ 45.0		April 12, 2023	_	(0.2)				
€ 44.0		September 15, 2023	_	(0.1)				
€ 50.0		December 15, 2023	_	(2.8)				
€ 50.0		January 17, 2024	(0.4)	_				
€ 30.0		March 15, 2024	1.0	1.3				
€ 51.0		March 15, 2024	(3.6)	(2.8)				
€ 20.0		April 12, 2024	(0.1)	_				
€ 25.0		July 17, 2024	0.7					
€ 37.0		December 13, 2024	(0.9)	_				
€ 37.0		December 13, 2024	(0.9)	_				
€ 50.0		March 17, 2025	(1.1)	_				

Asset balances in the above table are included in deferred costs and other assets. Liability balances in the above table are included in other liabilities.

We have designated certain derivative and nonderivative instruments as net investment hedges. Accordingly, we report the changes in fair value in other comprehensive income (loss). For the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 we recorded gains (losses) of (\$45.2 million), \$131.7 million, and 176.0 million, respectively, in the cumulative translation adjustment section of the other comprehensive income (loss). Changes in the value of these instruments are offset by changes in the underlying hedged Euro investments.

The total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to Simon's derivative activities, including our share of other comprehensive income (loss) from unconsolidated entities, was \$48.7 million and \$36.5 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to the Operating Partnership's derivative activities, including our share of the other comprehensive income (loss) from unconsolidated entities, was \$56.1 million and \$41.8 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The exchange option of our exchangeable bonds is valued as a derivative liability using an option pricing model that incorporates the observed period ending price of the exchangeable bonds and secondary market prices of comparable unsecured senior notes without an exchange feature. The key assumptions utilized are the period ending share-price of Klépierre, share-price implied volatility, the EUR risk-free rate, Klépierre expected dividend yield, time to maturity, and the comparable spread to the EUR risk-free rate of unsecured senior notes without an exchange feature.

The fair value of the option is recorded in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets and changes to the value of the option are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income in unrealized gains (losses) in fair value of publicly traded equity instruments and derivative instrument, net.

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The key inputs into the option model for the exchange option within the exchangeable bonds as of December 31, 2023 and November 14, 2023 (at inception) were as follows:

	D	December 31, 2023		lovember 14, 2023
Klépierre stock price	€	24.68		22.67
Implied volatility		17.88%		19.74%
EUR risk-free rate		2.11%		2.96%
Klépierre expected dividend yield		6.85%		7.43%
Expected term		2.88 years		3.00 years
Credit Spread		0.84%		1.44%

The option is measured at fair value on a recurring basis. As of December 31, 2023 and November 14, 2023 (at inception) the values of the option were \$28.4 million and \$19.2 million, respectively.

Noncontrolling Interests

Simon

Details of the carrying amount of our noncontrolling interests are as follows as of December 31:

	2023		2022	
Limited partners' interests in the Operating Partnership	\$	447,494	\$	448,076
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests in properties, net		21,321		25,052
Total noncontrolling interests reflected in equity	\$	468,815	\$	473,128

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (which includes nonredeemable and redeemable noncontrolling interests in consolidated properties, limited partners' interests in the Operating Partnership, and preferred distributions payable by the Operating Partnership on its outstanding preferred units) is a component of consolidated net income. In addition, the individual components of other comprehensive income (loss) are presented in the aggregate for both controlling and noncontrolling interests, with the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests deducted from comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders.

The Operating Partnership

Our evaluation of the appropriateness of classifying the Operating Partnership's common units of partnership interest, or units, held by Simon and the Operating Partnership's limited partners within permanent equity considered several significant factors. First, as a limited partnership, all decisions relating to the Operating Partnership's operations and distributions are made by Simon, acting as the Operating Partnership's sole general partner. The decisions of the general partner are made by Simon's Board of Directors or management. The Operating Partnership has no other governance structure. Secondly, the sole asset of Simon is its interest in the Operating Partnership. As a result, a share of common stock of Simon, or common stock, if owned by the Operating Partnership, is best characterized as being similar to a treasury share and thus not an asset of the Operating Partnership.

Limited partners of the Operating Partnership have the right under the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement to exchange their units for shares of common stock or cash, as selected by Simon as the sole general partner. Accordingly, we classify units held by limited partners in permanent equity because Simon may elect to issue shares of common stock to limited partners exercising their exchange rights rather than using cash. Under the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement, the Operating Partnership is required to redeem units held by Simon only when Simon has repurchased shares of common stock. We classify units held by Simon in permanent equity because the decision to redeem those units would be made by Simon.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (which includes nonredeemable and redeemable noncontrolling interests in consolidated properties) is a component of consolidated net income.

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Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Simon

The total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to Simon's currency translation adjustment was (\$221.6) million, (\$199.5) million and (\$175.1) million as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2023		2022		2021		Affected line item where net income is presented		
							Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities		
Currency translation adjustments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,660	and impairment, net Net income attributable to		
	-					(712)	noncontrolling interests		
	\$		\$		\$	4,948			
Accumulated derivative gains, net	\$	4,084	\$	1,595	\$	1,625	Interest expense Net income attributable to		
		(533)		(202)		(204)	noncontrolling interests		
	\$	3,551	\$	1,393	\$	1,421			

The Operating Partnership

The total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to the Operating Partnership's currency translation adjustment was (\$254.9) million, (\$228.3) million and (\$200.2) million as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following as of December 31:

	2023	2022		2021		Affected line item where net income is presented			
						Loss (gain) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities			
Currency translation adjustments	\$ 	\$		\$	5,660	and impairment, net			
Accumulated derivative gains, net	\$ 4,084	\$	1,595	\$	1,625	Interest expense			

Revenue Recognition

We, as a lessor, primarily under long-term leases, retain substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the investment properties and account for our leases as operating leases. We accrue fixed lease income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases when we believe substantially all lease income, including the related straight-line rent receivable, is probable of collection. Substantially all of our retail tenants are also required to pay overage rents based on

sales over a stated base amount during the lease year. We recognize this variable lease consideration only when each tenant's sales exceed the applicable sales threshold. We amortize any tenant inducements as a reduction of lease income utilizing the straight-line method over the term of the related lease or occupancy term of the tenant, if shorter.

We structure our leases to allow us to recover a significant portion of our property operating, real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, and advertising and promotion expenses from our tenants. A substantial portion of our leases, other than those for anchor stores, require the tenant to reimburse us for a substantial portion of our operating expenses, including common area maintenance, or CAM, real estate taxes and insurance. Such property operating expenses typically include utility, insurance, security, janitorial, landscaping, food court and other administrative expenses. This significantly reduces our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation or otherwise. For substantially all of our leases in the U.S. mall portfolio, we receive a fixed payment from the tenant for the CAM component which is recognized as lease income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease beginning with the adoption of ASC 842. When not reimbursed by the fixed CAM component, CAM expense reimbursements are based on the tenant's proportionate share of the allocable operating expenses and CAM capital expenditures for the property. We accrue all variable reimbursements from tenants for recoverable portions of all of these expenses as variable lease consideration in the period the applicable expenditures are incurred. We recognize differences between estimated recoveries and the final billed amounts in the subsequent year. These differences were not material in any period presented. Our advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Provisions for credit losses that are not probable of collection are recognized as a reduction of lease income.

In April 2020, the FASB staff released guidance focused on treatment of concessions related to the effects of COVID-19 on the application of lease modification guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, "Leases." The guidance provides a practical expedient to forgo the associated reassessments required by ASC 842 when changes to a lease result in similar or lower future consideration. We have elected to generally account for rent abatements as negative variable lease consideration in the period granted, or in the period we determine we expect to grant an abatement. Further abatements granted in the future will reduce lease income in the period we grant, or determine we expect to grant, an abatement.

In connection with rent deferrals or other accruals of unpaid rent payments, if we determine that rent payments are probable of collection, we will continue to recognize lease income on a straight-line basis over the lease term along with associated tenant receivables. However, if we determine that such deferred rent payments or other accrued but unpaid rent payments are not probable of collection, lease income will be recorded on the cash basis, with the corresponding tenant receivable and deferred rent receivable balances charged as a direct write-off against lease income in the period of the change in our collectability determination. Additionally, our assessment of collectability, primarily under long-term leases, incorporates information regarding a tenant's financial condition that is obtained from available financial data, the expected outcome of contractual disputes and other matters, and our communications and negotiations with the tenant.

When a tenant seeks to reorganize its operations through bankruptcy proceedings, we assess the collectability of receivable balances. Our ongoing assessment incorporates, among other things, the timing of a tenant's bankruptcy filing and our expectations of the assumptions by the tenant in bankruptcy proceedings of leases at the Company's properties on substantially similar terms. Refer to Note 9 for further disclosure of lease income.

Management Fees and Other Revenues

Management fees and other revenues are generally received from our unconsolidated joint venture properties as well as third parties. Management fee revenue is earned based on a contractual percentage of joint venture property revenue. Development fee revenue is earned on a contractual percentage of hard costs to develop a property. Leasing fee revenue is earned on a contractual per square foot charge based on the square footage of current year leasing activity. We recognize revenue for these services provided when earned based on the performance criteria.

Revenues from insurance premiums charged to unconsolidated properties are recognized on a pro-rata basis over the terms of the policies. Insurance losses on these policies and our self-insurance for our consolidated properties are reflected in property operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive

income and include estimates for losses incurred but not reported as well as losses pending settlement. Estimates for losses are based on evaluations by third-party actuaries and management's estimates. Total insurance reserves for our insurance subsidiaries and other self-insurance programs as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 approximated \$96.1 million and \$85.7 million, respectively, and are included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Information related to the securities included in the investment portfolio of our captive insurance subsidiary is included within the "Equity Instruments and Debt Securities" section above.

Income Taxes

Simon and certain subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership have elected to be taxed as REITs under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable Treasury regulations relating to REIT qualification. In order to maintain this REIT status, the regulations require the entity to distribute at least 90% of REIT taxable income to its owners and meet certain other asset and income tests as well as other requirements. We intend to continue to adhere to these requirements and maintain Simon's REIT status and that of the REIT subsidiaries. As REITs, these entities will generally not be liable for U.S. federal corporate income taxes as long as they distribute not less than 100% of their REIT taxable income. Thus, we made no provision for U.S. federal income taxes for these entities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. If Simon or any of the REIT subsidiaries fail to qualify as a REIT, and if available relief provisions do not apply, Simon or that entity will be subject to tax at regular corporate rates for the years in which it failed to qualify. If Simon or any of the REIT subsidiaries loses its REIT status it could not elect to be taxed as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost unless the failure to qualify was due to reasonable cause and certain other conditions were satisfied.

We have also elected taxable REIT subsidiary, or TRS, status for some of our subsidiaries. This enables us to provide services that would otherwise be considered impermissible for REITs and participate in activities that do not qualify as "rents from real property". For these entities, deferred tax assets and liabilities are established for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of assets and liabilities at the enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences reverse. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is provided if we believe all or some portion of the deferred tax asset may not be realized. An increase or decrease in the valuation allowance that results from the change in circumstances that causes a change in our judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset is included in income.

As a partnership, the allocated share of the Operating Partnership's income or loss for each year is included in the income tax returns of the partners; accordingly, no accounting for income taxes is required in the accompanying consolidated financial statements other than as discussed above for our TRSs.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had net deferred tax liabilities of \$307.8 million and \$278.3 million, respectively, which primarily relate to the temporary differences between the carrying value of balance sheet assets and liabilities and their tax bases. These differences were primarily created through the consolidation of various European assets in 2016. Additionally, we have deferred tax assets related to our TRSs, consisting of operating losses and other carryforwards for U.S. federal income tax purposes as well as the timing of the deductibility of losses or reserves from insurance subsidiaries, though these amounts are not material to the financial statements. The deferred tax asset in included in deferred costs and other assets and the deferred tax liability is included in other liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

We are also subject to certain other taxes, including state and local taxes, franchise taxes, as well as income-based and withholding taxes on dividends from certain of our international investments, which are included in income and other taxes in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Our cash paid for taxes in each period was as follows:

		For the Year Ended December 31,								
	2023		2023 2022			2021				
Cash paid for taxes	\$	31,187	\$	53,241	\$	102,454				

Corporate Expenses

Home and regional office costs primarily include compensation and personnel related costs, travel, building and office costs, and other expenses for our corporate home office and regional offices. General and administrative expense primarily includes executive compensation, benefits and travel expenses as well as costs of being a public company, including certain legal costs, audit fees, regulatory fees, and certain other professional fees.

Simon Property Group Acquisition Holdings, Inc.

The Company sponsored, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, a special purpose acquisition corporation, or SPAC, named Simon Property Group Acquisition Holdings, Inc. On February 18, 2021, the SPAC announced the pricing of its initial public offering, which was consummated on February 23, 2021, and generated gross proceeds of \$345.0 million, was placed in a trust account. The SPAC was a consolidated VIE which was formed for the purpose of effecting a business combination. The Company accounted for the noncontrolling interest in the SPAC as noncontrolling redeemable interests as these instruments were redeemable at the option of the holder and were classified as temporary equity at their redemption value in Simon's accompanying consolidated balance sheet in Limited partners preferred interest in the Operating Partnership's accompanying consolidated balance sheet in Preferred units, various series, at liquidation value, and noncontrolling redeemable interests.

In December 2022, the SPAC was liquidated and dissolved, resulting in the recognition of a \$10.2 million loss recorded in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income, representing our investment in the SPAC.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-04, "Reference Rate Reform," which provides temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the US GAAP guidance on contract modifications and hedge accounting to ease the financial reporting burdens of the expected market transition from LIBOR and other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates. Additional optional expedients, exceptions, and clarifications were created in ASU 2021-01. The guidance is effective upon issuance and generally can be applied to any contract modifications or existing and new hedging relationships through December 31, 2024. We elected the expedients in conjunction with transitioning certain debt instruments, as discussed in note 7, to alternative benchmark indexes. There was no impact on our consolidated financial statements at adoption.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting," which provides improvements to reportable segment disclosures, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The standard will be effective for us for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of the new standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and footnotes.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes," which provides improvements to income tax disclosures by enhancing the transparency and decision usefulness of the material provided. The standard will be effective for us for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of the new standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and footnotes.

