



5G Networks Meetup

1st Edition



How to make a cellular
IoT Device?



Tour of the Ericsson
5G Campus



Network, drinks & Pizza

31

Date: 29-10-2019

Time: 17.50u

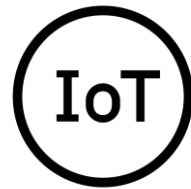
Location: Ericssonstraat 2, Rijen



5G GARAGE

How to make a cellular IoT device?

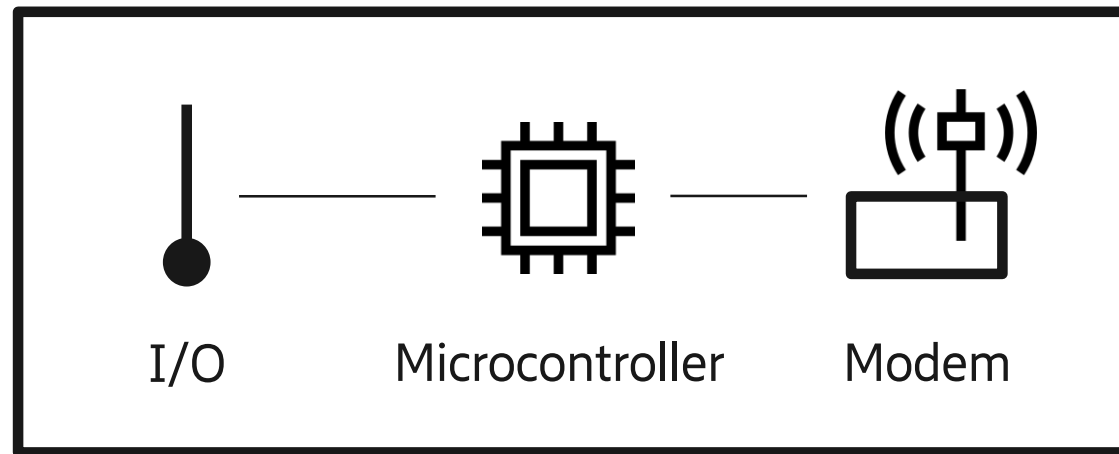
- Agenda
 - Introduction to IoT devices
 - HW setup of DHT11 sensor, ESP32 microcontroller
 - SIM7000E 4G modem module
 - “Semi live” coding



Internet of things

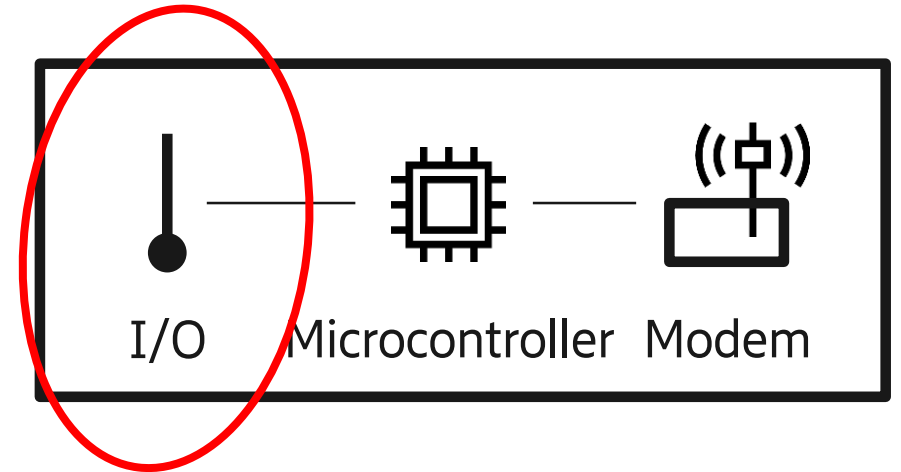
What is an IoT device?

- A “thing” connected to Internet (and thus able to send or receive data)
- Consist of 3 parts (typically)
 - Input or Output device (e.g. sensor or actuator)
 - Microcontroller
 - Modem



