

Evaluation Board

For Aurix™ TC275

Aurix™ TC275 Lite Kit

Kit Version 1.1

Board User's Manual

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Microcontroller

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| Revision History | |
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Table of Contents

Table of Contents

| 1 | Introduction | 6 |
|-------------|--|----|
| 1.1 | Block Diagram | 7 |
| 2 | Hardware Description | 8 |
| 2.1 | Power Supply | 8 |
| 3 | Pinout of X1 and X2 connectors | 10 |
| 3.1 | Shield2Go and MikroBus™ Pinout | 11 |
| 3.2 | Solderable Pin Bridges | 12 |
| 3.3 | Arduino Compatible Connector | 12 |
| 3.4 | User Push Buttons, User LEDs and Potentiometer | 13 |
| 4 | Debugging and USB Communication | 14 |
| 4.1 | USB Connector | 14 |
| 4.2 | Serial Connection to PC | 14 |
| 4.3 | Bootmode | 14 |
| 4.4 | Config Signals | 15 |
| 4.5 | Infineon DAP Debug Connector (10-pin) | 15 |
| 4.6 | miniWiggler JDS | 16 |
| 5 | Reset | 16 |
| 5.1 | CAN Transceiver | 16 |
| 5.2 | Schematics | 17 |
| 5.3 | List of Material | 18 |
| List of Fig | gures | |
| Figure 1 | Block Diagram of the Aurix™ TC275 Lite Kit | 7 |
| Figure 2 | Aurix™ TC275 Lite Kit Board View from the Top | |
| Figure 3 | Power Supply Concept | 9 |
| Figure 4 | Signal mapping of the pin headers X1 and X2 | 10 |
| Figure 5 | Signal mapping of the pin headers for Microbus and Shield2Go Connector 1 and 2 | 11 |
| Figure 6 | Mapping of Arduino Functions to Aurix™ Pin Functions | 13 |



Table of Contents

List of Tables

| Table 1 | Overview of the Board Specification | 6 |
|---------|--|----|
| Table 2 | Signal mapping of the 0 Ohm Pin Bridges | |
| Table 3 | Aurix™ Pin Mapping for User LEDs | |
| Table 4 | Debugger Pin Mapping for User LEDs | 14 |
| Table 5 | Aurix™ Push Buttons and Potentiometer | |
| Table 6 | User Startup Modes 1)2)3) | 14 |
| Table 7 | Pin Assignment of the Cortex™ Debug Connector (X102) | 15 |
| Table 8 | CAN Signals and Aurix™ TC275 Pin Mapping | 17 |



1 Introduction

This document describes the features and hardware details of the Aurix™ Lite Kit Series-1 equipped with a 32-Bit Single-Chip Aurix™ TriCore™-based Microcontroller Aurix™ TC275 from Infineon Technologies AG. It can be used with a range of development tools including Infineon's free of charge Eclipse based IDE Aurix™ Development Studio or the Eclipse based "FreeEntryToolchain" from Hitecs/PLS/Infineon. Aurix™ Development Studio is a comprehensive environment, including C-Compiler and Multi-core Debugger, Infineon's low-level driver (iLLD), with no time and code-size limitations that enables editing, compiling and debugging application code. The FreeEntryToolchain is a full C/C++ development environment which has a source-level UDE debugger from PLS included and is also based on Infineon low-level driver (iLLD).

Table 1 Table 1 Overview of the Board Specificationshows the overview specifications of the whole board.

Table 1 Overview of the Board Specification

| CPU Core Aurix™ | Manufacturer Order No. | SAK-TC275TF | K-TC275TP-64F200W DB | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Туре | TC1.6P / TC1 | .6E | | | |
| | P Cores / Checker Cores / | 2/1/ | | | | |
| | E Cores / Checker Cores | 1/1 | | | | |
| | Max Freq. | 200 MHz | | | | |
| | FPU | YES | | | | |
| | Package | PG-LQFP176- | -22 package | | | |
| | External Crystal Freq. | 20 MHz | | | | |
| Flash Memory Aurix™ | 4 Mbyte Flash | | | | | |
| Data Memory Aurix™ | 384 kB usable for EEPRON | M emulation | | | | |
| Cache Aurix™ | Instruction (P / E) | | 16 Kbyte / 8 Kbyte | | | |
| | Data (P / E) | | 8 Kbyte / - | | | |
| SRAM Aurix™ | Size TC1.6P (DSPR/PSPR | 2) | 120 Kbyte / 8 Kbyte ²⁾ | | | |
| | Size TC1.6E (DSPR/PSPR | 2) | 112 Kbyte / 24 Kbyte 1), 2) | | | |
| | Size LMU | | 32 Kbyte | | | |
| Debugger | Manufacturer Order No. | | 93LC46B-I/SN | | | |
| | External Flash Size | | 1 Kbyte | | | |
| | External Crystal Freq. | | 12 MHz | | | |
| | Debbug Connectors | | USB3.0 or DAP | | | |
| Board Dimensions | 66,3 x 131,0 mm ² | | | | | |
| Power | On-Board Debugger M | icro-AB USB in | terface | | | |
| | 5V external powering | | | | | |
| | Most Aurix™ pins avail | lable on expans | sion connectors (X1, X2) | | | |
| | Two Infineon Shield2Go connectors | | | | | |
| | Arduino compatible cor | nnectors for 3.3 | V | | | |
| Connectors | mikroBUS™ connector | | | | | |
| | Micro-USB connector | | | | | |
| | DAP Debug connector | | | | | |
| | CAN connector | | | | | |
| Others | CAN transceiver TLE92 August push button 2 up | | fineon | | | |
| | 1 user push-button, 3 uReset push-button | ser LEDS | | | | |
| | - Rooci pasii ballori | | | | | |



Table 1 Overview of the Board Specification

- Potentiometer (10kOhm) for variable analog input
- 1) Address range starts at lowest address defined in the User's Manual. For reference see the Memory Maps chapter of the User's Manual.
- 2) To ensure the processor cores are provided with a constant stream of instructions the Instruction Fetch Units will speculatively fetch instructions from the up to 64 bytes ahead of the current PC. If the current PC is within 64 bytes of the top of an instruction memory the Instruction Fetch Unit may attempt to speculatively fetch instruction from beyond the physical range. This may then lead to error conditions and alarms being triggered by the bus and memory systems. It is therefore recommended that the upper 64 bytes of any memory be unused for instruction storage.

These boards are neither cost nor size optimized and do not serve as a reference design.

1.1 Block Diagram

 The block diagram in Figure 1 shows the main components of the Aurix™ Lite-Kit V1.1 and their interconnections.

