To add Git to an existing local repository and set it up for committing and pushing changes, follow these steps:

1. Initialize Git in Your Local Repository

```
Navigate to your project directory:
bash
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cd /path/to/your/local/repo

1.
Initialize Git:
bash
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```

2. This sets up the directory as a Git repository.

2. Add Files to Staging Area

```
Add all files in the directory to the staging area:
```

bash

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git init

git add .

1.

Verify the files added to staging:

bash

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git status

2.

3. Commit Your Changes

```
Create an initial commit:
bash
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git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

4. Add a Remote Repository

```
Link your local repository to a remote GitHub repository. Replace < remote-repo-URL>
with your GitHub repository URL:
bash
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git remote add origin <remote-repo-URL>
Example:
bash
Copy code
git remote add origin
https://github.com/EmbeddedWiZaRd1/firmware.git
   1.
Verify the remote:
bash
Copy code
git remote -v
   2.
```

5. Push Changes to GitHub

```
Push the commit to the main branch (or master, depending on your repo setup):
bash
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git push -u origin main
If main doesn't exist, use:
bash
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git branch -M main
git push -u origin main
```

6. Make Future Changes

1.

After modifying files, stage, commit, and push your changes: bash

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git add .

This will show all the new unstaged changes in the repo git commit -m "Your commit message"

By doing this it will remain in the local of the branch which you are working $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1$

For the changes to be pushed in the remote branch you have to do this

1. git push