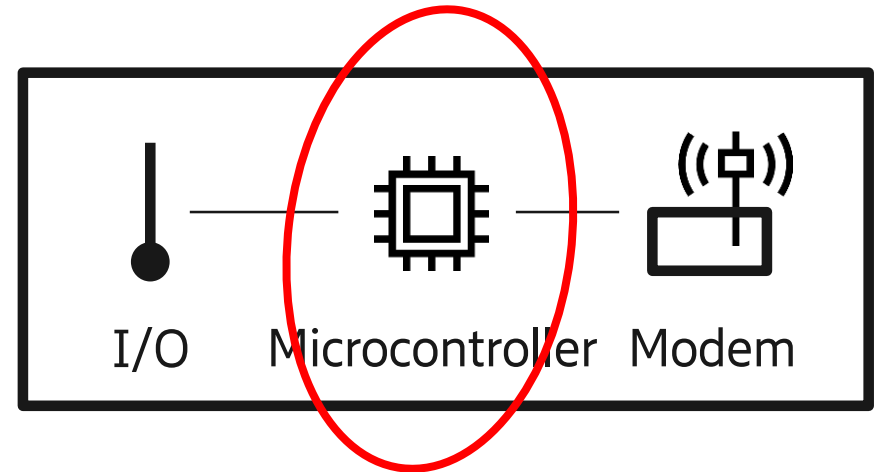
Input or Output device

- Input sensors, can be anything...
 - Environmental (Temperature, Humidity, Light, Sound)
 - Location (GPS)
 - Motion (Acceleration, Gyroscope)
 - And many, many more...
- Output devices, can be anything...
 - Environmental (Heater, Humidifier)
 - Motion (Motor, Linear actuator)
 - Relays (Light switch)
 - And many, many more...



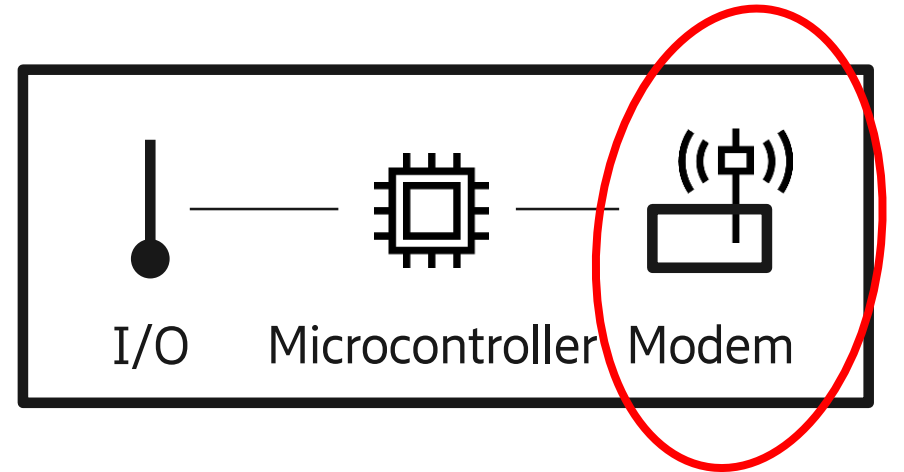
Micro controllers

- Are the brains of the IoT device
- Are programmable
- Consist of:
 - CPU
 - Memory
 - Peripherals



Modem

- A IoT device need some form of communication towards internet
 - Short range
 - Ethernet
 - Bluetooth (BLE)
 - Wifi
 - Zigbee
 - IR
 - Long range
 - Lora
 - Mobile/Cellular (2G/3G/4G/5G...)