4. Real Estate Acquisitions and Dispositions

We acquire interests in properties to generate both current income and long-term appreciation in value. We acquire interests in individual properties or portfolios of real estate companies that meet our investment criteria and sell properties which no longer meet our strategic criteria. Unless otherwise noted below, gains and losses on these transactions are included in gain (loss) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. We capitalize asset acquisition costs and expense costs related to business combinations, as well

as disposition related costs as they are incurred. We incurred a minimal amount of transaction expenses during 2023, 2022, and 2021. Refer to Note 6 for disclosure of unconsolidated joint venture acquisitions and dispositions.

Our acquisition and disposition activity for the periods presented are as follows:

2022 Acquisitions

On June 17, 2022, we acquired an additional interest in Gloucester Premium Outlets from a joint venture partner for \$14.0 million in cash consideration, including a pro-rata share of working capital, resulting in the consolidation of this property. The property is subject to an \$85.7 million 3.29% variable interest rate mortgage loan. We accounted for this transaction as an asset acquisition and substantially all of our investment has been determined to relate to investment property.

2022 Dispositions

On June 17, 2022, we disposed of our interest in one consolidated retail property. The proceeds from this transaction were \$59.0 million, resulting in a loss of \$15.6 million.

2021 Dispositions

During 2021, we recorded net gains of \$176.8 million primarily related to disposition activity which included the foreclosure of three consolidated retail properties in satisfaction of their respective \$180.0 million, \$120.9 million and \$100.0 million non-recourse mortgage loans, and this non-cash investing and financing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows.

5. Per Share and Per Unit Data

We determine basic earnings per share and basic earnings per unit based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock or units, as applicable, outstanding during the period and we consider any participating securities for purposes of applying the two-class method. We determine diluted earnings per share and diluted earnings per unit based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock or units, as applicable, outstanding combined with the incremental weighted average number of shares or units, as applicable, that would have been outstanding assuming all potentially dilutive securities were converted into shares of common stock or units, as applicable, at the earliest date possible. The following tables set forth the components of basic and diluted earnings per share and basic and diluted earnings per unit.

Simon

	For the fear Ended December 31,									
		2023		2021						
let Income attributable to Common Stockholders — Basic and Diluted		2,279,789	\$	2,136,198		2,246,294				
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding — Basic and Diluted		326,807,326		327,816,695		328,587,137				

For the year ended December 31, 2023, potentially dilutive securities include units that are exchangeable for common stock and long-term incentive performance units, or LTIP units, granted under our long-term incentive performance programs that are convertible into units and exchangeable for common stock. No securities had a material dilutive effect for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021. We have not adjusted net income attributable to common stockholders and weighted average shares outstanding for income allocable to limited partners or units, respectively, as doing so would have no dilutive impact. We accrue dividends when they are declared.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P. otes to Consolidated Financial Statem

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

The Operating Partnership

	For the Year Ended December 31,								
	2023			2022	202				
Net Income attributable to Unitholders — Basic and					_				
Diluted	\$	2,613,117	\$	2,444,395	\$	2,569,508			
Weighted Average Units Outstanding — Basic and Diluted		374,589,788		375,111,997	_	375,866,759			

For the year ended December 31, 2023, potentially dilutive securities include LTIP units. No securities had a material dilutive effect for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021. We accrue distributions when they are declared.

The taxable nature of the dividends declared and Operating Partnership distributions declared for each of the years ended as indicated is summarized as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31,							
	2023		2022		2021			
Total dividends/distributions paid per common share/unit	\$ 7.45	\$	6.90	\$	5.85			
Percent taxable as ordinary income	99.70 %	, -	98.60 %		93.10 %			
Percent taxable as long-term capital gains	0.30 %)	1.40 %		6.90 %			
	100.00 %	, —	100.00 %		100.00 %			

6. Investments in Unconsolidated Entities and International Investments

Real Estate Joint Ventures and Investments

Joint ventures are common in the real estate industry. We use joint ventures to finance properties, develop new properties and diversify our risk in a particular property or portfolio of properties. As discussed in Note 2, we held joint venture interests in 81 properties as of December 31, 2023 and 82 properties as of December 31, 2022.

Certain of our joint venture properties are subject to various rights of first refusal, buy-sell provisions, put and call rights, or other sale or marketing rights for partners which are customary in real estate joint venture agreements and the industry. We and our partners in these joint ventures may initiate these provisions (subject to any applicable lock up or similar restrictions), which may result in either the sale of our interest or the use of available cash or borrowings, or the use of limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership, to acquire the joint venture interest from our partner.

We may provide financing to joint ventures primarily in the form of interest bearing construction loans. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had construction loans and other advances to these related parties totaling \$98.0 million and \$112.0 million, respectively, which are included in deferred costs and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

During the third quarter of 2023, we disposed of our interest in one unconsolidated property through foreclosure in satisfaction of the \$114.8 million non-recourse mortgage loan. We recognized no gain or loss in connection with this disposal.

During 2022, we recorded a non-cash gain of \$19.9 million related to the disposition and foreclosure of two unconsolidated properties in satisfaction of the respective \$99.6 million and \$83.1 million non-recourse mortgage loans, which is included in gain (loss) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing and financing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows.

During the fourth quarter of 2021, we disposed of our interest in an unconsolidated property resulting in a gain of \$3.4 million which is included in (gain) loss on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. Our share of the proceeds from this transaction was \$3.0 million.

During the second quarter of 2021, we sold our interest in one multi-family residential investment. Our share of the gross proceeds from this transaction was \$27.1 million. The gain of \$14.9 million on the sale is included in other income in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

Taubman Realty Group

On September 7, 2023, we acquired an additional 4% ownership in TRG for approximately \$199.6 million by issuing 1,725,000 units in the Operating Partnership, bringing our noncontrolling ownership interest in TRG to 84%. Substantially all our investment has been determined to relate to investment property. Our investment includes 6.38% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units for \$362.5 million issued to us.

The tables below represent summary financial information of TRG.

			December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
Total assets	\$	3	416,630	\$	3,555,686
Total liabilities		4	386,131		4,356,406
Noncontrolling interests			164,720		163,293
			r the Year End December 31,	ed	
	2023		2022		2021
Total revenues	\$ 695,222	\$	693,835		600,426
Operating income before other items	281,349		254,395		197,074
Consolidated net income	42,910		164,072		97,361
Our share of net income	32,728		129,065		78,370
Amortization of excess investment	(113,333)		(189,629)		(196,072)

Other Platform Investments

As of December 31, 2023, we own a 41.67% noncontrolling interest in J.C. Penney, a department store retailer. We also own a 33.3% noncontrolling interest in SPARC Group. During the first quarter of 2022, SPARC Group acquired certain assets and operations of Reebok and entered into a long-term strategic partnership agreement with ABG to become the core licensee and operating partner for Reebok in the United States.

During the third quarter of 2023, SPARC Group issued equity to a third party resulting in the dilution of our ownership to approximately 33.3% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$145.8 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$36.9 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During the fourth quarter of 2023, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG for cash proceeds of \$300.2 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$157.1 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net, in the consolidated statement of operations. In connection with this transaction, we recorded tax expense of \$39.3 million which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and

comprehensive income. Concurrently, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in the dilution of our ownership to approximately 9.6% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$10.3 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$2.6 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. The carrying amount of our investment in ABG was \$733.2 million and \$767.5 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

During the third quarter of 2023, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in the dilution of our ownership to approximately 11.7% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$12.4 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$3.1 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During the second quarter of 2023, ABG completed a capital transaction resulting in a dilution of our ownership from approximately 12.3% to approximately 11.8% and a deemed disposal of a proportional interest of our investment. As a result, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain on the deemed disposal of \$36.4 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. This non-cash investing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$9.1 million, which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

During the fourth quarter of 2022, we sold to ABG all of our interests in the licensing venture of Eddie Bauer for additional interests in ABG. As a result, in the fourth quarter of 2022, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain of \$159.0 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net, representing the difference between the fair value of the interests received determined using Level 3 inputs and the \$98.8 million carrying value of the intellectual property licensing venture less costs to sell. This non-cash investing and financing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$39.7 million.

On July 1, 2021, we sold to ABG all of our interests in both the Forever 21 and Brooks Brothers licensing ventures for additional interests in ABG. As a result, in the third quarter of 2021, we recognized a non-cash pre-tax gain of \$159.8 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net, representing the difference between the fair value of the interests received determined using Level 3 inputs and the carrying value of \$102.7 million of the intellectual property licensing ventures less costs to sell. This non-cash investing and financing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. In connection with this transaction, we recorded deferred taxes of \$47.9 million.

On December 20, 2021, we sold a portion of our interest in ABG, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$18.8 million, which is included in gain on disposal, exchange, or revaluation of equity interests, net, in the consolidated statement of operations. In connection with this transaction, we recorded tax expense of \$8.0 million which is included in income and other tax expense in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. Subsequently, we acquired additional interests in ABG for cash consideration of \$100.0 million.

As of December 31, 2023, we own a 45% noncontrolling interest in Rue Gilt Groupe.

On December 19, 2022, we completed the acquisition of a 50% noncontrolling legal ownership interest in Jamestown, a global real estate investment and asset management company, as well as separate interests in certain real estate and working capital, for total cash consideration of \$173.4 million. In connection with this transaction our excess investment was primarily assigned to intangible assets and goodwill.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

The tables below represents combined summary financial information, after intercompany eliminations, of our other platform investments.

	D	ecember 31, 2023		Dec	ember 31, 2022
Total assets	\$	14,921,	120 \$;	12,897,980
Total liabilities		11,406,	440		10,521,772
Noncontrolling interests		501,	224		362,652
		For the Ye			
	 2023	20	22		2021
Total revenues	\$ 13,865,845	\$ 14	,895,379	\$	14,454,661
Operating income before other items	683,723		972,360		1,550,358
Consolidated net income	239,491		738,255		1,400,632
Our share of net income (loss)	40,002		238,412		402,658
Amortization of excess investment	(6,740)		(6,659)		(7,546)

International Investments

We conduct our international operations primarily through joint venture arrangements and account for the majority of these international joint venture investments using the equity method of accounting.

European Investments

At December 31, 2023, we owned 63,924,148 shares, or approximately 22.4%, of Klépierre, which had a quoted market price of \$27.24 per share. The tables below represent summary financial information with respect to our investment in Klépierre. This information is based on applicable Euro:USD exchange rates and after our conversion of Klépierre's results to GAAP.

	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			
Total assets	\$	16,	114,513 \$		16,016,137		
Total liabilities		10,	282,111		10,074,502		
Noncontrolling interests		1,:	255,479		1,226,734		
			e Year Ended cember 31,				
	 2023		2022		2021		
Total revenues	\$ 1,359,246	\$	1,308,409	\$	1,240,277		
Operating income before other items	618,260		590,829		380,470		
Consolidated net income	347,311		581,075		848,104		
Our share of net income	64,805		116,084		164,575		
Amortization of excess investment	(17,658)		(13,937)		(19,444)		

During the year ended December 31, 2023 we recorded a net loss of \$11.2 million related to Klépierre's disposition of certain assets. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, we recorded net gains of \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, related to Klépierre's disposition of certain assets. These transactions are included in (loss) gain on

acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, Klépierre elected to step-up the tax basis of certain assets in Italy, which triggered a one-time payment at a significantly reduced tax rate. As a result of the step-up in tax basis, a previously established deferred tax liability was reversed resulting in a non-cash gain, of which our share was \$118.4 million.

We have an interest in a European investee that had interests in 12 Designer Outlet properties as of December 31, 2023, 11 Designer Outlet properties as of December 31, 2022, and 11 Designer Outlet properties as of December 31, 2021. Eight of these Designer Outlets are consolidated by us as of December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, our legal percentage ownership interests in these properties ranged from 23% to 94%. Due to certain redemption rights held by our venture partner, which will require us to purchase their interests under certain circumstances, the noncontrolling interest is presented (i) in the accompanying Simon consolidated balance sheets outside of equity in limited partners' preferred interest in the Operating Partnership and noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties and (ii) in the accompanying Operating Partnership consolidated balance sheets within preferred units, various series, at liquidation value, and noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties.

On January 1, 2021 our European investee gained control of Ochtrup Designer Outlets as a result of the expiration of certain participating rights held by a venture partner. This resulted in the consolidation of the property and related mortgage of \$47.1 million, requiring a remeasurement of our previously held equity interest, which had a carrying value of \$48.7 million, to fair value and the recognition of a non-cash gain of \$3.7 million in earnings during the first quarter of 2021, which includes amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to the currency translation adjustment previously recorded on our investment. The non-cash gain is included in (loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, and this non-cash investing and financing activity is excluded from our consolidated statement of cash flows. The determination of the fair value consisted of Level 2 and 3 inputs and was predominately allocated to investment property.

In addition, we have a 50.0% noncontrolling interest in a European property management and development company that provides services to the Designer Outlet properties.

We also have minority interests in Value Retail PLC and affiliated entities, which own or have interests in and operate nine luxury outlets located throughout Europe and we also have a direct minority ownership in three of those outlets. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying value of these equity instruments without readily determinable fair values was \$140.8 million and is included in deferred costs and other assets.

Asian Joint Ventures

We conduct our international Premium Outlet operations in Japan through a joint venture with Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd. We have a 40% noncontrolling ownership interest in this joint venture. The carrying amount of our investment in this joint venture was \$231.2 million and \$206.3 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, including all related components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). We conduct our international Premium Outlet operations in South Korea through a joint venture with Shinsegae International Co. We have a 50% noncontrolling ownership interest in this joint venture. The carrying amount of our investment in this joint venture was \$200.6 million and \$199.5 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, including all related components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Summary Financial Information

The following tables present a summary of the combined balance sheets and statements of operations of our equity method investments and share of income from such investments, excluding our investments in Klépierre and TRG, as well as our other platform investments.

Simon Property Group, Inc.