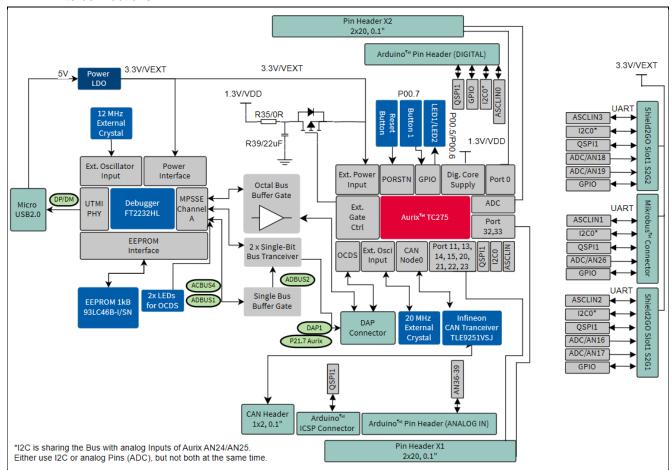


Figure 1 Block Diagram of the Aurix™ TC275 Lite Kit



2 Hardware Description

The following chapters give a detailed description of the board hardware and how it can be used. The different assembly versions of the kits series are shown in Figure 2.

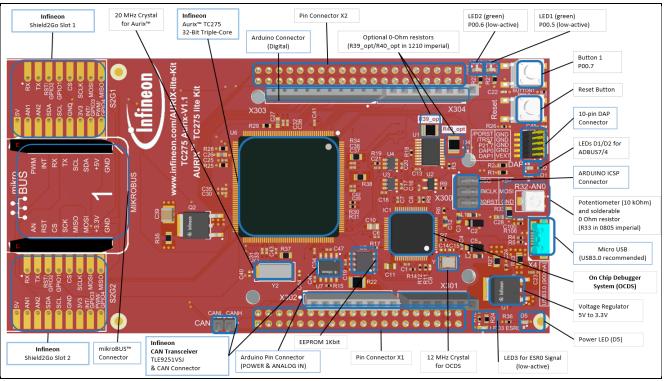


Figure 2 Aurix™ TC275 Lite Kit Board View from the Top

2.1 Power Supply

The Aurix™ TC275 Lite-Kit - V1.1 must be supplied by an external DC power supply, therefore using the micro **USB plug X4** is **recommended**.

The green Power LED D5 indicates the presence of the generated 3.3 V supply voltage.

If the board is powered via a USB plug, it's not recommended to apply an additional power supply to one of the power pins (VEXT, +5V, VDD_USB) on the pin headers X1, X2,the Arduino Power header X302, the Shield2GO slots or the mikroBus™ connectors, because there is no protection against reverse current into the external power supply. These power pins can furthermore be used, to power an external circuit and therefore used as an output. But care must be taken to not draw more current than USB can deliver. A PC as USB2.0 host typically can deliver up to 500 mA current and USB3.0 up to 900mA. For best performance, we recommend to use USB3.0. If higher currents are required and in order to avoid damages on the USB host, the use of an external USB power supply unit, which is able to deliver higher currents, is possible.

<u>Note:</u> The LDO G1, that transfers the input voltage to 3.3V, has a maximum output current rating of 1A. Therefore, if an external 5V USB power supply host is used, the maximum current consumption is limited to 1A. Do not apply any additional voltage on the VEXT Pins, because they are directly connected to the output of the LDO G1 and further backwards voltage can damage or destroy the LDO. Furthermore, do not apply multiple sources on the power pins, otherwise you risk to damage and destroy the board.

However, more options are possible, but therefore, caution is necessary, to avoid any damage to the board and your supplies. Please ensure that X4 is <u>not</u> supplied by any power source or PC, for all mentioned configurations below. Otherwise, **you risk to damage your source or PC**.



Ensuring the mentioned points, following supply options are possible with a +5V power source:

- Option 2: Supply +5V on either one of the +5V Pins at X302 Arduino power connector
- Option 3: Supply +5V on either one of the VDD_USB Pins at X1 or X2 connector

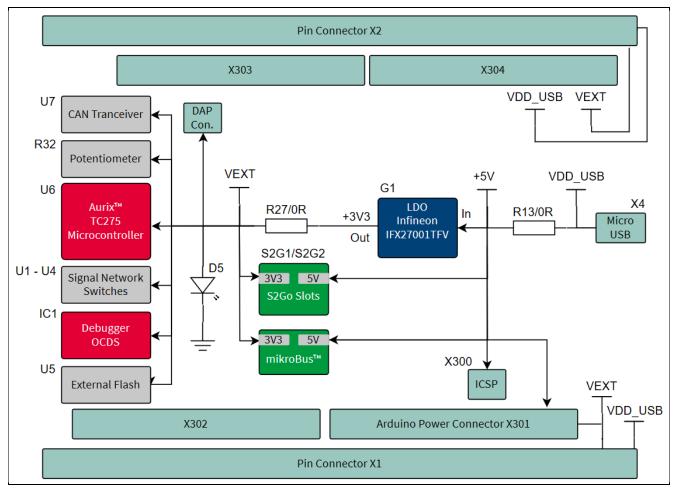


Figure 3 Power Supply Concept

• Option 4: Note that for this option, the CAN Tranceiver is not working. By <u>desoldering</u> the resitstor R27 (size 0805 imp), you can use an external +3V3 source on either one of the VEXT pins at X1, X2 connectors or the +3V3 pin on the X302 Arduino power connector, to power the board.

<u>Note:</u> Do <u>not</u> apply any voltage on the mentioned power pins, if the USB is plugged in. Furthermore, do not apply multiple sources on the power pins, otherwise you risk to damage and destroy the board.



3 Pinout of X1 and X2 connectors

The pin headers X1 and X2 can be used to extend the evaluation board or to perform measurements on the Aurix™ TC275. Figure 4 shows the available GPIOs / signals at these pin headers. The pin table is also printed onto the bottom side of the PCB.