HW used in today's example



DHT11
Temperature /Humidity
sensor

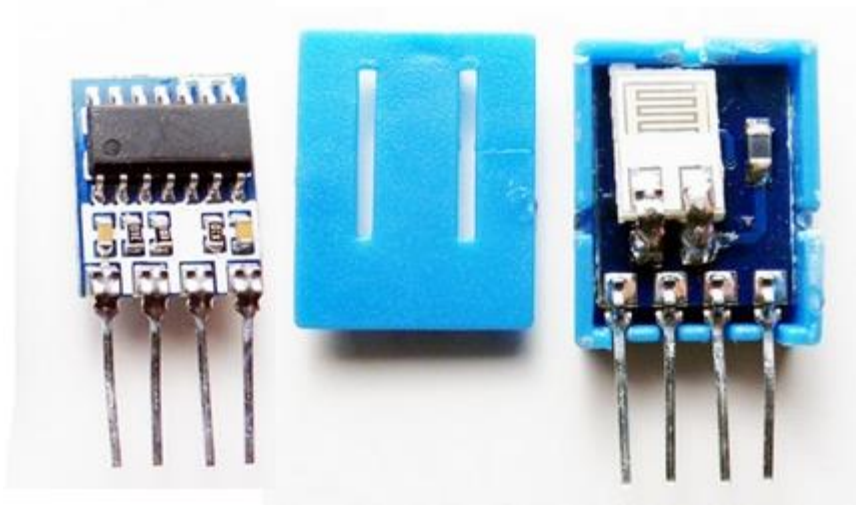


ESP32
Microcontroller



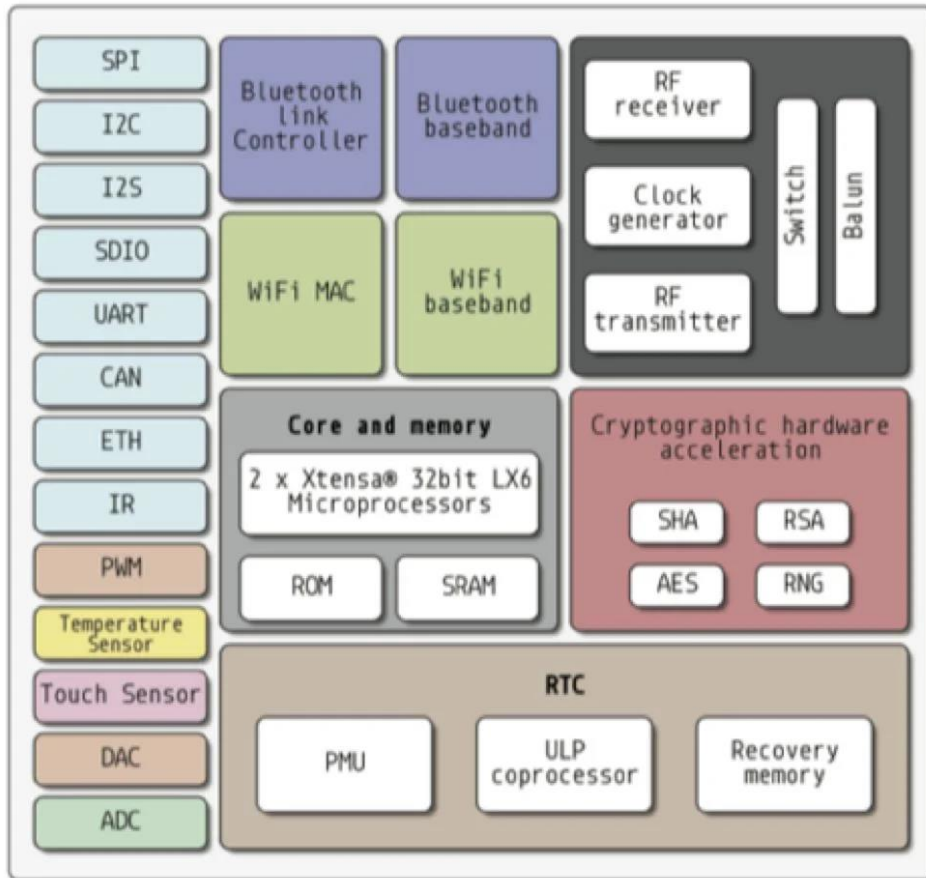
SIM7000E
4G Modem

DHT11 Sensor



- Temperature range $0 - 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (+/- 2°)
- Humidity range $20 - 80\%$ (+/- 5%)
- Sample frequency 1Hz
- Supply voltage $3-5\text{V}$
- Supply current $2,5\text{mA}$