Simon Property Group, L.P. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2023			ecember 31, 2022
Assets:			<u> </u>	_
Investment properties, at cost	\$	19,315,578	\$	19,256,108
Less - accumulated depreciation		8,874,745		8,490,990
		10,440,833	<u> </u>	10,765,118
Cash and cash equivalents		1,372,377		1,445,353
Tenant receivables and accrued revenue, net		505,933		546,025
Right-of-use assets, net		126,539		143,526
Deferred costs and other assets		537,943		482,375
Total assets	\$	12,983,625	\$	13,382,397
Liabilities and Partners' Deficit:				
Mortgages	\$	14,282,839	\$	14,569,921
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, intangibles, and deferred revenue		1,032,217		961,984
Lease liabilities		116,535		133,096
Other liabilities		368,582		446,064
Total liabilities		15,800,173		16,111,065
Preferred units		67,450		67,450
Partners' deficit		(2,883,998)		(2,796,118)
Total liabilities and partners' deficit	\$	12,983,625	\$	13,382,397
Our Share of:				
Partners' deficit	\$	(1,258,809)	\$	(1,232,086)
Add: Excess Investment		1,173,852		1,219,117
Our net (deficit) Investment in unconsolidated entities, at equity	\$	(84,957)	\$	(12,969)

"Excess Investment" represents the unamortized difference of our investment over our share of the equity in the underlying net assets of the joint ventures or other investments acquired and has been determined to relate to the fair value of the investment properties, intangible assets, including goodwill, and debt premiums and discounts. We amortize excess investment over the life of the related depreciable components of assets acquired, typically no greater than 40 years, the terms of the applicable leases, the estimated useful lives of the finite lived intangibles, and the applicable debt maturity, respectively. The amortization is included in the reported amount of income from unconsolidated entities.

As of December 31, 2023, scheduled principal repayments on these joint venture properties' mortgage indebtedness, assuming the obligations remain outstanding through the initial maturities, are as follows:

2024	\$ 2,069,780
2025	2,437,450
2026	2,832,212
2027	2,288,445
2028	2,170,056
Thereafter	 2,516,281
Total principal maturities	14,314,224
Debt issuance costs	 (31,385)
Total mortgages	\$ 14,282,839

This debt becomes due in installments over various terms extending through 2035 with interest rates ranging from 0.21% to 15.25% and a weighted average interest rate of 4.61% at December 31, 2023.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	December 31,					
		2023		2022		2021
REVENUE:						
Lease income	\$	2,984,455	\$	2,894,611	\$	2,797,221
Other income		464,058		341,923		319,956
Total revenue		3,448,513		3,236,534		3,117,177
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Property operating		638,638		605,018		575,584
Depreciation and amortization		656,089		666,762		686,790
Real estate taxes		237,809		246,707		263,325
Repairs and maintenance		77,093		81,522		79,300
Advertising and promotion		83,279		74,776		72,441
Other		236,955		205,405		200,899
Total operating expenses		1,929,863		1,880,190		1,878,339
Operating Income Before Other Items		1,518,650		1,356,344		1,238,838
Interest expense		(685,193)		(599,245)		(605,591)
Gain on sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated						
entities, net	_	20,529	_	50,336		34,814
Net Income	\$	853,986	\$	807,435	\$	668,061
Third-Party Investors' Share of Net Income	\$	436,408	\$	423,816	\$	333,304
Our Share of Net Income	\$	417,578	\$	383,619	\$	334,757
Amortization of Excess Investment		(59,707)		(60,109)		(64,974)
Our Share of Gain on Sale or Disposal of Assets and Interests in Other Income	!					(4.4.0.44)
in the Consolidated Financial Statements Our Share of Gain on Sale or Disposal of, or Recovery on, Assets and		_		_		(14,941)
Interests in Unconsolidated Entities, net		(454)		(2,532)		(541)
Income from Unconsolidated Entities	\$	357,417	\$	320,978	\$	254,301
	_		_			

Our share of income from unconsolidated entities in the above table, aggregated with our share of results from our investments in Klépierre and TRG, as well as our other platform investments, is presented in income from unconsolidated entities in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. Unless otherwise noted, our share of the gain on sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities, net is reflected within gain (loss) on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

7. Indebtedness

Our mortgages and unsecured indebtedness, excluding the impact of derivative instruments, consist of the following as of December 31:

	2023	2022
Fixed-Rate Debt:		
Mortgage notes, including \$1,977 and \$2,436 of net premiums and \$10,408 and \$11,194 of debt issuance costs, respectively. Weighted average interest and maturity of 3.83% and 3.1 years at		
December 31, 2023.	\$ 4,832,884	\$ 4,580,799
Unsecured notes and Credit Facilities (see below), including \$74,968 and \$32,421 of net discounts and \$125,557 and \$76,058 of debt issuance costs, respectively.	 20,811,917	18,029,459
Total Fixed-Rate Debt	25,644,801	22,610,258
Variable-Rate Debt: Mortgage notes, including \$4,477 and \$5,336 of debt issuance costs, respectively. Weighted average		
interest and maturity of 5.91% and 1.5 years at December 31, 2023.	328,027	874,442
Unsecured Notes, including \$0 and \$15,622 of debt issuance costs, respectively.	 	 1,412,141
Total Variable-Rate Debt	328,027	 2,286,583
Other Debt Obligations	60,595	63,445
Total Mortgages and Unsecured Indebtedness	\$ 26,033,423	\$ 24,960,286

General. Our unsecured debt agreements contain financial covenants and other non-financial covenants. If we were to fail to comply with these covenants, after the expiration of the applicable cure periods, the debt maturity could be accelerated or other remedies could be sought by the lender, including adjustments to the applicable interest rate. As of December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all covenants of our unsecured debt.

At December 31, 2023, our consolidated subsidiaries were the borrowers under 35 non-recourse mortgage notes secured by mortgages on 38 properties and other assets, including two separate pools of cross-defaulted and cross-collateralized mortgages encumbering a total of five properties. Under these cross-default provisions, a default under any mortgage included in the cross-defaulted pool may constitute a default under all mortgages within that pool and may lead to acceleration of the indebtedness due on each property within the pool. Certain of our secured debt instruments contain financial and other non-financial covenants which are specific to the properties that serve as collateral for that debt. If the applicable borrower under these non-recourse mortgage notes were to fail to comply with these covenants, the lender could accelerate the debt and enforce its rights against their collateral. At December 31, 2023, the applicable borrowers under these non-recourse mortgage notes were in compliance with all covenants where non-compliance could individually or in the aggregate, giving effect to applicable cross-default provisions, have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

Unsecured Debt

At December 31, 2023, our unsecured debt consisted of \$20.7 billion of senior unsecured notes of the Operating Partnership, \$305.0 million outstanding under the Operating Partnership's \$5.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility can be increased in the form of additional commitments in an aggregate not to exceed \$1.0 billion, for a total aggregate size of \$6.0 billion, subject to obtaining additional lender commitments and satisfying certain customary conditions precedent. Borrowings may be denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro, Yen, Pounds, Sterling, Canadian dollars and Australian dollars. Borrowings in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are limited to 97% of the maximum

revolving credit amount, as defined. The initial maturity date of the Credit Facility is June 30, 2027. The Credit Facility can be extended for two additional six-month periods to June 30, 2028, at our sole option, subject to satisfying certain customary conditions precedent.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Credit Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Credit Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Credit Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

The Operating Partnership's \$3.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or Supplemental Facility, and together with the Credit Facility, the Credit Facilities, has a borrowing capacity of \$3.5 to \$4.5 billion during its term and provides for borrowings denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro, Yen, Pounds, Sterling, Canadian dollars and Australian dollars. Borrowings in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are limited to 100% of the maximum revolving credit amount, as defined. The initial maturity date of the Supplemental Facility is January 31, 2026 and can be extended for an additional year to January 31, 2027 at our sole option, subject to satisfying certain customary conditions precedent.

Borrowings under the Supplemental Facility bear interest, at our election, at either (i) (x) for Term Benchmark Loans, the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate, the applicable Local Rate, the Adjusted EURIBOR Rate, or the Adjusted TIBOR Rate, (y) for RFR Loans, if denominated in Sterling, SONIA plus a benchmark adjustment and if denominated in Dollars, Daily Simple SOFR plus a benchmark adjustment, or (z) for Daily SOFR Loans, the Adjusted Floating Overnight Daily SOFR Rate, in each case of clauses (x) through (z) above, plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.650% and 1.400% or (ii) for loans denominated in U.S. Dollars only, the base rate (which rate is equal to the greatest of the prime rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% or Adjusted Term SOFR Rate for one month plus 1.000%) (the "Base Rate"), plus a margin determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.000% and 0.400%. The Supplemental Facility includes a facility fee determined by our corporate credit rating of between 0.100% and 0.300% on the aggregate revolving commitments under the Supplemental Facility. Based upon our current credit ratings, the interest rate on the Supplemental Facility is SOFR plus 72.5 basis points, plus a spread adjustment to account for the transition from LIBOR to SOFR.

On December 31, 2023 we had an aggregate available borrowing capacity of \$8.1 billion under the Credit Facilities. The maximum aggregate outstanding balance under the Facilities during the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$1.1 billion and the weighted average outstanding balance was \$962.6 million. Letters of credit of \$58.6 million were outstanding under the Facilities as of December 31, 2023.

The Operating Partnership also has available a Commercial Paper program of \$2.0 billion, or the non-U.S. dollar equivalent thereof. The Operating Partnership may issue unsecured commercial paper notes, denominated in U.S. dollars, Euro and other currencies. Notes issued in non-U.S. currencies may be issued by one or more subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership and are guaranteed by the Operating Partnership. Notes will be sold under customary terms in the U.S. and Euro commercial paper note markets and rank (either by themselves or as a result of the guarantee described above) *pari passu* with the Operating Partnership's other unsecured senior indebtedness. The Commercial Paper program is supported by the Credit Facilities, and if necessary or appropriate, we may make one or more draws under either of the Credit Facilities to pay amounts outstanding from time to time on the Commercial Paper program. On December 31, 2023, we had no outstanding balance under the Commercial Paper program reduce amounts otherwise available under the Credit Facilities.

On January 11, 2022, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$500 million with a floating interest rate of SOFR plus 43 basis points, and \$700 million with a fixed interest rate of 2.650%,

with maturity dates of January 11, 2024 and February 1, 2032, respectively. The proceeds were used to repay \$1.05 billion outstanding under the Supplemental Facility on January 12, 2022.

On November 16, 2022, the Operating Partnership drew €750.0 million (\$779.0 million U.S. dollar equivalent) under the Supplemental Facility and used the proceeds on November 17, 2022 to repay €750.0 million (\$777.1 million U.S. dollar equivalent) of senior unsecured notes at maturity.

On January 10, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed interest rate swap agreements with a combined notional value at €750.0 million to swap the interest rate of the Euro denominated borrowings outstanding under the Supplemental Facility to an all-in fixed rate of 3.81%. These interest rate swaps were terminated in connection with the repayment of these borrowings on November 14, 2023.

On March 8, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$650 million with a fixed interest rate 5.50%, and \$650 million with a fixed interest rate of 5.85%, with maturity dates of March 8, 2033 and March 8, 2053, respectively. The Operating Partnership used a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to fund the optional redemption of its \$500 million floating rate notes due January 2024 on March 13, 2023.

On April 28, 2023 the Operating Partnership completed a borrowing of \$180.0 million under the Credit Facility and subsequently unencumbered two properties.

On June 1, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the redemption, at par, of its \$600 million 2.75% notes at maturity.

On November 9, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of the following senior unsecured notes: \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.25% and \$500 million with a fixed interest rate of 6.65%, with maturity dates of January 15, 2034 and January 15, 2054, respectively. The proceeds were used to redeem, at par, its \$600 million 3.75% notes at maturity on February 1, 2024.

On November 14, 2023, the Operating Partnership completed the issuance of €750.0 million senior unsecured bonds (\$808.0 million U.S. dollar equivalent) with a maturity date of November 14, 2026 and a fixed interest rate of 3.50%. The bonds are exchangeable into shares of Klépierre at the option of the holder of the bond at an initial common price of €27.2092. We may elect to settle the exchange with cash instead of shares. The proceeds were used to repay €750.0 million (\$815.4 million U.S. dollar equivalent) outstanding under the Supplemental Facility on November 17, 2023. The exchangeable option within the bonds has been determined to meet the criteria for bifurcation as previously discussed in Note 3.

Mortgage Debt

Total mortgage indebtedness was \$5.2 billion and \$5.5 billion at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except share, per share, unit and per unit amounts and where indicated as in millions or billions)

Debt Maturity and Other

Our scheduled principal repayments on indebtedness as of December 31, 2023, assuming the obligations remain outstanding through the initial maturities, are as follows:

2024	\$ 2,946,165
2025	2,639,816
2026	4,759,916
2027	2,466,364
2028	1,153,921
Thereafter	 12,220,079
Total principal maturities	 26,186,261
Net unamortized debt premium	13,635
Net unamortized debt discount	(86,626)
Debt issuance costs, net	(140,442)
Other Debt Obligations	 60,595
Total mortgages and unsecured indebtedness	\$ 26,033,423

Our cash paid for interest in each period, net of any amounts capitalized, was as follows:

	For t	he Year	r Ended Decen	nber 31	,
	2023 2022			2021	
\$	856,110	\$	763,203	\$	822,182

Debt Issuance Costs

Our debt issuance costs consist primarily of financing fees we incurred in order to obtain long-term financing. We record amortization of debt issuance costs on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective loans or agreements. Details of those debt issuance costs as of December 31 are as follows:

	2023		2022
Debt issuance costs	\$ 253,1	78 \$	210,893
Accumulated amortization	(112,7	36)	(102,683)
Debt issuance costs, net	\$ 140,4	42 \$	108,210

We report amortization of debt issuance costs, amortization of premiums, and accretion of discounts as part of interest expense. We amortize debt premiums and discounts, which are included in mortgages and unsecured indebtedness, over the remaining terms of the related debt instruments. These debt premiums or discounts arise either at the time of the debt issuance or as part of purchase accounting for the fair value of debt assumed in acquisitions. The accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income include amortization as follows:

	2023	3	2022	2021		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	\$ 28,	660 \$	26,113	\$	24,794	
Amortization of debt discounts/(premiums)		433	7		168	

Fair Value of Debt

The carrying value of our variable-rate mortgages and other loans approximates their fair values. We estimate the fair values of consolidated fixed-rate mortgages using cash flows discounted at current borrowing rates and other indebtedness using cash flows discounted at current market rates. We estimate the fair values of consolidated fixed-rate

unsecured notes using quoted market prices, or, if no quoted market prices are available, we use quoted market prices for securities with similar terms and maturities. The book value of our consolidated fixed-rate mortgages and unsecured indebtedness including commercial paper was \$25.6 billion and \$22.6 billion as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The fair values of these financial instruments and the related discount rate assumptions as of December 31 are summarized as follows:

		2023	2022		
Fair value of consolidated fixed rate mortgages and unsecured indebtedness (in millions)	\$	24,248	\$	20,020	
Weighted average discount rates assumed in calculation of fair value for fixed rate mortgages		6.10 %		6.10 %	
Weighted average discount rates assumed in calculation of fair value for unsecured indebtedness		6.10 %		5.87 %	

8. Equity

Simon's Board of Directors is authorized to reclassify excess common stock into one or more additional classes and series of capital stock, to establish the number of shares in each class or series and to fix the preferences, conversion and other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, and qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption of such class or series, without any further vote or action by the stockholders. The issuance of additional classes or series of capital stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us without further action of the stockholders. The ability to issue additional classes or series of capital stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring, a majority of Simon's outstanding voting stock.

Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, other than for the election of directors. The holders of Simon's Class B common stock have the right to elect up to four members of Simon's Board of Directors. All 8,000 outstanding shares of the Class B common stock are subject to two voting trusts as to which Herbert Simon and David Simon are the trustees. Shares of Class B common stock convert automatically into an equal number of shares of common stock upon the occurrence of certain events and can be converted into shares of common stock at the option of the holders.

Common Stock and Unit Issuances and Repurchases

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership redeemed 114,241 units from eleven limited partners for \$13.5 million. In 2022, Simon issued 2,680 shares of common stock to two limited partners of the Operating Partnership in exchange for an equal number of units pursuant to the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Operating Partnership redeemed 14,740 units from three limited partners for \$1.9 million. These transactions increased Simon's ownership interest in the Operating Partnership.

On September 7, 2023, the Operating Partnership issued 1,725,000 units in connection with the acquisition of an additional 4% ownership interest in TRG, as discussed in Note 6.

On May 9, 2022, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase plan commencing on May 16, 2022, or the Repurchase Program. Under the program, the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock during the two-year period ending May 16, 2024 in open market or privately negotiated transactions, at prices that the Company deems appropriate and subject to market conditions, applicable law, and other factors deemed relevant in the Company's sole discretion. On February 8, 2024, Simon's Board of Directors authorized a new common stock repurchase program which replaces the existing Repurchase Program immediately, where the Company may purchase up to \$2.0 billion of its common stock over the next 24 months. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Simon purchased 1,273,733 shares at an average price of \$110.38 per share. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Simon purchased

1,830,022 shares at an average price of \$98.57 per share. As Simon repurchases shares under this program, the Operating Partnership repurchases an equal number of units from Simon.

Temporary Equity

Simon

Simon classifies as temporary equity those securities for which there is the possibility that Simon could be required to redeem the security for cash irrespective of the probability of such a possibility. As a result, Simon classifies one series of preferred units in the Operating Partnership and noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties in temporary equity. Each of these securities is discussed further below.

Limited Partners' Preferred Interest in the Operating Partnership and Noncontrolling Redeemable Interests in Properties. The redemption features of the preferred units in the Operating Partnership contain provisions which could require the Operating Partnership to settle the redemption in cash. As a result, this series of preferred units in the Operating Partnership remains classified outside permanent equity.

The remaining noncontrolling interests in a property or portfolio of properties which are redeemable at the option of the holder or in circumstances that may be outside Simon's control, are accounted for as temporary equity. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest is adjusted to the redemption amount assuming the instrument is redeemable at the balance sheet date. Changes in the redemption value of the underlying noncontrolling interest are recorded and presented within accumulated deficit in the consolidated statements of equity in the line issuance of unit equivalents and other. There were no noncontrolling interests redeemable at amounts in excess of fair value as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The following table summarizes the preferred units in the Operating Partnership and the amount of the noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties as of December 31.

\$ 23,037	\$	25,537
172,912		186,702
\$ 195,949	\$	212,239
\$	172,912	172,912

2023

2022

7.50% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units. This series of preferred units accrues cumulative quarterly distributions at a rate of \$7.50 annually. The preferred units are redeemable by the Operating Partnership upon the death of the survivor of the original holders, or the transfer of any preferred units to any person or entity other than the persons or entities entitled to the benefits of the original holder. The redemption price is the liquidation value (\$100.00 per preferred unit) plus accrued and unpaid distributions, payable either in cash or fully registered shares of common stock at our election. In the event of the death of a holder of the preferred units, the occurrence of certain tax triggering events applicable to the holder, or on or after November 10, 2006, the holder may require the Operating Partnership to redeem the preferred units at the same redemption price payable at the option of the Operating Partnership in either cash or shares of common stock. During 2023, the Operating Partnership redeemed 25,000 preferred units for \$2.5 million. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, these preferred units have a carrying value of \$23.0 million and \$25.5 million, respectively, and are included in limited partners' preferred interest in the Operating Partnership in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Operating Partnership

The Operating Partnership classifies as temporary equity those securities for which there is the possibility that the Operating Partnership could be required to redeem the security for cash, irrespective of the probability of such a possibility. As a result, the Operating Partnership classifies one series of preferred units and noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties in temporary equity. Each of these securities is discussed further below.

Noncontrolling Redeemable Interests in Properties Redeemable instruments, which typically represent the remaining noncontrolling interests in a property or portfolio of properties, and which are redeemable at the option of the holder or in circumstances that may be outside our control, are accounted for as temporary equity. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interest is adjusted to the redemption amount assuming the instrument is redeemable at the balance sheet date. Changes in the redemption value of the underlying noncontrolling interest are recorded within equity and are presented in the consolidated statements of equity in the line issuance of unit equivalents and other. There are no noncontrolling interests redeemable at amounts in excess of fair value as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The following table summarizes the preferred units and the amount of the noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties as of December 31.

7.50% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units, 260,000 units authorized, 230,373 issued and outstanding Other noncontrolling redeemable interests

 2023
 2022

 \$ 23,037
 \$ 25,537

 172,912
 186,702

 \$ 195,949
 \$ 212,239

Total preferred units, at liquidation value, and noncontrolling redeemable interests in properties

7.50% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units The 7.50% preferred units accrue cumulative quarterly distributions at a rate of \$7.50 annually. We may redeem the preferred units upon the death of the survivor of the original holders, or the transfer of any preferred units to any person or entity other than the persons or entities entitled to the benefits of the original holder. The redemption price is the liquidation value (\$100.00 per preferred unit) plus accrued and unpaid distributions, payable either in cash or fully registered shares of common stock of Simon at our election. In the event of the death of a holder of the 7.5% preferred units, the occurrence of certain tax triggering events applicable to the holder, or on or after November 10, 2006, the holder may require the Operating Partnership to redeem the preferred units at the same redemption price payable at the Operating Partnership's option in either cash or fully registered shares of common stock of Simon. During 2023, the Operating Partnership redeemed 25,000 preferred units for \$2.5 million. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, these preferred units have a carrying value of \$23.0 million and \$25.5 million, respectively, and are included in limited partners' preferred interest in the Operating Partnership in the consolidated balance sheets.

Permanent Equity

Simon

Preferred Stock. Dividends on all series of preferred stock are calculated based upon the preferred stock's preferred return multiplied by the preferred stock's corresponding liquidation value. The Operating Partnership pays preferred distributions to Simon equal to the dividends Simon pays on the preferred stock issued.

Series J $8^3/_8$ % Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. Dividends accrue quarterly at an annual rate of $8^3/_8$ % per share. Simon can redeem this series, in whole or in part, on or after October 15, 2027 at a redemption price of \$50.00 per share, plus accumulated and unpaid dividends. This preferred stock was issued at a premium of \$7.5 million. The unamortized premium included in the carrying value of the preferred stock at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

The Operating Partnership

Series J 8³/₈% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Units. Distributions accrue quarterly at an annual rate of 8³/₈% per unit on the Series J 8³/₈% preferred units, or Series J preferred units. Simon owns all of the Series J preferred units which have the same economic rights and preferences of an outstanding series of Simon preferred stock. The Operating Partnership can redeem this series, in whole or in part, when Simon can redeem the related preferred stock, on and after October 15, 2027 at a redemption price of \$50.00 per unit, plus accumulated and unpaid distributions. The Series J preferred units were issued at a premium of \$7.5 million. The unamortized premium included in the carrying value of the

preferred units at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. There are 1,000,000 Series J preferred units authorized and 796,948 Series J preferred units issued and outstanding.

Other Equity Activity

The Simon Property Group, L.P. 2019 Stock Incentive Plan. This plan, or the 2019 Plan, provides for the grant of equity-based awards with respect to the equity of Simon in the form of incentive and nonqualified stock options to purchase shares, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock grants and performance-based awards. Options may be granted which are qualified as "incentive stock options" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code and options which are not so qualified. An aggregate of 8,000,000 shares of common stock have been reserved under the 2019 plan.

The 2019 Plan is administered by the Compensation and Human Capital Committee. The Compensation and Human Capital Committee determines which eligible individuals may participate and the type, extent and terms of the awards to be granted to them. In addition, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee interprets the 2019 Plan and makes all other determinations deemed advisable for its administration. Options granted to employees become exercisable over the period determined by the Compensation and Human Capital Committee. The exercise price of an employee option may not be less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant. Employee options generally vest over a three-year period and expire ten years from the date of grant.

Directors who are not also our employees or employees of our affiliates are eligible to receive awards under the 2019 plan. Each independent director receives an annual cash retainer of \$110,000, and an annual restricted stock award with a grant date value of \$175,000. Committee chairs receive annual retainers for the Company's Audit, Compensation and Human Capital, and Governance and Nominating Committee of \$35,000, \$35,000 and \$25,000, respectively. Directors receive fixed annual retainers for service on the Audit, Compensation and Human Capital, and Governance and Nominating Committees, of \$15,000, \$15,000, and \$10,000, respectively. The Lead Director receives an annual retainer of \$50,000. These retainers are paid 50% in cash and 50% in restricted stock.

Restricted stock awards vest in full after one year. Once vested, the delivery of the shares of restricted stock (including reinvested dividends) is deferred under our Director Deferred Compensation Plan until the director retires, dies or becomes disabled or otherwise no longer serves as a director. The directors may vote and are entitled to receive dividends on the underlying shares; however, any dividends on the shares of restricted stock must be reinvested in shares of common stock and held in the Director Deferred Compensation Plan until the shares of restricted stock are delivered to the former director.

Stock Based Compensation

Our long-term incentive compensation awards under our stock-based compensation plans primarily take the form of LTIP units, restricted stock units, and restricted stock. The substantial majority of these awards are market condition or performance-based, and are based on various market, corporate and business unit performance measures as further described below. The expense related to these programs, net of amounts capitalized, is included within home and regional office costs and general and administrative costs in the accompanying statements of operations and comprehensive income. LTIP units are a form of limited partnership interest issued by the Operating Partnership, which are subject to the participant maintaining employment with us through certain dates and other conditions as described in the applicable award agreements. Awarded LTIP units not earned in accordance with the conditions set forth in the applicable award agreements are forfeited. Earned and fully vested LTIP units are equivalent to units of the Operating Partnership. Participants are entitled to receive distributions on the awarded LTIP units, as defined, equal to 10% of the regular quarterly distributions paid on a unit of the Operating Partnership. As a result, we account for these LTIP units as participating securities under the two class method of computing earnings per share. These are granted under The Simon Property Group, L.P. 2019 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2019 Plan.

The grant date fair values of any LTIP units that are market-based awards are estimated using a Monte Carlo model, and the resulting fixed expense is recorded regardless of whether the market condition criteria are achieved if the participant

performs the required service period. The grant date fair values of the market-based awards are being amortized into expense over the performance period, which is the grant date through the date at which the awards, if earned, become vested. The expense of the performance-based award is recorded over the performance period, which is the grant date through the date at which the awards, if earned, become vested, based on our assessment as to whether it is probable that the performance criteria will be achieved during the applicable performance periods. The grant date fair values of any restricted stock unit awards are recognized as expense over the vesting period.

2019 LTIP Program. In 2019, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee established and granted awards under the 2019 LTIP Program. Awards under the 2019 LTIP Program will be considered earned if the respective performance conditions (based upon Funds From Operations, or FFO, per share, and Objective Criteria Goals) and market condition (based on Relative TSR performance), as defined in the applicable award agreements, are achieved during the applicable three-year measurement period. All of the earned LTIP units under the 2019 LTIP Program vested on January 1, 2023. The 2019 LTIP Program provides that the amount earned of the performance-based portion of the awards is dependent on Simon's performance compared to certain criteria and in March 2022, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee determined 72,442 performance based LTIP units under this program were earned.

2020 LTI Program. In 2020, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee established and granted awards under the 2020 LTI Program, which consisted of a one-time grant of 312,263 time-based restricted stock units under the 2019 Plan at a grant date fair market value of \$84.37 per share. One-third of these awards vested on each of January 1, 2022 and 2023, and the remaining awards vested on January 1, 2024. The grant date fair value of the awards of \$26.3 million is being recognized as expense over the three-year vesting period.

2021 LTI Program. In 2021, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee established and granted awards under the 2021 LTI Program took the form of LTIP units and restricted stock units. Awards of LTIP units under this program will be considered earned if the respective performance conditions (based on FFO and Objective Criteria Goals) and market conditions (based on Absolute TSR performance), as defined in the applicable award agreements, are achieved during the applicable three-year measurement period. Any units determined to be earned LTIP units under the 2021 LTI Program will vest on January 1, 2025. The 2021 LTI Program provides that the amount earned related to the performance-based portion of the awards is dependent on the Compensation and Human Capital Committee's determination that Simon's FFO performance and achievement of certain objective criteria goals and has a maximum potential fair value at grant date of \$18.4 million. As part of the 2021 LTI Program, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee also established a grant of 37,976 time-based restricted stock units under the 2019 Plan at a grant date fair market value of \$112.92 per share. These awards will vest, subject to the grantee's continued service, on March 1, 2024. The \$4.3 million grant date fair value of these awards is being recognized as expense over the three-year vesting period.