| | Pin Header X1 | | | | | Pin Header X2 | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|----|----|---------|---------|---------------|--------|----|----|---------|-----------|
| | GND | 1 | 2 | VEXT | | | GND | 1 | 2 | VDD_USB | |
| | P33.11 | 3 | 4 | P33.12 | | TXDCAN | P00.0 | 3 | 4 | P00.1 | RXDCAN |
| | P33.13 | 5 | 6 | P32.0 | | | P00.2 | 5 | 6 | P00.3 | |
| | P23.1 | 7 | 8 | P23.0 | | LED2 | P00.6 | 7 | 8 | P00.5 | LED1 |
| | P23.3 | 9 | 10 | P23.2 | | | P00.8 | 9 | 10 | P00.7 | Button1 |
| | P23.5 | 11 | 12 | P23.4 | | | P00.10 | 11 | 12 | P00.9 | |
| MRST | P22.1 | 13 | 14 | P22.0 | MTSR | | P00.12 | 13 | 14 | P00.11 | |
| | P21.0 | 15 | 16 | P22.2 | SS | | VAREF1 | 15 | 16 | AN47 | |
| MDC | P21.2 | 17 | 18 | P22.3 | SCLK | | AN46 | 17 | 18 | AN45 | |
| | P21.4 | 19 | 20 | P21.3 | MDIO | | AN44 | 19 | 20 | AN7 | |
| | P20.10 | 21 | 22 | P21.5 | | | AN6 | 21 | 22 | AN5 | |
| TXD2_S2G2 | P20.0 | 23 | 24 | P20.1 | | | AN4 | 23 | 24 | AN3 | |
| RXD2_S2G2 | P20.3 | 25 | 26 | ESR1_N | ESR1 | | AN2 | 25 | 26 | AN1 | |
| ESR0 | ESRO_N | 27 | 28 | P20.14 | | Potentiometer | AN0 | 27 | 28 | P33.0 | |
| SDA0 | P15.5 | 29 | 30 | PORST_N | Reset | | P33.1 | 29 | 30 | P33.2 | |
| SCL0 | P15.4 | 31 | 32 | P11.12 | | | P33.3 | 31 | 32 | P33.4 | |
| CRSDV | P11.11 | 33 | 34 | P11.10 | CS_S2G2 | | P33.5 | 33 | 34 | P33.6 | |
| RXD1 | P11.9 | 35 | 36 | P11.6 | | | P33.7 | 35 | 36 | P33.8 | RXD1_S2G1 |
| TXD0 | P11.3 | 37 | 38 | P11.2 | CS_S2G1 | TXD1_S2G1 | P33.9 | 37 | 38 | P33.10 | |
| | VDD_USB | 39 | 40 | GND | | | VEXT | 39 | 40 | GND | |
| | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 4 Signal mapping of the pin headers X1 and X2



3.1 Shield2Go and MikroBus™ Pinout

The pin connectors for the Shield2Go Connectors 1 and 2 and the mikroBusTM can be used to extend the evaluation board or to perform measurements on the AurixTM TC275. Figure 5 shows the available signals at these connectors. The pin table is also printed onto the top and bottom side of the AurixTM TC275 Lite-Kit.

| | SI | nield2Go Conr | nector 1 | | | | Shie | ld2Go Connecto | r 2 | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----|---|---------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| | Aurix™ Pins | | | | | | Aurix™ Pins | | | |
| 1 | +5V | 5V | | Aurix Pins | | 1 | +5V | 5V | | Aurix Pins |
| 2 | AN16 | AN1 | RX | P33.8 | 10 | 2 | AN18 | AN1 | RX | P20.3 |
| 3 | AN17 | AN2 | TX | P33.9 | 11 | 3 | AN19 | AN2 | тх | P20.0 |
| 4 | P13.2 ²⁾ | SDA | RST/GPIO 2 | P20.9 | 12 | 4 | P13.2 ²⁾ | SDA | RST/GPIO2 | P20.10 |
| 5 | P13.1 ²⁾ | SCL | GPIO1 | P32.2 | 13 | 5 | 13.12) | SCL | GPIO1 | P32.3 |
| 6 | GND | GND | CS | P11.2 | 14 | 6 | GND | GND | CS | P11.10 |
| 7 | VEXT | 3V3 | SCLK | P10.2 ¹⁾ | 15 | 7 | VEXT | 3V3 | SLCK | P10.2 ¹ |
| 8 | P00.4 | INT/GPIO3 | MOSI | P10.3 ¹⁾ | 16 | 8 | P10.8 | INT/GPIO3 | MOSI | P10.3 ¹⁾ |
| 9 | P20.12 | PWM/GPIO4 | MISO | P10.1 ¹⁾ | 17 | 9 | P20.13 | PWM/GPIO4 | MISO | P10.1 ¹⁾ |
| | m | nikroBus™ Cor | nnector | | | | | | | |
| 1 | AN26 | AN | PW M | P2.8 | 16 | | | | | |
| 2 | P10.6 | RST | INT | P10.7 | 15 | | | | | |
| 3 | P10.0 | CS | RX | P15.1 | 14 | | | | | |
| 4 | P10.2 ¹⁾ | SCK | TX | P15.0 | 13 | | | | | |
| 5 | P10.1 ¹⁾ | MISO | SCL | P13.1 ²⁾ | 12 | | | | | |
| 6 | P10.3 ¹⁾ | MOSI | SDA | P13.2 ²⁾ | 11 | | | | | |
| | VEXT | 3.3V | 5V | +5V | 10 | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 5 Signal mapping of the pin headers for Microbus and Shield2Go Connector 1 and 2

Note:



3.2 Solderable Pin Bridges

Some resistor bridges enable/disable or changing functions of specific signals in Table 2.

To disable the signals, the resistors have to be removed. To enable, the resistor has to be assembled.

For example: Desoldering the intialy assembled resistor R33, disables the Potentiometer and the analog Signal AN0 of the Aurix, making it usable for other purposes.

Table 2 Signal mapping of the 0 Ohm Pin Bridges

| | Resistor | Res. | Assembled | Signal | Size (imperial) | Comment |
|---|----------|------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| | R31 | 1kΩ | no | P14.3 (Aurix) | 0402 | Assemble if needed, but overboots then P10.5/P10.6 |
| • | R37 | 0Ω | yes | XTAL2 (Aurix) | 0805 | Serial resistor to reduce oscillator aplitude if needed. |
| | R39_opt | 0Ω | no | USR0 (ADBUS6) (Debug) | 1210 | Placeholder, do not assemble |
| | R40_opt | 0Ω | no | USR8 (ACBUS5) (Debug) | 1210 | Placehoder, do not assemble |

3.3 Arduino Compatible Connector

The mapping of GPIOs and Aurix™ pin functions to Arduino compatible functions can be found in Figure 5. The Arduino compatible connector supports

- SPI interface (SPI_xxx)
- I2C interface (I2C_xxx)
- UART interface (UART xxx)
- PWM signal outputs (PWM0-13)
- ADC input (ADC0-5)
- Interrupt input (INT0-1)

Note that all pins are cabable of offering more functions than mentioned in Figure 5. For more information about all pin functions, we want to refer you to the Aurix™ TCX27X family datasheet (page 13 ff).

¹) The SPI buses MOSI, MISO and SCK are shared on the Shield2GOs-, mikroBus™- and Arduino connectors.

²⁾ The I2C buses SCL and SDA are shared on the Shield2GOs, mikroBus[™] and Arduino connectors and are additionally connected with analog Inputs AN24 and AN25. You can <u>not</u> use I2C and analog reading functions of AN24/AN25 simultanously.



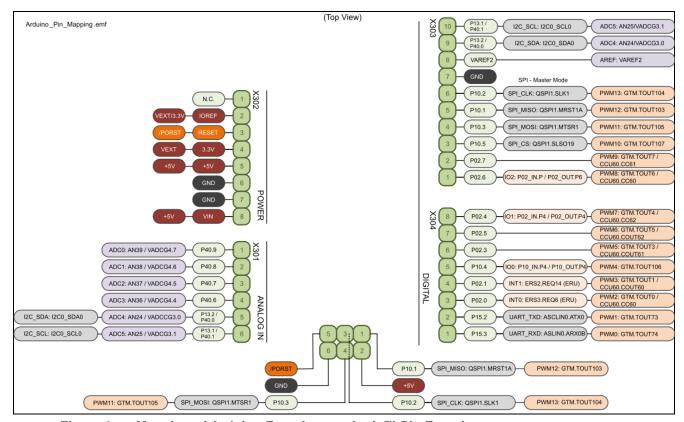


Figure 6 Mapping of Arduino Functions to Aurix™ Pin Functions

The Aurix™ TC275 Lite-Kit works with 3.3V logic levels. Therefore, any board that works with 5V logic levels, cannot be used.