ESP32 microcontroller

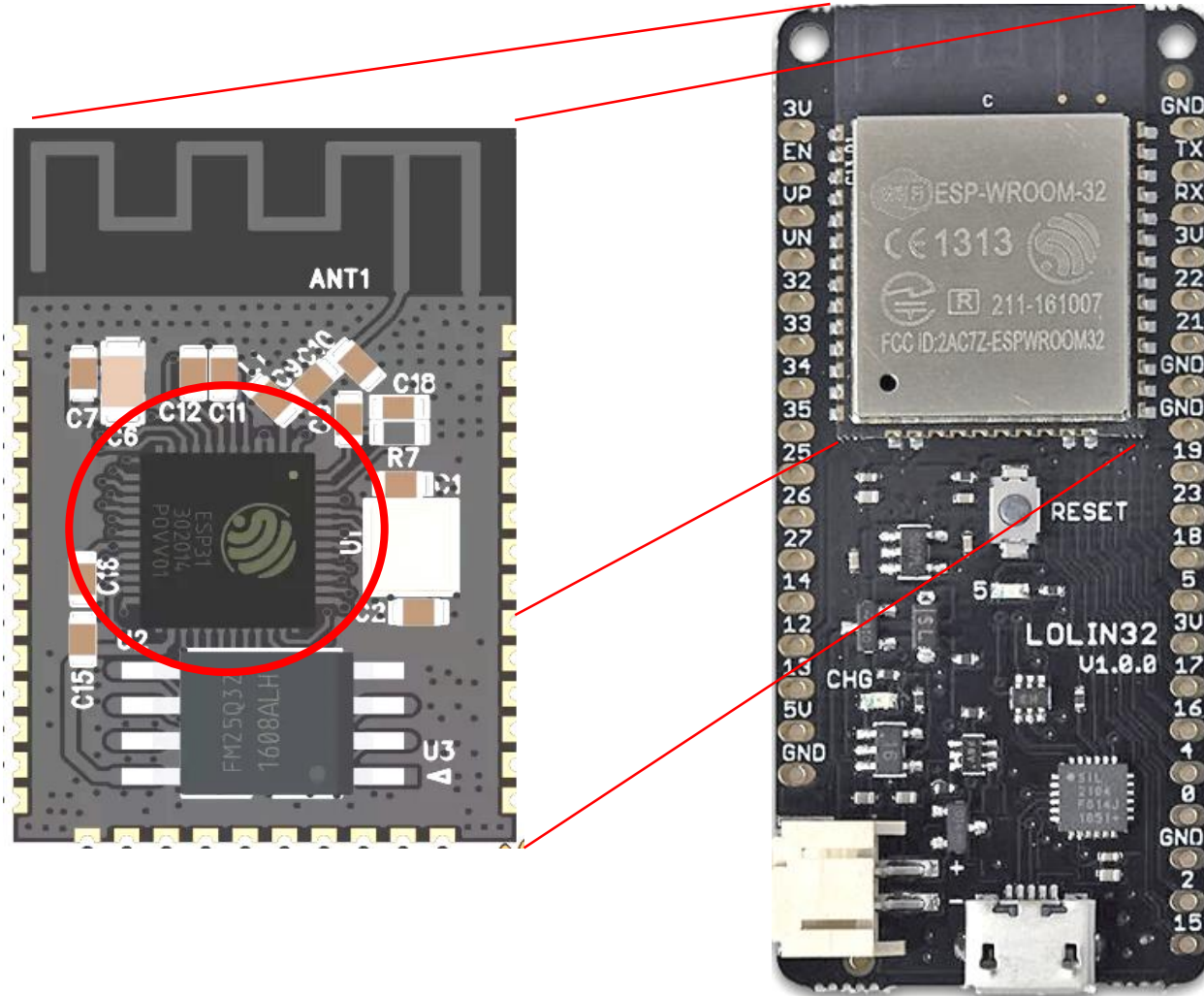


- 2 × 32bit CPU's running on 160Mhz
- 448 KB ROM / 520 KB SRAM
- WIFI
- Bluetooth
- 34 × programmable GPIOs
- 12-bit SAR ADC up to 18 channels
- 2 × 8-bit DAC
- 10 × touch sensors
- 2 × I²C
- 3 × UART
- ...and many more

Supported by Arduino framework



ESP32 chip is inside a module (WROOM-32)...
and put onto a development board (lolin32)...



SIM7000E



- E version for european bands FDD-LTE B3/B8/B20/B28
- GPRS/EDGE 900/1800
- LTE CATM1: 375kbps DL / 300kbps UL
- LTE NB-IoT: 66kbps DL / 34kbps UL
- EDGE: 237kbps DL / 237 kbps UL
- GPRS: 86kbps DL / 86kbps UL
- GNSS (GPS) receiver
- SMS
- Low power (up to 7uA)
- TCP/IP, UDP, HTTP, MQTT, FTP
- AT command controlled
- ...and many more

SIM7000E modem is put on a development board (BK-7000)...



Where to buy?



AEAK 1PCS DHT11 DHT22 DHT-11 DHT-22 AM2320 MW33 Digital Temperature and Humidity Temperature sensor with Cable for Arduino

★★★★★ 5.0 ~ 4 Reviews 8 orders

€ 0,81 ~~€ 0,99~~ -10%

€ 0.91 off on € 26.45 [Get coupons](#)

Color: DHT11 with cable



Quantity:

1 10000 pieces available

Shipping: € 0,69

to Netherlands via SunYou Economic Air Mail ~

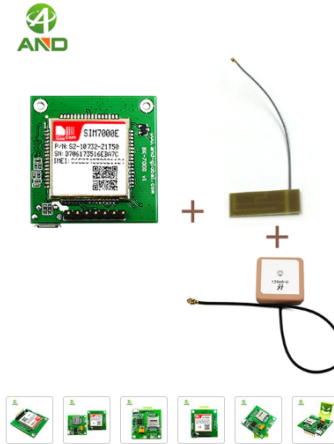
Estimated Delivery on 11/30 📅

Buy Now

Add to Cart

♥ 91

60-Day Buyer Protection
Money back guarantee



Mobile IoT Modules, SIM7000E Development Kit, NB-IOT breakout board for ORANGE/KPN/TELIA/VODAFONE/VELCOM/TIM/TE.B3/B8/B20/B28 1PC

★★★★★ 4.7 ~ 24 Reviews 61 orders

€ 26,46

Instant discount: € 0.92 off per € 13.69 ~

Color: With PCB-4G GPS Ants



Quantity:

1 12% off (200 pieces or more)
492 pieces available

Shipping: € 3,78

to Netherlands via AliExpress Standard Shipping ~

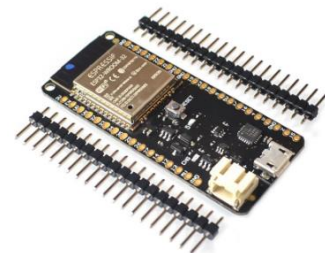
Estimated Delivery on 11/06 📅

Buy Now

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♥ 206

60-Day Buyer Protection
Money back guarantee



ESP32 ESP-32 ESP-32S ESP32S For WeMos Mini D1 Wifi Bluetooth Wireless Board Module Based ESP-WROOM-32 Dual Core Mode CPU

14 orders

€ 3,33 ~~€ 3,75~~ -11%

Quantity:

1 1977 pieces available

Free Shipping

to Netherlands via Yanwen Economic Air Mail ~

Estimated Delivery on 12/10 📅

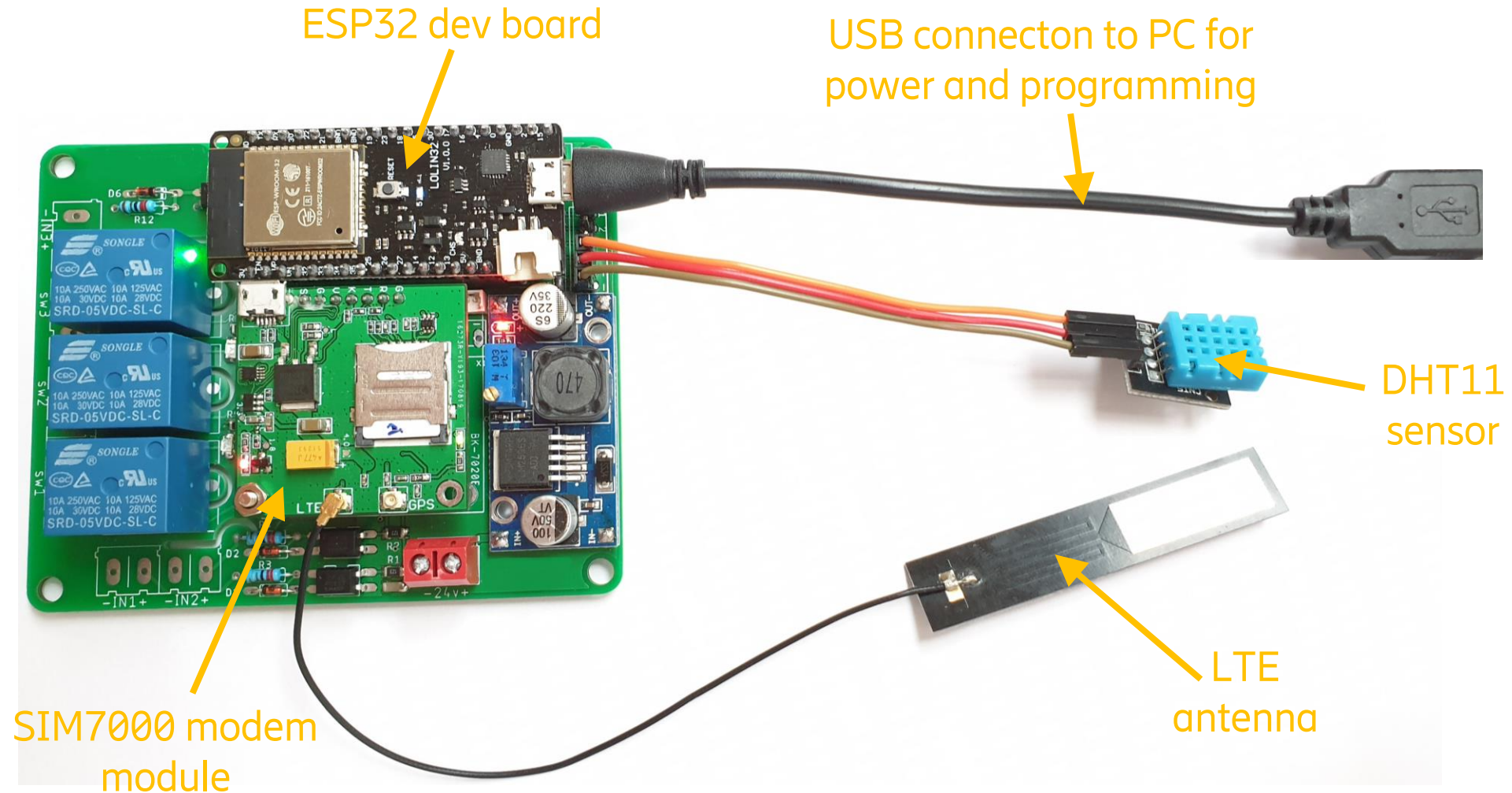
Buy Now

Add to Cart

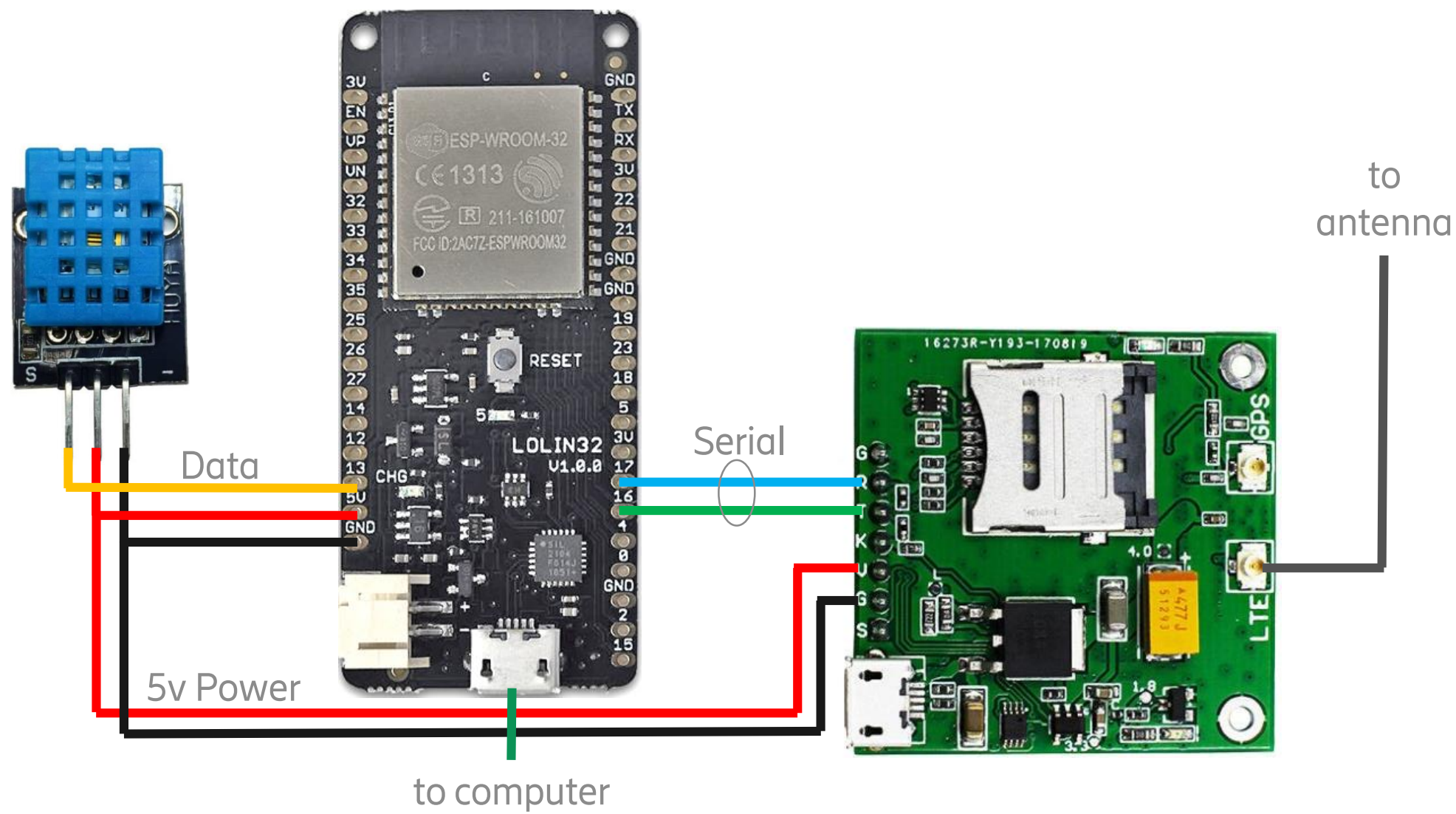
♥ 8

60-Day Buyer Protection
Money back guarantee

Physical HW setup...



Schematic HW setup...



Moving to Visual Studio Code...

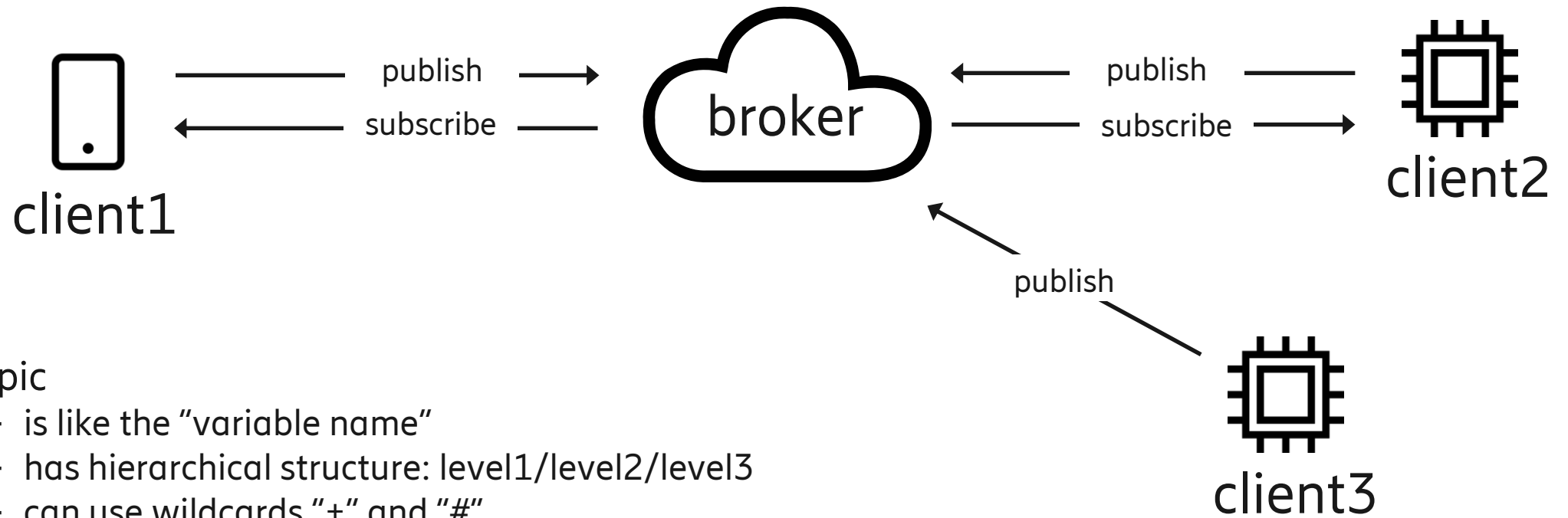
```
SIM7000E_AT_DEMO > src > main.cpp > ...  
1  #include <Arduino.h>  
2  
3  #include <HardwareSerial.h>  
4  HardwareSerial Modemboard(2);  
5  
6  void setup() {  
7      Serial.begin(115200);  
8      Modemboard.begin(115200);  
9  }  
10  
11  void loop() {  
12      if (Serial.available()) {  
13          Modemboard.write(Serial.read());  
14      }  
15      if (Modemboard.available()) {  
16          Serial.write(Modemboard.read());  
17      }  
18  }  
19
```