2022 LTI Program. In the first quarter of 2022, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee established and granted awards under a 2022 Long-Term Incentive Program, or 2022 LTI Program. Awards under the 2022 LTI Program, took the form of LTIP units and restricted stock units. Awards of LTIP units under this program will be considered earned if the respective performance conditions (based on FFO and Objective Criteria Goals), subject to adjustment based upon a TSR modifier, with respect to the FFO performance condition, as defined in the applicable award agreements, are achieved during the applicable three-year measurement period. Any units determined to be earned LTIP units under the 2022 LTI Program will vest on January 1, 2026. The 2022 LTI Program provides that the amount earned related to the performance-based portion of the awards is dependent on the Compensation and Human Capital Committee's determination that Simon's FFO performance and achievement of certain objective criteria goals and has a maximum potential fair value at grant date of \$20.6 million. As part of the 2022 LTI Program, on March 11, 2022 and March 18, 2022, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee also established grants of 52,673 time-based restricted stock units under the 2019 Plan at a grant date fair market value of \$130.05 and \$130.84 per share. These awards will vest on March 11, 2025 and March 18, 2025. The \$6.9 million grant date fair value of these awards is being recognized as expense over the three-year vesting period.

2023 LTI Program. In the first quarter of 2023, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee established and granted awards under a 2023 Long-Term Incentive Program, or 2023 LTI Program. Awards under the 2023 LTI Program, took the form of LTIP units and restricted stock units. Awards of LTIP units under this program will be considered earned if the respective performance conditions (based on FFO and Objective Criteria Goals), subject to adjustment based upon a TSR modifier, with respect to the FFO performance condition, as defined in the applicable award agreements, are achieved during the applicable three-year measurement period. Any units determined to be earned LTIP units under the 2023 LTI Program will vest on January 1, 2027. The 2023 LTI Program provides that the amount earned related to the performance-based portion of the awards is dependent on the Compensation and Human Capital Committee's determination that Simon's FFO performance and achievement of certain objective criteria goals and has a maximum potential fair value at grant date of \$42.5 million. As part of the 2023 LTI Program, on March 1, 2023, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee also established a grant of 64,852 time-based restricted stock units under the 2019 Plan at a grant date fair market value of \$121.25 per share. These awards will vest on March 1, 2026. The \$7.9 million grant date fair value of these awards is being recognized as expense over the three-year vesting period.

The Compensation and Human Capital Committee approved LTIP unit grants as shown in the table below. The extent to which LTIP units were determined by the Compensation and Human Capital Committee to have been earned, and the aggregate grant date fair value, are as follows:

LTIP Awards	LTIP Units Earned	Grant Date Fair Value of TSR Award	Grant Date Target Value of Performance-Based Awards				
2021 LTIP Awards	To be determined in 2024	\$5.7 million	\$12.2 million				
2022 LTIP Awards	To be determined in 2025	_	\$13.7 million				
2023 LTIP Awards	To be determined in 2026	_	\$23.6 million				

We recorded compensation expense, net of capitalization and forfeitures, related to LTIP programs of approximately \$26.7 million, \$24.7 million, and \$24.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units. The 2019 plan also provides for shares of restricted stock to be granted to certain employees at no cost to those employees, subject to achievement of individual performance and certain financial and return-based performance measures established by the Compensation and Human Capital Committee related to the most recent year's performance. Once granted, the shares of restricted stock then vest annually over a three-year or a four-year period (as defined in the award). The cost of restricted stock grants, which is based upon the stock's fair market value on the grant date, is recognized as expense ratably over the vesting period. Through December 31, 2023 a total of 5,858,453 shares of restricted stock, net of forfeitures, have been awarded under the 1998 plan, and 1,061,034 shares of restricted stock and RSUs have been awarded under the 2019 plan.

Information regarding restricted stock awards is summarized in the following table for each of the years presented:

	For the Year Ended December 31.						
		2023		2022		2021	
Shares of restricted stock awarded during the year, net of forfeitures		227,232		160,259		42,036	
Weighted average fair value of shares granted during the year	\$	111.37	\$	129.62	\$	117.52	
Compensation expense, net of capitalization	\$	16,356	\$	9,583	\$	8,817	

We also maintain a tax-qualified retirement 401(k) savings plan and offer no other post-retirement or post-employment benefits to our employees.

Exchange Rights

Simon

Limited partners in the Operating Partnership have the right to exchange all or any portion of their units for shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis or cash, as determined by Simon's Board of Directors. The amount of cash to be paid if the exchange right is exercised and the cash option is selected will be based on the trading price of Simon's common stock at that time. At December 31, 2023, Simon had reserved 55,235,238 shares of common stock for possible issuance upon the exchange of units, stock options and Class B common stock.

The Operating Partnership

Limited partners have the right under the partnership agreement to exchange all or any portion of their units for shares of Simon common stock on a one-for-one basis or cash, as determined by Simon in its sole discretion. If Simon selects cash, Simon cannot cause the Operating Partnership to redeem the exchanged units for cash without contributing cash to the Operating Partnership as partners' equity sufficient to effect the redemption. If sufficient cash is not contributed, Simon will be deemed to have elected to exchange the units for shares of Simon common stock. The amount of cash to be paid if the exchange right is exercised and the cash option is selected will be based on the trading price of Simon's common stock at that time. The number of shares of Simon's common stock issued pursuant to the exercise of the exchange right will be the same as the number of units exchanged.

9. Lease Income

Fixed lease income under our operating leases includes fixed minimum lease consideration and fixed CAM reimbursements recorded on a straight-line basis. Variable lease income includes consideration based on sales, as well as reimbursements for real estate taxes, utilities, marketing, and certain other items including negative variable lease income as discussed in Note 3.

For the Veer Ended

	December 31,								
	 2023			2021					
Fixed lease income	\$ 4,145,288	\$	3,858,592	\$	3,701,991				
Variable lease income	1,019,047		1,046,583		1,034,728				
Total lease income	\$ 5,164,335	\$	4,905,175	\$	4,736,719				

Tenant receivables and accrued revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets includes straight-line receivables of \$535.8 million and \$546.5 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Minimum fixed lease consideration under non-cancelable tenant operating leases for each of the next five years and thereafter, excluding variable lease consideration, as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

2024	\$ 3,098,818
2025	2,596,359
2026	2,065,777
2027	1,637,514
2028	1,185,063
Thereafter	 3,828,659
	\$ 14,412,190

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

We are involved from time-to-time in various legal and regulatory proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business, including, but not limited to, commercial disputes, environmental matters, and litigation in connection with transactions such as acquisitions and divestitures. We believe that current proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. We record a liability when a loss is considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Lease Commitments

As of December 31, 2023, we are subject to ground leases that cover all or a portion of 23 of our consolidated properties with termination dates extending through 2090, including periods for which exercising an extension option is reasonably assured. These ground leases generally require us to make fixed annual rental payments, or a fixed annual rental payment plus a percentage rent component based upon the revenues or total sales of the property. In addition, we have several regional office locations that are subject to leases with termination dates ranging from 2024 to 2034. These office leases generally require us to make fixed annual rental payments plus pay our share of common area, real estate, and utility expenses. Some of our ground and office leases include escalation clauses. All of our lease arrangements are classified as operating leases. We incurred ground lease expense and office lease expense, which are included in other expense and home office and regional expense, respectively, as follows:

	For the Year Ended							
	2023			2022	2021			
Operating Lease Cost Fixed lease cost Variable lease cost Sublease income	\$	34,112 16,930 —	\$ 30,257 17,593		\$	32,492 15,454 (705)		
Total operating lease cost	\$	51,042	\$	47,850	\$	47,241		
		2023		e Year Ended ember 31, 2022	i	2021		
Other Information								
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	•	F0 007	Φ	47.754	Φ	47.004		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	50,967	\$	47,754	Ъ	47,824		
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	3	2.3 years	;	32.7 years		33.6 years		
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases		4.93%		4.87%		4.87%		

Future minimum lease payments due under these leases for years ending December 31, excluding applicable extension options and renewal options unless reasonably certain of exercise and any sublease income, are as follows:

2024	\$ 33,822
2025	36,358
2026	36,372
2027	36,401
2028	36,427
Thereafter	959,496
	\$ 1,138,876
Impact of discounting	 (654,015)
Operating lease liabilities	\$ 484,861

Insurance

We maintain insurance coverage with third-party carriers who provide a portion of the coverage for specific layers of potential losses, including commercial general liability, fire, flood, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on all of our properties in the United States as well as cyber coverage. The initial portion of coverage not provided by third-party carriers may be insured through our wholly-owned captive insurance company, or other financial arrangements controlled by us. If required, a third-party carrier has, in turn, agreed to provide evidence of coverage for this layer of losses under the terms and conditions of the carrier's insurance policy with us. A similar insurance policy written either through our captive insurance company or other financial arrangements controlled by us also provides initial coverage for property insurance and certain windstorm risks.

We currently maintain insurance coverage against acts of terrorism on all of our properties in the United States on an "all risk" basis in the amount of up to \$1 billion. Despite the existence of this insurance coverage, any threatened or actual terrorist attacks where we operate could adversely affect our property values, revenues, consumer traffic and tenant sales.

Hurricane Impacts

During the year ended December 31, 2021, we recorded \$2.1 million as business interruption income, which was recorded in other income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. During the year ended December 31, 2021, we also recorded a \$21.0 million gain related to property insurance recovery of previously depreciated assets. This amount was recorded in (loss) gain on acquisition of controlling interest, sale or disposal of, or recovery on, assets and interests in unconsolidated entities and impairment, net, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Guarantees of Indebtedness

Joint venture debt is the liability of the joint venture and is typically secured by the joint venture property, which is non-recourse to us. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Operating Partnership guaranteed joint venture related mortgage indebtedness of \$139.2 million and \$128.0 million, respectively. Mortgages guaranteed by the Operating Partnership are secured by the property of the joint venture which could be sold in order to satisfy the outstanding obligation and which have estimated fair values in excess of the guaranteed amount.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Our U.S. Malls, Premium Outlets, and The Mills rely upon anchor tenants to attract customers; however, anchors do not contribute materially to our financial results as many anchors own their spaces. All material operations are within the United States and no customer or tenant accounts for 5% or more of our consolidated revenues.

11. Related Party Transactions

Transactions with Affiliates

Our management company provides office space and legal, human resource administration, property specific financing and other support services to Melvin Simon & Associates, Inc., or MSA, a related party, for which we received a fee of \$0.6 million in each of 2023, 2022 and 2021. In addition, pursuant to management agreements that provide for our receipt of a management fee and reimbursement of our direct and indirect costs, we have managed since 1993 two shopping centers owned by entities in which David Simon and Herbert Simon have ownership interests, for which we received a fee of \$3.9 million, \$3.8 million, and \$3.5 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

Transactions with Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

As described in Note 2, our management company provides management, insurance, and other services to certain unconsolidated joint ventures. Amounts received for such services were \$121.2 million, \$112.1 million, and \$102.1 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. During 2023, 2022, and 2021, we recorded development, royalty, and other fee income, net of elimination, related to our unconsolidated international joint ventures of \$13.3 million, \$12.1 million, and \$12.4 million, respectively. The fees related to our international investments are included in other income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. Neither MSA, David Simon, or Herb Simon have an ownership interest in any of our unconsolidated joint ventures, except through their ownership interests in the Company or the Operating Partnership.

We have investments in retailers including J.C. Penney and SPARC Group, and these retailers are lessees at certain of our operating properties. Lease income from the date of our investments in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income related to these retailers was \$101.8 million, \$83.8 million, and \$82.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, net of elimination.

12. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

Quarterly 2023 and 2022 data is summarized in the table below. Quarterly amounts may not sum to annual amounts due to rounding.

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
2023					
Total revenue	\$ 1,350,849	\$ 1,369,601	\$	1,410,948	\$ 1,527,438
Operating income before other items	662,723	657,925		694,234	792,139
Consolidated net income	519,255	557,505		680,762	859,496
Simon Property Group, Inc.					
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 451,827	\$ 486,343	\$	594,139	\$ 747,480
Net income per share — Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.49	\$	1.82	\$ 2.29
Weighted average shares outstanding — Basic and					
Diluted	326,954,294	327,189,785		327,158,743	325,933,832
Simon Property Group, L.P.					
Net income attributable to unitholders	\$ 517,180	\$ 556,556	\$	680,598	\$ 858,783
Net income per unit — Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.49	\$	1.82	\$ 2.29
Weighted average units outstanding — Basic and					
Diluted	374,245,604	374,423,175		374,816,882	374,864,197
2022					
Total revenue	\$ 1,295,922	\$ 1,279,842	\$	1,315,786	\$ 1,399,898
Operating income before other items	620,391	626,761		652,196	684,205
Consolidated net income	488,310	569,480		621,847	772,748
Simon Property Group, Inc.					
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 426,630	\$ 496,743	\$	539,038	\$ 673,786
Net income per share — Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.51	\$	1.65	\$ 2.06
Weighted average shares outstanding — Basic and					
Diluted	328,606,352	328,444,627		327,286,003	326,953,791
Simon Property Group, L.P.					
Net income attributable to unitholders	\$ 487,993	\$ 568,289	\$	616,918	\$ 771,195
Net income per unit — Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.51	\$	1.65	\$ 2.06
Weighted average units outstanding — Basic and					
Diluted	375,870,183	375,754,363		374,589,771	374,257,136

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Simon

Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Simon maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to Simon's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Because of inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

Our management, with the participation of Simon's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of Simon's disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023. Based on that evaluation, Simon's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2023, Simon's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Simon is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, Simon's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by Simon's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and disposition of assets;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

We assessed the effectiveness of Simon's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013). Based on that assessment and criteria, we believe that, as of December 31, 2023, Simon's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

The audit report of Ernst & Young LLP on their assessment of Simon's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023 is set forth within Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we implemented a new lease management application and a new financial reporting consolidation software application, both of which are intended to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of certain financial and business transaction processes. Neither implementation was a result of any identified deficiencies in the previous processes. With respect to internal controls over financial reporting, we have updated our controls, as necessary, to reflect the changes to our business processes and system environment.

There have been no other changes in Simon's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Simon's internal control over financial reporting.

The Operating Partnership

Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Operating Partnership maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including Simon's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Because of inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

Our management, with the participation of Simon's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023. Based on that evaluation, Simon's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Operating Partnership is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, Simon's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by Simon's Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and disposition of assets;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

We assessed the effectiveness of the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013). Based on that assessment and criteria, we believe that, as of December 31, 2023, the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

The audit report of Ernst & Young LLP on their assessment of the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023 is set forth within Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we implemented a new lease management application and a new financial reporting consolidation software application, both of which are intended to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of certain financial and business transaction processes. Neither implementation was a result of any identified deficiencies in the previous processes. With respect to internal controls over financial reporting, we have updated our controls, as necessary, to reflect the changes to our business processes and system environment.