Analog input signals ADC0-5 are limited to a voltage which is smaller or equal than VAREF2 with VAREF2 = VDDM = 3.3V. Primarily, ADC0 to ADC3 should be used as analog input, because there is no additional circuit connected to these pins, whereas ADC4 and ADC5 have additional circuitry. Parallel operation of I2C and ADC4 / ADC5 is not possible, because they share the same pins at the Arduino connector X301 and X303.

3.4 User Push Buttons, User LEDs and Potentiometer

The Aurix™ TC275 Lite-Kit provides one user push button, a reset button, two LEDs and one potentiometer. Additionally, LED3 can be used for visualizing an emergency stop function at ESR0 (emergency service request). The LEDs D1 and D2 can be used for visualizing activities at the ADBUS7 and ADBUS4 tracks of the Debugger. The port pins used can be found in Table 3, Table 4 and Table 5.

Table 3 Aurix™ Pin Mapping for User LEDs

| Name | Aurix™ Pin | Color | Active |
|------|------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| LED1 | P00.5 | green | Low-active (pull against GND) |
| LED2 | P00.6 | green | Low-active (pull against GND) |
| LED3 | ESR0 | red | Low-active (pull against GND) |



Table 4 Debugger Pin Mapping for User LEDs

| Name | Debugger Pin | Color | Active |
|------|--------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| D1 | ADBUS7 | green | Low-active (pull against GND) |
| D2 | ADBUS4 | green | Low-active (pull against GND) |

Table 5 Aurix™ Push Buttons and Potentiometer

| Name | Aurix™ Pin | Active |
|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Button1 | P00.7 | Low-active (pull against GND) |
| Reset | /PORST | Low-active (pull against GND) |
| R32 (10kΩ)* | AN0 | - |

^{*}Note: Desoldering resistor R33, enables AN0 for other functions, but disables the Potentiometer functionality.

•

4 Debugging and USB Communication

The Aurix™ TC275 Lite-Kit supports debugging via 2 different channels:

- On-board debug probe via the the microUSB X4
- 10-pin DAP Connector

4.1 USB Connector

The USB connector is used for connection to a PC. Via the USB it is possible to power the board, using the ASCLINO as serial connection via USB and Debugging via DAS.

NOTE: Before connecting the board to the PC, make sure that the actual DAS software is installed on the PC.

For actual DAS software please contact your local FAE.

The software can also be found on:

DAS website

4.2 Serial Connection to PC

After the first connection of USB to a PC the needed driver will be installed automatically. During this there will be created a new COM port on PC. This COM port can be used to communicate with the board via ASCLIN0 of the device. Per default the ASCLIN0 is used on P14.0 and P14.1 (e.g. Generic Bootstrap Loader).

4.3 Bootmode

Table 6 User Startup Modes 1)2)

| HWCFG[53] | Type of Boot | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|-----------|---|-----|-----|-----|
| XX1 | Start-up mode is selected by Boot Mode Index | X | Х | OFF |
| 110 | Internal Start from Flash | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 100 | Alternate Boot Mode, Generic Bootstrap Loader on fail (P14.0/P14.1) | ON | OFF | ON |



| 000 | Generic Bootstrap Loader (P14.0/P14.1) | ON | ON | ON |
|-----|--|----|----|----|

¹⁾ The shadowed line indicates the default setting.

4.4 Config Signals

Table 7 Config Signals

| Short Name | Description | Comment | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|
| P14.3 | HWCFG3 (Boot from pins / Boot from Flash BMI) | Resistor R31(1kΩ/0402 imp) can be assembled and therefore would pull HWCFG against GND. Take care, because this overrides P10.5/P10.6 | | |
| P14.5 | HWCFG1 (EVR33OFF / EVR33ON) | Resistor R30 (1k Ω /0402 imp) pulls signal against GND and is assembled initially. | | |
| P10.5 | HWCFG4 (see boot configuration Table 6) | - | | |
| P10.6 | HWCFG5 (see boot configuration Table 6) | - | | |

4.5 Infineon DAP Debug Connector (10-pin)

Infineon's 10-pin Device Access Port Debug Connector (DAP) is a two-wire tool access port for microcontrollers and similar devices. It allows robust high speed connections over a long cable for automotive applications. The pin assignment of the DAP Debug Connector is shown in Table 8. The board comes with a DAP connector. You can connect a DAP hardware here. If you use this connector make sure that the miniWiggler JDS is not activ (LED D2 is off). For more information, we refer you to the <u>DAP Connector Manual</u>.

Table 8 Pin Assignment of the DAP Debug Connector

| Pin | Name | Aurix™ Pin | Direction | Description |
|-----|-------|------------|-----------|---|
| 1 | VREF | VEXT | 0 | Supply voltage from the target system. The voltage has to be strong enough to supply the target side of the level shifters within the tool hardware up to about 20 Mhz DAP operating frequency. The required supply current is in the range of 5 mA, mainly caused by signal switching. It can be reduced by lowering frequency and capacitance. Beyond 20 MHz the tool hardware has to supply the level shifter from another source and use this pin just as a voltage reference |
| 2 | DAP1 | TMS | Ю | DAP: Data pin. |
| | SPD | | Ю | SPD: Data pin. |
| | UART | | Ю | Single-wire UART. Serial communication interface (e.g. used for Bootstrap Loader BSL). |
| 3 | GND | GND | | Recommended pin for signal return of DAP1 for high frequency impedance matching. |
| 4 | DAP0 | TCK | I | DAP: Clock. |
| | SUP | | I | SPD: Optional user pin value for feedback into the target system. Otherwise reserved |
| 5 | GND | GND | | Recommended pin for signal return of DAP0 for high frequency impedance matching. |
| 6 | DAP2 | P21.7 | Ю | DAP: Optional second data pin. |
| | USER0 | | IO/O | Generic signal that can be used for non specified functions. |

^{2) &#}x27;x' represents the don't care state.



| Pin | Name | Aurix™ Pin | Direction | Description | | |
|-----|--------------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 7 | KEY (GND in cable) | GND | - | If the recommended connector with keying shroud is not used, this pin provides another option to enforce polarization. In that instance this pin is removed from the target connector and the associated jack in the cable connector closed with a plastic pin f example. | | |
| 8 | DAP3 | /TRST | Ю | DAP: Optional third data pin. | | |
| | USER1 | IO/I | | Generic signal that can be used for non-specified functions. | | |
| | (DAPEN) | | I | Optional indicator that the tool is connected. This can be used to enable the DAP interface of the device | | |
| 9 | GND | GND | | Supply ground. | | |
| 10 | RESET | /PORST | Ю | Target reset signal. Open drain active low signal. May be used bi- directionally to drive or sense the target reset signal. Usually driven by the tool to reset the target system. The target system is responsible for providing a pull-up to VREF on this signal to establish a logic one. The resistor shall not have a value less than 1 kOhms. | | |

4.6 miniWiggler JDS

The miniWiggler JDS is a low cost debug tool which allows you access to the DAP of the device. Make sure that you have the latest DAS release. Debugging is possible via the DAS Server 'UDAS'. Please contact your preferred debug vendor for support of DAS. If you have connected the board to the PC and there runs the DAS server, then a working connection is visible via the green LED D2 (ADBUS4). The status LED D1 (ADBUS7/green) is switched on/off through the DAS Server, depending on the used debugger (client).