Use the following documents as reference:



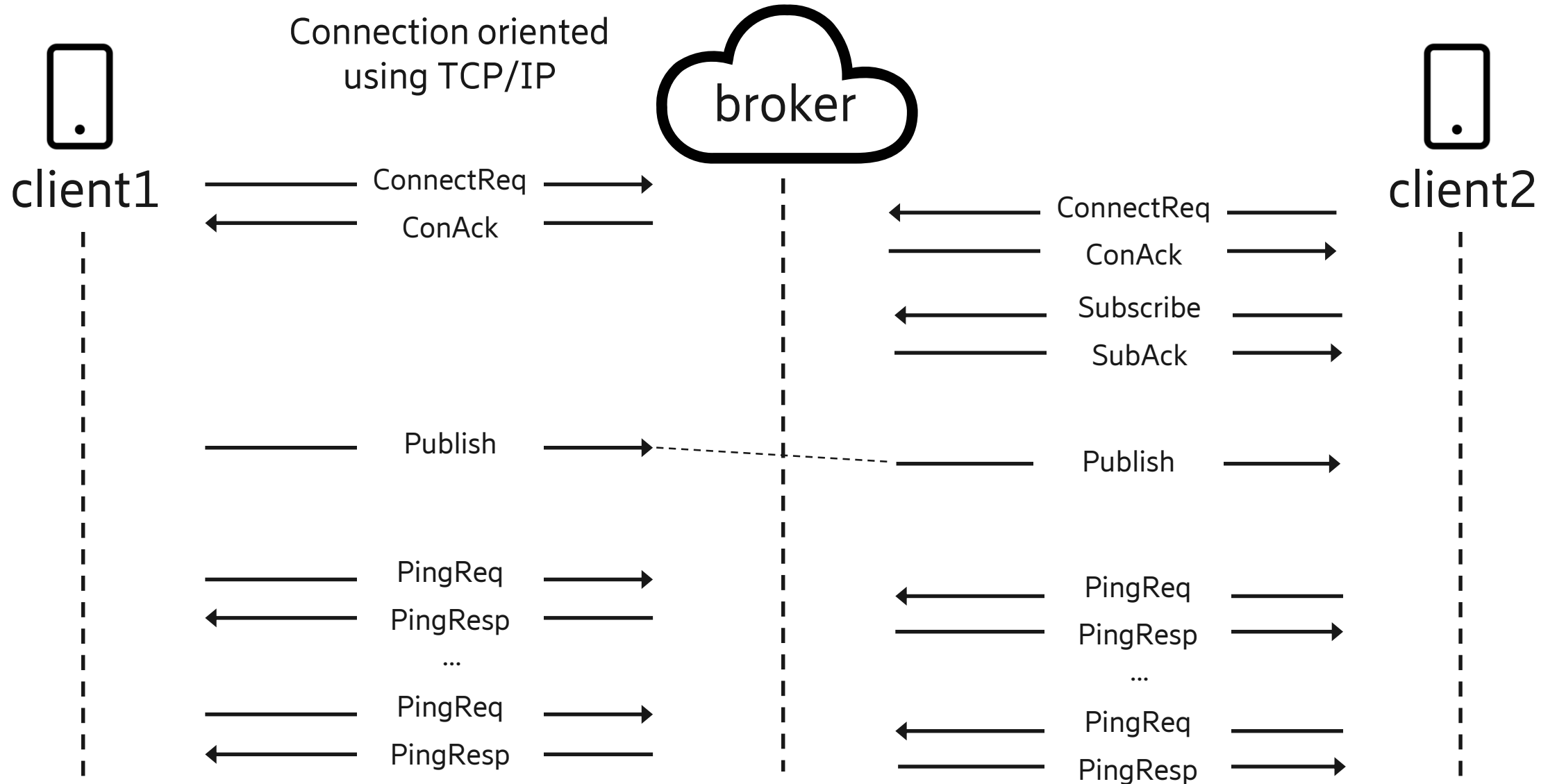
MQTT -1

- Central server is the MQTT broker
- Devices are MQTT Clients



- Topic
 - is like the "variable name"
 - has hierarchical structure: level1/level2/level3
 - can use wildcards "+" and "#"
- Message
 - is like the "variable value"