There have been no other changes in the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

During the fourth quarter of the year covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Audit Committee of Simon's Board of Directors approved certain audit, audit-related and non-audit tax compliance and tax consulting services to be provided by Ernst & Young LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm. This disclosure is made pursuant to Section 10A(i)(2) of the Exchange Act as added by Section 202 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not Applicable.

Part III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive proxy statement for Simon's 2024 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A and the information included under the caption "Information about our Executive Officers" in Part I hereof.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive proxy statement for Simon's 2024 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive proxy statement for Simon's 2024 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive proxy statement for Simon's 2024 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive proxy statement for Simon's 2024 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A.

The Audit Committee of Simon's Board of Directors pre-approves all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided by Ernst & Young LLP (PCAOB ID: 42), or Ernst & Young, Simon's and the Operating Partnership's independent registered public accounting firm, prior to commencement of services. The Audit Committee has delegated to the Chairman of the Audit Committee the authority to pre-approve specific services up to specified individual and aggregate fee amounts. These pre-approval decisions are presented to the full Audit Committee at the next scheduled meeting after such approvals are made. We have incurred fees as shown below for services from Ernst & Young as Simon's and the Operating

Partnership's independent registered public accounting firm and for services provided to our managed consolidated and joint venture properties and our consolidated non-managed properties. Ernst & Young has advised us that it has billed or will bill these indicated amounts for the following categories of services for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively:

	2023	2022
Audit Fees (1)	\$ 5,506,000	\$ 4,716,000
Audit Related Fees (2)	5,517,000	5,280,000
Tax Fees (3)	283,000	464,000
All Other Fees	_	

- (1) Audit Fees include fees for the audits of the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and quarterly reviews for Simon and the Operating Partnership and services associated with the related SEC registration statements, periodic reports, and other documents issued in connection with securities offerings. This category may vary year-over-year and is directly tied to the level of capital market and transaction related activities in any given year.
- (2) Audit-Related Fees include audits of individual or portfolios of properties and schedules to comply with lender, joint venture partner or contract requirements, services related to pre-implementation reviews of certain information technology applications, audit services related to our employee benefit plan, and due diligence services for our managed consolidated and joint venture entities and our consolidated non-managed entities. Our share of these Audit-Related Fees was approximately 59% and 60% for the years ended 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (3) Tax Fees include fees for international and other tax consulting services, tax due diligence and tax return compliance services associated with the tax returns for certain managed joint ventures as well as other miscellaneous tax compliance services. Our share of these Tax Fees was approximately 59% and 81% for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Part IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

		_	Page No.
(a)	(1)	Financial Statements	
		The following consolidated financial statements of Simon Property Group, Inc. and Simon Property Group, L.P. are set forth in Part II, item 8.	
		Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	78
		Consolidated Financial Statements of Simon Property Group, Inc. <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022</u>	86
		2023, 2022 and 2021	87
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021	88
		Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021	89
		Consolidated Financial Statements of Simon Property Group, L.P.	
		Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022	91
		Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021	92
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021	93
		Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021	94
		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	96
	(2)	Financial Statement Schedule	
		Simon Property Group, Inc. and Simon Property Group, L.P. Schedule III — Schedule of Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	148
		Notes to Schedule III	153
		Other financial statement schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.	
	(3)	Exhibits	
		The Exhibit Index attached hereto is hereby incorporated by reference to this Item.	140

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits

- 2.1 <u>Separation and Distribution Agreement by and among Simon Property Group, Inc., Simon Property Group, L.P., Washington Prime Group Inc. and Washington Prime Group, L.P., dated as of May 27, 2014 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 29, 2014).</u>
- 2.2 Amended and Restated Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 14, 2020, by and among the Taubman Parties and the Simon Parties (incorporated by reference to exhibit 2.1 of Simon Property Group Inc.'s and Simon Property Group L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2020).
- Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Simon Property Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Appendix A of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed March 27, 2009).
- 3.2 Amended and Restated By-Laws of Simon Property Group, Inc. as adopted on March 20, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 24, 2017).
- 3.3 <u>Certificate of Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of the 8³/₈% Series J Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 Par Value (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 20, 2004).</u>
- 3.4 <u>Certificate of Designation of Series A Junior Participating Redeemable Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 15, 2014).</u>
- 3.5 <u>Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership of the Limited Partnership (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 31, 2003).</u>
- 3.6 <u>Eighth Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Simon Property Group, L.P. dated as of May 8, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 9, 2008).</u>
- 3.7 <u>Certificate of Designation of Series B Junior Participating Redeemable Preferred Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 8, 2014).</u>
- 3.8 Agreement between Simon Property Group, Inc. and Simon Property Group, L.P. dated March 7, 2007, but effective as of August 27, 1999, regarding a prior agreement filed under an exhibit 99.1 to Form S-3/A of Simon Property Group, L.P. on November 20, 1996 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 16, 2007).
- 3.9 Agreement between Simon Property Group, Inc. and Simon Property Group, L.P. dated April 29, 2009, but effective as of October 14, 2004, regarding redemption of the Registrant's Series I Preferred Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 8, 2009).
- 4.1(a) Indenture, dated as of November 26, 1996, by and among Simon Property Group, L.P. and The Chase Manhattan Bank, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed October 21, 1996 (Reg. No. 333-11491)).
- 4.2 <u>Description of Each Registrant's Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>
- 9.1 Second Amended and Restated Voting Trust Agreement, Voting Agreement and Proxy dated as of March 1, 2004 between Melvin Simon & Associates, Inc., on the one hand and Melvin Simon, Herbert Simon and David Simon on the other hand (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 9.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004).
- 9.2 <u>Voting Trust Agreement, Voting Agreement and Proxy dated as of March 1, 2004 between David Simon, Melvin Simon and Herbert Simon (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 9.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2004).</u>

Exhibits

- 10.1 Form of the Indemnity Agreement between Simon Property Group, Inc. and its directors and officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Form S-4 filed August 13, 1998 (Reg. No. 333-61399)).
- 10.2 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 24, 1998, by and among Simon Property Group, Inc. and the persons named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 9, 1998).
- 10.3 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 27, 1999, by and among Simon Property Group, Inc. and the persons named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed March 24, 2004 (Reg. No. 333-113884)).
- 10.4 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of November 14, 1997, by and between O'Connor Retail Partners, L.P. and Simon DeBartolo Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 of the Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed December 7, 2001 (Reg. No. 333-74722))
- 10.5* Simon Property Group, L.P. Amended and Restated 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 10, 2014).
- 10.6* Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005).
- 10.7* Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 28, 2007).
- 10.8* Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 16, 2005).
- 10.9* Employment Agreement between Simon Property Group, Inc. and David Simon effective as of July 6, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2011).
- 10.10* First Amendment to Employment Agreement between Simon Property Group, Inc. and David Simon, dated as of March 29, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 4, 2013).
- 10.11* Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan dated as of December 31, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 5, 2009).
- 10.12* Amendment 2008 Performance Based-Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of March 6, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 5, 2009).
- 10.13* Certificate of Designation of Series 2010 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 19, 2010).
- 10.14* Form of Series 2010 LTIP Unit (Three Year Program) Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 19, 2010).
- 10.15* Form of Series 2010 LTIP Unit (Two Year Program) Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 19, 2010).
- 0.16* Form of Series 2010 LTIP Unit (One Year Program) Award Agreement under the Simon Property Group, L.P. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 19, 2010).

Exhibits 10.17*	Certificate of Designation of Series CEO LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property
	Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2011).
10.18*	Simon Property Group Series CEO LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2011).
10.19*	First Amendment to Simon Property Group Series CEO LTIP Unit Award Agreement dated as of December 22, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 28, 2012).
10.20*	Second Amendment to Simon Property Group Series CEO LTIP Unit Award Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 4, 2013).
10.21*	Simon Property Group Amended and Restated Series CEO LTIP Unit Award Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 2, 2014).
10.22*	Certificate of Designation of Series 2011 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2011).
10.23*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2011 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 7, 2011).
10.24*	Certificate of Designation of Series 2012 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 11, 2012).
10.25*	Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation of Series 2012 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 7, 2014).
10.26*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2012 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 8, 2012).
10.27*	Simon Property Group Amended and Restated Series 2012 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 28, 2014).
10.28*	Certificate of Designation of Series 2013 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 10, 2013).
10.29*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2013 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 4, 2013).
10.30*	Form of Simon Property Group Executive Officer LTIP Waiver, dated April 18, 2014 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 28, 2014).
10.31*	Simon Property Group CEO LTIP Unit Adjustment Waiver, dated April 18, 2014 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 28, 2014).
10.32*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2014 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 7, 2014).
10.33*	Certificate of Designation of Series 2014 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 7, 2014).
10.34*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2015 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 filed on January 13, 2016).

10.49*

2022).

Exhibits Certificate of Designation of Series 2015 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Simon 10.35* Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 filed on January 13, 2016). 10.36* Form of Simon Property Group Series 2016 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 filed on May 5, 2016). 10.37* Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2016 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 filed on May 5, <u>2016).</u> Form of Simon Property Group Series 2018 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, 10.38* Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter ended March 31, 2018 filed on May 3, 2018). 10.39* Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2018 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 filed on May 3, 10.40* Simon Property Group, L.P. 2019 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 8, 2019). 10.41* Form of Simon Property Group Series 2019 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 filed on August 7, 2019). Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2019 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon 10.42* Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 filed on August <u>7, 20</u>19). Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under Simon Property Group, L.P. 2019 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to 10.43* Exhibit 10.48 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 25, 2021). Form of Simon Property Group Series 2021 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, 10.44* Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 filed on May 10, 2021). 10.45* Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2021 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 filed on May 10, <u>2021).</u> Second Amended and Restated \$3,500,000,000 Credit Agreement dated as of October 26, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 of 10.46 Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 28, 2021). 10.47* Simon Property Group, Inc., 2022 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 filed on May 9, 2022). 10.48* Form of Simon Property Group Series 2022 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 filed on May 9, 2022).

Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2022 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 filed on May 9,

Exhibits	
10.50*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 filed on May 9, 2022).
10.51	Third Amended and Restated \$5,000,000,000 Credit Agreement, dated as of March 14, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc. and L.P.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 15, 2023).
10.52*	Simon Property Group, Inc., 2023 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 filed on May 4, 2023).
10.53*	Form of Simon Property Group Series 2023 LTIP Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 filed on May 4, 2023).
10.54*	Form of Certificate of Designation of Series 2023 LTIP Units of Simon Property Group, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 filed on May 4, 2023).
10.55*	Form of Simon Property Group 2023 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s and Simon Property Group, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 filed on May 4, 2023).
10.56*	Amended and Restated Other Platform Investment Incentive Program (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Simon Property Group, Inc.'s Form 8-K/A filed on November 9, 2023).
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of Simon Property Group Inc. and Simon Property Group, L.P.
23.1	Simon Property Group, Inc. — Consent of Ernst & Young LLP.
23.2	Simon Property Group, L.P. — Consent of Ernst & Young LLP.
31.1	Simon Property Group, Inc. — Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Simon Property Group, Inc. — Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.3	Simon Property Group, L.P. — Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.4	Simon Property Group, L.P. — Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Simon Property Group, Inc. — Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Simon Property Group, L.P. — Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
97	Simon Property Group, Inc. – Policy For Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

Exhibits

101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
 104 Cover Page Interactive File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

- (a) Does not include supplemental indentures that authorize the issuance of debt securities series, none of which exceeds 10% of the total assets of Simon Property Group, L.P. on a consolidated basis. Simon Property Group, L.P. agrees to file copies of any such supplemental indentures upon the request of the Commission.
- * Represents a management contract, or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement required to be filed pursuant to Regulation S-K.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, INC.

y /s/ DAVID SIMON

David Simon

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: February 22, 2024

SIMON PROPERTY GROUP, L.P.

/s/ DAVID SIMON

David Simon

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President of Simon Property Group, Inc., General Partner

Date: February 22, 2024

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Simon Property Group, Inc., for itself and in its capacity as General Partner of Simon Property Group, L.P., and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ DAVID SIMON David Simon	Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and President	February 22, 2024
/s/ HERBERT SIMON Herbert Simon	Chairman Emeritus and Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ RICHARD S. SOKOLOV Richard S. Sokolov	Vice Chairman and Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ LARRY C. GLASSCOCK Larry C. Glasscock	Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ REUBEN S. LEIBOWITZ Reuben S. Leibowitz	Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ RANDALL J. LEWIS Randall J. Lewis	Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ NINA P. JONES Nina P. Jones	Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ ALLAN HUBBARD Allan Hubbard	Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ DANIEL C. SMITH Daniel C. Smith	Director	February 22, 2024

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ GARY M. RODKIN Gary M. Rodkin	——— Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ GLYN F. AEPPEL Glyn F. Aeppel	——— Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ STEFAN M. SELIG Stefan M. Selig	——— Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ MARTA R. STEWART Marta R. Stewart	——— Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ PEGGY F. ROE Peggy F. Roe	——— Director	February 22, 2024
/s/ BRIAN J. MCDADE Brian J. McDade	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 22, 2024
/s/ ADAM J. REUILLE Adam J. Reuille	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 22, 2024