IMPORTANT: Make sure that there is no or a tristated connection on the DAP connector if the LED D1 is on.

5 Reset

The power on reset input pin (/PORST) of the AurixTM TC27x family is a bi-directional input/output intended for external triggering of power-related resets. If the PORST pin remains asserted after a power event then the reset will be extended until it is deasserted. This does not replace the ESR pins functional reset. An internal pull-up resistor $(2.2k\Omega)$ keeps the PORST# pin high during normal operation. A low level at this pin will force a hardware reset. In case of a MCU internal reset the PORST# pin will drive a low signal.

A reset signal can be issued by

- the on-board Reset Button ("RESET")
- the on-board debug IC FT2232HL (IC1.27 ACBUS1)
- the on-board DAP connector (DAP.10)
- the Arduino Power Header (X302.3, "/PORST")
- the pin header X1 (X1.30, "/PORST")

An Aurix[™] internal circuit always ensures a save Power-on-Reset. Aurix[™] TC275 Lite-Kit does not require any additional external components to generate a reset signal during power-up. For more informations, please refer to the Aurix[™] TC27X <u>Datasheet</u> or <u>User Manual</u>.

5.1 CAN Transceiver

The Aurix™ TC275 Lite-Kit provides a CAN interface via the CAN connector. The <u>TLE9251V</u> is the latest Infineon high-speed CAN transceiver generation, used inside HS CAN networks for automotive and also for industrial applications. It is designed to fulfill the requirements of ISO 11898-2 (2016) physical layer specification and respectively also the SAE standards J1939 and J2284. The CAN buses (signals CANH, CANL) are terminated with by a 1200hm resistor. The transceiver is connected to the TriCore™ device CAN node 0.