MQTT -2



Moving to Visual Studio Code...

```
SIM7000E_AT_DEMO_AUTO > src > main.cpp > loop()
42 Modemboard.println("AT&F"); // set factory default
43 for (int i=0 ; i<10 ; i++) Modemboard.println("AT"); // allow modem to a
44
45 sendCommand("AT", "OK", 2000); // AT to check conn
46 sendCommand("ATE0", "OK", 2000); // echo off
47 sendCommand("AT+CFUN=0", "+CPIN: NOT READY", 5000); // flight mode on
48 sendCommand("AT+COPS=1,2,\"20404\",7", "OK", 5000); // CATM1 VF
49 //sendCommand("AT+COPS=1,2,\"20495\",7", "OK", 5000); // CATM1 +31 networ
50 //sendCommand("AT+COPS=1,2,\"20408\",7", "OK", 5000); // CATM1 KPN
51 sendCommand("AT+CMMP=38", "OK", 5000); // use LTE network
52 sendCommand("AT+CMNB=1", "OK", 2000); // 1 is for CATM1,
53 sendCommand("AT+CGDCONT=1,\"IP\", \"INTERNET\", \"OK\", 2000);
54
55 sendCommand("AT+CFUN=1", "SMS Ready", 5000); // flight mode on,
56 while(!sendCommand("AT+CREG?", "1", 2000)) ; // check network re
57 sendCommand("AT+CAPMODE=0", "OK", 2000); // get APN definitio
58 sendCommand("AT+CGATT?", "OK", 2000); // check attach sta
59 sendCommand("AT+CNACT?", "OK", 5000); // check PDP contex
60 sendCommand("AT+CNACT=1", "+APP PDP: A", 5000); // activate PDPcont
61 sendCommand("AT+CNACT?", "OK", 5000); // check PDP contex
62
63 sendCommand("AT+SMCONF=\"URL\", \"farmer.cloudmqtt.com\", 16633", "OK", 2000);
64 sendCommand("AT+SMCONF=\"CLIENTID\", \"SIM7000\", \"OK\", 2000);
65 sendCommand("AT+SMCONF=\"USERNAME\", \"eyneiyga\", \"OK\", 2000);
66 sendCommand("AT+SMCONF=\"PASSWORD\", \"_sTKZQbfemKK\", \"OK\", 2000);
67 sendCommand("AT+SMDISC", "OK", 2000); // make sure old br
68 sendCommand("AT+SMCONN", "OK", 2000); // connect to broke
69 sendCommand("AT+SMSTATE?", "OK", 2000); // check connection
70 sendCommand("AT+SMSUB=\"#\", 0", "OK", 2000); // subscribe to all
71 sendCommand("AT+SMPUB=\"test\", 3, 0, 0", ">", 2000); // unclear why, but
72 Modemboard.print("hoi"); // send content of
73 }
74
75 void loop() { // this routine is
76 if (Serial.available()) { // when data is ava
77 Modemboard.write(Serial.read()); // ...we copy a byt
78 }
79 if (Modemboard.available()) { // when data is ava
```

Use the following documents as reference:



<https://github.com/alertman/MEETUP1>

The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository `alertman/MEETUP1`. The repository is private and has 1 commit, 1 branch, and 0 releases. The main branch is `master`. The repository contains several files, including `SIM7000E_AT_DEMO`, `SIM7000E_AT_DEMO_AUTO`, `SIM7000E_BUILDIN_MQTT_DEMO`, `SIM7000E_PUBSUBCLIENT_TINYGSMCLIENT_DEMO`, and `README.md`. The `README.md` file is currently selected and displays the following content:

MEETUP1

Meetup #1 29 Oct 2019

This repository contains the code of the examples used in the Meetup presentation "How to make an IoT device cellular".

The code for this presentation is based / inspired on the work of others like Andreas Spiess <https://github.com/SensorsIot> and Timothy Woo <https://github.com/botletics>

Special thanks to Volodymyr Shymanskyy <https://github.com/vshymanskyy> for making the tinyGSM library

The MQTT examples use a test instance on cloudMQTT, which over time I might delete. You can in that case make your own broker instance at cloudMQTT(or somewhere else) and change my server URL/Port and login credentials to your own.