SCHEDULE III

						Capitalized sequent to	Gro	oss Amounts At V	Which		Date of
			Initia	I Cost (3)		uisition (3)		ried At Close of F			Construction
				Buildings and		Buildings and		Buildings and		Accumulated	or
Name	Location	Encumbrances (6)	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvements	Total (1)	Depreciation (2)	Acquisition
Malls											
Barton Creek Square	Austin, TX	\$ -	\$ 2,903	\$ 20,929	\$ 7,983	\$ 102,725	\$ 10,886	\$ 123,654	\$ 134,540	\$ 74,778	1981
Battlefield Mall	Springfield, MO	-	3,919	27,231	3,000	75,194	6,919	102,425	109,344	79,589	1970
Bay Park Square	Green Bay, WI	-	6,278	25,623	4,106	31,266	10,384	56,889	67,273	37,561	1980
Brea Mall	Brea (Los Angeles), CA	-	39,500	209,202	2,993	152,680	42,493	361,882	404,375	181,185	1998 (4)
Broadway Square	Tyler, TX	-	11,306	32,431	-	53,337	11,306	85,768	97,074	47,966	1994 (4)
Burlington Mall	Burlington (Boston), MA	-	46,600	303,618	27,458	274,055	74,058	577,673	651,731	299,755	1998 (4)
Castleton Square	Indianapolis, IN	-	26,250	98,287	7,434	80,809	33,684	179,096	212,780	134,960	1972
Cielo Vista Mall	El Paso, TX	-	1,005	15,262	608	60,651	1,613	75,913	77,526	55,648	1974
College Mall	Bloomington, IN	-	1,003	16,245	720	70,621	1,723	86,866	88,589	54,602	1965
Columbia Center	Kennewick, WA	-	17,441	66,580	-	47,860	17,441	114,440	131,881	73,685	1987
Copley Place	Boston, MA	-	-	378,045	-	223,754	-	601,799	601,799	309,545	2002 (4)
Coral Square	Coral Springs (Miami), FL	-	12,282	93,630	-	21,950	12,282	115,580	127,862	94,681	1984
Cordova Mall	Pensacola, FL	-	18,626	73,091	7,321	74,034	25,947	147,125	173,072	93,917	1998 (4)
Domain, The	Austin, TX	210,000	40,436	197,010	-	177,949	40,436	374,959	415,395	209,234	2005
Empire Mall	Sioux Falls, SD	173,340	35,998	192,186	-	38,858	35,998	231,044	267,042	91,459	1998 (5)
Fashion Mall at Keystone,	Indianapolis, IN										
The		-	-	120,579	29,145	121,669	29,145	242,248	271,393	154,689	1997 (4)
Firewheel Town Center	Garland (Dallas), TX	-	8,438	82,716	-	31,640	8,438	114,356	122,794	72,689	2004
Forum Shops at Caesars	Las Vegas, NV										
Palace, The		-	-	276,567	-	321,684	-	598,251	598,251	347,664	1992
Greenwood Park Mall	Greenwood (Indianapolis), IN	-	2,423	23,445	5,253	129,609	7,676	153,054	160,730	102,162	1979
Haywood Mall	Greenville, SC	-	11,585	133,893	6	52,543	11,591	186,436	198,027	128,138	1998 (4)
King of Prussia	King of Prussia (Philadelphia), PA	-	175,063	1,128,236	-	423,302	175,063	1,551,538	1,726,601	618,066	2003 (5)
La Plaza Mall (13)	McAllen, TX	-	87,912	9,828	6,569	186,677	94,481	196,505	290,986	68,784	1976
Lakeline Mall	Cedar Park (Austin), TX	-	10,088	81,568	14	24,261	10,102	105,829	115,931	73,327	1995
Lenox Square	Atlanta, GA	-	37,216	492,411	-	163,947	37,216	656,358	693,574	430,323	1998 (4)
Mall of Georgia	Buford (Atlanta), GA	-	47,492	326,633	-	17,697	47,492	344,330	391,822	229,290	1999 (5)
McCain Mall	N. Little Rock, AR	-	-	9,515	10,142	30,317	10,142	39,832	49,974	21,324	1973
Menlo Park Mall	Edison (New York), NJ	-	65,684	223,252		98,361	65,684	321,613	387,297	217,348	1997 (4)
Midland Park Mall	Midland, TX	-	687	9,213	1,196	46,028	1,883	55,241	57,124	25,891	1980
Miller Hill Mall	Duluth, MN	-	2,965	18,092	1,811	47,572	4,776	65,664	70,440	49,323	1973
North East Mall	Hurst (Dallas), TX	-	128	12,966	19,010	131,533	19,138	144,499	163,637	111,962	1971
Ocean County Mall	Toms River (New York), NJ	-	20,404	124,945	3,277	89,518	23,681	214,463	238,144	121,920	1998 (4)
Orland Square	Orland Park (Chicago), IL		35,439	129,906	-	83,352	35,439	213,258	248,697	137,026	1997 (4)
Penn Square Mall	Oklahoma City, OK	310,000	2,043	155,958	-	65,326	2,043	221,284	223,327	157,301	2002 (4)
Pheasant Lane Mall	Nashua, NH	-	3,902	155,068	550	52,307	4,452	207,375	211,827	134,735	2004 (5)
Phipps Plaza	Atlanta, GA	\$ -	\$ 15,005	\$ 210,610	\$ -	\$ 273,596	\$ 15,005	\$ 484,206	\$ 499,211	\$ 208,454	1998 (4)
Plaza Carolina	Carolina (San Juan), PR	-	15,493	279,560	-	82,280	15,493	361,840	377,333	203,715	2004 (4)
Prien Lake Mall	Lake Charles, LA	-	1,842	2,813	3,053	68,987	4,895	71,800	76,695	32,815	1972
Rockaway Townsquare	Rockaway (New York), NJ	-	41,918	212,257	-	75,109	41,918	287,366	329,284	185,363	1998 (4)
Roosevelt Field	Garden City (New York), NY	-	163,160	702,008	1,246	400,105	164,406	1,102,113	1,266,519	635,668	1998 (4)
Ross Park Mall	Pittsburgh, PA	-	23,541	90,203	5,815	154,274	29,356	244,477	273,833	149,510	1986
Santa Rosa Plaza	Santa Rosa, CA	-	10,400	87,864	-	30,351	10,400	118,215	128,615	77,046	1998 (4)
Shops at Chestnut Hill, The	Chestnut Hill (Boston), MA	94,621	449	25,102	38,864	106,961	39,313	132,063	171,376	57,062	2002 (5)

			Initia	ıl Cost (3)	Sub	Capitalized sequent to uisition (3)		oss Amounts At V			Date of Construction
Name	Location	Encumbrances (6)	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Total (1)	Accumulated Depreciation (2)	or Acquisition
Shops at Nanuet, The	Nanuet, NY		28,125	142,860		6,308	28,125	149,168	177,293	54,691	2013
Shops at Riverside, The	Hackensack (New York), NJ	-	13,521	238,746	-	270,285	13,521	509,031	522,552	161,202	2007 (4) (5)
South Hills Village	Pittsburgh, PA	-	23,445	125,840	1,472	96,842	24,917	222,682	247,599	127,019	1997 (4)
South Shore Plaza	Braintree (Boston), MA	-	101,200	301,495	1,972	171,947	103,172	473,442	576,614	309,138	1998 (4)
Southdale Center	Edina (Minneapolis), MN	-	41,430	184,967	-	137,095	41,430	322,062	363,492	94,908	2007 (4) (5)
SouthPark	Charlotte, NC	-	42,092	188,055	100	237,808	42,192	425,863	468,055	260,793	2002 (4)
St. Charles Towne Center	Waldorf (Washington, DC), MD	-	7,710	52,934	1,180	25,133	8,890	78,067	86,957	64,468	1990
Stanford Shopping Center	Palo Alto (San Jose), CA	-	-	339,537	-	225,220	-	564,757	564,757	265,717	2003 (4)
Summit Mall	Akron, OH	85,000	15,374	51,137	-	59,527	15,374	110,664	126,038	75,798	1965
Tacoma Mall	Tacoma (Seattle), WA	· -	37,113	125,826	-	182,349	37,113	308,175	345,288	174,436	1987
Tippecanoe Mall	Lafayette, IN	_	2,897	8,439	5,517	50,403	8,414	58,842	67,256	47,270	1973
Town Center at Boca Raton	Boca Raton (Miami), FL	_	64,200	307,317	-	260,458	64,200	567,775	631,975	355,321	1998 (4)
Towne East Square	Wichita, KS	_	8,024	18,479	4.108	63,374	12,132	81.853	93.985	50.914	1975
Treasure Coast Square	Jensen Beach, FL	_	10,750	72,990	3.067	29.099	13,817	102,089	115,906	72,848	1987
Tyrone Square	St. Petersburg (Tampa), FL	_	15,638	120,962	1.459	50.818	17,097	171,780	188,877	127,567	1972
University Park Mall	Mishawaka. IN	_	10.762	118.164	7.000	59.781	17.762	177.945	195.707	151.940	1996 (4)
Walt Whitman Shops	Huntington Station (New York), NY	_	51,700	111,258	3,789	140,821	55,489	252,079	307,568	151,368	1998 (4)
White Oaks Mall	Springfield, IL	38,857	2,907	35.692	2.468	68,576	5,375	104,268	109,643	67,871	1977
Wolfchase Galleria	Memphis, TN	155,152	16,407	128,276	_,	19,483	16,407	147,759	164,166	111,185	2002 (4)
Woodland Hills Mall	Tulsa, OK	-	34,211	187,123	13,811	48,401	48,022	235,524	283,546	168,906	2004 (5)
			,	,	,	,	,		,	,	
Premium Outlets											
Albertville Premium Outlets	Albertville (Minneapolis), MN	-	3,900	97,059	-	10,940	3,900	107,999	111,899	73,966	2004 (4)
Allen Premium Outlets	Allen (Dallas), TX	-	20,932	69,788	-	44,954	20,932	114,742	135,674	47,407	2004 (4)
Aurora Farms Premium	Aurora (Cleveland), OH										
Outlets	,	\$ -	\$ 2,370	\$ 24,326	\$ -	\$ 9,508	\$ 2,370	\$ 33,834	\$ 36,204	\$ 26,658	2004 (4)
Birch Run Premium Outlets	Birch Run (Detroit), MI	123,000	11,477	77,856	-	8,961	11,477	86,817	98,294	45,226	2010 (4)
Camarillo Premium Outlets	Camarillo (Los Angeles), CA	-	16,599	224,721	395	77,302	16,994	302,023	319,017	174,626	2004 (4)
Carlsbad Premium Outlets	Carlsbad (San Diego), CA	-	12,890	184,990	96	13,170	12,986	198,160	211,146	103,603	2004 (4)
Carolina Premium Outlets	Smithfield (Raleigh), NC	-	3,175	59,863	5,311	9,055	8,486	68,918	77,404	42,720	2004 (4)
Chicago Premium Outlets	Aurora (Chicago), IL	-	659	118,005	13,050	97,832	13,709	215,837	229,546	100,774	2004 (4)
Cincinnati Premium Outlets	Monroe (Cincinnati), OH	-	14,117	71,520	· -	4,525	14,117	76,045	90,162	42,495	2008
Clinton Premium Outlets	Clinton, CT	-	2,060	107,556	1,532	7,445	3,592	115,001	118,593	72,086	2004 (4)
Denver Premium Outlets	Thornton (Denver), CO	_	10,779	45,335	10	73,846	10,789	119,181	129,970	29,568	2018
Desert Hills Premium Outlets	Cabazon (Palm Springs), CA	_	3,440	338,679	_	119,704	3,440	458,383	461,823	226,809	2004 (4)
Ellenton Premium Outlets	Ellenton (Tampa), FL	178,000	15,807	182,412	-	9,254	15,807	191,666	207,473	133,909	2010 (4)
Finger Lakes Premium	Waterloo, NY	-,	-,	- ,		-,	-,	,,,,,	,	,	
Outlets		_	3,230	75,277	_	16.032	3,230	91,309	94,539	54,801	2004 (4)
Folsom Premium Outlets	Folsom (Sacramento), CA	_	9,060	50,281	_	6,544	9,060	56,825	65,885	37,129	2004 (4)
Gilroy Premium Outlets	Gilroy (San Jose), CA	_	9,630	194,122	_	17,128	9,630	211,250	220,880	121,249	2004 (4)
Gloucester Premium Outlets	Blackwood (Philadelphia). NJ	75,000	14,389	107,685	_	975	14,389	108,660	123,049	32,886	2015 (5)
Grand Prairie Premium	Grand Prairie (Dallas), TX	70,000	,000	,000		0.0	,000	.00,000	.20,0.0	02,000	20.0 (0)
Outlets	Grana France (Banas), 170	_	9.497	194.245	_	1.476	9.497	195.721	205.218	72.720	2012
Grove City Premium Outlets	Grove City (Pittsburgh), PA	140.000	6,421	121,880		10,349	6,421	132,229	138,650	91,064	2012
Gulfport Premium Outlets	Gulfport, MS	50.000	0,721	27.949	_	8.143	0,421	36.092	36.092	21,858	2010 (4)
Hagerstown Premium	Hagerstown (Baltimore/Washington,	,		21,040		5,140		33,332	00,002	21,000	2010 (4)
Outlets	DC), MD	69,532	3,560	85,883	_	1,655	3,560	87,538	91,098	48,137	2010 (4)
Canolo	50 ₁ , wb	00,002	5,500	00,000		1,000	3,300	07,000	51,030	70,107	2010 (4)