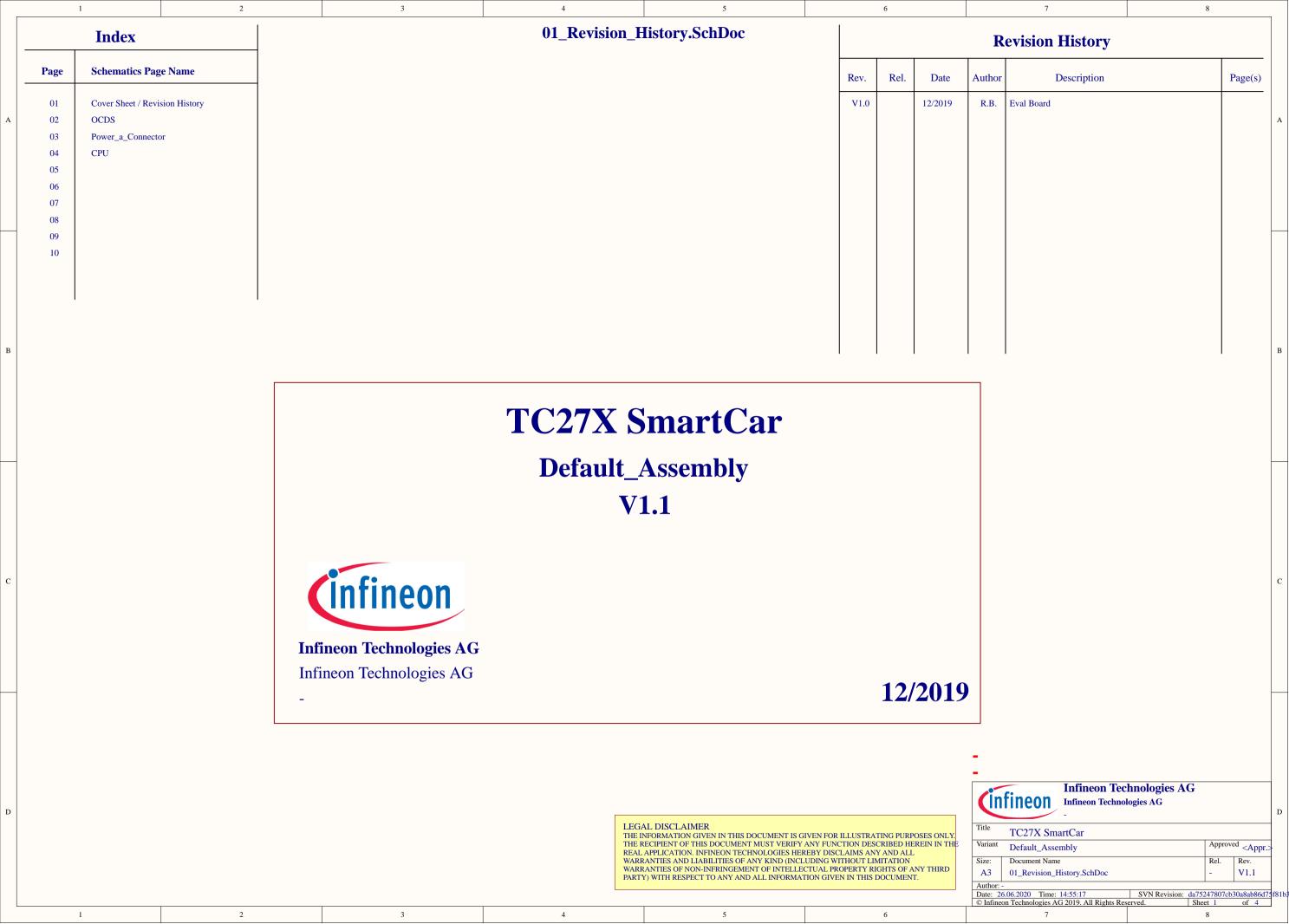


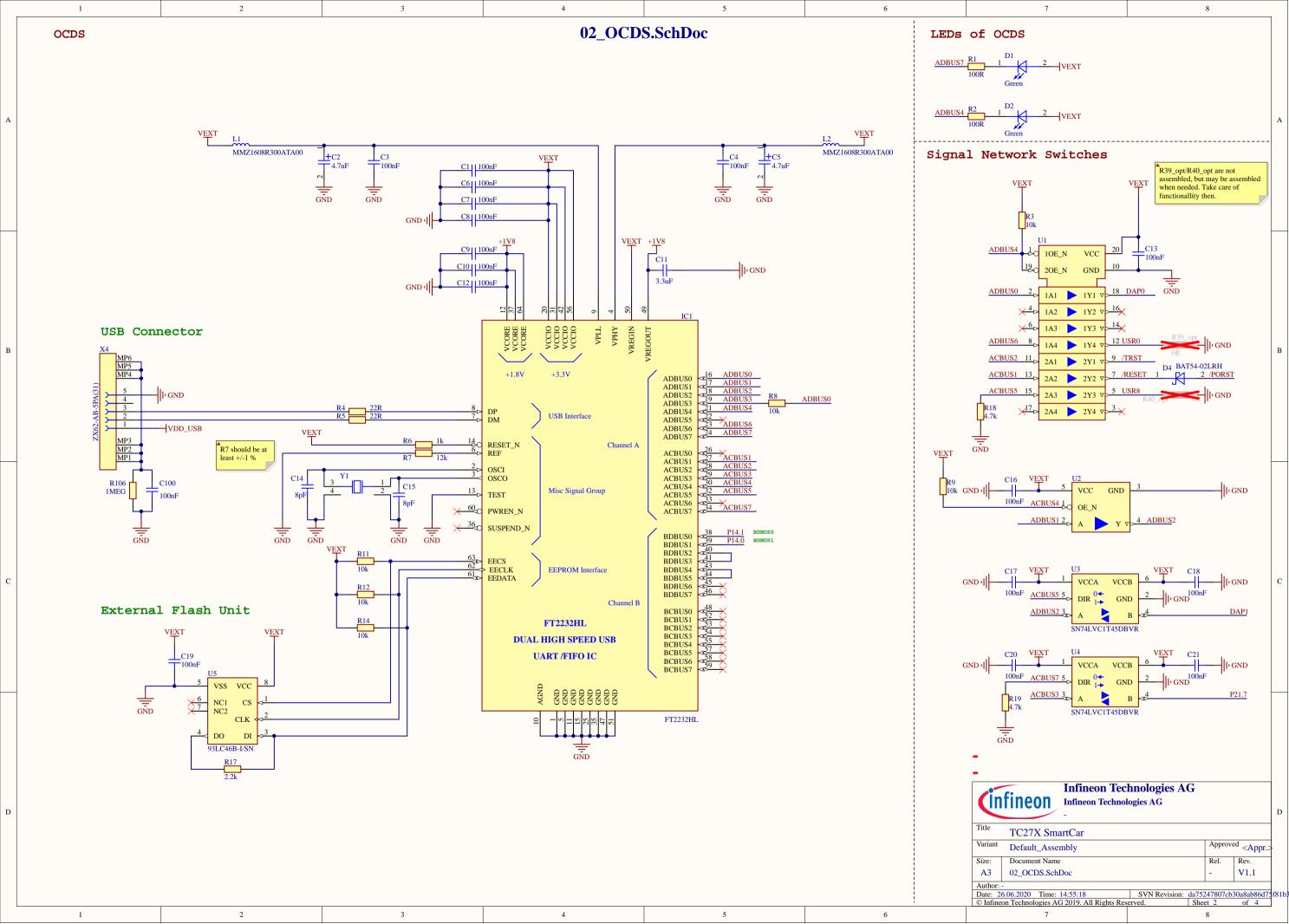
The transceiver is in stand-by mode per default. To switch the transceiver to normal operating mode the transceiver pin STB (signal name #NEN) must be driven low from the CPU. To use the CAN pins see Table 9.

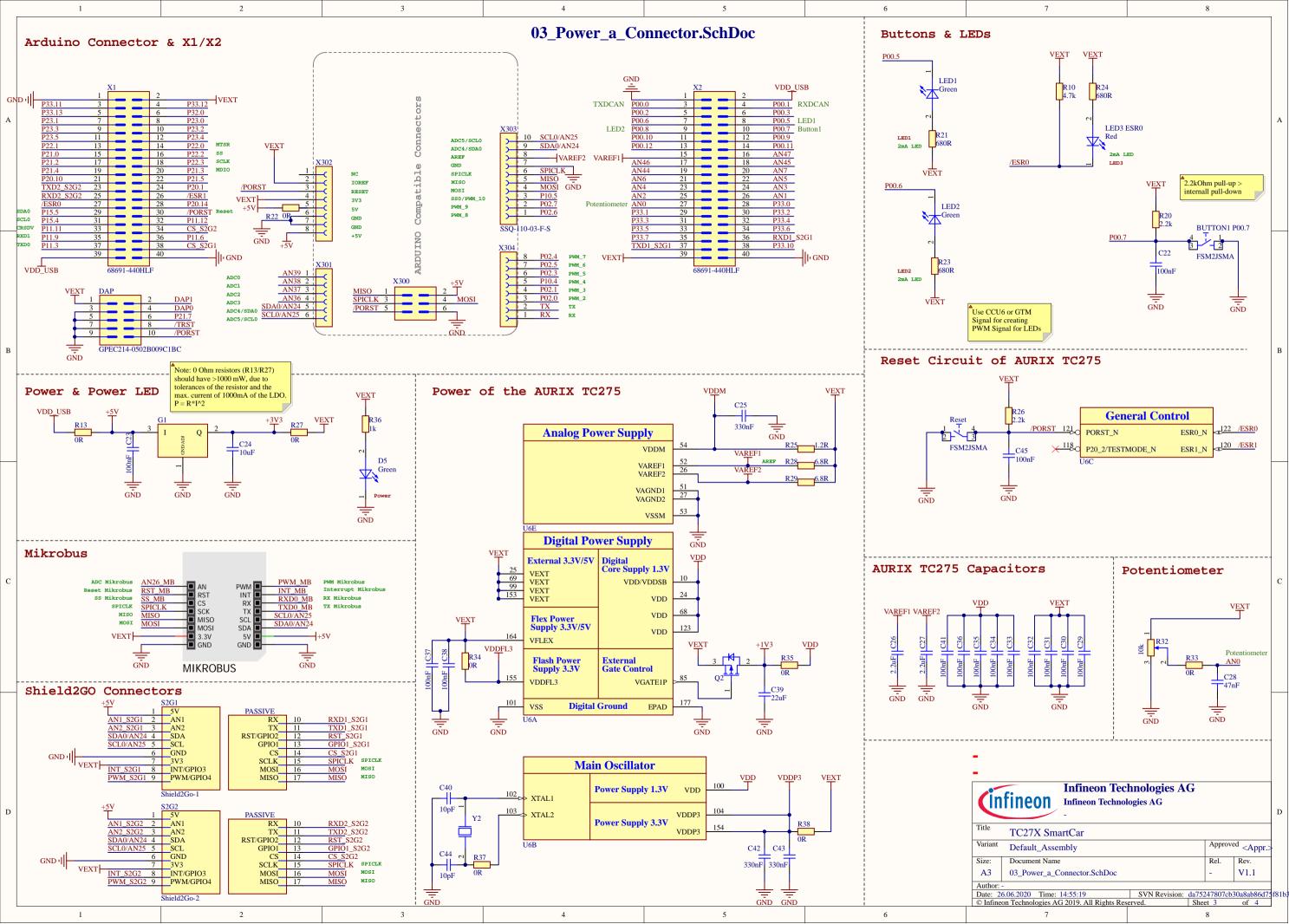
Table 9 CAN Signals and Aurix™ TC275 Pin Mapping