			Initia	ıl Cost (3)	Sub	Capitalized sequent to uisition (3)		Gross Amounts At			Date of Construction
				Buildings and		Buildings and		Buildings and	d	Accumulated	or
Name	Location	Encumbrances (6)	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvement	s Total (1)	Depreciation (2)	Acquisition
Houston Premium Outlets	Cypress (Houston), TX	-	8,695	69,350	-	41,889	8,6			63,879	2007
Indiana Premium Outlets	Edinburgh (Indianapolis), IN	-	2,857	47,309	-	22,726	2,8			41,426	2004 (4)
Jackson Premium Outlets	Jackson (New York), NJ	-	6,413	104,013	3	8,189	6,4	16 112,202	118,618	60,875	2004 (4)
Jersey Shore Premium	Tinton Falls (New York), NJ	•	A 45.000	A 50.070	•	04.040	A 450			70.000	2007
Outlets	Johnson Crook WII	\$ -	\$ 15,390	\$ 50,979	\$ -	\$ 81,246	\$ 15,3	90 \$ 132,225	\$ 147,615	\$ 79,626	2007
Johnson Creek Premium Outlets	Johnson Creek, WI		2,800	39,546		8,562	2,8	00 48,108	50,908	27,114	2004 (4)
Kittery Premium Outlets	Kittery, ME	-	11,832	94,994	_	12,081	11,8			55,572	2004 (4)
Las Americas Premium	San Diego, CA		11,002	04,004		12,001	11,0	101,010	110,507	33,372	2004 (4)
Outlets	5a.: 2.0g0, 57.	_	52.969	283,081	_	13,203	52,9	69 296,284	349,253	125,895	2007 (4)
Las Vegas North Premium	Las Vegas, NV		,			,	,-			,	(.)
Outlets	3.1,	-	25,435	134,973	16,536	152,536	41,9	71 287,509	329,480	159,707	2004 (4)
Las Vegas South Premium	Las Vegas, NV										, ,
Outlets	_	-	13,085	160,777	-	34,268	13,0			102,082	2004 (4)
Lee Premium Outlets	Lee, MA	46,307	9,167	52,212	-	5,397	9,1	57,609	66,776	37,493	2010 (4)
Leesburg Premium Outlets	Leesburg (Washington, DC), VA	-	7,190	162,023	-	23,540	7,1	90 185,563	192,753	102,794	2004 (4)
Lighthouse Place Premium	Michigan City (Chicago, IL), IN										
Outlets		-	6,630	94,138	-	14,140	6,6		,	67,123	2004 (4)
Merrimack Premium Outlets	Merrimack, NH	-	14,975	118,428	-	7,189	14,9			55,293	2012
Napa Premium Outlets	Napa, CA	-	11,400	45,023	-	7,774	11,4			32,399	2004 (4)
North Bend Premium Outlets	North Bend (Seattle), WA	-	2,012	36,036	-	-	2,0	12 36,036	38,048	23,263	2004 (4)
North Georgia Premium Outlets	Dawsonville (Atlanta), GA		4,300	137,020		3,303	4,3	00 140,323	144,623	77,321	2004 (4)
Orlando International	Orlando, FL	-	4,300	137,020	-	3,303	4,0	00 140,323	144,023	11,321	2004 (4)
Premium Outlets	Change, 1 E	_	31,998	472,815	_	20,742	31,9	98 493,557	525,555	229,251	2010 (4)
Orlando Vineland Premium	Orlando, FL		01,000	172,010		20,7 12	01,0	100,007	020,000	220,201	2010 (1)
Outlets		-	14,040	382,949	36,023	33,369	50,0	3 416,318	466,381	215,984	2004 (4)
Petaluma Village Premium	Petaluma (San Francisco), CA		,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	` '
Outlets	,	-	13,322	13,710	-	3,319	13,3	22 17,029	30,351	11,727	2004 (4)
Philadelphia Premium	Limerick (Philadelphia), PA										
Outlets		-	16,676	105,249	-	26,545	16,6	,	,	84,855	2006
Phoenix Premium Outlets	Chandler (Phoenix), AZ	-	-	63,082	-	996		- 64,078	64,078	30,738	2013
Pismo Beach Premium	Pismo Beach, CA										
Outlets	DI 15 11 (01)	31,242	4,317	19,044	-	4,577	4,3	17 23,621	27,938	16,048	2010 (4)
Pleasant Prairie Premium	Pleasant Prairie (Chicago,	445,000	10,000	400.000		0.004	40.0	100 00	450 400	CO FOF	2010 (4)
Outlets Pocono Premium Outlets	IL/Milwaukee), WI Tannersville, PA	145,000	16,823	126,686 172,931	-	9,681	16,8 7,7		,	69,525 103,792	2010 (4) 2004 (4)
Puerto Rico Premium Outlets	Barceloneta, PR	-	7,720 20,586	114,021	-	31,506 10,275	20,5			63,145	2010 (4)
Queenstown Premium	Queenstown (Baltimore), MD	-	20,300	114,021	_	10,275	20,0	124,290	144,002	03,143	2010 (4)
Outlets	Queenstown (Buttimore), IND	54,885	8,129	61,950	_	5,740	8,1	29 67,690	75,819	35,302	2010 (4)
Rio Grande Valley Premium	Mercedes (McAllen), TX	01,000	0,120	01,000		0,7 10	0,1	20 07,000	70,010	00,002	2010 (1)
Outlets	,	-	12,229	41,547	-	27,400	12,2	29 68,947	81,176	46,487	2005
Round Rock Premium	Round Rock (Austin), TX										
Outlets		\$ -	\$ 12,985	\$ 82,252	\$ -	\$ 6,234	\$ 12,9	35 \$ 88,486	\$ 101,471	\$ 58,640	2005
San Francisco Premium	Livermore (San Francisco), CA										
Outlets		-	21,925	308,694	46,177	74,922	68,1	02 383,616	451,718	134,396	2012
San Marcos Premium Outlets	San Marcos (Austin/San Antonio),										
	TX	-	13,180	287,179	-	29,370	13,1	,	,	146,720	2010 (4)
Seattle Premium Outlets	Tulalip (Seattle), WA	-	-	103,722	-	56,577		- 160,299	160,299	89,466	2004 (4)
St. Augustine Premium	St. Augustine (Jacksonville), FL		6.000	E7 070	2	16 202		20 70 070	90.004	40 544	2004 (4)
Outlets Tampa Premium Outlets	Lutz (Tampa), FL	-	6,090 14,298	57,670 97.188	121	16,302 5,976	6,0 14.4	,	,	43,541 34,293	2004 (4) 2015
Tucson Premium Outlets	Marana (Tucson), AZ	-	12,508	97,188 69,677	121	5,976 4,743	14,4	,		34,293 24,344	2015
rassorri remium outiets	marana (1000011), AZ	_	12,000	05,077	-	7,773	12,0	74,420	00,320	27,044	2010

			Initia	ıl Cost (3)	Sub	Capitalized sequent to uisition (3)		oss Amounts At V ried At Close of F			Date of Construction
Name	Location	Encumbrances (6)	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Total (1)	Accumulated Depreciation (2)	or Acquisition
Vacaville Premium Outlets	Vacaville, CA	-	9,420	84,850	-	19,464	9,420	104,314	113,734	63,832	2004 (4)
Waikele Premium Outlets	Waipahu (Honolulu), HI	-	22,630	77,316	-	20,530	22,630	97,846	120,476	56,366	2004 (4)
Williamsburg Premium	Williamsburg, VA										. ,
Outlets	•	185,000	10,323	223,789	-	10,468	10,323	234,257	244,580	110,029	2010 (4)
Woodburn Premium Outlets	Woodburn (Portland), OR	-	9,414	150,414	-	5,032	9,414	155,446	164,860	61,079	2013 (4)
Woodbury Common	Central Valley (New York), NY		,	,		,	,	,	,	,	. ,
Premium Outlets		_	11.010	862,559	1.779	279.990	12,789	1,142,549	1,155,338	542,173	2004 (4)
Wrentham Village Premium	Wrentham (Boston), MA		,-	,,,,,	,	-,	,	, ,-	,,	,	,
Outlets	,,	_	4,900	282,031	-	54,569	4,900	336,600	341,500	174,638	2004 (4)
			,	. ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,	,	,	,
The Mills											
Arizona Mills	Tempe (Phoenix), AZ	95,919	41,285	297,289	-	17,328	41,285	314,617	355,902	106,882	2007 (4) (5)
Great Mall	Milpitas (San Jose), CA	-	69,853	463,101	_	63,991	69,853	527,092	596,945	212,143	2007 (4) (5)
Gurnee Mills	Gurnee (Chicago), IL	257.710	41,133	297.911	_	37.612	41.133	335.523	376,656	136.653	2007 (4) (5)
Mills at Jersey Gardens, The	Elizabeth, NJ	,	120,417	865,605	_	29,832	120,417	895,437	1,015,854	291,546	2015 (4)
Opry Mills	Nashville, TN	375,000	51,000	327,503	_	29,078	51,000	356,581	407,581	132,165	2007 (4) (5)
Outlets at Orange, The	Orange (Los Angeles), CA	215,000	64,973	211.322	_	6.688	64,973	218.010	282,983	41,757	2007 (4) (5)
Potomac Mills	Woodbridge (Washington, DC), VA	416,000	61,608	425,370	_	41,736	61,608	467,106	528,714	197,214	2007 (4) (5)
Sawgrass Mills	Sunrise (Miami), FL	-	192,981	1,641,153	5,395	248,797	198,376	1,889,950	2,088,326	719,018	2007 (4) (5)
canglace iiiiic	Ca		.02,00.	.,0,.00	0,000	2.0,.0.	.00,0.0	1,000,000	2,000,020		200: (1)(0)
Designer Outlets											
La Reggia Designer Outlet	Marcianise (Naples), Italy	176,595	37,220	233,179	_	42,921	37,220	276,100	313,320	85,304	2013 (4) (5) (7)
Noventa Di Piave Designer	Venice, Italy	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.,220	200,		.2,02	0.,220	2.0,.00	0.0,020	00,001	20:0 (:)(0)(:)
Outlet	vollios, italy	306,384	38,793	309,283	_	78,683	38,793	387,966	426,759	103,603	2013 (4) (5) (7)
Ochtrup Designer Outlet	Ochtrup, Germany	55,186	11,770	97,941	_	70,000	11,770	97,941	109,711	15,529	2016 (4) (5) (7)
Paris-Giverny Designer	Normandy, France	00,100	11,770	07,011			11,770	07,041	100,711	10,020	2010 (1) (0) (1)
Outlets	Normandy, 1 famoc	\$ 110,373	\$ 16,312	\$ 226,625	S -	\$ -	\$ 16,312	\$ 226,625	\$ 242,937	\$ 9,599	2023
Parndorf Designer Outlet	Vienna, Austria	199,594	14,903	223,156	-	11,610	14,903	234,766	249,669	78,821	2013 (4) (5) (7)
Provence Designer Outlet	Provence. France	104.898	41.321	84.637	6.169	11,010	47.490	84.637	132,127	45.537	2017 (4) (5) (7)
Roermond Designer Outlet	Roermond, Netherlands	309,042	15,035	400,094	0,103	25,567	15,035	425,661	440,696	142,737	2017 (4) (5) (7)
Roosendaal Designer Outlet	Roosendaal, Netherlands	63,908	22,191	108,069	_	11,689	22,191	119,758	141,949	39,762	2017 (4) (5) (7)
Noosendaar Designer Outlet	Noosendaai, Netherlands	03,300	22,191	100,009	_	11,009	22,191	119,730	141,343	39,702	2017 (4) (5) (7)
Lifestyle Centers											
ABQ Uptown	Albuquerque, NM		6,374	75,333	4,054	12,246	10,428	87,579	98,007	38,715	2011 (4)
Northgate Station	Seattle, WA	_	23,610	115,992	15.964	152,440	39,574	268.432	308,006	67,239	1987
University Park Village	Fort Worth, TX	51,254	18,031	100,523	15,504	9,670	18,031	110,193	128,224	34,875	2015 (4)
Offiversity I ark Village	TOTE WORTH, TX	31,234	10,031	100,323		9,070	10,051	110,193	120,224	34,073	2013 (4)
Other Properties											
Calhoun Outlet Marketplace	Calhoun, GA	16,722	1,745	12,529		2,188	1,745	14,717	16,462	12,021	2010 (4)
Florida Keys Outlet	Florida City, FL	10,722	1,740	12,020		2,100	1,740	17,717	10,402	12,021	2010 (4)
Marketplace	I lorida Oity, I L	17,000	1,112	1,748		6,577	1,112	8,325	9,437	4,771	2010 (4)
Gaffney Outlet Marketplace	Gaffney (Greenville/Charlotte), SC	27,012	4,056	32,371	_	6.718	4,056	39,089	43,145	25,860	2010 (4)
Orlando Outlet Marketplace	Orlando, FL	21,012	3,367	1,557	-	4,415	3,367	5,972	9,339	3,725	, ,
		-	3,367	1,007	-	4,415	3,307	5,972	9,339	3,725	2010 (4)
Osage Beach Outlet	Osage Beach, MO		4 207	0.074		46	4 207	0.000	10 217	2.050	2004 (4)
Marketplace	Langharna (Dhiladalahia) DA	-	1,397	8,874	-		1,397	8,920	10,317	3,959	2004 (4)
Oxford Valley Mall	Langhorne (Philadelphia), PA	-	18,355	100,287	-	22,240	18,355	122,527	140,882	91,821	2003 (4)

			Initial Cost (3)		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (3)		Gross Amounts At Which Carried At Close of Period				Date of Construction	
				Buildings and		Buildings and		Buildings and		Accumulated	or	
Name	Location	Encumbrances (6)	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvements	Land	Improvements	Total (1)	Depreciation (2)	Acquisition	
Southridge Mall	Greendale (Milwaukee), WI	112,087	12,359	130,111	1,939	12,244	14,298	142,355	156,653	69,585	2007 (4) (5)	
Other pre-development cost	S	84,047	78,139	326,594	959	-	79,098	326,594	405,692	1,882		
Other Currency Translation		15,152	6,513	330,177	266	-	6,779	330,177	336,956	42,745		
Adjustment		-	286	(14,017)	-	5,874	286	(8,143)	(7,857)	(45,592)		
		\$ 5,173,819	\$3,254,134	\$ 25,519,651	\$389,298	\$ 9,621,835	\$3,643,432	\$ 35,141,486	\$38,784,918	\$ 17,351,320		

Simon Property Group, Inc. Simon Property Group, L.P. Notes to Schedule III as of December 31, 2023 (Dollars in thousands)

(1) Reconciliation of Real Estate Properties:

The changes in real estate assets for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 are as follows:

2023				2022	2021		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	37,879,778	\$	37,497,216	\$	37,608,638	
Acquisitions and consolidations (7)		78,410		122,074		121,250	
Improvements		823,705		688,173		569,483	
Disposals and deconsolidations		(55,593)		(308,030)		(655,482)	
Currency Translation Adjustment		58,618		(119,655)		(146,673)	
Balance, close of year	\$	38,784,918	\$	37,879,778	\$	37,497,216	

The unaudited aggregate cost of domestic consolidated real estate assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2023 was \$23,409,301.

(2) Reconciliation of Accumulated Depreciation:

The changes in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 16,224,050	\$ 15,304,461	\$ 14,592,867
Depreciation expense (7)	1,193,391	1,075,391	1,083,705
Disposals and deconsolidations	(53,489)	(180,091)	(403,582)
Currency Translation Adjustment	(12,632)	24,289	31,471
Balance, close of year	\$ 17,351,320	\$ 16,224,050	\$ 15,304,461

Depreciation of our investment in buildings and improvements reflected in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income is calculated over the estimated original lives of the assets as noted below.

- Buildings and Improvements typically 10-35 years for the structure, 15 years for landscaping and parking lot, and 10 years for HVAC equipment.
- Tenant Allowances and Improvements shorter of lease term or useful life.
- (3) Initial cost generally represents net book value at December 20, 1993, except for acquired properties and new developments after December 20, 1993. Initial cost also includes any new developments that are opened during the current year. Costs of disposals and impairments of property are first reflected as a reduction to cost capitalized subsequent to acquisition.
- (4) Not developed/constructed by us or our predecessors. The date of construction represents the initial acquisition date for assets in which we have acquired multiple interests.
- (5) Initial cost for these properties is the cost at the date of consolidation for properties previously accounted for under the equity method of accounting.
- (6) Encumbrances represent face amount of mortgage debt and exclude any premiums or discounts and deferred financing costs.
- (7) Represents the original cost and does not include subsequent currency translation adjustments.