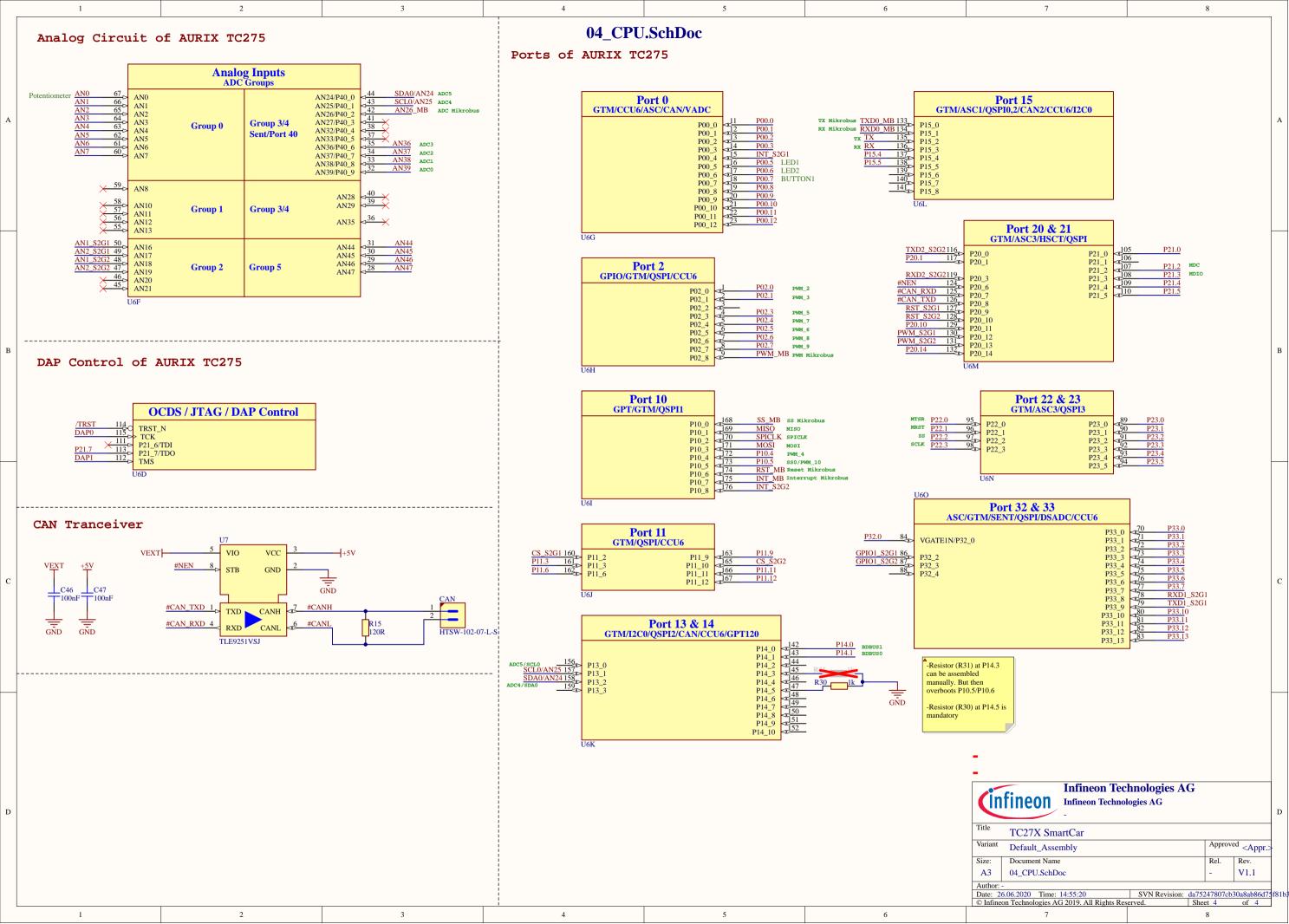
| Signal Name | Pin No. at CAN Pin Header | Aurix ™Pin, Aurix™ Function | Ass. Reg./ I/O Line |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| CANH | 1 | - | - |
| CANL | 2 | - | - |
| CAN_TX | - | P20.8, CAN node 0 output | TXDCAN0 |
| CAN_RX | - | P20.7, CAN node 0 input | RXDCAN0B |
| #NEN | - | P20.6, GPIO | P20.6 OUT |

5.2 Schematics









Aurix™ Lite-Kit V1.1

Hardware Description

5.3 List of Material

| # | Qua ntity | Designator | Value | Description | Manufacturer Order Number Fitted / Non Fitted | | PCB Side |
|----|--------------|--|----------|---|---|-----|----------|
| 1 | 2 | BUTTON1 P00.7, Reset | FSM2JSMA | Micro Miniature Pushbutton Switch | FSM2JSMA | YES | TOP |
| 2 | | C1, C4, C6, C7, C13, C16, C17, C18, C19, C20, C21, C46, C47 | 100nF | Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | CGA2B1X7R1C104K050BC | YES | TOP |
| 3 | 2 | C2, C5 | 4.7uF | Surface Mount Tantalum Molded Capacitor | T491A475K010AT | YES | TOP |
| 4 | 2 | C3, C12 | 100nF | Surface Mount Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | C0603C104J8RAC | YES | TOP |
| 5 | | C8, C23, C29, C30, C31, C32, C33, C34, C35, C36, C37, C38, C41 | 100nF | General Purpose Dielectric Ceramic Capacitor | 0402YD104KAT2A | YES | TOP |
| 6 | 4 | C9, C22, C45, C100 | 100nF | Surface Mount Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | C0402C104K9RACTU, C0402T104K4RACTU | YES | TOP |
| 7 | 1 | C10 | 100nF | Surface Mount Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | C0805C104J5RAC | YES | TOP |
| 8 | 1 | C11 | 3.3uF | Chip Monolithic Ceramic Capacitor | GRM219R61A335KE19 | YES | TOP |
| 9 | 2 | C14, C15 | 8pF | Chip Monolithic Ceramic Capacitor | GCM1555C1H8R0WA16 | YES | TOP |
| 10 | 1 | C24 | 10uF | Multi-layer Ceramic Capacitor | CL05A106MP5NUNC | YES | TOP |
| 11 | 3 | C25, C42, C43 | 330nF | Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | CGA2B1X7S1C334K050BC | YES | TOP |
| 12 | 2 | C26, C27 | 2.2uF | Chip Monolithic Ceramic Capacitor | GRM188R61E225KA12 | YES | TOP |
| 13 | 1 | C28 | 47nF | Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor | C1608X8R1H473K080AA | YES | TOP |
| 14 | 1 | C39 | 22uF | Temperature Stable MLCC Ceramic Capacitor | C1210C226K4PACTU | YES | TOP |
| 15 | 2 | C40, C44 | 10pF | Chip Monolithic Ceramic Capacitor | GCM1555C1H100FA16 | YES | TOP |



Aurix™ Lite-Kit V1.1

Hardware Description

| | | | | The state of the s | Hardware Description | | |
|----|---|--|-------------------|--|----------------------|-----|-----|
| 16 | 1 | CAN | | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 2 pin, vertical, single row | HTSW-102-07-L-S | YES | TOP |
| 17 | 1 | D4 | BAT54- 02LRH | Silicon Schottky Diode | BAT54-02LRH | YES | TOP |
| 18 | 1 | DAP | - | SMT Micro Header, 1.27mm pitch, 10 pin, vertical, double row, keying shroud,DAP | GPEC214-0502B009C1BC | YES | TOP |
| 19 | 1 | G1 | IFX27001TF V33 | Linear Voltage Regulator, 4.7 to 40 V Supply, 3.3 V Output | IFX27001TFV33 | YES | ТОР |
| 20 | 1 | IC1 | FT2232HL | Dual High Speed USB to Multipurpose UART/FIFO IC | FT2232HL | YES | TOP |
| 21 | 2 | L1, L2 | | Chip Bead For Signal Line | MMZ1608R300ATA00 | YES | ТОР |
| 22 | 5 | LED1, LED2, D1, D2, D5 | Green | Surface Mount LED, Green, 570nm | LG L29K-G2J1-24 | YES | ТОР |
| 23 | 1 | LED3 ESR0 | Red | | LSQ976-Z | YES | ТОР |
| 24 | 2 | MIKROBUS | | mikroBUS Host Socket | 2212S-08SG-85 | NO | TOP |
| 25 | 1 | Q2 | SPD04P10P L G | SIPMOS Power-Transistor -100V | SPD04P10PL G | YES | ТОР |
| 26 | 2 | R1, R2 | 100R | General Purpose Chip Resistor | RC0603FR-07100RL | YES | ТОР |
| 27 | 6 | R3, R8, R9, R11, R12, R14 | 10k | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW040210K0FK | YES | TOP |
| 28 | 2 | R4, R5 | 22R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW040222R0FK | YES | TOP |
| 29 | 3 | R6, R30, R36 | 1k | 1k/50V/5% | RC0402JR-131KL | YES | TOP |
| 30 | 1 | R7 | 12k | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW040212K0FK | YES | TOP |
| 31 | 3 | R10, R18, R19 | 4.7k | General Purpose Chip Resistor | RC0402FR-074K7L | YES | TOP |
| 32 | 8 | R13, R22, R27, R33, R34, R35, R37, R38, | 0R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW12100000Z0 | YES | TOP |
| 33 | 1 | R15 | 120R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW0402120RFK | YES | TOP |
| 34 | 3 | R17, R20, R26 | 2.2k | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW04022K20FK | YES | TOP |
| 35 | 3 | R21, R23, R24 | 680R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW0603680RFK | YES | TOP |
| 36 | 1 | R25 | 1.2R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW06031R20FK | YES | TOP |
| 37 | 2 | R28, R29 | 6.8R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW06036R80FK | YES | TOP |
| 38 | 1 | R32 | 23AR10KLFT R | Surface Mount Single Turn Trimmer, Model 23A - J Hook | 23AR10KLFTR | YES | ТОР |
| 39 | 2 | S2G1, S2G2 | | 1x8, 2.54 pitch, female Socket | 2212S-08SG-85 | NO | TOP |
| 45 | | S2G1, S2G2 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2212S-09SG-85 | NO | TOP |
| 41 | 1 | R106 | | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW04021M00FK | YES | TOP |
| 42 | 1 | U1 | SN74AHC24 4PWR | Octal Buffer/Driver with 3-State Outputs | SN74AHC244PWR | YES | ТОР |

Board Users Manual 19 Revision April, 2022



Aurix™ Lite-Kit V1.1

Hardware Description

| | | Hardware Description | | | | | | | |
|----|---|----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------|-----|--------|--|--|
| 43 | 1 | U2 | SN74LVC1G 125DBVR | Single Bus Buffer Gate With 3-State Output | SN74LVC1G125DBVR | YES | ТОР | | |
| 44 | 2 | U3, U4 | SN74LVC1T 45DBVR | Single-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver with Configurable Voltage Translation and 3-State Outputs (Operating Temp -40°C to 85°C) | SN74LVC1T45DBVR | YES | ТОР | | |
| 45 | 1 | U5 | 93LC46B- I/SN | 1K Microwire Compatible Serial EEPROM | 93LC46B-I/SN | YES | TOP | | |
| 46 | 1 | U6 | _ | 32-Bit Single-Chip Microcontroller with Hardware Security Mode | SAK-TC275TP-64F200W DB | YES | ТОР | | |
| 47 | 1 | U7 | TLE9251VSJ | High Speed CAN FD Transceiver | TLE9251VSJ | YES | TOP | | |
| 48 | 2 | X1, X2 | - | 2.54mm PC/104 Connector, Stackthrough, MALE | 68691-440HLF | NO | Bottom | | |
| 49 | 1 | X4 | - | Micro-USB 2.0 Standard, Type AB, Bottom Mount, Shell SMT | ZX62-AB-5PA(31) | YES | TOP | | |
| 50 | 1 | X300 | - | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 6 pin, vertical, double row, female | TSW-103-07-L-D | NO | ТОР | | |
| 51 | 1 | X301 | - | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 6 pin, vertical, single row, female | 2212S-06SG-85 | NO | ТОР | | |
| 52 | | X302 | - | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 8 pin, vertical, single row, female | 2212S-08SG-85 | NO | ТОР | | |
| 53 | | X303 | - | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 10 pin, vertical, single row, female | 2212S-10SG-85 | NO | ТОР | | |
| 54 | | X304 | - | Through hole .025" SQ Post Header, 2.54mm pitch, 8 pin, vertical, single row, female | | NO | ТОР | | |
| 55 | 1 | Y1 | 12MHz | SMD Crystal Unit for Automotive Application, 12.000MHz | NX3225SA-12.000M-STD-CRS-2 | YES | ТОР | | |
| 56 | 1 | Y2 | | SMD Crystal Unit for Automotive Application, 20.000MHz, 8pF | NX8045GB-20.000M-STD-CSJ-1 | YES | ТОР | | |
| 57 | | R31 | 1k | 1k/50V/5% | RC0402JR-131KL | NO | TOP | | |
| 58 | 2 | R39_opt, R40_opt, | 0R | Standard Thick Film Chip Resistor | CRCW12100000Z0 | NO | TOP | | |

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